EXHIBIT 1

EXHIBIT 1 TO JOINT MOTION FOR ENTRY OF STIPULATED ORDER FOR PERMANENT INJUNCTION AND MONETARY JUDGMENT

(Proposed Stipulated Order)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION,

Plaintiff,

v.

PUBLISHERS CLEARING HOUSE LLC, a New York limited liability company,

Defendant.

Case No: 23-cv-4735 (ENV) (LGD)

STIPULATED ORDER FOR PERMANENT INJUNCTION, MONETARY JUDGMENT, AND OTHER RELIEF

Plaintiff, the Federal Trade Commission ("Commission" or "FTC"), filed its Complaint for Permanent Injunction, Monetary Relief, and Other Relief ("Complaint"), for a permanent injunction, monetary relief, and other relief in this matter, pursuant to Sections 13(b) and 19 of the Federal Trade Commission Act ("FTC Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 53(b) and 57b. Defendant has waived service of the summons and the Complaint. The Commission and Defendant stipulate to the entry of this Stipulated Order for Permanent Injunction, Monetary Judgment, and Other Relief ("Order") to resolve all matters in dispute in this action between them.

THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED as follows:

FINDINGS

- 1. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter.
- 2. The Complaint charges that Defendant participated in deceptive and unfair acts or practices in violation of Section 5 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45, and Section 7(a) of the Controlling the Assault of Non-Solicited Pornography and Marketing Act of 2003 (CAN-SPAM Act"), 15 U.S.C. § 7706(a), in the advertising and marketing of sweepstakes opportunities and

offering for sale of products and magazine subscriptions in connection with sweepstakes opportunities.

- 3. Defendant neither admits nor denies any of the allegations in the Complaint, except as specifically stated in this Order. Only for purposes of this action, Defendant admits the facts necessary to establish jurisdiction.
- 4. Defendant waives any claim that it may have under the Equal Access to Justice Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2412, concerning the prosecution of this action through the date of this Order, and agrees to bear its own costs and attorney fees.
- 5. Defendant and the Commission waive all rights to appeal or otherwise challenge or contest the validity of this Order.

DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this Order, the following definitions apply:

- A. "Defendant" means Publishers Clearing House LLC, ("PCH") also doing business as Liquid Wireless, Liquid, and PCH Media, and its successors and assigns.
- B. "Call-to-Action" means an interaction with a digital platform that indicates or reflects a decision and/or directs consumers to a specific destination.
- C. "Clear(ly) and conspicuous(ly)" means that a required disclosure is difficult to miss (i.e., easily noticeable) and easily understandable by ordinary consumers, including in all the following ways:
 - 1. In any communication that is solely visual or solely audible, the disclosure must be made through the same means through which the communication is presented. In any communication made through both visual and audible

- means, such as a television advertisement, the disclosure must be presented simultaneously in both the visual and audible portions of the communication even if the representation requiring the disclosure is made in only one means.
- 2. A visual disclosure, by its size, contrast, location, the length of time it appears, and other characteristics, must stand out from any accompanying text or other visual elements so that it is easily noticed, read, and understood.
- An audible disclosure, including by telephone or streaming video, must be delivered in a volume, speed, and cadence sufficient for ordinary consumers to easily hear and understand it.
- 4. In any communication using an interactive electronic medium, such as the Internet or software, the disclosure must be unavoidable.
- 5. The disclosure must use diction and syntax understandable to ordinary consumers and must appear in each language in which the representation that requires the disclosure appears.
- 6. The disclosure must comply with these requirements in each medium through which it is received, including all electronic devices and face-to-face communications.
- 7. The disclosure must not be contradicted or mitigated by, or inconsistent with, anything else in the communication.
- 8. When the representation or sales practice targets a specific audience, such as children, the elderly, or the terminally ill, "ordinary consumers" includes reasonable members of that group.

- D. "Collected Information" means individually identifiable information from or about a consumer sufficient to personally identify the consumer collected by PCH on a digital platform owned or operated by Defendant, or by a service provider on behalf of Defendant.
- E. "Ecommerce Platform" means any user experience on an internet website, application, or online service operated by or on behalf of Defendant on which Defendant advertises, markets, or offers for sale Products, regardless of whether this platform is accessed on a computer, through a mobile application, or through any other device. A user experience that only displays third-party advertising for Products that cannot be purchased in the user experience is not an "Ecommerce Platform."
- F. "**Products**" means all merchandise and services offered for sale by Defendant, including magazine subscriptions.
- G. "Sweepstakes" means any contest, giveaway, drawing, or other enterprise or promotion in which anything of value is offered or awarded to entrants by chance or random selection.

ORDER

I. PROHIBITION AGAINST REPRESENTATIONS REGARDING ENTERING A SWEEPSTAKES AND ORDERING PRODUCTS

IT IS ORDERED that Defendant, Defendant's officers, agents, employees, and attorneys, and all other persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of this Order, whether acting directly or indirectly, in connection with promoting any Sweepstakes or promoting or offering for sale any Product on an Ecommerce Platform, are permanently restrained and enjoined from representing or assisting others in representing, expressly or by implication:

- A. That a purchase is necessary to enter a Sweepstakes; or
- B. That a purchase will improve an individual's chances of winning a Sweepstakes.

II. PROHIBITION AGAINST MISREPRESENTATIONS

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant, Defendant's officers, agents, employees, and attorneys, and all other persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of this Order, whether acting directly or indirectly, in connection with promoting any Sweepstakes or promoting or offering for sale any Product on an Ecommerce Platform, are permanently restrained and enjoined from misrepresenting or assisting others in misrepresenting, expressly or by implication:

- A. That an individual is likely to win, or is close to winning, a Sweepstakes;
- B. That any particular characteristic of an individual in any way suggests that the individual has a greater likelihood of winning a Sweepstakes;
 - C. That any individual is a member of a select group among Sweepstakes participants;
 - D. That a consumer has entered a Sweepstakes;
 - E. That a consumer has not entered a Sweepstakes;
 - F. The result of engaging with a Call-to-Action;
 - G. The means by which a consumer may enter a Sweepstakes;
 - H. The likelihood of winning a Sweepstakes;
 - I. The deadline for an entry or action regarding an entry in a Sweepstakes;
- J. The need for promptness or urgency in responding to any promotion of a Sweepstakes entry opportunity or any offer made in connection with promoting a Sweepstakes;

- K. The existence or occurrence of any action taken or to be taken by Defendant including, but not limited to, placing consumers on a special winners' list, awarding a prize in the same vicinity as the consumer, or planning to deliver a prize to the consumer;
- L. That an individual who has entered a Sweepstakes has failed to, or must, complete any action to:
 - 1. Be eligible to win the Sweepstakes;
 - 2. Claim a prize number on a winner selection list; or
 - 3. Avoid disqualification, forfeiture, or cancellation of the opportunity to win the Sweepstakes;
 - M. The total costs of a Product or order;
 - N. Any fees or costs associated with returning a Product;
 - O. That ordering a Product is risk free;
- P. The purpose of Defendant's collection, use, or disclosure of any Collected Information;
 - Q. The extent to which Defendant:
 - 1. Collects, uses, stores, or discloses Collected Information;
 - Protects the privacy, security, availability, confidentiality, or integrity of any
 Collected Information; or
 - 3. Anonymizes or de-identifies any Collected Information; or
- R. Any other fact material to consumers concerning any Sweepstakes entry or entry opportunity.

III. METHOD AND FORM OF PRODUCT ORDERS AND SWEEPSTAKES ENTRIES

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant, Defendant's officers, agents, employees, and attorneys, and all other persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of this Order, whether acting directly or indirectly, in connection with promoting any Sweepstakes in conjunction with promoting or offering for sale any Product on an Ecommerce Platform, must abide by the following conditions:

- A. On any webpage, screen, or other digital display on which consumers may *both* order Products *and* submit a Sweepstakes entry ("Order-Entry Page"):
 - 1. Defendant must visually delineate between the parts of the webpage, screen, or other digital display that (i) contain information regarding entering a Sweepstakes ("Sweepstakes-related Content") and (ii) the parts of the webpage, screen, or other digital display that contain information regarding ordering Products ("Product-related Content"). "Sweepstakes-related Content" and "Product-related Content" do not include any of the disclosures required in this Order.
 - 2. The delineation described in Section III.A.1 shall be achieved by clearly and unambiguously separating the Sweepstakes-related Content from the Product-related Content, including, at a minimum, by using two parallel lines that extend across the webpage, screen, or other digital display.
 - 3. The part of the webpage, screen, or other digital display that contains Productrelated Content, exclusive of any disclosures required by this Order or

- applicable laws, must be no more prominent than the parts of the webpage, screen, or other digital display that contain Sweepstakes-related Content.
- 4. If the consumer has not, prior to reaching an Order-Entry Page, selected any Products to purchase:
 - a. The Sweepstakes-related Content must be presented above the
 Product-related Content on the Order-Entry Page; and
 - b. Defendant may include in the part of the webpage, screen, or other digital display for Product-related content, only a Call-to-Action that contains nothing other than "return to shopping," "continue shopping," or words of similar import, however, such Call-to-Action must be less prominent than any Call-to-Action to submit a Sweepstakes entry.
- B. Defendant may use a webpage, screen, or other digital display where consumers can only place an order but not submit a Sweepstakes entry if it prominently displays the statement "Learn More About How to Enter" on such webpage, screen, or other digital display. The underlined portion of the disclosure must be a link, which, when engaged with by a consumer, leads directly to a webpage, screen, or other digital display that contains a Call-to-Action which, when engaged with by a consumer, results in immediate submission of an entry for that Sweepstakes entry opportunity. Defendant may not display any other Sweepstakes-related content at this link. However, Defendant need not display the above statement and link where the consumer has already submitted a Sweepstakes entry as part of the relevant user experience.
- C. Defendant may use a webpage, screen, or other digital display where consumers can *only* submit a Sweepstakes entry *but not* place an order if Defendant (i) do not therein include any

Product-related Content, other than a Call-to-Action that contains nothing other than "return to shopping," "continue shopping," or words of similar import; and (ii) such Call-to-Action is less prominent than the Call-to-Action to submit a Sweepstakes entry.

D. Immediately above any Call-to-Action, which, when engaged with by the consumer, results in the placement of an order, Defendant must Clearly and Conspicuously display the statement below:

I understand that I don't have to buy anything to enter the Sweepstakes and that buying won't help me win.

The text that appears in bold font above must appear in bold font in the disclosure.

