

Federal Trade Commission Cigarette Report

for 2014

ISSUED: 2016

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

This report is the latest in a series on cigarette sales, advertising, and promotion that the Federal Trade Commission ("Commission") has prepared since 1967.

The statistical tables appended to this report provide information on domestic sales and advertising and promotional activity by the largest U.S. cigarette manufacturers. The 2014 sales and expenditure information in the tables was compiled from data contained in special reports submitted to the Commission pursuant to compulsory process by: Altria Group, Inc.; Commonwealth Brands, Inc.; Lorillard, Inc.; Reynolds American, Inc.; and Vector Group Ltd.¹

II. TOTAL SALES AND ADVERTISING AND PROMOTIONAL EXPENDITURES

The total number of cigarettes reported sold by the major manufacturers decreased by 2.9 billion units (1.1 percent) from 2013 to 2014. Advertising and promotional expenditures also decreased during that same period, from \$8.948 billion to \$8.489 billion. The largest single category of these expenditures in 2014 was price discounts paid to cigarette retailers in order to reduce the price of cigarettes to consumers, which accounted for \$5.563 billion (65.5 percent of total advertising and promotional expenditures).²

III. <u>CIGARETTES SOLD AND GIVEN AWAY</u>

Tables 1, 1A, and 1B display annual cigarette sales by the manufacturers to wholesalers and retailers. Table 1B displays the total number of cigarettes sold in the years 2011 through 2014. In 2014, the five major domestic cigarette manufacturers sold 253.8 billion cigarettes domestically,

¹ Although the number and identity of the companies reporting cigarette data has varied over the more than 45 years that the Commission has issued these reports, these five companies have been recipients of the Commission's compulsory process orders since 2008.

² The advertising and promotional expenditure figures contained in this report are in nominal dollars and have not been adjusted for inflation.

down from 256.7 billion in 2013. The Commission is not reporting the number of cigarettes given $away^3$ in 2014, because – as in 2011 through 2013 – only one company reported such giveaways.⁴

IV. ADVERTISING AND PROMOTIONAL EXPENDITURES BY CATEGORY

Tables 2 through 2E show the amounts spent on cigarette advertising and promotion for the years 1970, and 1975 through 2014.⁵ These tables list the amounts spent on the different types of media advertising (*e.g.*, magazines) and sales promotion activities (*e.g.*, distribution of cigarette samples), and also give the percentage of the total amount spent for the various types of advertising and promotion.

Table 2E shows that overall, the major manufacturers spent \$8.489 billion on cigarette

advertising and promotion in 2014, a decrease from the \$8.948 billion spent in 2013.⁶

The companies reported spending \$50.0 million on magazine advertising in 2014, a decrease from the \$50.6 million they spent in 2013. The Commission is not reporting the amount spent on newspaper advertising in 2014 because only one company reported spending in that category.

⁵ The reported figures include all advertising and promotional expenditures related to cigarettes, regardless of whether such expenditures would constitute "commercial speech" or would be protected from law enforcement action under the First Amendment.

³ Cigarettes given away include all cigarettes distributed for free, whether through sampling, coupons for free product, "buy 3 packs, get 1 free" type offers, or otherwise, as long as those cigarettes were not reported as sold. For years prior to 2001, the Commission required the manufacturers to report the number of cigarettes they sold but not the number they gave away. It is possible that in those earlier years, some manufacturers included in their sales figures some cigarettes that were actually given away.

⁴ Because only one company reported giveaways, the Commission does not report this information in order to avoid potential disclosure of individual company data.

⁶ Definitions of the advertising and promotional expenditure categories appear in the Appendix to this report. If only one company reported spending money on a particular type of advertising or promotion, that category appears as "N/A" and the expenditures are included in the "All Others" category, to avoid potential disclosure of individual company data. For this reason, the Commission is not separately reporting the amounts spent in 2014 on newspaper advertising, Internet advertising other than on the company's own websites, or sampling.

Spending on "outdoor" advertising decreased from \$2.3 million in 2013 to \$2.2 million in 2014.⁷ The companies reported spending \$46.2 million for direct mail advertising in 2014, up from \$38.3 million in 2013.⁸ Spending on point-of-sale materials (ads posted at the retail location but excluding outdoor ads on retailer property) grew from \$55.7 million in 2013 to \$238.2 million in 2014.⁹

In 2014, the companies reported spending \$5.563 billion on price discounts to retailers and \$1.201 billion on price discounts to wholesalers (payments made in order to reduce the price of cigarettes to consumers, *e.g.*, off-invoice discounts, buy downs, and voluntary price reductions). Previously, the Commission did not require the companies to report retail and wholesale price discounts separately. Combined price discounts were \$6.764 billion in 2014, which was a decrease from the \$7.642 billion spent on price discounts in 2013. Retail and wholesale price discounts were the two largest expenditure categories in 2014, representing a combined 79.7 percent of total expenditures (65.5 percent and 14.2 percent, respectively). Price discounts represented 85.4 percent of total expenditures in 2013 and have been the single largest expenditure category since 2002.

Spending on promotional allowances (intended to facilitate the sale or placement of

⁷ Since 2002, "outdoor" advertising has been defined to mean billboards; signs and placards in arenas, stadiums, and shopping malls (whether they are open air or enclosed); and any other advertisements placed outdoors, regardless of their size, including those on cigarette retailer property. Before 2002, "outdoor" advertising was not precisely defined and it was not clear that signs in arenas, stadiums, shopping malls, or on retailer property were to be reported in this category.

⁸ This category does not include direct mail containing coupons, which is reported in the coupons category.

⁹ The Commission's order for 2014 did not collect data on transit advertising (advertising on or in vehicles, bus stops, taxi stands, or transportation facilities) because the recipients of the orders had not reported expenditures on transit advertising since 2000.

cigarettes) paid to cigarette retailers (*e.g.*, payments for stocking, shelving, displaying, and merchandising brands, volume rebates, and incentive payments) decreased from \$291.3 million in 2013 to \$260.3 million in 2014. Spending on promotional allowances paid to cigarette wholesalers (*e.g.*, payments for volume rebates, incentive payments, value-added services, and promotional executions) declined from \$397.2 million in 2013 to \$363.3 million in 2014. In addition, the industry spent \$632,000 in 2014 on promotional allowances paid to persons other than retailers or wholesalers, up from \$548,000 in 2013.

When price discounts and promotional allowances paid to cigarette retailers and wholesalers are combined, they total \$7.388 billion, and account for 87.0 percent of all 2014 spending.

The Commission is not separately reporting the amount spent in 2014 giving cigarette samples to the public ("sampling") because only one company reported spending in that category.¹⁰

In 2014, \$1.5 million was spent on branded specialty item distribution through the mail, at promotional events, or by any means other than at the point-of-sale with the purchase of cigarettes; \$37.7 million was spent distributing non-branded, non-cigarette items in connection with the marketing or promotion of cigarettes.¹¹ In 2013, those figures had been \$3.0 million and \$29.5 million, respectively.

Expenditures for the adult-only public entertainment category increased from \$104.6 million in 2013 to \$104.9 million in 2014. This category includes public entertainment events that take place in an adult-only facility (*e.g.*, sponsorship of bar nights or concerts) and display the name or

¹⁰ "Sampling" includes the distribution of cigarettes for consumer testing or evaluation outside the company's facility, and the distribution of coupons for free cigarettes when no purchase or payment is required to obtain the coupons or cigarettes.

¹¹ Specialty item distribution includes the practice of selling or giving to consumers noncigarette items, such as T-shirts, caps, sunglasses, key chains, lighters, and sporting goods.

logo of a company's cigarettes or otherwise refer to cigarettes. As they did in 2013, the companies reported no 2014 expenditures on public entertainment events in non-adult-only facilities that display the name or logo of a company's cigarettes or otherwise refer or relate to cigarettes.

As they did in 2013, all reporting companies stated that in 2014 they spent no money on sponsorships, endorsements and testimonials, or on audio-visual advertising.

The industry reported spending \$521.0 million on coupons to reduce the retail cost of cigarettes in 2013 (an increase from the \$248.8 million reported in 2013).¹²

Retail-value-added expenditures are the costs associated with offers such as "buy one, get one free" and "buy three, get a free T-shirt," where the bonus item is distributed at retail when the cigarettes are purchased. As they have each year since 2011, the companies reported spending no money on either category of retail-value-added in 2014.

In 2014, the companies reported spending \$65,000 on telephone advertising. This category includes the costs associated with the placement of telemarketing calls or the operation of incoming telephone lines that allow consumers to participate in a promotion or hear pre-recorded product messages.

In 2014, the companies reported spending \$16.6 million on advertising on company websites, an increase from the \$15.4 million they reported in 2013. As in 2013, the Commission is not separately reporting the amount spent in 2014 on Internet advertising other than company websites because only one company reported spending in that category.

The companies reported no spending in 2014 on "social media marketing on Web sites or other online services or communities, including but not limited to social networking sites,

¹² As noted above, when coupons are distributed for free cigarettes and no purchase is required to redeem them, such activities are reported as "sampling," not as "coupons."

microblogging sites, content-sharing sites, and blogs," just as they have each year since the Commission started requesting these data.

