# Anti-Competitive Effects of Common Ownership

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- This paper informs this debate with facts

#### This talk

- Facts about ownership of firms
- Overview of empirical setting and results
- Theory
  - Competition under common ownership (O'Brien & Salop, 2000)

#### Empirics

- Measure concentration due to common ownership
- 2 Identify effect of common ownership on prices
- Potential mechanisms & legal implications

# Facts about corporate ownership

## Technology

Appl	Apple	
Black	Rock	5.58
Vang	uard	4.95
State	Street gA	4.59
Fidel	ity	3.28
North	nern Trust Corp.	1.53

Microsoft	%
BlackRock	5.33
Capital Group	4.78
Bill Gates	4.52
Vanguard	4.49
State Street gA	4.39
Fidelity	3.08

#### Pharmacies

CVS	%
BlackRock	5.9
Fidelity	5.1
Vanguard	4.78
State Street gA	4.61
Wellington	4.21

Walgreens	%
Vanguard	5.26
State Street gA	4.49
BlackRock	4.44
Fidelity	3.07
Wellington	2.29

#### Banks

JPMorgan Chase	%
BlackRock	6.7
Vanguard Group	4.78
State Street gA	4.56
Fidelity	3.16
Capital Group	2.7

Bank of America	%
BlackRock	5.38
Vanguard Group	4.51
State Street gA	4.45
Fidelity	2.56

Citigroup	%
BlackRock	9.29
Capital Group	6.64
GIC Private Li	mited 5
State Street g/	4.4
Vanguard	4.4
Fidelity	3.83

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### Verbatim quotes

- Vanguard's CEO & Chairman F. William McNabb
  - Passive investor, not passive owner
  - Some have mistakenly assumed that our predominantly passive management style suggests a passive attitude with respect to corporate governance. Nothing could be further from the truth.
  - By involvement in hundreds of direct discussions every year ... we can accomplish much more than through voting ... we put issues on the table that aren't on the proxy ballot.

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- Most large mutual fund companies
  - Have central corporate governance & proxy voting offices that "engage" with portfolio firms "behind the scenes"
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- All of the large asset managers are active in corporate governance – even if they have passive investment strategies

#### Facts on corporate ownership: summary

- Corporate ownership by institutional investors
  - Is not small
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- Corporate ownership by institutional investors
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  - Is not undiversified
  - Is not passive
- We therefore find it not entirely absurd to ask...

#### Questions

- Do current levels of common ownership significantly increase market concentration?
  - How to quantify?
- Ooes higher common ownership concentration cause higher product prices?
  - How to **identify**?

#### What we do



#### What we do



#### What we do










### What we find

Measure market ownership-adjusted concentration

- Anti-competitive incentives due to common ownership in the average US airline route: 2,200 HHI points
- 10 times larger than what DoJ/FTC horizontal merger guidelines presume "likely to enhance market power"
- Identify price effect
  - ▶ Prices 3-11% higher, compared to separate ownership
  - ▶ Single merger of asset managers causes 0.6% price increase
    - ★ Compares to 1-4% profit margins (IATA)

# Theory

#### (Salop & O'Brien, 2000)

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• Weights: control rights 
$$\gamma_{ij}$$
, cash flow rights  $\beta_{ik}$   
$$\max_{x_j} \Pi_j = \sum_{i=1}^M \gamma_{ij} \sum_{k=1}^N \beta_{ik} \pi_k$$

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$$\eta \sum_{j} s_{j} \frac{P - C_{j}'(x_{j})}{P} = \sum_{j} s_{j}^{2} + \sum_{j} \sum_{k \neq j} s_{j} s_{k} \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{ij} \beta_{ik}}{\sum_{i} \gamma_{ij} \beta_{ij}}$$

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• Unilateral effects  $\Rightarrow$  no coordination or communication

# Symmetric example: 2 firms, 50/50 market share

- Separate ownership: fund A owns firm 1, fund B owns firm 2
  - ► *HHI* = 5,000; *MHHI* = 5,000; *MHHI delta* = 0