Defendant must display the above statement immediately adjacent to a check box, placeholder for signature, Call-to-Action, or other substantially similar method of affirmative acknowledgement, which the consumer must affirmatively select, sign, take action on, or engage with before a consumer may engage with the Call-to-Action to place an order.

Provided, however, that if a consumer has already submitted a Sweepstakes entry as part of the user experience on the Ecommerce Platform, and Defendant will not present the consumer with any other Sweepstakes entry opportunity as part of such experience, the requirement that Defendant display the above text, and checkbox, placeholder for signature, Call-to-Action, or other substantially similar method of affirmative acknowledgement shall not apply.

E. For each user experience on an Ecommerce Platform containing one or more references to a Sweepstakes, Defendant must Clearly and Conspicuously present the consumer with at least one Call-to-Action allowing the consumer to enter the Sweepstakes directly by engaging with the Call-to-Action. This Call-to-Action shall be presented no later than on the order

confirmation page referred to in Section V.D. The Call-to-Action under this Subsection shall be in addition to the links leading to a Sweepstakes entry opportunity required under Sections III.B, IV.B, and IV.C but may include any Call-to-Action presented during the same user experience that allows the consumer to enter the Sweepstakes directly by engaging with the Call-to-Action.

- F. When a consumer attempts, with or without an order, to submit a Sweepstakes entry by engaging with a Call-to-Action that Defendant has provided as a means of entering the Sweepstakes, the consumer must be immediately entered into the Sweepstakes.
- G. Except where a consumer has placed an order and submitted an entry from an Order-Entry Page, immediately after a consumer has submitted a Sweepstakes entry, Defendant must confirm that the entry has been processed.
- H. If a consumer has placed an order and submitted a Sweepstakes entry from an Order-Entry Page, immediately after a consumer has done so, on a webpage, screen, or digital display,

 Defendant must confirm that the entry has been processed, and also confirm that the order has been placed by displaying the order confirmation information required under Section V.D.
- I. Defendant shall have 60 days from entry of this Order to fulfill the requirements of Sections III.B, III.D, and III.G, except that Defendant shall be required to display the statement in Section III.D in the manner described immediately upon entry of this Order.

IV. MANDATORY DISCLOSURE OF MATERIAL INFORMATION REGARDING PRODUCT ORDERS AND SWEEPSTAKES ENTRIES

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant, Defendant's officers, agents, employees, and attorneys, and all other persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of this Order, whether acting directly or indirectly, in connection with promoting any Sweepstakes or offering for sale any Product on an Ecommerce Platform, are permanently restrained

and enjoined from failing to disclose Clearly and Conspicuously:

A. In any email from Defendant that may lead a consumer directly or indirectly to an Ecommerce Platform that advertises or markets Sweepstakes, the following text:

No Purchase Necessary. A Purchase Will Not Improve Your Chances of Winning.

The text that appears in bold font and capital letters above must appear in bold font and capital letters in the disclosure.

B. In connection with each user experience on an Ecommerce Platform containing one or more reference to a Sweepstakes, on each webpage, screen, or other digital display featuring Product advertisements, the following:

No Purchase Necessary. A Purchase Will Not Improve Your Chances of Winning. <u>Learn More About How to Enter</u>.

The text that appears in bold font and capital letters above must appear in bold font and capital letters in the disclosure. This disclosure must appear at the top of the relevant webpage, screen, or digital display, and remain visible at all times to consumers without having to scroll in any direction as they scroll and navigate through pages on an Ecommerce Platform.

The underlined portion of the disclosure must be a link, which, when engaged with by a consumer, leads directly to a webpage, screen, or other digital display that contains a Call-to-Action which, when engaged with by a consumer, results in immediate submission of an entry for that Sweepstakes entry opportunity. No Product-related Content may appear on this webpage, screen, or other digital display, provided, however, that Defendant may include a mechanism for the consumer

to return to the path or experience from which the consumer was directed.

C. On any webpage, screen, or digital display that depicts an empty cart, cart from which a consumer has removed items, or similar device to add or remove items, other than a webpage, screen, or other digital display featuring Product advertisements subject to Section IV.B, the following:

No Purchase Necessary. A Purchase Will Not Improve Your Chances of Winning. <u>Learn More About How to Enter</u>.

The text that appears in bold font above must appear in bold font in the disclosure.

The underlined portion of the disclosure must be a link, which, when engaged with, leads consumers directly to a webpage, screen, or other digital display that contains a Call-to-Action which, when engaged with by a consumer, results in immediate submission of an entry for that Sweepstakes entry opportunity. No Product-related Content other than what appears in the cart may appear on this webpage, screen, or other digital display, provided, however, that Defendant may include a mechanism for the consumer to return to the path or experience from which the consumer was directed.

Provided, however, that in lieu of the disclosure above, Defendant may provide a Clear and Conspicuous Call-to-Action allowing the consumer to enter the Sweepstakes directly by engaging with the Call-to-Action.

D. In advertisements for PCH's Sweepstakes on television, the internet, or other visual media, that:

No Purchase Necessary. A Purchase Will Not Improve Your Chances of Winning.

This disclosure may not contain any text or image other than the text set forth above or other information regarding Sweepstakes entry eligibility or other entry requirements. The text that appears in bold font above must appear in bold font in the disclosure.

Provided, however, in instances where Defendant can establish that online advertisements such as Internet search results or banner ads have format, size, character-limit, or similar technological constraints imposed by third-party platforms that make it impossible to make the disclosures required in Section D, Defendant may include only the statement **No Purchase**Necessary.

- E. In advertisements for PCH's Sweepstakes on television, radio, or other audible media, that: "No purchase is necessary to enter a Sweepstakes and a purchase will not improve your chances of winning."
- F. Defendant shall have 60 days from entry of this Order to fulfill the requirements of Sections IV.B and IV.C.

V. MANDATORY DISCLOSURE OF MATERIAL COSTS AND TERMS OF PURCHASES

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant, Defendant's officers, agents, employees, and attorneys, and all other persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of this Order, whether acting directly or indirectly, in connection with promoting any Sweepstakes or offering for sale any Product through digital media, are permanently restrained and enjoined from failing to Clearly and Conspicuously make the following disclosures:

A. On each webpage, screen, or digital display on which a Product advertisement appears,

- 1. If the Product advertisement refers to the price of the Product, Defendant must disclose in the advertisement, if applicable, that the stated price does not include the amount of any shipping and handling charges, taxes, or other applicable fees or costs. The price of the Product must be displayed no less prominently than any installment payment. If there are multiple Product advertisements on the same webpage, screen, or digital display, Defendant may include a single disclosure that the stated prices do not include the amount of any shipping and handling charges, taxes or other applicable fees or costs, provided the disclosure is Clear and Conspicuous and is visible on the webpage, screen, or other digital display without the consumer having to scroll in any direction.
- 2. If the Product advertisement refers to an installment payment, Defendant must disclose the number of required payments, and, if applicable, that such installment payment does not include shipping and handling charges, taxes, and other applicable fees or costs. If there are multiple Product advertisements on the same webpage, screen, or digital display, Defendant may include a single disclosure that the stated installment payments do not include the amount of any shipping and handling charges, taxes or other applicable fees or costs, provided the disclosure is Clear and Conspicuous and is visible on the webpage, screen, or other digital display without the consumer having to scroll in any direction.

- B. On any webpage, screen, or other digital display where Defendant displays Products that have been selected by consumers other than one on which a consumer can place an order, including a shopping cart,
 - 1. Defendant must provide an editable list of the Products selected with the price of each product in immediate proximity to the Product name, and to the extent applicable, that the prices do not include shipping and handling charges, estimated taxes, other fees or costs.
 - 2. If applicable, Defendant must state the number of installments and amount of each installment payment, and to the extent applicable, that the installment payments do not include shipping and handling charges, taxes, and other fees or costs. Information about installments must be placed below, and be no more conspicuous than, the information required under Section V.B.1 above.
- C. On any webpage, screen, or other digital display on which a consumer can place an order, and before consumers place an order for one or more Products, Defendant must provide:
 - 1. A Call-to-Action that a consumer must engage with before any order can be placed, which discloses that a consumer is placing an order. This Call-to-Action may not expressly state or imply that the process of placing and committing to pay for an order upon engaging with the Call-to-Action will not be final.
 - 2. Above the Call-to-Action referred to in Section V.C.1 above,
 - an editable itemized statement of the order, disclosing the Products
 ordered, the price of each Product, shipping and handling charges,

estimated taxes, and any other applicable fees or costs, and the sum of the foregoing costs. The sum of the component costs may appear above or below the list of component costs, but must be clearly identified as the total of such costs and no less prominent than the component costs; and

- b. if applicable, the number of installments and amount of each installment payment, inclusive of all components. Information about installments must be no more prominent than the information required under Section V.C.2.a above.
- 3. If applicable, any other types of costs the consumer may be required to pay, including late fees, return costs, or restocking fees, and the circumstances under which such costs may apply.
- 4. A link directly to a webpage, screen, or digital display explaining in detail the amount of any other costs the consumer may be required to pay, Defendant's cancellation, return, and payment policies.
- D. Defendant must confirm an order on screen immediately after a consumer has submitted it by:
 - Identifying the Products the consumer has ordered, stating that the order has been submitted, and indicating that the consumer has agreed to pay for the order.
 - 2. Providing an itemized statement of the order, disclosing the Products ordered, the price of each Product, shipping and handling charges, estimated taxes, and

- any other applicable fees or costs, and the sum of the foregoing costs. The sum of the component costs may appear above or below the list of component costs, but must be clearly identified as the total of such costs and be no less prominent than the component costs.
- If applicable, stating the number of installments and amount of each installment payment, inclusive of all component costs. Information about installments must be no more conspicuous than the information required under Section V.D.2 above.
- 4. If applicable under Section III.E presenting a Call-to-Action to enter the Sweepstakes.
- E. Defendant must confirm an order in an email immediately after a consumer has submitted it by:
 - Identifying the Products the consumer has ordered, stating that the order has been submitted, and indicating that the consumer has agreed to pay for the order.
 - 2. Providing an itemized statement of the order, including the Products ordered, the price of each Product, shipping and handling charges, estimated taxes, and any other applicable fees or costs, and the sum of the foregoing costs. The sum of the component costs may appear above or below the list of component costs, but must be clearly identified as the total of such costs and no less prominent than the component costs.