The Commission requires the cigarette manufacturers to report the amounts they spent advertising and promoting sports and sporting events.¹³ This question is separate from, and duplicative of, the reporting of the individual various advertising and promotion categories. For example, money spent on a magazine advertisement promoting a cigarette-branded sports tournament open to those of all ages would be reported under the category "general-audience public entertainment" and would also be reported as an expenditure on "sports and sporting events." As they have each year since 2010, the companies reported that they did not spend any money on sports and sporting events in 2014.

Since 2001, the Commission has required the manufacturers to report expenditures on advertisements directed to youth or their parents that are intended to reduce youth smoking. The companies reported spending \$1.7 million in 2014.¹⁴ Over the previous eight years, they had reported expenditures of \$57.7 million (2006), \$20.7 million (2007), \$11.5 million (2008), \$8.1 million (2009), and \$4.4 million (2010), \$2.9 million (2011), \$2.2 million (2012), and \$1.9 million (2013). These figures do not include contributions to third parties that engage in such programs.

The cigarette manufacturers reported that neither they nor anyone working for them or on their behalf paid money or any other form of compensation in connection with the production or

¹³ This includes expenditures for: (1) the sponsoring, advertising, or promotion of sports or sporting events; support of an individual, group, or sports team; and purchase of or support for equipment, uniforms, sports facilities, and/or training facilities; (2) advertising in the name of the cigarette company or any of its brands in a sports facility, on a scoreboard, or in conjunction with the reporting of sports results; and (3) all expenditures for functional promotional items (clothing, hats, etc.) connected with a sporting event.

¹⁴ These expenditures are not included in the \$8.489 billion reported in Table 2E (cigarette expenditures by category for 2014).

filming of any motion picture or television show in 2014, or paid money or any other form of compensation to anyone engaged in product placement in motion pictures or television shows. The companies also reported that neither they nor anyone working for them or on their behalf sought, solicited, granted approval, or otherwise gave permission for the appearance of any cigarette product or cigarette brand imagery in any motion picture or television show. Most of the companies reported that neither they nor anyone working for them or on their behalf: (1) sought, solicited, granted approval, or otherwise gave permission for the appearance of any cigarette product or cigarette brand imagery in any motion picture or television show. Most of the companies reported that neither they nor anyone working for them or on their behalf: (1) sought, solicited, granted approval, or otherwise gave permission for the appearance of any cigarette product or cigarette brand imagery in any video appearing on the Internet, or (2) engaged in social media marketing that promoted any cigarette brand or variety or used cigarette brand imagery. One company reported having video advertising on company-operated websites and allowing the posting of user-generated content on those websites.

The expenditure data reported in Tables 2 through 2E were not collected in their present form until 1975. Therefore, Table 3 reports advertising expenditures from 1963 through 1974.

V. TAR YIELDS, FILTERS, LENGTH, AND FLAVOR

Tables 4 and 4A give the domestic market share of cigarettes with tar yields of 15 mg or less for the years 1967 through 2014. The data for the years since 1982 are further broken down into sub-categories according to tar yields, *e.g.*, 3 mg or less, 6 mg or less, etc. (categories are presented cumulatively).

The tar yield data reported to the Commission appear to show increases from 2013 to 2014 in the market share of cigarettes with tar yields of 3 mg or less, 6 mg or less, and 9 mg or less. They also appear to show decreases in the market share of cigarettes with tar yields of 12 mg or less and 15 mg or less. The Commission notes, however, that its compulsory process orders requesting data for 2011 through 2014 have required the companies only to report tar, nicotine, and carbon monoxide data that they have available; they were not required to conduct additional testing. Consequently, market share comparisons within these years or to previous years may no longer be possible.

As shown in Tables 5 and 5A, filtered cigarettes have dominated the market since the Commission began collecting this information in 1963. Filtered cigarettes account for 99.7 percent of the market in 2014.

Table 6 provides the market share of the various cigarette length categories. The King size (79-88 mm) category continues to be the biggest seller, with 57 percent of the market in 2014. This category is followed by the Long (94-101 mm) group, with 38 percent of the market.

Tables 7 and 7A give the market share of menthol and non-menthol cigarettes. In 2014, menthol cigarettes were 30 percent of the market, while non-menthols were 70 percent.

Table 8 shows the percentage of cigarettes that disclosed both tar and nicotine yields on their packs during the years 1994 through 2001; Table 8A shows the percentage that disclosed tar yields from 2002 to 2011. In 2014, as in every year since 2008, 0.0% of the overall cigarette market disclosed tar yields on the pack. Therefore, as the Commission first noted in its Cigarette Report for 2011, Table 8A will not be updated unless and until the companies resume printing tar yields on their product packaging.

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TOTAL DOMESTIC CIGARETTE UNIT SALES (1963-2000) (IN BILLIONS OF INDIVIDUAL CIGARETTES)

| VEAD | TOTAL SALES REPORTED BY CIGARETTE <u>MANUFACTURERS*</u> | UNIT CHANGE FROM PRIOR YEAR | % CHANGE <u>FROM PRIOR YEAR</u> | USDA CIGARETTE <u>CONSUMPTION ESTIMATES</u> |
|-------------|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| <u>YEAR</u> | | | | |
| 1963 | 516.5 | - | - | 523.9 |
| 1964 | 505.0 | (11.5) | (2.2) | 511.2 |
| 1965 | 521.1 | 16.1 | 3.2 | 528.7 |
| 1966 | 529.9 | 8.8 | 1.7 | 541.2 |
| 1967 | 525.8 | 5.9 | 1.1 | 549.2 |
| 1968 | 540.3 | 4.5 | .8 | 545.7 |
| 1969 | 527.9 | (12.4) | (2.3) | 528.9 |
| 1970 | 534.2 | 6.3 | 1.1 | 536.4 |
| 1971 | 547.2 | 13.0 | 2.4 | 555.1 |
| 1972 | 561.7 | 14.5 | 2.7 | 566.8 |
| 1973 | 584.7 | 23.0 | 4.1 | 589.7 |
| 1974 | 594.5 | 9.8 | 1.7 | 599.0 |
| 1975 | 603.2 | 8.7 | 1.5 | 607.2 |
| 1976 | 609.9 | 6.7 | 1.1 | 613.5 |
| 1977 | 612.6 | 2.7 | .4 | 617.0 |
| 1978 | 615.3 | 2.7 | .4 | 616.0 |
| 1979 | 621.8 | 6.5 | 1.1 | 621.5 |
| 1980 | 628.2 | 6.4 | 1.0 | 631.5 |
| 1981 | 636.5 | 8.3 | 1.3 | 640.0 |
| 1982 | 632.5 | (4.0) | (.6) | 634.0 |
| 1983 | 603.6 | (28.9) | (4.6) | 600.0 |
| 1984 | 608.4 | 4.8 | .8 | 600.4 |
| 1985 | 599.3 | (9.1) | (1.5) | 594.0 |
| 1986 | 586.4 | (12.9) | (2.2) | 583.8 |
| 1987 | 575.4 | (11.0) | (1.9) | 575.0 |
| 1988 | 560.7 | (14.7) | (2.6) | 562.5 |
| 1989 | 525.6 | (35.1) | (6.3) | 540.0 |
| 1990 | 523.7 | (1.9) | (.4) | 525.0 |
| 1991 | 510.9 | (12.8) | (2.4) | 510.0 |
| 1992 | 506.4 | (4.5) | (.9) | 500.0 |
| 1993 | 461.4 | (45.0) | (8.9) | 485.0 |
| 1994 | 490.2 | 28.8 | 6.2 | 486.0 |
| 1995 | 482.3 | (7.9) | (1.6) | 487.0 |
| 1996 | 484.1 | 1.8 | 0.4 | 487.0 |
| 1997 | 478.6 | (5.5) | (1.1) | 480.0 |
| 1998 | 458.6 | (20.1) | (4.2) | 465.0 |
| 1999 | 411.3 | (47.2) | (10.3) | 435.0 |
| 2000 | 413.9 | 2.6 | .6 | 430.0 |

*

Cigarettes sold by manufacturers to wholesalers and retailers within the U.S. and to armed forces personnel stationed outside the U.S.