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- Funds diversify (or **A** buys **B**)
  - ► *HHI* = 5,000; *MHHI* = 10,000; *MHHI delta* = 5,000



### Distribution of MHHI delta across routes







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- 2,200 additional HHI points due to common ownership: worse than going from 4  $\rightarrow$  2 competitors, w/o DoJ/FTC involvement

# Price effect of common ownership

# Empirical hypotheses

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- H0: Common ownership concentration (MHHI delta) does not affect prices
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- H1: MHHI delta has a positive effect on ticket prices
  - Economic incentives matter for economic outcomes
  - Firms act (to some extent) in their owners' economic interest

• Route i, carrier j, quarter t

 $\log\left(p_{ijt}
ight)=eta\cdot$ MHHI delta $_{it}$ 

 $+\gamma \cdot HHI_{it} + \theta \cdot X_{ijt} + \alpha_t + \nu_{ij} \left(+\nu_{jt}\right) + \varepsilon_{ijt}$ 

• Route i, carrier j, quarter t

 $\log (p_{ijt}) = \beta \cdot MHHI \ delta_{it}$  $+\gamma \cdot HHI_{it} + \theta \cdot X_{ijt} + \alpha_t + \nu_{ij} (+\nu_{jt}) + \varepsilon_{ijt}$ 

Results

•  $\beta > 0$ : 5% higher prices compared to *MHHI delta* = 0

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• Implied 
$$\eta = -1.3$$
 (IATA: -1.4)

### Price effect of MHHI delta

	Dependent Variable: Log(Average Fare)							
	Market-carrier level			Market-level				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
MHHI delta	0.201***	0.128***	0.129***	0.299***	0.165***	0.212***		
	(0.0251)	(0.0232)	(0.0232)	(0.0283)	(0.0249)	(0.0246)		
ННІ	0.208***	0.150***	0.152***	0.342***	0.260***	0.279***		
	(0.0209)	(0.0182)	(0.0182)	(0.0262)	(0.0206)	(0.0216)		
Controls		(√)	$\checkmark$		(√)	$\checkmark$		
Year-Quarter FE	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Market-Carrier FE	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$					
Market FE				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Observations	1,115,482	1,089,818	1,089,818	228,890	222,347	222,347		
R-squared	0.095	0.144	0.146	0.160	0.263	0.279		
Number of Market-Carrier Pairs	50,659	49,057	49,057					
Number of Markets				7,391	7,081	7,081		

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# Panel-IV: BlackRock buys BGI

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- BlackRock announces acquisition of BGI in 2009:Q2, consummated in 2009:Q4
- Airlines a small fraction of both firms' portfolios
  - Assume acquisition was not caused by differences across routes in expected ticket price changes
#### Testing for reverse causality with panel-IV

- BlackRock announces acquisition of BGI in 2009:Q2, consummated in 2009:Q4
- Airlines a small fraction of both firms' portfolios
  - Assume acquisition was not caused by differences across routes in expected ticket price changes
- Route-level treatment variable:

#### 2009:Q1-Implied change in MHHI delta<sub>i</sub>

= Hypothetically-combined  $MHHI_{2009:Q1,i}$  - Separate  $MHHI_{2009:Q1,i}$ 

#### Treatment: Implied change in MHHI delta



#### Treatment: Implied change in MHHI delta



• H0: constant relative price across treated & control routes

#### Treatment vs. control prices



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- $\beta^{IV}$ : up to 11% higher prices due to <u>total</u> common ownership
- BlackRock-BGI-implied increase in common ownership <u>alone</u> caused 0.6% higher prices