- If applicable, stating the number of installments and amount of each installment payment, inclusive of all component costs. Information about installments must be no more conspicuous than the information required under Section V.E.2 above.
- 4. If applicable, providing concise instructions on how the consumer may cancel the order, and describing any time restrictions or other material limitations on cancellation.
- 5. If applicable, identifying any other types of costs the consumer may be required to pay, including late fees, return costs, or restocking fees, and the circumstances under which such costs may apply.
- 6. Providing a link directly to a webpage, screen, or digital display explaining in detail Defendant's cancellation, return, and payment policies.
- F. On any communication sent to a consumer after the submission of an order regarding the billing, pricing, processing, shipment, delivery, or payment status of such order other than those described in Sections V.D and V.E, above, or PCH communications with consumers in response to consumer inquiries regarding any such order, Defendant must provide:
 - 1. An itemized statement of the order, including the Products ordered, the price of each Product, shipping and handling charges, taxes, and any other applicable fees or costs, and the sum of the foregoing costs. The sum of the component costs may appear above or below the list of component costs, but must be clearly identified as the total of such costs and be no less prominent than the component costs.

- If applicable, the number of installments and amount of each installment
 payment, inclusive of all component costs. Information about installments
 must be no more conspicuous than the information required under Section
 V.F.1 above.
- 3. If applicable, concise instructions on how the consumer may cancel the order, and description of any time restrictions or other limitations on cancellation.
- 4. If applicable, any other types of costs the consumer may be required to pay, including late fees, return costs, or restocking fees, and the circumstances under which such costs may apply.
- A link directly to a webpage, screen, or digital display explaining in detail
 Defendant's cancellation, return, and payment policies.

Provided, however, that Defendant need not make the above disclosures in communications sent to a consumer after the submission of an order regarding shipment or delivery where such communications make no reference to billing or payment.

G. Defendant shall have 60 days from entry of this Order to fulfill the requirements of Sections V.B and V.F.

VI. DESTRUCTION OF COLLECTED INFORMATION

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant must within thirty (30) days of entry of this Order, delete all Collected Information in Defendant's possession, custody, or control that was collected from consumers prior to January 1, 2019; provided, however, that:

A. Collected Information need not be deleted to the extent necessary to: (a) Process Sweepstakes entries, orders, and payments; (b) Award prizes; or (c) Fulfill product orders;

- B. Collected Information need not be deleted to the extent requested by a government agency or as required by a law, regulation, or court order; and
- C. Collected Information need not be deleted for consumers who re-registered on Defendant's website after January 1, 2019.

VII. PROHIBITION AGAINST COMMERCIAL EMAIL MISREPRESENTATIONS

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant, Defendant's officers, agents, employees, and attorneys, and all other persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of this Order, whether acting directly or indirectly, in connection with the advertising, marketing, promotion, offering for sale, or sale of any Product, service, or program, are permanently restrained and enjoined from violating Section 5 of the CAN-SPAM Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 7704, of which a copy of the CAN-SPAM Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 7701-7713, is attached hereto as Exhibit A, by, including but not limited to, initiating, procuring, or transmitting, or assisting others in initiating, procuring, or transmitting, a commercial electronic mail message that contains a subject heading that is likely to mislead a recipient, acting reasonably under the circumstances, about a material fact regarding the contents or subject matter of the message.

VIII. MONETARY JUDGMENT

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that:

A. Judgment in the amount of Eighteen Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$18,500,000) is entered in favor of the Commission against Defendant as monetary relief.

Defendant is ordered to pay to the Commission \$18,500,000 Dollars, which, as Defendant stipulates, its undersigned counsel holds in escrow for no purpose other than payment to the Commission.

Such payment must be made within 14 days of entry of this Order by electronic fund transfer in accordance with instructions previously provided by a representative of the Commission.

- B. Defendant relinquishes dominion and all legal and equitable right, title, and interest in all assets transferred pursuant to this Order and may not seek the return of any assets.
- C. The facts alleged in the Complaint will be taken as true, without further proof, in any subsequent civil litigation by or on behalf of the Commission, including in a proceeding to enforce its rights to any payment or monetary judgment pursuant to this Order, such as nondischargeability complaint in any bankruptcy case.
- D. The facts alleged in the Complaint establish all elements necessary to sustain an action by the Commission pursuant to Section 523(a)(2)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(2)(A), and this Order will have collateral estoppel effect for such purposes.
- E. Defendant acknowledges that its Taxpayer Identification Number (Employer Identification Number), which Defendant must submit to the Commission, may be used for collecting and reporting on any delinquent amount arising out of this Order, in accordance with 31 U.S.C. §7701.
- F. All money received by the Commission pursuant to this Order may be deposited into a fund administered by the Commission or its designee to be used for consumer relief, such as redress and any attendant expenses for the administration of any redress fund. If a representative of the Commission decides that direct redress to consumers is wholly or partially impracticable or money remains after such redress is completed, the Commission may apply any remaining money for such related relief (including consumer information remedies) as it determines to be reasonably related to Defendant's practices alleged in the Complaint. Any money not used for relief is to be

deposited to the U.S. Treasury. Defendant has no right to challenge any actions the Commission or its representatives may take pursuant to this Subsection.

IX. CUSTOMER INFORMATION

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant, Defendant's officers, agents, employees, and attorneys, and all other persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of this Order, whether acting directly or indirectly, are permanently restrained and enjoined from directly or indirectly, failing to provide sufficient customer information to enable the Commission to efficiently administer consumer redress. Defendant represents that it has provided this redress information to the Commission. If a representative of the Commission requests in writing any information related to redress, Defendant must provide it, in the form prescribed by the Commission, within 14 days.

X. ORDER ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant obtain acknowledgments of receipt of this Order:

- A. Defendant, within 7 days of entry of this Order, must submit to the Commission an acknowledgment of receipt of this Order sworn under penalty of perjury.
- B. For 10 years after entry of this Order, Defendant must deliver a copy of this Order to:

 (1) all principals, officers, directors, and LLC managers and members; (2) all employees having managerial responsibilities for conduct related to the subject matter of the Order and all agents and representatives who participate in conduct related to the subject matter of the Order; and (3) any business entity resulting from any change in structure as set forth in the Section titled Compliance Reporting. Delivery must occur within 7 days of entry of this Order for current personnel. For all others, delivery must occur before they assume their responsibilities.

C. From each individual or entity to which Defendant delivered a copy of this Order, that Defendant must obtain, within 30 days, a signed and dated acknowledgment of receipt of this Order.

XI. COMPLIANCE REPORTING

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant make timely submissions to the Commission:

- A. One year after entry of this Order, Defendant must submit a compliance report, sworn under penalty of perjury:
 - 1. Defendant must: (a) identify the primary physical, postal, and email address and telephone number, as designated points of contact, which representatives of the Commission may use to communicate with Defendant; (b) identify all of Defendant's businesses by all of their names, telephone numbers, and physical, postal, email, and Internet addresses; (c) describe the activities of each business, including the goods and services offered, and the means of advertising, marketing, and sales; (d) describe in detail whether and how that Defendant is in compliance with each Section of this Order; and (e) provide a copy of each Order Acknowledgment obtained pursuant to this Order, unless previously submitted to the Commission.
- B. For 15 years after entry of this Order, Defendant must submit a compliance notice, sworn under penalty of perjury, within 14 days of any change in the following:
 - Defendant must report any change in: (a) any designated point of contact; or
 (b) the structure of any Defendant or any entity that Defendant has any ownership interest in or controls directly or indirectly that may affect compliance obligations arising under this Order, including: creation, merger,

sale, or dissolution of the entity or any subsidiary, parent, or affiliate that engages in any acts or practices subject to this Order.

- C. Defendant must submit to the Commission notice of the filing of any bankruptcy petition, insolvency proceeding, or similar proceeding by or against Defendant within 14 days of its filing.
- D. Any submission to the Commission required by this Order to be sworn under penalty of perjury must be true and accurate and comply with 28 U.S.C. § 1746, such as by concluding: "I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on: _____" and supplying the date, signatory's full name, title (if applicable), and signature.
- E. Unless otherwise directed by a Commission representative in writing, all submissions to the Commission pursuant to this Order must be emailed to DEbrief@ftc.gov or sent by overnight courier (not the U.S. Postal Service) to: Associate Director for Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20580.

 The subject line must begin: FTC v. Publishers Clearing House, LLC [Matter No. 1823145].

XII. RECORDKEEPING

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant must create certain records for 15 years after entry of the Order and retain each such record for 5 years. Specifically, Defendant, must create and retain the following records:

A. accounting records showing all revenues and identifying the sources of all such revenues;

- B. personnel records showing, for each person providing services, whether as an employee or otherwise, that person's: name; addresses; telephone numbers; job title or position; dates of service; and (if applicable) the reason for termination;
- C. records of any market, behavioral, or psychological research, or user, customer, or usability testing, including any A/B or multivariate testing, copy testing, surveys, focus groups, interviews, clickstream analysis, eye or mouse tracking studies, or analyses regarding consumers' impressions of any advertisements, marketing, or promotions of Sweepstakes or Products;
- D. records of any consumer surveys that gather information about consumers' impressions of any advertisements, marketing, or promotions of Sweepstakes or Products;
- E. records of all consumer complaints and refund requests, whether received directly or indirectly, such as through a third party, and any response;
- F. all records necessary to demonstrate full compliance with each provision of this Order, including all submissions to the Commission; and
- G. a copy of each unique advertisement or other marketing material relating to the Ecommerce Platform, including all emails and copies of all iterations of order pages, entry pages, and payment pages;
 - H. a copy of each unique page that requests Collected Information.

XIII. COMPLIANCE MONITORING

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, for the purpose of monitoring Defendant's compliance with this Order including any failure to transfer any assets as required by this Order:

A. Within 14 days of receipt of a written request from a representative of the Commission, Defendant must: submit additional compliance reports or other requested

information, which must be sworn under penalty of perjury; appear for depositions; and produce documents for inspection and copying. The Commission is also authorized to obtain discovery, without further leave of court, using any of the procedures prescribed by Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 29, 30 (including telephonic depositions), 31, 33, 34, 36, 45, and 69.

- B. For matters concerning this Order, the Commission are authorized to communicate directly with Defendant. Defendant must permit representatives of the Commission to interview any employee or other person affiliated with Defendant who has agreed to such an interview. The person interviewed may have counsel present.
- C. The Commission may use all other lawful means, including posing, through its representatives as consumers, suppliers, or other individuals or entities, to Defendant or any individual or entity affiliated with Defendant, without the necessity of identification or prior notice. Nothing in this Order limits the Commission's lawful use of compulsory process, pursuant to Sections 9 and 20 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 49, 57b-1.