TABLE 1A

| YEAR | UNITS <u>SOLD*</u> | UNITS GIVEN <u>AWAY**</u> | TOTAL NUMBER SOLD AND GIVEN AWAY AS REPORTED <u>BY MANUFACTURERS</u> | UNIT CHANGE IN SOLD AND GIVEN AWAY FROM PRIOR <u>YEAR</u> † | PERCENT CHANGE IN SOLD AND GIVEN AWAY FROM PRIOR <u>YEAR</u> † | USDA CIGARETTE CONSUMPTION <u>ESTIMATES</u> |
|------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 2001 | 398.3 | 3.9 | 402.2 | - | - | 425.0 |
| 2002 | 376.4 | 11.1 | 387.4 | (14.8) | (3.7) | 415.0 |
| 2003 | 360.5 | 7.1 | 367.6 | (19.8) | (5.1) | 400.0 |
| 2004 | 361.3 | 2.1 | 363.4 | (4.2) | (1.1) | 388.0 |
| 2005 | 351.6 | 3.0 | 354.6 | (8.8) | (2.4) | 376.0 |
| 2006 | 343.3 | 7.2 | 350.5 | (4.1) | (1.2) | 371.0 |
| 2007 | 337.7 | 5.0 | 342.8 | (7.7) | (2.2) | *** |
| 2008 | 320.0 | 2.7 | 322.6 | (20.2) | (5.9) | *** |
| 2009 | 290.6 | 0.1 | 290.7 | (31.9) | (9.9) | *** |
| 2010 | 282 | 0.05 | 282.1 | (8.7) | (3.0) | *** |

TOTAL DOMESTIC CIGARETTE UNITS SOLD AND GIVEN AWAY (2001-2010) (IN BILLIONS OF INDIVIDUAL CIGARETTES)

* Cigarettes sold by manufacturers to wholesalers and retailers within the U.S. and to armed forces personnel stationed outside the U.S.

** Cigarettes given away within the U.S. and to armed forces personnel stationed outside the U.S. Prior to 2001, the Commission did not ask about cigarettes given away, although some cigarettes given away might have been reported as sold.

*** USDA ceased reporting these data.

[†] Because of rounding, changes from prior year's figures might only be approximate.

TABLE 1B

TOTAL DOMESTIC CIGARETTE UNITS SOLD (2011-2014) (IN BILLIONS OF INDIVIDUAL CIGARETTES)

| YEAR | UNITS SOLD* | UNITS CHANGE FROM PRIOR YEAR | PERCENT CHANGE FROM PRIOR YEAR† |
|------|-------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 2011 | 273.6 | (8.6) | (3.0) |
| 2012 | 267.7 | (5.9) | (2.2) |
| 2013 | 256.7 | (11.0) | (4.1) |
| 2014 | 253.8 | (2.9) | (1.1) |

^{*} Cigarettes sold by manufacturers to wholesalers and retailers within the U.S. and to armed forces personnel stationed outside the U.S.

[†] Because of rounding, changes from prior year's figures might only be approximate.

DOMESTIC CIGARETTE ADVERTISING AND PROMOTIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR YEARS 1970, 1975-1985 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)*

| | 1970 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Newspapers | \$14,026 | \$104,460 | \$155,808 | \$190,677 | \$186,947 | \$240,978 | \$304,380 | \$358,096 | \$282,897 | \$200,563 | \$193,519 | \$203,527 |
| | 3.9% | 21.3% | 24.4% | 24.5% | 21.4% | 22.2% | 24.5% | 23.1% | 15.8% | 10.6% | 9.2% | 8.2% |
| Magazines | \$50,018 | \$131,199 | \$148,032 | \$173,296 | \$184,236 | \$257,715 | \$266,208 | \$291,227 | \$349,229 | \$388,365 | \$425,912 | \$395,129 |
| | 13.9% | 26.6% | 23.2% | 22.2% | 21.1% | 23.8% | 21.4% | 18.8% | 19.5% | 20.4% | 20.3% | 16.0% |
| Outdoor | \$7,338 | \$84,329 | \$102,689 | \$120,338 | \$149,010 | \$162,966 | \$193,333 | \$228,081 | \$266,925 | \$295,226 | \$284,927 | \$300,233 |
| | 2.0% | 17.2% | 16.1% | 15.4% | 17.0% | 15.0% | 15.6% | 14.7% | 14.9% | 15.5% | 13.6% | 12.1% |
| Transit | \$5,354 | \$10,852 | \$19,341 | \$21,530 | \$22,899 | \$21,151 | \$26,160 | \$21,931 | \$24,135 | \$26,652 | \$25,817 | \$33,136 |
| | 1.5% | 2.2% | 3.0% | 2.8% | 2.6% | 2.1% | 2.0% | 1.4% | 1.3% | 1.4% | 1.2% | 1.3% |
| Point-of-Sale | \$11,663 | \$35,317 | \$44,176 | \$46,220 | \$57,384 | \$66,096 | \$79,799 | \$98,968 | \$116,954 | \$170,059 | \$167,279 | \$142,921 |
| | 3.2% | 7.2% | 6.9% | 5.9% | 6.6% | 6.1% | 6.4% | 6.4% | 6.5% | 8.9% | 8.0% | 5.8% |
| Promotional Allowances | \$33,789 | \$72,018 | \$82,523 | \$108,227 | \$125,148 | \$137,111 | \$179,094 | \$229,077 | \$272,269 | \$366,153 | \$363,247 | \$548,877 |
| | 9.4% | 14.7% | 12.9% | 13.9% | 14.3% | 12.7% | 14.4% | 14.8% | 15.2% | 19.3% | 17.3% | 22.2% |
| Sampling Distribution | \$11,775 | \$24,196 | \$40,390 | \$47,683 | \$47,376 | \$64,286 | \$50,459 | \$81,522 | \$141,178 | \$125,968 | \$148,031 | \$140,565 |
| | 3.3% | 4.9% | 6.3% | 6.1% | 5.4% | 5.9% | 4.1% | 5.3% | 7.9% | 6.6% | 7.1% | 5.7% |
| Specialty Item Distribution | \$5,652 | \$10,088 | \$20,030 | \$35,797 | \$48,281 | \$62,029 | \$69,248 | \$115,107 | \$95,246 | \$127,186 | \$140,431 | \$211,429 |
| | 2.6% | 2.1% | 3.1% | 4.6% | 5.5% | 5.7% | 5.6% | 7.5% | 5.3% | 6.6% | 6.7% | 8.5% |
| Public Entertainment | \$544 | \$8,484 | \$7,946 | \$9,538 | \$11,590 | \$10,783 | \$16,914 | \$37,423 | \$63,168 | \$76,648 | \$59,988 | \$57,581 |
| | 0.2% | 1.7% | 1.3% | 1.2% | 1.3% | 1.0% | 1.4% | 2.4% | 3.5% | 4.0% | 2.9% | 2.3% |
| Other** | \$220,841 | \$10,311 | \$18,182 | \$26,157 | \$42,100 | \$60,310 | \$56,694 | \$86,226 | \$181,813 | \$123,951 | \$286,035 | \$443,043 |
| | 61.1% | 2.0% | 2.8% | 3.4% | 4.8% | 5.6% | 4.6% | 5.6% | 10.1% | 6.5% | 13.7% | 17.9% |
| Total | \$361,000 | \$491,254 | \$639,117 | \$779,463 | \$874,971 | \$1,083,425 | \$1,242,289 | \$1,547,658 | \$1,793,814 | \$1,900,771 | \$2,095,231 | \$2,476,441 |
| | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |

* Because of rounding, sums of percentages may not equal 100 percent.

** Includes TV and Radio advertising expenditures of \$207,324,000 and \$12,492,000, respectively, for 1970. Broadcast advertising was banned after January 1, 1971. Expenditures for direct mail, endorsements, testimonials, and audio-visual are included in the "All Others" category to avoid potential disclosure of individual company data.

TABLE 2A DOMESTIC CIGARETTE ADVERTISING AND PROMOTIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR YEARS 1986-1995 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)*

| | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Newspapers | \$119,629 | \$95,810 | \$105,783 | \$76,993 | \$71,174 | \$48,212 | \$35,467 | \$36,220 | \$24,143 | \$19,122 |
| | 5.0% | 3.7% | 3.2% | 2.1% | 1.8% | 1.0% | 0.7% | 0.6% | 0.5% | 0.4% |
| Magazines | \$340,160 | \$317,748 | \$355,055 | \$380,393 | \$328,143 | \$278,110 | \$237,061 | \$235,253 | \$251,644 | \$248,848 |
| | 14.3% | 12.3% | 10.8% | 10.5% | 8.2% | 6.0% | 4.5% | 3.9% | 5.2% | 5.1% |
| Outdoor | \$301,822 | \$269,778 | \$319,293 | \$358,583 | \$375,627 | \$386,165 | \$295,657 | \$231,481 | \$240,024 | \$273,664 |
| | 12.7% | 10.5% | 9.7% | 9.9% | 9.4% | 8.3% | 5.7% | 3.8% | 5.0% | 5.6% |
| Transit | \$34,725 | \$35,822 | \$44,379 | \$52,294 | \$60,249 | \$60,163 | \$53,293 | \$39,117 | \$29,323 | \$22,543 |
| | 1.5% | 1.4% | 1.4% | 1.4% | 1.5% | 1.3% | 1.0% | 0.6% | 0.6% | 0.5% |
| Point-of-Sale | \$135,541 | \$153,494 | \$222,289 | \$241,809 | \$303,855 | \$344,580 | \$366,036 | \$400,943 | \$342,650 | \$259,035 |
| | 5.7% | 5.9% | 6.8% | 6.7% | 7.6% | 7.4% | 7.0% | 6.6% | 7.1% | 5.3% |
| Promotional Allowances | \$630,036 | \$702,430 | \$879,703 | \$999,843 | \$1,021,427 | \$1,156,280 | \$1,514,026 | \$1,557,635 | \$1,678,917 | \$1,865,657 |
| | 26.4% | 27.2% | 26.9% | 27.6% | 25.6% | 24.9% | 28.9% | 25.8% | 34.7% | 38.1% |
| Sampling Distribution | \$98,866 | \$55,020 | \$74,511 | \$57,771 | \$100,893 | \$56,970 | \$49,315 | \$40,202 | \$6,974 | \$13,836 |
| | 4.1% | 2.1% | 2.3% | 1.6% | 2.5% | 1.2% | 0.9% | 0.7% | 0.1% | 0.3% |
| Specialty Item Distribution | \$210,128 | \$391,351 | \$190,003 | \$262,432 | \$307,037 | \$184,348 | \$339,997 | \$755,780 | \$850,810 | \$665,173 |
| | 8.8% | 15.2% | 5.8% | 7.3% | 7.7% | 4.0% | 6.5% | 12.5% | 17.6% | 13.6% |
| Public Entertainment | \$71,439 | \$71,389 | \$88,072 | \$92,120 | \$125,094 | \$118,622 | \$89,739 | \$84,276 | \$81,292 | \$110,669 |
| | 3.0% | 2.8% | 2.7% | 2.5% | 3.1% | 2.6% | 1.7% | 1.4% | 1.7% | 2.3% |
| Direct Mail | \$187,057 | \$187,931 | \$42,545 | \$45,498 | \$51,875 | \$65,002 | \$34,345 | \$31,463 | \$31,187 | \$34,618 |
| | 7.9% | 7.3% | 1.3% | 1.3% | 1.3% | 1.4% | 0.7% | 0.5% | 0.7% | 0.7% |
| Endorsements & Testimonials | \$384 | \$376 | \$781 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Coupons & Retail-Value-Added | ** | ** | \$874,127 26.7% | \$959,965 26.5% | \$1,183,798 29.6% | \$1,882,905 40.4% | \$2,175,373 41.6% | \$2,559,387 42.4% | \$1,248,896 25.8% | \$1,348,378 27.5% |
| Other*** | \$252,570 | \$299,355 | \$78,366 | \$89,290 | \$62,917 | \$68,758 | \$41,608 | \$63,680 | \$47,672 | \$33,680 |
| | 10.0% | 11.6% | 2.4% | 2.5% | 1.6% | 1.5% | 0.8% | 1.2% | 1.0% | 0.7% |
| Total | \$2,382,357 | \$2,580,504 | \$3,274,853 | \$3,616,993 | \$3,992,008 | \$4,650,114 | \$5,231,917 | \$6,035,437 | \$4,833,532 | \$4,895,223 |
| | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |

* Because of rounding, sums of percentages may not equal 100 percent.
** Prior to 1987, the Commission did not specifically collect information on Coupons & Retail-Value-Added.
*** Expenditures for audio-visual are included in the "All Others" category to avoid potential disclosure of individual company data.

TABLE 2B

DOMESTIC CIGARETTE ADVERTISING AND PROMOTIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR YEARS 1996-2001 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)*

| | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
|-----------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Newspapers | \$14,067 | \$16,980 | \$29,444 | \$50,952 | \$51,652 | \$31,676 |
| | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.4% | 0.6% | 0.5% | 0.3% |
| Magazines | \$243,046 | \$236,950 | \$281,296 | \$377,364 | \$294,916 | \$172,853 |
| | 4.8% | 4.2% | 4.2% | 4.6% | 3.1% | 1.5% |
| Outdoor | \$292,261 | \$295,334 | \$294,721 | \$53,787 | \$9,262 | \$8,241 |
| | 5.7% | 5.2% | 4.4% | 0.7% | 0.1% | 0.1% |
| Transit | \$28,865 | \$26,407 | \$40,158 | \$5,573 | \$4 | \$0 |
| | 0.6% | 0.5% | 0.6% | 0.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Point-of-Sale | \$252,619 | \$305,360 | \$290,739 | \$329,429 | \$347,038 | \$284,319 |
| | 4.9% | 5.4% | 4.3% | 4.0% | 3.6% | 2.5% |
| Promotional Allowances | \$2,150,838 | \$2,438,468 | \$2,878,919 | \$3,542,950 | \$3,913,997 | \$4,452,709 |
| | 42.1% | 43.1% | 42.8% | 43.0% | 40.8% | 39.7% |
| Sampling Distribution | \$15,945 | \$22,065 | \$14,436 | \$33,711 | \$22,330 | \$17,175 |
| | 0.3% | 0.4% | 0.2% | 0.4% | 0.2% | 0.2% |
| Specialty Item Distribution | \$544,345 | \$512,602 | \$355,835 | \$335,680 | \$327,826 | \$333,394 |
| | 10.7% | 9.6% | 5.3% | 4.1% | 3.4% | 3.0% |
| Public Entertainment | \$171,177 | \$195,203 | \$248,536 | \$267,379 | \$309,610 | \$312,366 |
| | 3.4% | 3.4% | 3.7% | 3.3% | 3.2% | 2.8% |
| Direct Mail | \$38,703 | \$37,310 | \$57,772 | \$94,610 | \$92,902 | \$133,947 |
| | 0.8% | 0.7% | 0.9% | 1.2% | 1.0% | 1.2% |
| Endorsements & Testimonials | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Coupons | | \$552,550 | \$624,199 | \$531,004 | \$705,299 | \$602,110 |
| | \$1,308,708** | 9.8% | 9.3% | 6.5% | 7.4% | 5.4% |
| Retail-Value-Added | 25.6% | \$970,363 | \$1,555,391 | \$2,559,883 | \$3,453,446 | \$4,761,792 |
| | | 17.1% | 23.1% | 31.1% | 36.0% | 42.5% |
| Internet | \$432 | \$215 | \$125 | \$651 | \$949 | \$841 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Other*** | \$46,696 | \$50,207 | \$61,584 | \$54,658 | \$63,395 | \$104,797 |
| | 0.9% | 1.0% | 0.9% | 0.7% | 0.7% | 0.9% |
| Total | \$5,107,700 | \$5,660,014 | \$6,733,157 | \$8,237,631 | \$9,592,627 | \$11,216,220 |
| | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |

Because of rounding, sums of percentages may not equal 100 percent.
 Prior to 1997, Coupons and Retail-Value-Added were reported as a single category.

*** Expenditures for audio-visual are included in the "All Others" category to avoid potential disclosure of individual company data.

| DOMESTIC CIGARETTE ADVERTISING (DC | TABLE 2C AND PROMOTIO LLARS IN THOU | ONAL EXPENDI | TURES FOR YEAR | S 2002-2005 |
|---|---|---------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 |
| Newspapers | \$25,538 | \$8,251 | \$4,913 | \$1,589 |
| | 0.2% | 0.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Magazines | \$106,852 | \$156,394 | \$95,700 | \$44,777 |
| | 0.9% | 1.0% | 0.7% | 0.3% |
| Outdoor | \$24,192 | \$32,599 | \$17,135 | \$9,821 |
| | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.1% | 0.0% |
| Transit | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$ |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Point-of-Sale | \$260,902 | \$165,573 | \$163,621 | \$182,193 |
| | 2.1% | 1.1% | 1.2% | 1.4% |
| Price Discounts | \$7,873,835 | \$10,808,239 | \$10,932,199 | \$9,776,069 |
| | 63.2% | 71.4% | 77.3% | 74.6% |
| Promotional Allowances – Retailers | \$1,333,097 | \$1,229,327 | \$542,213 | \$435,830 |
| Fiomotional Anowances – Retailers | | \$1,229,327 8.1% | 3.8% | |
| Promotional Allowances – Wholesalers | 10.7% \$446,327 | \$683,067 | \$387,758 | 3.3% \$410,363 |
| Pionononal Anowances – wholesalers | | | | |
| Description of Allower Other | 3.6% | 4.5% | 2.7% | \$1.1% |
| Promotional Allowances – Other | \$2,767 | \$2,786 | \$1,323 | \$1,493 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Sampling Distribution | \$28,777 | \$17,853 | \$11,649 | \$17,21 |
| | 0.2% | 0.1% | 0.0% | 0.1% |
| Specialty Item Distribution – Branded | \$49,423 | \$9,195 | \$8,011 | \$5,25 |
| | 0.4% | 0.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Specialty Item Distribution - Non-Branded | \$174,201 | \$254,956 | \$216,577 | \$225,279 |
| | 1.4% | 1.7% | 1.5% | 1.7% |
| Public Entertainment – Adult-Only | \$219,016 | \$150,889 | \$140,137 | \$214,075 |
| | 1.8% | 1.0% | 1.0% | 1.6% |
| Public Entertainment – General-Audience | \$34,089 | \$32,849 | \$115 | \$152 |
| | 0.3% | 0.2% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Sponsorships | \$54,247 | \$31,371 | \$28,231 | \$30,57 |
| | 0.4% | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.2% |
| Endorsements & Testimonials | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Direct Mail | \$111,319 | \$92,978 | \$93,836 | \$51,844 |
| | 0.9% | 0.6% | 0.7% | 0.0% |
| Coupons | \$522,246 | \$650,653 | \$751,761 | \$870,137 |
| | 4.2% | 4.3% | 5.3% | 6.6% |
| Retail-Value-Added – Bonus Cigarettes | \$1,060,304 | \$677,308 | \$636,221 | \$725,010 |
| | 8.5% | 4.5% | 4.5% | 5.5% |
| Retail-Value-Added – Non-Cigarette Bonus | \$24,727 | \$20,535 | \$14,343 | \$7,52 |
| | 0.2% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.0% |
| Company Website | \$940 | \$2,851 | \$1,401 | \$2,67 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Internet – Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$ |
| F | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Telephone | \$679 | \$760 | \$346 | \$5 |
| * · | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Other** | \$112,879 | \$117,563 | \$102,369 | \$99,02 |
| | 0.9% | 0.8% | 0.7% | 0.89 |
| Total | \$12,466,358 | \$15,145,998 | \$14,149,859 | \$13,110,95 |
| | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |

Because of rounding, sums of percentages may not equal 100 percent.
 ** Expenditures for audio-visual are included in the "All Others" category to avoid potential disclosure of individual company data.