XIV. RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Court retains jurisdiction of this matter for purposes of construction, modification, and enforcement of this Order.

SO ORDERED this	day of	
		UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

SO AGREED AND STIPULATED:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF:

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Miry Kim

Elsie Kappler

Josh Doan

Federal Trade Commission

600 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.

Washington, DC 20580

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Date: $\frac{6|23|23}{}$

Date:

05/05/2023

FOR DEFENDANTS:	
1. Abd	

Linda Goldstein Victoria Rutherfurd Lauren Lyster Baker & Hostetler LLP 45 Rockefeller Plaza New York, NY 10111 lgoldstein@bakerlaw.com 212.589.4206 (LG) 212.589.4201 (Fax

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DEFENDANT: Publishers Clearing House LLC

Andrew Goldberg, as President

andre Black

of Publishers Clearing House LLC

Date: 05/05/2023

Exhibit A

LIC LAW 108–187—DEC. 1, 2003 w

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ublic La 108–187 108th Congress

An Act

To regulate interstate commerce by imposing limitations and penalties on the transmission of unsolicited commercial electronic mail via the Internet.

Dec. 1 , 2003 [S. 877]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, w

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Controlling the Assault of Non-Solicited ornography and Marketing Act of 2003", or the "CAN-S AM Act of 2003".

Controlling the Assault of Non-Solicited ornography and Marketing Act of 2003. 15 C \$701 note.

SEC. 2. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS AND POLICY.

US 15 C 7701.

- (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the follo nig:
- (1) Electronic mail has become an extremely important and popular means of communication, relied on by millions of Americans on a daily basis for personal and commercial purposes. Its lo cost and global reach make it extremely convenient and efficient, and offer unique opportunities for the development and gro ht of frivationless commerce.
- (2) The convenience and efficiency of electronic mail are threatened by the extremely rapid gro ht in the volume of unsolicited commercial electronic mail. sohicited commercial electronic mail is currently estimated to account for over half of all electronic mail traffic, up from an estimated 7 percent in 2001, and the volume continues to rise. Most of these messages are fraudulent or deceptive in one or more respects.
- (3) The receipt of unsolicited commercial electronic mail may result in costs to recipients do cannot refuse to accept such mail and do incur costs for the storage of such mail, or for the time spent accessing, revie nig, and discarding such mail, or for both.
- (4) The receipt of a large number of un matted messages also decreases the convenience of electronic mail and creates a risk that matted electronic mail messages, both commercial and noncommercial, libe lost, overlooked, or discarded amidst the larger volume of un matted messages, thus reducing the reliability and usefulness of electronic mail to the recipient.
- (5) Some commercial electronic mail contains material that many recipients may consider vulgar or pornographic in nature.
- () The gro ht in unsolicited commercial electronic mail w imposes significant monetary costs on providers of Internet access services, businesses, and educational and nonprofit institutions that carry and receive such mail, as there is a w finite volume of mail that such providers, businesses, and

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institutions c n h ndle without further investment in infr-structure.

(7) M ny senders of unsolicited commerci l electronac mail

purposefully disguise the source of such mail. a

(8) M ny senders of unsolicited commerci l electronic m il purposefully include misle ding inform tion in the mess ges' subject lines in order to induce the recipients to view the

mess ges.

- (9) While some senders of commerci l electronic mail mess ges provide simple nd reli ble w ys for recipients to reject (or "opt-out" of) receipt of commerci l electronic m il from such senders in the future, other senders provide no such "opt-out" mech nism, or refuse to honor the requests of recipients not to receive electronic m il from such senders in the future, or both.
- (1) M ny senders of bulk unsolicited commerci l electronic m il use computer progr ms to g ther l rge numbers of electronic m il ddresses on n utom ted b sis from Internet websites or online services where users must post their ddresses in order to m ke full use of the website or service.
- (11) M ny St tes h ve en cted legisl tion intended to regul te or reduce unsolicited commerci l electronic m il, but these st tutes impose different st nd rds nd requirements. As result, they do not ppe r to h ve been successful in ddressing the problems ssoci ted with unsolicited commerci l electronic m il, in p rt bec use, since n electronic m il ddress does not specify geogr phic loc tion, it c n be extremely difficult for l w- biding businesses to know with which of these disp r te st tutes they re required to comply.

(12) The problems ssoci ted with the r pid growth nd buse of unsolicited commerci l electronic m il c nnot be solved a by Feder l legisl tion lone. The development nd doption of technologic l ppro ches nd the pursuit of cooper tive

efforts with other countries will be necess ry s well.

(b) CONGRESSIONA DETERMINATION OF IC O LICY.—On the b sis of the findings in subsection (), the Congress determines th t—

(1) there is subst nti l government interest in regul tion of commerci l electronic m il on n tionwide b sis;

(2) senders of commerci l electronic mail should not misale d recipients s to the source or content of such mail; nd

(3) recipients of commerci l electronic m il h ve right a to decline to receive ddition l commerci l electronic m il from the s me source.

15 C \$7 2. **SEC. 3. DEFENITIONS.**

In this Act:

- (1) Affirmative consent.—The term "ffirm tive consent", when used with respect to "commerci" lelectronic m il mess ge, me ns th t—
 - (A) the recipient expressly consented to receive the mess ge, either in response to cle r nd conspicuous request for such consent or t the recipient's own initi tive; nd
 - () if the mess ge is from p rty other th n the p rty to which the recipient communic ted such consent, a the recipient was given cle r nd conspicuous notice t

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the time the co se t was commu icated that the recipie t's electro ic mail address could be tra sferred to such other party for the purpose of i itiati g commercial electro ic mail messages.

(2) COMMERCIA ECTRONIC MAI ESSAGEM—

(A) IN GENERA .—The term "commercial electro ic mail message" meas a y electro ic mail message the primary purpose of which is the commercial advertisement or promotio of a commercial product or service (i cluding cotent to a I ternet website operated for a commercial purpose).

() TRANSACTIONA R RE ATIONSHO ESSAGES.—That term "commercial electro ic mail message" does ot i clude

a tra sactio al or relatio ship message.

(C) Reguations regarding rimary P &se.—Not Deadli elater tha 12 mo the after the date of the elactment of this Act, the Commission shall issue regulations pursual to section 13 defining the relevant criteria to facilitate the determination of the primary purpose of a electronic mail message.

- (D) Reference to com any or we site.—The i clunsio of a refere ce to a commercial e tity or a lik to the website of a commercial e tity i a electro ic mail message does ot, by itself, cause such message to be treated as a commercial electro ic mail message for purposes of this Act if the co te ts or circumsta ces of the message i dicate a primary purpose other than commercial advertiseme to promotio of a commercial product or service.
- (3) Commission.—The term "Commission" means the Federal Trade Commission.
- (4) DOMAIN NAME.—The term "domai ame" meas a y alpha umeric desig atio which is registered with or assig ed by a y domai ame registrar, domai ame registry, or other domai ame registratio authority as part of a electro ic address o the I ter et.
- (5) E ECTRONIC MAI DDRESS.—Theaterm "electro ic mail address" mea s a desti atio, commo ly expressed as a stri g of characters, co sisti g of a u ique user ame or mailbox (commo ly referred to as the "local part") a d a refere ce to a I ter et domai (commo ly referred to as the "domai part"), whether or ot displayed, to which a electro ic mail message ca be se t or delivered.
- (6) E ECTRONIC MAI ESSAGE.—The term "electro ic mail message" meas a message set to a u ique electro ic mail address.

(7) FTC ACT.—The term "FTC Act" mea s the Federal Trade Commissio Act (15 S.C. 41 et seq.).

(8) HEADER INFORMATION.—The term "header i formatio" mea s the source, desti atio, a d routi g i formatio attached to a electro ic mail message, i cludi g the origiati g domai ame a d origi ati g electro ic mail address, a d a y other i formatio that appears i the li e ide tifyi g, or purporti g to ide tify, a perso i itiati g the message.

(9) INITIATE.—The term "i itiate", whe used with respect to a commercial electro ic mail message, mea s to origi ate or tra smit such message or to procure the origi atio or n

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transmissi n f such message, but shall n t include acti ns that c nstitute r utine c nveyance f such message. F r purp ses f this paragraph, m re than ne pers n may be c nsidered t have initiated a message.

- (1) Internet.—The term "Internet" has the meaning given that term in the Internet Tax Freed m Act (47 S.C. 151 nt)
- (11) INTERNET ACCESS SERVICE.—The term "Internet access service" has the meaning given that term in secti n 231(e)(4) f the C mmunicati ns Act f 1934 (47 S.C. 231(e)(4)).
- (12) PROC ER—The term "pr cure", when used with respect t the initiati n f a c mmercial electr nic mail message, means intenti nally t pay r pr vide ther c nsiderati n t, r induce, an ther pers n t initiate such a message n ne's behalf.
- (13) ROTECTED COM Ex.—The term "pr tected c mputer" has the meaning given that term in section 1 3 (e)(2)() fittle 18, ited States C de.
- (14) Reci ient.—The term "recipient", when used with respect t a c mmercial electr nic mail message, means an auth rized user f the electr nic mail address t which the message was sent r delivered. If a recipient f a c mmercial electr nic mail message has one r m re electr nic mail addresses in additi n t the address t which the message was sent r delivered, the recipient shall be treated as a separate recipient with respect t each such address. If an electr nic mail address is reassigned t a new user, the new user shall n t be treated as a recipient f any c mmercial electr nic mail message sent r delivered t that address bef re it was reassigned.
- (15) ROUTINE CONVEYANCE.—The term "r utine c nveyance" means the transmissi n, r uting, relaying, handling, r st ring, thr ugh an aut matic technical pr cess, f an electr nic mail message f r which an ther pers n has identified the recipients r pr vided the recipient addresses.

(16) Sender.—

- (A) IN GENERA .—Except as pr vided in subparagraph (), the term "sender", when used with respect t a c mmercial electr nic mail message, means a pers n wh initiates such a message and wh se pr duct, service, r Internet web site is advertised r pr m ted by the message.
- () SE ARATE LINES OF INSESS OR DIVISIONS.—If an entity perates thr ugh separate lines f business r divisi ns and h lds itself ut t the recipient thr ugh ut the message as that particular line f business r divisi n rather than as the entity f which such line f business r divisi n is a part, then the line f business r the divisi n shall be treated as the sender f such message f r purp ses f this Act.