TABLE 2D

CIGARETTE ADVERTISING AND PROMOTIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR 2006-2010 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)*

| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|-------------------------------|--------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Newspapers | N/A | N/A | \$169 | N/A | N/A |
| | ** | ** | 0.0% | ** | ** |
| Magazines | \$50,293 | \$47,203 | \$25,478 | \$36,680 | \$46,463 |
| | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.3% | 0.4% | 0.6% |
| Outdoor | \$935 | \$3,041 | \$2,045 | \$1,812 | \$1,744 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Transit | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Point-of-Sale | \$242,625 | \$198,861 | \$163,709 | \$110,311 | \$106,634 |
| | 1.9% | 1.9% | 1.0% | 1.3% | 1.3% |
| Price Discounts | \$9,205,106 | \$7,699,362 | \$7,171,092 | \$6,672,428 | \$6,490,832 |
| | 73.7% | 70.9% | 72.1% | 78.2% | 80.7% |
| Promotional Allowances - | \$434,239 | \$454,139 | \$481,500 | \$428,675 | \$369,992 |
| Retailers | 3.5% | 4.2% | 4.8% | 5.0% | 4.6% |
| Promotional Allowances - | \$471,204 | \$479,032 | \$448,461 | \$449,006 | \$410,370 |
| Wholesalers | 3.8% | 4.4% | 4.5% | 5.3% | 5.1% |
| Promotional Allowances - | N/A | N/A | \$1,245 | \$965 | \$210 |
| Other | ** | ** | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Sampling Distribution | \$29,431 | \$48,719 | \$54,261 | \$23,784 | \$22,166 |
| | 0.2% | 0.4% | 0.5% | 0.3% | 0.3% |
| Specialty Item Distribution - | \$5,546 | \$8,070 | \$7,188 | \$7,472 | \$6,322 |
| Branded | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.1% |
| Specialty Item Distribution - | \$163,761 | \$160,047 | \$93,798 | \$74,956 | \$65,574 |
| Non-Branded | 1.3% | 1.5% | 0.9% | 0.9% | 0.8% |
| Public Entertainment – | \$168,098 | \$160,104 | \$154,749 | \$134,328 | \$138,889 |
| Adult-Only | 1.3% | 1.5% | 1.5% | 1.6% | 1.7% |
| Public Entertainment – | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| General-Audience | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| Sponsorships | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$0 |
| | ** | ** | ** | ** | 0.0% |
| Endorsements & Testimonials | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Direct Mail | \$102,353 | \$81,929 | \$89,920 | \$68,891 | \$56,482 |
| | 0.8% | 0.8% | 0.9% | 0.8% | 0.7% |
| Coupons | \$625,777 | \$366,779 | \$359,793 | \$371,028 | \$235,802 |
| - | 5.0% | 3.4% | 3.6% | 4.3% | 2.9% |
| Retail-Value-Added - | \$817,792 | \$981,566 | \$721,818 | \$11,736 | N/A |
| Bonus Cigarettes | 6.5% | 9.0% | 7.3% | 0.1% | ** |
| Retail-Value-Added - | \$14,642 | \$17,720 | \$10,983 | N/A | \$0 |
| Non-Cigarette Bonus | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.1% | ** | 0.0% |
| Company Website | \$6,497 | \$2,351 | \$13,172 | \$18,300 | \$20,829 |
| 1 7 | 0.1% | 0.0% | 0.1% | 0.2% | 0.3% |
| Internet – Other | \$0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| | 0.0% | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| Telephone | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| Audio-Visual | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Social Media | | | | \$0 | \$0 |
| | | | | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| All Others** | \$151,392 | \$155,843 | \$143,688 | \$122,002 | \$73,291 |
| | 1.2% | 1.4% | 1.4% | 1.4% | 0.9% |
| Total | \$12,489,692 | \$10,864,767 | \$9,943,068 | \$8,531,375 | \$8,045,602 |
| | \$12,109,092 | <i><i><i>w</i>₁0,001,707</i></i> | 47,775,000 | 40,001,070 | \$5,015,002 |

Because of rounding, sums of percentages may not equal 100 percent.
 Expenditures denoted "N/A" are included in the "All Others" category to avoid potential disclosure of individual company data.

TABLE 2E

CIGARETTE ADVERTISING AND PROMOTIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR 2011-2014 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)*

| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| Newspapers | \$549 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| | 0.0% | ** | ** | ** |
| Magazines | \$23,254 | \$27,943 | \$50,609 | \$49,972 |
| - | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.6% | 0.6% |
| Outdoor | \$3,100 | \$2,211 | \$2,269 | \$2,207 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Transit | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | |
| Point-of-Sale | \$76,613 | \$67,877 | \$55,684 | \$238,181 |
| | 0.9% | 0.7% | 0.6% | 2.8% |
| Price Discounts – Retailers [†] | | | | \$5,562,788 |
| | \$6,996,942 | \$7,802,044 | \$7,642,441 | 65.5% |
| Price Discounts – Wholesalers [†] | 83.6% | 85.1% | 85.4% | \$1,201,301 |
| | | | | 14.2% |
| Promotional Allowances – | \$356,991 | \$335,129 | \$291,334 | \$260,254 |
| Retailers | 4.3% | 3.7% | 3.3% | 3.1% |
| Promotional Allowances – | \$401,006 | \$391,146 | \$397,182 | \$363,300 |
| Wholesalers | 4.8% | 4.3% | 4.4% | 4.3% |
| Promotional Allowances – | 4.8% N/A | 4.3% N/A | \$548 | \$632 |
| Other | IN/A ** | IN/A ** | \$548 0.0% | \$032 0.0% |
| Sampling Distribution | \$4,515 | N/A | N/A | 0.0% |
| Sampling Distribution | | IN/A ** | IN/A ** | IN/A ** |
| | 0.0% | | | |
| Specialty Item Distribution – | \$5,607 | \$1,683 | \$2,974 | \$1,486 |
| Branded | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Specialty Item Distribution - | \$44,394 | \$25,116 | \$29,504 | \$37,747 |
| Non-Branded | 0.5% | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.4% |
| Public Entertainment – | \$129,822 | \$113,581 | \$104,647 | \$104,898 |
| Adult-Only | 1.6% | 1.2% | 1.2% | 1.2% |
| Public Entertainment – | \$0 | N/A ** | \$0 | \$0 |
| General-Audience | 0.0% | | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Sponsorships | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Endorsements & Testimonials | \$0 | N/A | \$0 | \$0 |
| | 0.0% | ** | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Direct Mail | \$51,491 | \$45,582 | \$38,294 | \$46,193 |
| | 0.6% | 0.5% | 0.4% | 0.5% |
| Coupons | \$171,222 | \$239,618 | \$248,833 | \$521,035 |
| | 2.0% | 2.6% | 2.8% | 6.1% |
| Retail-Value-Added - | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Bonus Cigarettes | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Retail-Value-Added – | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Non-Cigarette Bonus | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Company Website | \$21,898 | \$21,403 | \$15,402 | \$16,632 |
| | 0.3% | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.2% |
| Internet – Other | N/A | \$1,309 | N/A | N/A |
| | ** | 0.0% | ** | ** |
| Telephone | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$65 |
| | ** | ** | ** | 0.0% |
| Audio-Visual | \$0 | N/A | \$0 | \$0 |
| | 0.0% | ** | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Social Media | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| All Others** | \$78,220 | \$93,182 | \$68,489 | \$82,542 |
| | 0.9% | 1.0% | 0.8% | 1.0% |
| | | | | |

Because of rounding, sums of percentages may not equal 100 percent.
 Expenditures denoted "N/A" are included in the "All Others" category to avoid potential disclosure of individual company data.

[†] Prior to 2014, price discounts were not broken down by whether they were paid to retailers or wholesalers.

DOMESTIC CIGARETTE ADVERTISING EXPENDITURES BY MEDIA FOR YEARS 1963 - 1974* (MILLIONS OF DOLLARS)

| <u>YEAR</u> | <u>TV</u> | <u>RADIO</u> | <u>NEWSPAPER</u> | MAGAZINES | <u>DIRECT</u> | <u>BILLBOARD/</u> <u>POSTER/</u> <u>OUTDOOR/</u> <u>TRANSIT</u> | <u>OTHER</u> | <u>TOTAL</u> |
|-------------|-----------|--------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|--|--------------|--------------|
| 1963 | 151.7 | 31.6 | 45 | 5.6 | 13.2 | | 7.4 | 249.5 |
| 1964 | 170.2 | 25.5 | 45 | 5.2 | 14.6 | | 5.8 | 261.3 |
| 1965 | 175.6 | 24.8 | 41 | .9 | 14.7 | | 6.0 | 263.0 |
| 1966 | 198.0 | 31.3 | 43 | 3.4 | 17.9 | | 6.9 | 297.5 |
| 1967 | 226.9 | 17.5 | 41 | .2 | 20.3 | | 6.0 | 311.5 |
| 1968 | 217.2 | 21.3 | 44 | ł.6 | 21.6 | | 6.0 | 310.7 |
| 1969 | 221.3 | 13.6 | 48 | 3.7 | 13.4 | | 8.9 | 305.9 |
| 1970 | 205.0 | 12.4 | 14.7 | 49.5 | 16.9 | 11.7 | 4.5 | 314.7 |
| 1971 | 2.2 | 0 | 59.3 | 98.3 | 27.0 | 60.6 | 4.2 | 251.6 |
| 1972 | 0 | 0 | 63.1 | 96.1 | 22.9 | 67.5 | 8.0 | 257.6 |
| 1973 | 0 | 0 | 65.3 | 92.4 | 15.2 | 63.2 | 11.4 | 247.5 |
| 1974 | 0 | 0 | 80.5 | 114.6 | 31.1 | 71.4 | 9.2 | 306.8 |

^{*} The data reported in Tables 2 through 2E were not collected in their present form until 1975. Thus, Table 3, which reports cigarette advertising expenditures from 1963 through 1974, has been retained in this report for comparative purposes.

| TABLE 4 DOMESTIC MARKET SHARE OF CIGARETTES BY TAR YIELD (1967-1990) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Year | | Market share of cigarettes having tar yields of: | | | | | | | |
| | 15 mg. or less | 12 mg. or less | 9 mg. or less | 6 mg. or less | 3 mg. or less | | | | |
| 1967 | 2.0% | | | | | | | | |
| 1968 | 2.5% | | | | | | | | |
| 1969 | 3.0% | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 3.6% | | | | | | | | |
| 1971 | 3.8% | | | | | | | | |
| 1972 | 6.6% | | | | | | | | |
| 1973 | 8.9% | | | | | | | | |
| 1974 | 8.9% | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 13.5% | | | | | | | | |
| 1976 | 15.9% | | | | | | | | |
| 1977 | 22.7% | | | | | | | | |
| 1978 | 27.5% | | | | | | | | |
| 1979 | 40.9% | | | | | | | | |
| 1980 | 44.8% | | | | | | | | |
| 1981 | 56.0% | | | | | | | | |
| 1982 | 52.2% | 43.8% | 27.8% | 8.9% | 2.9% | | | | |
| 1983 | 53.1% | 44.9% | 27.9% | 9.4% | 3.1% | | | | |
| 1984 | 51.0% | 43.4% | 26.3% | 9.4% | 2.9% | | | | |
| 1985 | 51.9% | 43.1% | 25.3% | 8.4% | 2.3% | | | | |
| 1986 | 52.6% | 44.5% | 22.3% | 9.9% | 2.6% | | | | |
| 1987 | 55.4% | 47.8% | 20.2% | 10.0% | 2.5% | | | | |
| 1988 | 54.2% | 48.7% | 20.1% | 10.7% | 3.1% | | | | |
| 1989 | 55.1% | 48.4% | 21.5% | 11.4% | 2.4% | | | | |
| 1990 | 60.6% | 51.5% | 25.5% | 12.2% | 2.8% | | | | |

| | DOMESTIC M | ARKET SHARE (| LE 4A DF CIGARETTES 2014) | BY TAR YIELD | | | | | | |
|-------|----------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Market share of cigarettes having tar yields of: | | | | | | | | |
| Year | 15 mg. or less | 12 mg. or less | 9 mg. or less | 6 mg. or less | 3 mg. or less | | | | | |
| 1991 | 60.5% | 52.6% | 22.0% | 12.7% | 2.6% | | | | | |
| 1992 | 68.7% | 52.9% | 24.9% | 12.7% | 2.5% | | | | | |
| 1993 | 66.5% | 53.3% | 23.4% | 12.6% | 1.9% | | | | | |
| 1994 | 71.2% | 53.7% | 23.1% | 12.3% | 2.1% | | | | | |
| 1995 | 72.7% | 53.6% | 27.1% | 12.2% | 2.2% | | | | | |
| 1996 | 67.4% | 55.5% | 22.3% | 11.9% | 1.9% | | | | | |
| 1997 | 70.2% | 55.6% | 21.9% | 11.5% | 1.7% | | | | | |
| 1998 | 81.9% | 56.8% | 22.9% | 13.2% | 1.6% | | | | | |
| 1999 | 86.6% | 57.4% | 25.3% | 13.6% | 1.6% | | | | | |
| 2000 | 87.1% | 50.4% | 23.7% | 13.6% | 1.3% | | | | | |
| 2001 | 85.2% | 58.1% | 22.6% | 13.2% | 1.0% | | | | | |
| 2002 | 84.9% | 58.2% | 22.5% | 12.9% | 0.9% | | | | | |
| 2003 | 84.9% | 59.5% | 22.5% | 12.6% | 0.8% | | | | | |
| 2004 | 84.8% | 57.7% | 19.2% | 11.5% | 0.8% | | | | | |
| 2005 | 83.5% | 58.4% | 18.7% | 11.5% | 0.6% | | | | | |
| 2006 | 84.4% | 57.7% | 19.5% | 11.1% | 0.5% | | | | | |
| 2007 | 82.7% | 57.3% | 19.6% | 10.7% | 0.4% | | | | | |
| 2008 | 84.3% | 57.6% | 18.0% | 10.3% | 0.3% | | | | | |
| 2009 | 74.7% | 54.4% | 15.5% | 9.6% | 0.3% | | | | | |
| 2010 | 86.4% | 53.8% | 12.9% | 8.3% | 0.2% | | | | | |
| 2011* | 94.2% | 53.4% | 12.2% | 8.0% | 0.2% | | | | | |
| 2012* | 88.8% | 54.8% | 20.7% | 13.0% | 5.0% | | | | | |
| 2013* | 87.3% | 52.7% | 14.0% | 7.4% | 0.3% | | | | | |
| 2014* | 85.1% | 50.4% | 18.8% | 7.5% | 0.7% | | | | | |

* Prior to 2011, the companies were required to submit tar, nicotine, and carbon monoxide yield data for every cigarette variety they sold. Since 2011, the companies have only been required to submit data in their possession or control; the Commission has not required them to test their cigarettes. As a result, market share comparisons both within a given year and to previous years might no longer be accurate.

DOMESTIC MARKET SHARE OF FILTER AND NON-FILTER CIGARETTES (1963-1986)

| YEAR | NON-FILTER | FILTER | CHARCOAL | NON-CHARCOAL |
|------|------------|--------|----------|--------------|
| 1062 | 420/ | 500/ | * | * |
| 1963 | 42% | 58% | * | * |
| 1964 | 39% | 61% | | |
| 1965 | 36% | 64% | * | * |
| 1966 | 32% | 68% | * | * |
| 1967 | 28% | 72% | * | * |
| 1968 | 26% | 74% | 6% | 68% |
| 1969 | 23% | 77% | 6% | 71% |
| 1970 | 20% | 80% | 6% | 74% |
| 1971 | 18% | 82% | 6% | 76% |
| 1972 | 16% | 84% | 6% | 77% |
| 1973 | 15% | 85% | 5% | 80% |
| 1974 | 14% | 86% | 5% | 81% |
| 1975 | 13% | 87% | 5% | 82% |
| 1976 | 12% | 88% | 4% | 84% |
| 1977 | 10% | 90% | 4% | 86% |
| 1978 | 10% | 90% | 3% | 87% |
| 1979 | 9% | 91% | 3% | 88% |
| 1980 | 8% | 92% | 3% | 89% |
| 1981 | 8% | 92% | 2% | 90% |
| 1982 | 7% | 93% | 2% | 91% |
| 1983 | 7% | 93% | 2% | 91% |
| 1984 | 7% | 93% | 2% | 91% |
| 1985 | 6% | 94% | 1% | 93% |
| 1986 | 6% | 94% | 1% | 93% |

* Figures for charcoal filter cigarettes for the years 1963 through 1967 were not obtained.