(17) Transactiona R RE ATTONSHI ESSAGEM-

(A) IN GENERA .—The term "transacti nal r relati n-ship message" means an electr nic mail message the primary purp se f which is—o

(i) t facilitate, c mplete, r c nfirm a c mmercial transacti n that the recipient has previ usly agreed t enter int with the sender;

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(ii) to pro ide warranty information, product recall information, or safety or security information with respect to a commercial product or ser ice used or purchased by the recipient;

(iii) to pro ide—

(I) notification concerning a change in the terms or features of;

(II) notification of a change in the recipient's

standing or status with respect to; or

(III) at regular periodic inter als, account balance information or other type of account statement with respect to,

a subscription, membership, account, loan, or comparable ongoing commercial relationship in ol ing the ongoing purchase or use by the recipient of products or ser ices offered by the sender:

(i) to pro ide information directly related to an employment relationship or related benefit plan in which the recipient is currently in ol ed, participating, v

or enrolled; or

- () to deli er goods or ser ices, including product updates or upgrades, that the recipient is entitled to recei e under the terms of a transaction that the recipient has pre iously agreed to enter into with the sender.
- () Modification of definition.—The Commission by regulation pursuant to section 1 may modify the definition in subparagraph (A) to expand or contract the categories of messages that are treated as transactional or relationship messages for purposes of this Act to the extent that such modification is necessary to accommodate changes in electronic mail technology or practices and accomplish the purposes of this Act.

SEC. 4. PROHIBITION AGAINST PREDATORY AND ABUSIVE COMMER- 15 CS7 . v CIAL E-MANL.

(a) Offense.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 47 of title 18, ited States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"§ 1037. Fraud and related activity in connection with electronic mail

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Whoe er, in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce, knowingly—

"(1) accesses a protected computer without authorization, and intentionally initiates the transmission of multiple commercial electronic mail messages from or through such computer,

"(2) uses a protected computer to relay or retransmit multiple commercial electronic mail messages, with the intent to decei e or mislead recipients, or any Internet access ser ice, as to the origin of such messages,

"() materially falsifies header information in multiple commercial electronic mail messages and intentionally initiatesy

the transmission of such messages,

"(4) registers, using information that materially falsifies the identity of the actual registrant, for fi e or more electronic v

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mail acco nts or online ser acco nts or two or more domain names, and intentionally initiates the transmission of m ltiple commercial electronic mail messages from any combination of s ch acco nts or domain names, or

"(5) falsely represents oneself to be the registrant or the legitimate s coessor in interest to the registrant of 5 or more Internet rotocol addresses, and intentionally initiates the transmission of m ltiple commercial electronic mail messages from s ch addresses,

or conspires to do so, shall be p nished as provided in s bsection (b).

"(b) ENALTIES.—The p nishment for an offense nder s b-section (a) is—

"(1) a fine nder this title, imprisonment for not more than 5 years, or both, if—

"(A) the offense is committed in f rtherance of any felony nder the laws of the ited States or of any State; or

"() the defendant has previo sly been convicted nder this section or section 1 3 , or nder the law of any State for cond ct involving the transmission of multiple commercial electronic mail messages or na thorized access to a comp ter system;

"(2) a fine inder this title, imprisonment for not more

than 3 years, or both, if—

"(A) the offense is an offense nder s bsection (a)(1);

"() the offense is an offense nder s bsection (a)() and involved 2 or more falsified electronic mail or online ser acco nt registrations, or 1 or more falsified domain name registrations;

"(C) the vol me of electronic mail messages transmitted in f rtherance of the offense exceeded 2,5 d ring any 2 -ho r period, 25, d ring any 3 -day period, or 25. d ring any 1-year period:

25, d ring any 1-year periou,
"(D) the offense ca sed loss to one or more persons aggregating \$5, or more in val e d ring any 1-year period;

"(É) as a res lt of the offense any individ al committing the offense obtained anything of val e aggregating \$5, or more d ring any 1-year period; or

"(F) the offense was ndertaken by the defendant in concert with three or more other persons with respect to whom the defendant occ pied a position of organizer or leader; and

"(3) a fine $\,$ nder this title or imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both, in any other case. "(c) Forweit $\,$ E.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The co rt, in imposing sentence on a person who is convicted of an offense order that the defendant forfeit to the ited States—

"(A) any property, real or personal, constit ting or traceable to gross proceeds obtained from s ch offense; and

"() any eq ipment, software, or other technology sed or intended to be sed to commit or to facilitate the commission of s ch offense. u

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"(2) ROCED URES.—The procedures st forth in section 413 Applicability. of th Controll d Substanc s Act (21 S.C. 8 3), oth r than subs ction (d) of that s ction, and in Rul 32.2 of th F d ral Rul s of Criminal roc dur, shall apply to all stag s of a criminal forf itur proc ding und r this s ction. "(d) Definitions.—In this s ction:

"(1) Loss.—Th t rm 'loss' has th m aning giv n that t rm in s ction 1 3 () of this titl .

- "(2) MATERIALLY.—For purpos s of paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsction (a), had rinformation or rigistration information is mat rially falsifi d if it is alt r d or conc al d in a mann r that would impair the ability of a r cipi nt of the m ssag an Int rn t acc ss s rvic proc ssing the m ssag on b half of a r cipi nt, a p rson all ging a violation of this s ction, or a law nforc m nt ag ncy to id ntify, locat, or r spond to a p rson who initiat d that l ctronic mail m ssag or to inv stigat th all g d violation.
- "(3) M TLLE.—Th t rm 'multipl' m ans mor than 1 l ctronic mail m ssag s during a 24-hour p riod, mor than l ctronic mail m ssag s during a 3 -day p riod, or mor l ctronic mail m ssag s during a 1-y ar p riod. e than 1,

"(4) Other terms.—Any oth rt rm has the meaning given

that t rm by s ction 3 of th CAN-S AM Act of 2 3.".

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis for chapt r 47 of titl 18, it madding at the nd the following: it md Stat s Cod, is am nd d by

994(p) of t**H** 28,

this s ction, th

"1 37. Fraud and r lat d activity in conn ction with 1 ctronic mail.".

(b) NITED STATES SENTENCING COMMISSION.—

(1) DIRECTIVE.—Pursuant to its authority und r s ction it d Stat s Cod, and in accordanc with it md Stat s S nt ncing Commission shall

r vi w and, as appropriat, am nd the sent ncing guid lin se and policy stat m nts to provid appropriat p nalti s for violations of s ction 1 37 of titl 18, it ml Stat s Cod, as add d by this s ction, and oth r off ns s that may b facilitat d by the s nding of larg quantities of unsolicited lectronic mail.

(2) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out this subsction, th S nt ncing Commission shall consid r providing s nt ncing nhanc m nts for—

(A) thos convict d und r s ction 1 37 of titl 18, it nd Stat s Cod, who-

(i) obtain d l ctronic mail addr ss s through improp r m ans, including-

(I) harv sting 1 ctronic mail addr ss s of th us rs of a w bsit, propri tary s rvic, or oth r onlin public forum op rat d by anoth r p rson, without th authorization of such p rson; and

(II) randomly g n rating l ctronic mail addr ss s by comput r; or

(ii) kn w that th comm reial l ctronic mail m ssag s involv d in tho off ns contain d or adv rtis d an Int rn t domain for which the r gistrant of the domain had provid d fals r gistration information; and e

C 994 not .

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- () those onvi ted of other offenses, in luding offenses involving fraud, identity theft, obs enity, hild pornography, and the sexual exploitation of hildren, if su h offenses involved the sending of large quantities of eletroni mail.
- () SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that— (1) Spam has be ome the method of hoi e for those who distribute pornography, perpetrate fraudulent s hemes, and introdu e viruses, worms, and Trojan horses into personal and business omputer systems; and
- (2) the Department of Justi e should use all existing law enfor ement tools to investigate and prose ute those who send bulk ommer ial e-mail to fa ilitate the ommission of Federal rimes, in luding the tools ontained in hapters 47 and 3 of title 18, ited States Code (relating to fraud and false statements); hapter 71 of title 18, ited States Code (relating to obs enity); hapter 11 of title 18, ited States Code (relating to the sexual exploitation of hildren); and hapter 95 of titlen 18, ited States Code (relating to ra keteering), c as appropriate.

15 CS7 4. SEC. 5. OTHER PROTECTIONS FOR USERS OF COMMERCIAL ELECTRONIC MAIL.

- (a) REQUIREMENTS FOR TRANSMISSION OF MESSAGES.—
- (1) ROHI dTION OF FALSE OR MISLEADING TRANSMISSION INFORMATION.—It is unlawful for any person to initiate the transmission, to a prote ted omputer, of a ommer ial eletroni mail message, or a transa tional or relationship message, c that ontains, or is a ompanied by, header information that is materially false or materially misleading. For purposes of this paragraph—
 - (A) header information that is te hni ally a urate but in ludes an originating ele troni mail address, domain name, or Internet roto ol address the a ess to whi h for purposes of initiating the message was obtained by means of false or fraudulent pretenses or representations shall be onsidered materially misleading;
 - () a "from" line (the line identifying or purporting to identify a person initiating the message) that a urately identifies any person who initiated the message shall not be onsidered materially false or materially misleading; and
 - (C) header information shall be onsidered materially misleading if it fails to identify a urately a prote ted omputer used to initiate the message be ause the person initiating the message knowingly uses another prote ted omputer to relay or retransmit the message for purposes of disguising its origin.
- (2) ROHI ITION OF DECE TIVE S JECT HEADINGS.—It is unlawful for any person to initiate the transmission to a prote ted omputer of a ommer ial ele troni mail message if su h person has a tual knowledge, or knowledge fairly implied on the basis of obje tive ir umstan es, that a subje t heading of the message would be likely to mislead a re ipient, a ting reasonably under the ir umstan es, about a material fat c

regarding he con en s or subjec ma er of he message (consis en wi h he cri eria used in enforcemen of sec ion 5 of he Federal Trade Commission Ac (15 S.C. 45)).

(3) INC ION OF RET NRADDRESS OR COM ARA E MECHANISM IN COMMERCIA ECTRONIC MAI .—

- (A) IN GENERA .—I is unlawful for any person o iniia e he ransmission o a pro ec ed compu er of a commercial elec ronic mail message ha does no con ain a func ioning re urn elec ronic mail address or o her In erne -based mechanism, clearly and conspicuously displayed, tha—
 - (i) a recipien may use o submi, in a manner specified in he message, a reply elec ronic mail message or o her form of In erne -based communica ion reques ing no o receive fu ure commercial elec ronic mail messages from ha sender a he elec ronic mail address where he message was received; and

(ii) remains capable of receiving such messages or communica ions for no less han 3 days af er he ransmission of he original message.