TABLE 5A

DOMESTIC MARKET SHARE OF FILTER AND NON-FILTER CIGARETTES (1987-2014)

| YEAR | NON-FILTER | FILTER |
|------|------------|--------|
| 1987 | 4% | 96% |
| 1988 | 5% | 95% |
| 1989 | 5% | 95% |
| 1990 | 5% | 95% |
| 1991 | 4% | 96% |
| 1992 | 3% | 97% |
| 1993 | 3% | 97% |
| 1994 | 3% | 97% |
| 1995 | 3% | 97% |
| 1996 | 3% | 97% |
| 1997 | 2% | 98% |
| 1998 | 2% | 98% |
| 1999 | 2% | 98% |
| 2000 | 2% | 98% |
| 2001 | 2% | 98% |
| 2002 | 2% | 98% |
| 2003 | 1% | 99% |
| 2004 | 1% | 99% |
| 2005 | 1% | 99% |
| 2006 | 1% | 99% |
| 2007 | 1% | 99% |
| 2008 | 1% | 99% |
| 2009 | 0.5% | 99.5% |
| 2010 | 0.5% | 99.5% |
| 2011 | 0.4% | 99.6% |
| 2012 | 0.3% | 99.7% |
| 2013 | 0.3% | 99.7% |
| 2014 | 0.3% | 99.7% |
| | | |

DOMESTIC MARKET SHARE OF CIGARETTES BY LENGTH IN MILLIMETERS

| YEAR | 68-72 mm | 79-88 mm (King) | 94-101 mm (Long) | 110-121 mm |
|--------|----------|--------------------|---------------------|------------|
| 1967 | 14% | 77% | 9% | |
| 1968 | 12% | 74% | 13% | |
| 1969 | 11% | 74% | 16% | |
| 1970 | 9% | 73% | 18% | |
| 1971 | 8% | 72% | 20% | |
| 1972 | 8% | 71% | 21% | |
| 1973 | 7% | 71% | 22% | |
| 1974 | 6% | 71% | 23% | * |
| 1975 | 6% | 69% | 24% | 1% |
| 1976 | 5% | 69% | 24% | 2% |
| 1977 | 5% | 67% | 26% | 2% |
| 1978 | 5% | 65% | 27% | 2% |
| 1979 | 4% | 65% | 30% | 2% |
| 1980 | 3% | 63% | 32% | 2% |
| 1981 | 3% | 62% | 33% | 2% |
| 1982 | 3% | 61% | 34% | 2% |
| 1983 | 3% | 60% | 34% | 2% |
| 1984 | 3% | 59% | 36% | 2% |
| 1985 | 3% | 58% | 37% | 2% |
| 1986 | 2% | 58% | 37% | 3% |
| 1987 | 2% | 57% | 38% | 3% |
| 1988 | 2% | 57% | 38% | 2% |
| 1989 | 2% | 57% | 39% | 2% |
| 1990 | 2% | 57% | 39% | 2% |
| 1991 | 2% | 56% | 40% | 2% |
| 1992 | 2% | 56% | 41% | 2% |
| 1993 | 1% | 55% | 42% | 2% |
| 1994 | 1% | 56% | 41% | 2% |
| 1995 | 1% | 57% | 40% | 2% |
| 1996 | 1% | 57% | 40% | 2% |
| 1997 | 1% | 58% | 39% | 2% |
| 1998 | 1% | 59% | 38% | 2% |
| 1999 | 1% | 59% | 38% | 2% |
| 2000 | 1% | 60% | 37% | 2% |
| 2001 | 1% | 60% | 38% | 1% |
| 2002 | 1% | 61% | 37% | 2% |
| 2003 | 1% | 61% | 36% | 2% |
| 2004 | 1% | 62% | 35% | 2% |
| 2005 | 1% | 62% | 35% | 2% |
| 2006 | 1% | 62% | 35% | 2% |
| 2007 | 1% | 65% | 32% | 2% |
| 2008 | 2% | 61% | 34% | 2% |
| 2009 | 2% | 61% | 35% | 2% |
| 2010 | 3% | 59% | 36% | 2% |
| 2011 | 3% | 57% | 38% | 2% |
| 2012 | 3% | 56% | 39% | 1% |
| 2013** | 3% | 57% | 39% | 1% |
| 2014** | 3% | 57% | 38% | 1 % |

* The 110-121 mm length was combined with 94-101 mm length.
** The table does not report the less than 0.1% share of cigarettes with a 93 mm length.

| YEAR | MENTHOL | NON-MENTHOL |
|------|---------|-------------|
| 1963 | 16% | 84% |
| 1964 | 16% | 84% |
| 1965 | 18% | 82% |
| 1966 | 19% | 81% |
| 1967 | 20% | 80% |
| 1968 | 21% | 79% |
| 1969 | 22% | 78% |
| 1970 | 23% | 77% |
| 1971 | 24% | 76% |
| 1972 | 24% | 76% |
| 1973 | 25% | 75% |
| 1974 | 27% | 73% |
| 1975 | 27% | 73% |
| 1976 | 28% | 72% |
| 1977 | 28% | 72% |
| 1978 | 28% | 72% |
| 1979 | 29% | 71% |
| 1980 | 28% | 72% |
| 1981 | 28% | 72% |
| 1982 | 29% | 71% |
| 1983 | 28% | 72% |
| 1984 | 28% | 72% |
| 1985 | 28% | 72% |
| 1986 | 28% | 72% |
| 1987 | 28% | 72% |
| 1988 | 28% | 72% |
| 1989 | 27% | 73% |
| 1990 | 26% | 74% |
| 1991 | 27% | 73% |
| 1992 | 26% | 74% |
| 1993 | 26% | 74% |
| 1994 | 25% | 75% |
| 1995 | 25% | 75% |
| 1996 | 25% | 75% |
| 1997 | 25% | 75% |
| 1998 | 26% | 74% |
| 1999 | 26% | 74% |
| 2000 | 26% | 74% |

DOMESTIC MARKET SHARE OF MENTHOL AND NON-MENTHOL CIGARETTES (1963-2000)

TABLE 7A

DOMESTIC MARKET SHARE OF MENTHOL AND NON-MENTHOL CIGARETTES (2001-2013)

| YEAR | MENTHOL | NON-MENTHOL |
|------|---------|-------------|
| 2001 | 26% | 74% |
| 2002 | 27% | 73% |
| 2003 | 27% | 73% |
| 2004 | 27% | 73% |
| 2005 | 27% | 73% |
| 2006 | 28% | 72% |
| 2007 | 29% | 71% |
| 2008 | 27% | 73% |
| 2009 | 29% | 71% |
| 2010 | 31% | 69% |
| 2011 | 32% | 68% |
| 2012 | 31% | 69% |
| 2013 | 31% | 69% |
| 2014 | 30% | 70% |

DISCLOSURE OF TAR AND NICOTINE RATINGS ON CIGARETTE PACKS (1994 - 2001)

| | | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
|--|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| % of overall market that discloses ratings on the pack | | 6.3% | 6.3% | 6.1% | 5.8% | 5.3% | 4.1% | 3.6% | 1.8% |
| more than 15 mg. tar | market share of varieties in tar group | 28.8% | 27.3% | 32.7% | 29.8% | 18.0% | 13.4% | 12.9% | 14.8% |
| | % that discloses ratings on pack | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 12-15 mg. tar | market share of varieties in tar group | 19.3% | 21.0% | 15.3% | 16.7% | 29.1% | 32.5% | 39.0% | 29.7% |
| | % that discloses ratings on pack | 0.0% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.0% |
| 8-11 mg. tar | market share of varieties in tar group | 38.6% | 38.7% | 39.2% | 41.0% | 39.4% | 40.3% | 33.9% | 42.1% |
| | % that discloses ratings on pack | 2.4% | 2.8% | 2.6% | 2.3% | 3.2% | 1.6% | 0.7% | 1.0% |
| 4-7 mg. tar | market share of varieties in tar group | 11.2% | 10.8% | 10.9% | 10.8% | 11.9% | 12.2% | 12.9% | 12.5% |
| | % that discloses ratings on pack | 30.7% | 30.1% | 29.3% | 28.6% | 20.7% | 16.2% | 16.5% | 3.7% |
| 3 mg. tar or less | market share of varieties in tar group | 2.1% | 2.2% | 1.9% | 1.7% | 1.6% | 1.6% | 1.3% | 1.0% |
| | % that discloses ratings on pack | 91.8% | 89.1% | 97.2% | 97.3% | 97.4% | 92.3% | 92.0% | 87.9% |

| TABLE 8A DISCLOSURE OF TAR RATINGS ON CIGARETTE PACKS (2002-2011)* | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| | | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
| % of overall market that discloses ratings on the pack | | 1.4% | 1.2% | 1.2% | 0.9% | 0.8% | 0.8% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| more than 15 mg. tar | market share of varieties in group | 15.1% | 15.1% | 15.2% | 16.5% | 15.5% | 17.3% | 15.7% | 25.2% | 13.6% | 5.8% |
| | % that discloses ratings on pack | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 12-15 mg. tar | market share of varieties in group | 28.8% | 28.9% | 30.3% | 28.3% | 28.4% | 27.4% | 29.9% | 23.1% | 33.5% | 46.5.% |
| | % that discloses ratings on pack | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 8-11 mg. tar | market share of varieties in group | 43.0% | 43.2% | 42.5% | 43.3% | 44.5% | 44.3% | 43.7% | 41.8% | 43.9% | 38.8% |
| | % that discloses ratings on pack | 0.9% | 0.8% | 0.7% | 0.6% | 0.5% | 0.5% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 4-7 mg. tar | market share of varieties in group | 12.2% | 12.0% | 11.2% | 11.3% | 10.9% | 10.5% | 10.3% | 9.7% | 8.7% | 8.6.% |
| | % that discloses ratings on pack | 1.8% | 1.5% | 1.5% | 1.2% | 1.0% | 0.8% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 3 mg. tar or less | market share of varieties in group | 0.9% | 0.8% | 0.8% | 0.6% | 0.5% | 0.4% | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.2% | 0.2% |
| | % that discloses ratings on pack | 88.7% | 89.9% | 91.6% | 90.7% | 94.9% | 100.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |

* Prior to 2011, the companies were required to submit tar yield data for every cigarette variety they sold. Since 2011, the companies have only been required to submit data in their possession or control; the Commission has not required them to test every one of their cigarettes. As a result, market share comparisons both within a given year and to previous years might no longer be accurate. Given that and the fact that since 2008 the companies have reported that they have not disclosed tar ratings on any of their packs, the Commission will no longer be updating this table.

APPENDIX

2014 Advertising and Promotional Expenditure Categories

<u>Newspapers</u>: Newspaper advertising; but excluding expenditures in connection with sampling, specialty item distribution, public entertainment, endorsements, sponsorships, coupons, and retail-value-added.

<u>Magazines</u>: Magazine advertising; but excluding expenditures in connection with sampling, specialty item distribution, public entertainment, endorsements, sponsorships, coupons, and retail-value-added.

<u>**Outdoor**</u>: Billboards; signs and placards in arenas, stadiums, and shopping malls, whether they are open air or enclosed; and any other advertisements placed outdoors, regardless of their size, including those on cigarette retailer property; but excluding expenditures in connection with sampling, specialty item distribution, public entertainment, endorsements, sponsorships, coupons, and retail-value-added.

<u>Audio-visual</u>: Audio-visual or video advertising on any medium of electronic communication not subject to the Federal Communications Commission's jurisdiction, including screens at motion picture theaters, video cassettes or DVDs, and television screens or monitors in stores; but excluding expenditures in connection with Internet advertising.

<u>Point-of-Sale</u>: Point-of-sale advertisements; but excluding expenditures in connection with outdoor advertising, sampling, specialty item distribution, public entertainment, endorsements, sponsorships, coupons, and retail-value-added.

<u>Price discounts – Retailers</u>: Price discounts paid to cigarette retailers in order to reduce the price of cigarettes to consumers, including off-invoice discounts, buy-downs, voluntary price reductions, and trade programs; but excluding retail-value-added expenditures for promotions involving free cigarettes and expenditures involving coupons.

<u>Price discounts – Wholesalers</u>: Price discounts paid to cigarette wholesalers in order to reduce the price of cigarettes to consumers, including off-invoice discounts, buy-downs, voluntary price reductions, and trade programs; but excluding retail-value-added expenditures for promotions involving free cigarettes and expenditures involving coupons.

<u>Promotional Allowances – Retailers</u>: Promotional allowances paid to cigarette retailers in order to facilitate the sale or placement of any cigarette, including payments for stocking, shelving, displaying and merchandising brands, volume rebates, incentive payments, and the cost of cigarettes given to retailers for free for subsequent sale to consumers; but excluding expenditures in connection with newspapers, magazines, outdoor, audio-visual, direct mail, point-of-sale, and price discounts.

<u>Promotional Allowances – Wholesalers</u>: Promotional allowances paid to cigarette wholesalers in order to facilitate the sale or placement of any cigarette, including payments for volume rebates, incentive payments, value added services, promotional execution and satisfaction of reporting requirements; but excluding expenditures in connection with newspapers, magazines, outdoor, audio-visual, direct mail, point-of-sale, price discounts, and retail promotional allowances.

<u>Promotional Allowances – Other</u>: Promotional allowances paid to any persons other than retailers, wholesalers, and full-time company employees who are involved in the cigarette distribution and sales process in order to facilitate the sale or placement of any cigarette; but excluding expenditures in connection with newspapers, magazines, outdoor, audio-visual, direct mail, point-of-sale, price discounts, and retail and wholesale promotional allowances.

Sampling: Sampling of cigarettes, including the cost of the cigarettes, all associated excise taxes and increased costs under the Master Settlement Agreement, and the cost of organizing, promoting, and conducting sampling. Sampling includes the distribution of cigarettes for consumer testing or evaluation when consumers are able to smoke the cigarettes outside of a facility operated by the Company, but not the cost of actual clinical testing or market research associated with such cigarette distributions. Sampling also includes the distribution of coupons for free cigarettes, when no purchase or payment is required to obtain the coupons or cigarettes.

Specialty Item Distribution – Branded: All costs of distributing any item (other than cigarettes, items the sole function of which is to advertise or promote cigarettes, or written or electronic publications), whether distributed by sale, redemption of coupons, or otherwise, that bears the name, logo, or an image of any portion of the package of any brand or variety of cigarettes, including the cost of the items distributed but subtracting any payments received for the item. The costs associated with distributing non-cigarette items in connection with sampling or retail-value-added programs are reported in those categories, not as specialty item distribution.

<u>Specialty Item Distribution – Non-Branded</u>: All costs of distributing any item (other than cigarettes, items the sole function of which is to advertise or promote cigarettes, or written or electronic publications), whether distributed by sale, redemption of coupons, or otherwise, that does not bear the name, logo, or an image of any portion of the package of any brand or variety of cigarette, including the cost of the items distributed but subtracting any payments received for the item. The costs associated with distributing non-cigarette items in connection with sampling or retail-value-added programs are reported in those categories, not as specialty item distribution.

Direct Mail: Direct mail advertising; but excluding expenditures in connection with sampling, specialty item distribution, public entertainment, endorsements, sponsorships, coupons, retail-value-added, and Internet advertising.

<u>Public Entertainment – Adult-Only</u>: Public entertainment events bearing or otherwise displaying the name or logo or an image of any portion of the package of any of a company's cigarettes or otherwise referring or relating to cigarettes, which take place in an adult-only facility, including all expenditures made by the company in promoting and/or sponsoring such events.

<u>Public Entertainment – General-Audience</u>: Public entertainment events bearing or otherwise displaying the name or logo or an image of any portion of the package of any of a company's cigarettes or otherwise referring or relating to cigarettes, which do not take place in an adult-only facility, including all expenditures made by the company in promoting and/or sponsoring such events.

<u>**Retail-Value-Added – Bonus Cigarettes</u>:** Retail-value-added expenditures for promotions involving free cigarettes (*e.g.*, buy two packs, get one free), whether or not the free cigarettes are physically bundled together with the purchased cigarettes, including all expenditures and costs associated with the value added to the purchase of cigarettes (*e.g.*, excise taxes paid for the free cigarettes and increased costs under the Master Settlement Agreement).</u>

<u>**Retail-Value-Added**</u> – <u>**Non-Cigarette Bonus**</u>: Retail-value-added expenditures for promotions involving free non-cigarettes items (*e.g.*, buy two packs, get a cigarette lighter), including all expenditures and costs associated with the value added to the purchase of cigarettes.

Coupons: All costs associated with coupons for the reduction of the retail cost of cigarettes, whether redeemed at the point-of-sale or by mail, including all costs associated with advertising or promotion, design, printing, distribution, and redemption. However, when coupons are distributed for free cigarettes and no purchase or payment is required to obtain the coupons or the cigarettes, these activities are considered to be sampling and not couponing.

Sponsorships: Sponsorships of sports teams or individual athletes, but excluding endorsements.

Endorsements & Testimonials: Endorsements, testimonials, and product placement.

<u>Company Website</u>: All expenditures associated with advertising on any company Internet website.

<u>Internet – Other</u>: Internet advertising other than on the Company's own Internet website, including on the World Wide Web, on commercial on-line services, and through electronic mail messages; but excluding costs associated with social media marketing.

Telephone: Telephone advertising, including costs associated with the placement of telemarketing calls or the operation of incoming telephone lines that allow consumers to participate in any promotion or hear pre-recorded product messages; but excluding costs associated with having customer service representatives available for responding to consumer complaints or questions.

Social Media Marketing: All expenditures for social media marketing on Web sites or other online services or communities, including but not limited to social networking sites, microblogging sites, content-sharing sites, and blogs.

<u>All Other</u>: Advertising and promotional expenditures not covered by another category.