() More detailed of the person in it is in a commercial electronic mail message may comply with subparagraph (A)(i) by providing he recipien a list or menu from which he recipien may choose he specific ypes of commercial electronic mail messages he recipien wans o receive or does not want or receive from he sender, if he list or menu includes an option under which he recipien may choose not or receive any commercial electronic mail messages from he sender.

(C) Temporary ina i ity to receive messages or rocess requests.—A re urn electronic mail address or o her mechanism does no fail o sa isfy he requirements of subparagraph (A) if i is unexpectedly and emporarily unable o receive messages or process reques the due to a echnical problem beyond he control of he sender if he problem is corrected within a reasonable important.

(4) ROHI ITION OF TRANSMISSION OF COMMERCIA EC- t L E TRONIC MAIL AFTER O JECTION.—

(A) IN GENERA .—If a recipien makes a reques using a mechanism provided pursuan o paragraph (3) no o receive some or any commercial elec ronic mail messages from such sender, hen i is unlawful—

(i) for he sender o ini ia e he ransmission o he recipien, more han 1 business days af er he receip of such reques, of a commercial elec ronic mail message ha falls wi hin he scope of he reques; t

(ii) for any person ac ing on behalf of he sender o ini ia e he ransmission o he recipien, more han 1 business days af er he receip of such reques, of a commercial elec ronic mail message wi h ac ual knowledge, or knowledge fairly implied on he basis of objec ive circums ances, ha such message falls wi hin he scope of he reques;

(iii) for any person ac ing on behalf of he sender o assis in ini ia ing he ransmission o he recipien, t hrough he provision or selec ion of addresses o which he message will be sen, of a commercial elec ronic 117 STAT. 27 w

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mail message th actual kno edge, or kno edge fairly implied on the basis of objective circumstances, that such message udd violate clause (i) or (ii); or

(iv) for the sender, or any other person dnkno that the recipient has made such a request, to sell, lease, exchange, or other se transfer or release the electronic mail address of the recipient (including through any transaction or other transfer involving mailing lists bearing the electronic mail address of w the recipient) for any purpose other than compliance

th this Act or other provision of la w i

) S SEQUENT AFFIRMATIVE CONSENT.—A prohibition in subparagraph (A) does not applywif there is affirmative consent by the recipient subsequent to the request under subparagraph (A).

(5) INCL ION OF IDENTIFIER, OPT-OUT, AND HYSICAL ADDRESS IN COMMERCIAL ELECTRONIGMAIL.—(A) It is unla uf for any person to initiate the transmission of any commercial electronic mail message to a protected computer unless the message provides—

(i) clear and conspicuous identification that the mes- w

sage is an advertisement or solicitation;

(ii) clear and conspicuous notice of the oppowtunity under paragraph (3) to decline to receive further commer- w cial electronic mail messages from the sender; and

(iii) a valid physical postal address of the sender.

() Subparagraph (A)(i) does not apply to the transmission of a commercial electronic mail message if the recipient has

given prior affirmative consent to receipt of the message.

(6) MATERIALLY.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term terially", den used the respect to false or misleading "materially", header information, includes the alteration or concealment of header information in a manner that udd impair the ability of an Internet access service processing the message on behalf of a recipient, a person alleging a violation of this section, w enforcement agency to identify, locate, or respond dh initiated the electronic mail message or to to a person investigate the alleged violation, or the ability of a recipient of the message to respond to a person do initiated the electronic message.

(b) AGGRAVATED VIOLATIONS RELATING TO COMMERCIAL ELEC-TRONIGWMAIL.-

(1) Address harvesting and dictionary attacks.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—It is unla uf for any person to initiate the transmission, to a protected computer, of a commercial electronic mail message that is unla uf under subsection (a), or to assist in the origination of such mes-

sage through the provision or selection of addresses to ith the message li be transmitted, if such person had actual kno edge, or kno edge fairly implied on the

basis of objective circumstances, that-

(i) the electronic mail address of the recipient obtained using an automated means from an Internet w besite or proprietary online service operated by another person, and such besite or online service included, at the time the address saobtained, a notice stating that the operator wfe such bsite or online

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service will not give, sell, or other se transfer addresses maintained by such besite or online service to any other party for the purposes of initiating, or enabling others to initiate, electronic mail messages;

w a

- (ii) the electronic mail address of the recipient w s obtained using an automated means that generates possible electronic mail addresses by combining names, letters, or numbers into numerous permuta-
- () DISCLAIMER.—Nothing in this paragraph creates ership or proprietary interest in such electronic mail addresses.
- U(2) A OMATED CREATION OF M LTM LE ELECTRONIC MAIL NT-wIt is unla uf for any person to use scripts or other automated means to register for multiple electronic mail accounts or online user accounts from ich to transmit to a protected computer, or enable another person to transmit to a protected computer, a commercial electronic mail message w that is unla uf under subsection (a).
- (3) Relay or retransmission through na horized ACCESS.—It is unla uff for any pewsion kno ngly to relay or retransmit a commercial electronic mail message that is unla ful under subsection (a) from a protected computer or computer net rok that such person has accessed thout authorization. w

LEMENTARY R EMAKING A HORITY.—The Commis-

sion shall by regulation, pursuant to section 13–

(1) modify the 1 -business-day period under subsection (a)(4)(A) or subsection (a)(4)(), or both, if the Commission determines that a different period udd be more reasonable after taking into account-

(A) the purposes of subsection (a);

- () the interests of recipients of commercial electronic mail; and
- (C) the burdens imposed on senders of la ul commercial electronic mail; and
- (2) specify additional activities or praviles to ich subsection (b) applies if the Commission determines that those activities or practices are contributing substantially to the proliferation of commercial electronic mail messages that are unla uff under subsection (a).

(d) REQUIREMENT TO LACE WARNING LA ELS ON COMMERCIAL ELECTRONIC MAIL CONTAINING SEX LAY ORIENTED MATERIAL.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—No person may initiate in or affecting interstate commerce the transmission, to a protected computer, of any commercial electronic mail message that includes sexually oriented material and-
 - (A) fail to include in subject heading for the electronic mail message the marks or notices prescribed by the Commission under this subsection; or
 - () fail to provide that the matter in the message that is initially vie bale to the recipient, den the message is opened by any recipient and absent any further actions by the recipient, includes only—
 - (i) to the extent required or authorized pursuant w to paragraph (2), any such marks or notices;

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(ii) the in ormation required to be included in the message pursuant to subsection (a)(5); and

(iii) instructions on how to access, or a mechanism

to access, the sexually oriented material.

RIOR AFFIRMATIVE CONSENT.—Paragraph (1) does not apply to the transmission o an electronic mail message i the recipient has given prior a irmative consent to receipt

o the message.

(3) RESCRI TION OF MARKS AND NOTICES.—Not later than days a ter the date o the enactment o this Act, the Commission in consultation with the Attorney General shall f prescribe clearly identiaable marks or notices to be included in or associated with commercial electronic mail that contains sexually oriented material, in order to in orm the recipient

o that act and to acilitate iltering o such electronic mail. The Commission shall publish in the Federal Register and provide notice to the public o the marks or notices prescribed

under this paragraph.

(4) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "sexually oriented material" means any material that depicts sexually explicit conduct (as that term is de ined in section 2256 o ited States Code), unless the depiction constitutes f title 18. a small and insigni icant part o the whole, the remainder o which is not primarily devoted to sexual matters.

(5) ENA TY.—Whoever knowingly violates paragraph (1) shall be ined under tithe 18, ited States Code, or imprisoned

not more than 5 years, or both.

SEC. 6. BUSINESSES KNOWINGLY PROMOTED BYFELECTRONIC MAIL 15 CS7 5. WITH FALSE OR MISLEADING TRANSMISSION INFORMATION.

(a) IN GENERA .—It is unlaw ul or a person to promote, or allow the promotion o, that person's trade or business, or goods, products, property, or services sold, o ered or sale, leased or o ered or lease, or otherwise made available through that trade or business, in a commercial electronic mail message the transmission o which is in violation o section 5(a)(1) i that person-

(1) knows, or should have known in the ordinary course o that person's trade or business, that the goods, products, f property, or services sold, o ered or sale, leased or o ered or lease, or otherwise made available through that trade or business were being promoted in such a message;

(2) received or expected to receive an economic bene it rom such promotion; and

(3) took no reasonable action—

(A) to prevent the transmission; or

() to detect the transmission and report it to the Commission.

IMITED ENFORCEMENT AGAINST THIRD ARTIES.-

- (1) IN GENERA .—Except as provided in paragraph (2), a person (hereina ter re erred to as the "third party") that provides goods, products, property, or services to another person that violates subsection (a) shall not be held liable or such violation.
- (2) EXCE TION.—Liability or a violation o subsection (a) shall be imputed to a third party that provides goods, products, property, or services to another person that violates subsection (a) i that third party—f

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(A) owns, or as a greater t an 50 percent owners ip or economic interest in, t e trade or business of t e person t at violated subsection (a); or

()(i) as actual knowledge t at goods, products, property, or services are promoted in a commercial electronic h mail message t e transmission of w ic is in violation of section 5(a)(1); and

(ii) receives, or expects to receive, an economic benefit from suc promotion.

(c) USXC VE ENFORCEMENTH Y FTC.—Subsections (f) and (g)

of section 7 do not apply to violations of t is section.

(d) SAV NGS ROV'S ON.—Except as provided in section 7(f)(8), not ing in t is section may be construed to limit or prevent any action t at may be taken under t is Act wit respect to any violation of any ot er section of t is Act.

SEC. 7. ENFORCEMENT GENERALLY.

15 CS706.

- (a) VOIATON S NFAROR DECETVE ACTOR RACT CE.—Except as provided in subsection (b), t is Act s all be enforced by t e Commission as if t e violation of t is Act were an unfair or deceptive act or practice proscribed under section $18(a)(1)()$ of t e Federal Trade Commission Act (15 S.C. $57a(a)(1)()$).
- (b) Enforcement $\,\,$ Y Certa N Other Agenc es.—Compliance wit $\,$ t is Act s all be enforced—
 - (1) under section 8 of t e Federal Deposit nsurance Act 12 S.C. 1818), in t e case of—
 - (A) national banks, and Federal branc es and Federal agencies of foreign banks, by t e Office of t e Comptroller of t e Currency;
 - () member banks of t e Federal Reserve System (ot er t an national banks), branc es and agencies of foreign banks (ot er t an Federal branc es, Federal agencies, and insured State branc es of foreign banks), commercial lending companies owned or controlled by foreign banks, organizations operating under section 25 or 25A of t e Federal Reserve Act (12 S.C. 601 and 611), and bank olding companies, by t e oard;

(C) banks insured by t e Federal Deposit nsurance Corporation (ot er t an members of t e Federal Reserve System) and insured State branc es of foreign banks, by t e oard of Directors of t e Federal Deposit nsuranceh Corporation; and

(D) savings associations t e deposits of w ic are insured by t e Federal Deposit nsurance Corporation, by t e Director of t e Office of T rift Supervision;

(2) under t e Federal Credit ion Act (12 S.C. 1751 et seq.) by t e oard of t e National Credit ion Administration wit respect to any Federally insured credit union;

(3) under t e Securities Exc ange Act of 1934 (15 S.C. 78a et seq.) by t e Securities and Exc ange Commission wit respect to any broker or dealer;

(4) under t e nvestment Company Act of 1940 (15 S.C. 80a-1 et seq.) by t e Securities and Exc ange Commission wit respect to investment companies;

(5) under t e nvestment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 S.C. 80b-1 et seq.) by t e Securities and Exc ange Commission wit respect to investment advisers registered under t at Act; h

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(6) under S a e insurance law in he case of any person engaged in providing insurance, by he applicable S a e insurance au hori y of he S a e in which he person is domiciled, subjec o sec ion 104 of he Gramm- liley- each Ac (15 S.C. 6701), excep ha in any S a e in which he S a e insurance au hori y elec s no o exercise his power, he enforcemen au hori y pursuan to his Ac shall be exercised by he Commission in accordance wi h subsection (a);

(7) under par A of sub i le V of i le 49, i end Saes Code, by he Secre ary of Transpor a ion wi h respec o any

air carrier or foreign air carrier subjec o ha par;

(8) under he ackers and S ockyards Ac , 1921 (7 S.C 181 e seq.) (excep as provided in sec ion 406 of ha Ac S.C. 226, 227)), by he Secre ary of Agricul ure with respec

o any ac ivi ies subjec o ha Ac;

(9) under he Farm Credi Ac of 1971 (12 seg.) by he Farm Credi Adminis ration with respect of any Federal land bank, Federal land bank associa ion, Federal in ermedia e credi bank, or produc ion credi associa ion; and

(10) under he Communica ions Ac of 1934 (47 S.C. 151 e seq.) by he Federal Communica ions Commission wi h

respec o any person subjec o he provisions of ha Ac.
(c) Exerc se of Certa N owers.—For he purpose of he exercise by any agency referred o in subsection (b) of is powers under any Ac referred o in ha subsec ion, a viola ion of his Ac is deemed o be a viola ion of a Federal Trade Commission rade regula ion rule. n addi ion o i s powers under any provision of law specifically referred o in subsection (b), each of the agencies referred o in ha subsection may exercise, for he purpose of enforcing compliance wi h any requiremen imposed under his Ac, any o her au hori y conferred on i by law.

(d) ACT ONS Y THE COMMISS ON.—The Commission shall pre-t ven any person from viola ing his Ac in he same manner, by he same means, and wi h he same jurisdic ion, powers, and du ies as hough all applicable erms and provisions of he Federal Trade Commission At. (15 S.C. 41 e seq.) were incorpora ed in o and made a par of his Ac. Any en i y ha viola es any provision of ha sub i le is subjec o he penal ies and en i led o he privileges and immuni ies provided in he Federal Trade Commission Ac in he same manner, by he same means, and with he same jurisdic ion, power, and du ies as hough all applicable erms and provisions of he Federal Trade Commission Ac were incorpora ed in o and made a par of ha sub i le.

TY OF CEASE-AND-DES ST ORDERS AND NJ (e) AVA A RE EF W THO T SHOW NG OF KNOW EDGE.—No wi hs anding any o her provision of his Ac, in any proceeding or ac ion pursuan o subsection (a), (b), (c), or (d) of his section of enforce compliance, hrough an order o cease and desis or an injunc ion, wi h sec ion 5(a)(1)(C), sec ion 5(a)(2), clause (ii), (iii), or (iv) of sec ion 5(a)(4)(A), sec ion 5(b)(1)(A), or sec ion 5(b)(3), nei her he Commission nor he Federal Communica ions Commission shall be required o allege or prove he s a e of mind required by such sec ion or subparagraph. t

(f) Enforcement y States.—

CT ON.—In any case in which he a orney general of a S a e, or an official or agency of a S a e, has reason o believe ha an in eres of he residen s of ha S a e has been or is hrea ened or adversely affec ed by any person who violate paragraph (1) or (2) of ection 5(a), who violate ection 5(d), or who engage in a pattern or practice that violate paragraph (), (4), or (5) of ection 5(a), of thi Act, the attorney general, official, or agency of the State, a paren patriae, may bring a civil action on behalf of the re ident of the State in a di trict court of the ited State of appropriate s juri diction—

- (A) to enjoin further violation of ection 5 of thi Act by the defendant; or
- () to obtain damage on behalf of re ident of the State, in an amount equal to the greater of—

(i) the actual monetary lo uffered by uch re ident: or

- (ii) the amount determined under paragraph (). (2) AVAI A I ITY OF INJ MIVE RE IEF WITHO T SHOWING OF KNOW EDGE.—Notwith tanding any other provi ion of thi Act, in a civil action under paragraph (1)(A) of thi ub ection, the attorney general, official, or agency of the State hall not be required to allege or prove the tate of mind required by ection 5(a)(1)(C), ection 5(a)(2), clau e (ii), (iii), or (iv) of ection 5(a)(4)(A), ection 5(b)(1)(A), or ection 5(b)().
 - () STAT ORY DAMAGES.—
 - (A) IN GENERA .—For purpo e of paragraph (1)()(ii), the amount determined under thi paragraph i the amount calculated by multiplying the number of violation (with each eparately addre ed unlawful me age received by or addre ed to uch re ident treated a a eparate violation) by up to \$250.

() IMITATION.—For any violation of ection 5 (other than ection 5(a)(1)), the amount determined under ubparagraph (A) may not exceed \$2,000,000.

(C) AGGRAVATED DAMAGES.—The court may increa e a damage award to an amount equal to not more than three time the amount otherwi e available under thi paragraph if—

(i) the court determine that the defendant committed the violation willfully and knowingly; or

- (ii) the defendant' unlawful activity included one or more of the aggravating violation et forth in ection 5(b).
- (D) REDUCTION OF DAMAGES.—In a e ing damage under ubparagraph (A), the court may con ider whether—
 - (i) the defendant ha e tabli hed and implemented, s with due care, commercially rea onable practice and procedure de igned to effectively prevent uch violation; or
 - (ii) the violation occurred de pite commercially rea onable effort to maintain compliance the practice and procedure to which reference i made in clau e (i).
- (4) ATTORNEY FEES.—In the ca e of any ucce ful action under paragraph (1), the court, in it di cretion, may award the co t of the action and rea onable attorney fee to the State.
- (5) RIGHTS OF FEDERA EGU ATORS.—The State hall erve Notice. prior written notice of any action under paragraph (1) upon s $^{\rm Record}$.

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the Feder 1 Tr de Commission or the ppropri te Feder 1 regul tor determined under subsection (b) and provide the Commission or the propri te Feder 1 regulator determined under subsection (b). sion or ppropri te Feder l regul tor with copy of its compl int, except in ny c se in which such prior aotice is not fe sible, in which c se the St te sh ll serve such notice immedi tely upon instituting such ction. The Feder l Tr de Commission or ppropri te Feder l regul tor sh ll h ve the right-

(A) to intervene in the ction; a

() upon so intervening, to be he rd on ll m tters rising therein;

(C) to remove the ction to the ppropri te itend

St tes district court; nd

(D) to file petitions for ppe 1.

(6) CONSTR TION.—For purposes of bringing ction under p r gr ph (1), nothing in this Act sh ll be construed to prevent n ttorney gener l of St te from exercising the powers conferred on the ttorney gener l by the l ws of th tSt te to-

(A) conduct investig tions;

() dminister o the or ffirmations; or

(C) compel the ttend nce of witnesses or the production of document ry nd other evidence.

(7) VENUE; SERVICE OF ROCESS.—

- (A) VENUE.—Any ction brought under p r gr ph (1) m y be brought in the district court of the ited St tes th t meets pplic ble requirements rel ting to venue under section 1391 of title 28, itend St tes Code. a
- () Service of rocess.—In n ction brought under p r gr ph (1), process m y be served in ny district in which the defend nt-

(i) is n inh bit nt; or

(ii) m int ins physic l pl ce of business.

IMITATION ON STATE ACTION WHI E FEDERA IS PENDING.—If the Commission, or other ppropri te Feder l gency under subsection (b), h s instituted civil ction or dministr tive ction for viol tion of this Act, no St te ttorney gener l, or offici l or gency of St te, m y bring n ction under this subsection during the pendency of th t ction g inst ny defend nt n med in the compl int of the Commission or the other gency for ny viol tion of this Act lleged in the compl int.

- (9) REQUISITE SCIENTER FOR CERTAIN CIVI Except s provided in section 5()(1)(C), section 5()(2), cl use (ii), (iii), or (iv) of section 5()()(A), section 5(b)(1)(A), or section civil ction brought by St te ttorney gener l, 5(b)(3), in or n offici l or gency of St te, to recover monet ry d m ges viol tion of this Act, the court sh ll not gr nt the relief sought unless the ttorney gener l, offici l, or gency est b-lishes th t the defend nt cted with ctu l knowledge, or knowledge f irly implied on the b sis of objective circumst nces, of the ct or omission thet constitutes the violetion.
- (g) ACTION Y ROVIDER OF INTERNET ACCESS SERVICE.— (1) ACTION A HORIZED.—A provider of Internet ccess service dversely ffected by viol tion of section 5()(1), 5(b), p ttern or pr ctice th t viol tes p r gr ph (2), or 5(d), or (3), (), or (5) of section 5(), m y bring civil ction in a

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any dis ric cour of he i ed S a es wi h jurisdic ion over he defendan —

- (A) o enjoin fur her viola ion by he defendan; or
 () o recover damages in an amoun equal o he grea er of—
 - (i) ac ual mone ary loss incurred by he provider of In erne access service as a resul of such viola ion; or
- (ii) he amoun de ermined under paragraph (3).

 (2) Stecia Efinition of "Rod Ek—In any ac ion brough under paragraph (1), his Ac shall be applied as if he defini ion of he erm "procure" in sec ion 3(12) con ained, af er "behalf" he words "wi h ac ual knowledge, or by consciously avoiding knowing, whe her such person is engaging, or will engage, in a pa ern or practice ha violates his Ac".

 (3) Stat obey damages.—
 - (A) In General .—For purposes of paragraph (1)()(ii), he amoun de ermined under his paragraph is he amoun calcula ed by mul iplying he number of viola ions (wi heach separa ely addressed unlawful message ha is ransmi ed or a emp ed o be ransmi ed over he facili ies of he provider of In erne access service, or ha is ransmi ed or a emp ed o be ransmi ed o an electronic to mail address obtained from he provider of In erne access service in viola ion of sec ion (b)(1)(A)(i), rea ed as a separa e viola ion) by—
 - (i) up o \$100, in he case of a viola ion of sec ion (a)(1); or
 - (ii) up o \$2, in he case of any o her viola ion of sec ion.
 - () IMITATION.—For any viola ion of sec ion (o her han sec ion 5(a)(1)), he amoun de ermined under subparagraph (A) may no exceed \$1,000,000.
 - (C) AGGRAVATED DAMAGES.—The cour may increase a damage award o an amoun equal o no more han hree imes he amoun o herwise available under his paragraph if—
 - (i) he cour de ermines ha he defendan commi ed he viola ion willfully and knowingly; or
 - (ii) he defendan 's unlawful ac ivi y included one or more of he aggrava ed viola ions se for h in sec ion
 - (D) REDUCTION OF DAMAGES.—In assessing damages under subparagraph (A), he cour may consider whe her—
 - (i) he defendan has es ablished and implemen ed, wi h due care, commercially reasonable practices and procedures designed to effect ively preven such violations; or
 - (ii) he viola ion occurred despi e commercially reasonable effor s o main ain compliance with he practices and procedures of which reference is made to in clause (i).
- (4) ATTORNEY FEES.—In any ac ion brough pursuan o paragraph (1), he cour may, in i s discre ion, require an under aking for he paymen of he cos s of such ac ion, and assess reasonable cos s, including reasonable a orneys' fees, agains any par y. t

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15 CS707. SEC. 8. EFFECT ON HER LAWSO

- (a) FEDERA AW.—(1) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to impair the enforcement of section 223 or 231 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 S.C. 223 or 231, respectively), chapter 71 (relating to obscenity) or 110 (relating to sexual exploitation of children) of title 18, ited States Code, or any other Federal criminal statute.
- (2) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect in any way the Commission's authority to bring enforcement actions under FTC Act for mate **D**ally false or deceptive representations or unfair practices in commercial electronic mail messages.
 - (b) STATE AW.—
 - (1) IN GENERA .—This Act supersedes any statute, regulation, or rule of a State or political subdivision of a State that expressly regulates the use of electronic mail to send commercial messages, except to the extent that any such statute, regulation, or rule prohibits falsity or deception in any portion of a commercial electronic mail message or information attached thereto.
 - (2) STATE L AW NOT S ECIFIC TO E ECTRONIC MAI .—This **O** Act shall not be construed to preempt the applicability of—
 - (A) State laws that are not specific to electronic mail, O

including State trespass, contract, or tort law; or

() other State laws to the extent that those laws relate to acts of fraud or computer crime.

(c) NO EFFECT ON OLICIES OF ROVIDERS OF INTERNET ACCESS SERVICE.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to have any effect on the lawfulness or unlawfulness, under any other provision of law, of the adoption, implementation, or enforcement by a provider of Internet access service of a policy of declining to transmit, route, relay, handle, or store certain types of electronic mail messages.

15 CS708.

SEC. 90000-N -E-MAIO REGISTRY.

Deadline. **O** Reports.

- (a) IN GENERA .—Not later than months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall transmit to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Energy and Commerce a report that—
 - (1) sets forth a plan and timetable for establishing a nation-wide marketing Do-Not-E-Mail registry;
 - (2) includes an explanation of any practical, technical, security, privacy, enforceability, or other concerns that the Commission has regarding such a registry; and

(3) includes an explanation of how the registry would be applied with respect to children with e-mail accounts.

(b) A HORIZATION TO IMP EMENT.—The Commission may establish and implement the plan, but not earlier than 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

15 CS709.

SEC. 10. STUDY EFFECTS CF MRIEIAL ELECTRONIC MAIL.

Deadline. O Reports. O (a) IN GENERA .—Not later than 24 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission, in consultation with the Department of Justice and other appropriate agencies, shall submit a report to the Congress that provides a detailed analysis of the effectiveness and enforcement of the provisions of this Act and the need (if any) for the Congress to modify such provisions. O

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(b) REQUEED ANA YS S.—T e Commission s all include in t e report required by subsection (a)—

(1) an analysis of t e extent to w ic tec nological and marketplace developments, including c anges in t e nature of t e devices t roug w ic consumers access t eir electronic mail messages, may affect t e practicality and effectiveness

of t e provisions of t is Act;

(2) analysis and recommendations concerning address commercial electronic mail t at originates in or is h transmitted t roug or to facilities or computers in ot er nations, including initiatives or policy positions t at t e Federal Government could pursue t roug international negotiations, fora, organizations, or institutions; and

(3) analysis and recommendations concerning options for protecting consumers, including c ildren, from t e receipt and viewing of commercial electronic mail t at is obscene or porno-

grap ic.

SEC. 1h IMPROVING ENFORCEMENT BY PROVIDING REWARDS FOR INFORMATION ABOUT VIOLATIONS; LABELING.

T e Commission s all transmit to t e Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and t e House of Representatives Committee on Energy and Commerce-

(1) a report, wit in 9 mont s after t e date of enactment of t is Act, t at sets fort a system for rewarding t ose w o supply information about violations of t is Act, including—

(A) procedures for t e Commission to grant a reward of not less t an 20 percent of t e total civil penalty collected for a violation of t is Act to t e first person t at-

(i) identifies t e person in violation of t is Act;

(ii) supplies information t at leads to t e successful collection of a civil penalty by t e Commission;

() procedures to minimize t e burden of submitting a complaint to t e Commission concerning violations of t is Act, including procedures to allow t e electronic

submission of complaints to t e Commission; and

(2) a report, wit in 18 mont s after t e date of enactment of t is Act, t at sets fort a plan for requiring commercial electronic mail to be identifiable from its subject line, by means comparable identifier, or an explanation of any concerns t e Commission as t at cause t e Commission to recommend against t e plan.

SEC. 12. RESTRICTIONS ON OTHER TRANSMISSIONS.

Section 227(b)(1) of t e Communications Act of 1934 (47) 227(b)(1)) is amended, in t e matter preceding subparagrap (A), by inserting ", or any person outsident e ited States if t e recipient is wit in t e ited States" after " ited States".

SEC. 13. REGULATIONS.

C**S**711. 15

(a) N GENERA .—T e Commission may issue regulations to implement t e provisions of t is Act (not including t e amendments made by sections 4 and 12). Any suc regulations s all be issued in accordance wit section 553 of title 5, ited States Code. h

Reports. Deadlines rocedures C\$710. 117 STAT. 271 s

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(b) LIMITATION.—Sub ection (a) may not be con trued to authorize the Commi ion to e tabli h a requirement pur uant to ection 5(a)(5)(A) to include any pecific word, character, mark, or label in a commercial electronic mail me age, or to include the identification required by ection 5(a)(5)(A) in any particular part of uch a mail me age (uch a the ubject line or body). s

CS712. 15

Deadline. s

SEC. 14. APPLICATION TO WIRELESS.

(a) Effect on Other Aw.—Nothing in thi Act hall be interpreted to preclude or override the applicability of ection 227 of the Communication Act of 1934 (47 S.C. 227) or the rule_precribed under ection 3 of the Telemarketing and Con umer Fraud

and Abu e revention Act (15 S.C. 6102).

(b) FCC R EMAKING.—The Federal Communication Comminion, in consultation with the Federal Trade Comminion, hall promulgate rule within $270~{\rm day}$ to protect con umer from unwanted mobile ervice commercial me age . The Federal Communication Commi ion, in promulgating the rule, hall, to the extent con i tent with ub ection (c)-

(1) provide ub criber to commercial mobile ervice the ability to avoid receiving mobile ervice commercial me age the ub criber ha provided expre prior authorization

to the ender, except a provided in paragraph (3);
(2) allow recipient of mobile ervice commercial me age to indicate electronically a de ire not to receive future mobile

ervice commercial me age from the ender;

(3) take into con ideration, in determining whether to ubject provider of commercial mobile ervice to paragraph (1), the relation hip that exi t between provider of uch ervice and their ub criber, but if the Commi ion determine that uch provider hould not be ubject to paragraph (1), the rule hall require uch provider, in addition to complying with the other provi ion of thi Act, to allow ub criber to indicate a de ire not to receive future mobile ervice commercial age from the provider—

(A) at the time of ub cribing to uch ervice; and

) in any billing mechani m; and

(4) determine how a ender of mobile ervice commercial me age may comply with the provi ion of thi Act, con idering the unique technical a pect, including the functional and character limitation, of device that receive uch me age.

(c) Other Factors Considered.—The Federal Communication Commi ion hall con ider the ability of a ender of a commercial electronic mail me age to rea onably determine that the me -

age i a mobile ervice commercial me age.
(d) Mob e Service Commercia Message Defined.—In thi ection, the term "mobile ervice commercial me age" mean a commercial electronic mail me age that i tran mitted directly device that i utilized by a ub criber of commercial to a wirele uch term i defined in ection 332(d) of the mobile ervice (a Communication Act of 1934 (47 S.C. 332(d))) in connection with uch ervice.

15 C**S**713.

SEC. 15. SEPARABILITY.

If any provi ion of thi Act or the application thereof to any per on or circum tance i held invalid, the remainder of thi Act and the application of uch provi ion to other per on or cir-s cum tance hall not be affected.

IC AW 108-187—DEC. 16, 2003: 117 STAT. 271

SEC. 16. EFFECTIVE DATE.

C\$7701 15 note. :

Approved December 16, 2003.

EGIS ATIVE HISTORY—S. 877

SENATE RE ORTS No. 108–102 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).

CONGRESSIONA RECORD, Vol. 14 (2003)
Oct. 22, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 21, considered and passed House, amended.
Nov. 25, Senate concurred in House amendment with an amendment.:
Dec. 8, House concurred in Senate amendment.