### Panel-IV first stage

	Dependent Variable: MHHI delta								
	Discrete Treatment				Continuous Treatment				
Post-period:	2011Q1	2012Q1	2013Q1	2011-2013 Q1	2011Q1	2012Q1	2013Q1	2011-2013 Q1	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Treat $\times$ Post	0.0651***	0.0885***	0.0879***	0.0749***					
	(0.00504)	(0.00508)	(0.00519)	(0.00447)					
Impl Chg (MHHI delta)	( )	( )	( )	· · · ·	4.050***	5.756***	5.740***	4.742***	
× Post					(0.291)	(0.295)	(0.313)	(0.273)	
HHI	-0.365***	-0.377***	-0.376***	-0.354***	-0.365***	-0.372***	-0.372***	-0.354***	
	(0.0273)	(0.0213)	(0.0225)	(0.0162)	(0.0214)	(0.0156)	(0.0159)	(0.0113)	
Controls	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	1	1	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	1	1	
Year FE		√	√	√ √	√			√	
Market-Carrier FE	1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1	1	1	1	$\checkmark$	
Observations	14,828	14,828	14,828	29,656	23,334	23,334	23,334	46,668	
Within-R-squared	0.562	0.659	0.710	0.590	0.534	0.647	0.715	0.584	
# of Market-Carrier Pairs	7,414	7,414	7,414	7,414	11,667	11,667	11,667	11,667	

#### Panel-IV second stage: price effect

	Dependent Variable: Log(Average Fare)								
	Discrete Treatment				Continuous Treatment				
Post-period:	2011Q1	2012Q1	2013Q1	2011-2013 Q1	2011Q1	2012Q1	2013Q1	2011-2013 Q1	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
MHHI delta	-0.0150	0.519***	0.521***	0.299**	-0.149	0.483***	0.440***	0.245*	
	(0.174)	(0.143)	(0.147)	(0.141)	(0.173)	(0.131)	(0.141)	(0.138)	
HHI	0.0632	0.296***	0.299***	0.226***	0.0118	0.260***	0.254***	0.206***	
	(0.0822)	(0.0672)	(0.0697)	(0.0605)	(0.0768)	(0.0573)	(0.0617)	(0.0553)	
Controls	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Year FE	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Market-Carrier FE	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Observations	14,828	14,828	14,828	29,656	23,334	23,334	23,334	46,668	
R-squared	0.375	0.432	0.414	0.321	0.351	0.411	0.395	0.305	
# of Market-Carrier Pairs	7,414	7,414	7,414	7,414	11,667	11,667	11,667	11,667	

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	Dependent Variable: Log(Average Fare)								
	Discrete Treatment				Continuous Treatment				
Post-period:	2011Q1	2012Q1	2013Q1	2011-2013 Q1	2011Q1	2012Q1	2013Q1	2011-2013 Q1	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
MHHI delta	-0.0150	0.519***	0.521***	0.299**	-0.149	0.483***	0.440***	0.245*	
	(0.174)	(0.143)	(0.147)	(0.141)	(0.173)	(0.131)	(0.141)	(0.138)	
HHI	0.0632	0.296***	0.299***	0.226***	0.0118	0.260***	0.254***	0.206***	
	(0.0822)	(0.0672)	(0.0697)	(0.0605)	(0.0768)	(0.0573)	(0.0617)	(0.0553)	
Canturala	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Controls	v	v	V	V	v	v	v	v	
Year FE	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Market-Carrier FE	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Observations	14,828	14,828	14,828	29,656	23,334	23,334	23,334	46,668	
R-squared	0.375	0.432	0.414	0.321	0.351	0.411	0.395	0.305	
# of Market-Carrier Pairs	7,414	7,414	7,414	7,414	11,667	11,667	11,667	11,667	

## Summary and conclusions

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- Consolidation in the asset management industry affects portfolio firms' product market competition
  - ▶ 0.6% on the average route, from one acquisition alone

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  - Shareholders are diversified (e.g., CAPM)
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  - Or is there just enough competition with present-day ownership structures (but what about the future)?

# Potential mechanisms and legal implications

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How do institutional investors affect corporate policies?

• Just as we teach it

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  - "Engagement is the carrot, voting is the stick."
- What is discussed in engagement meetings? We don't know.
- But even in earnings calls, investors openly discuss capacity decisions with airlines

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- The Trian / Dupont Case Details
- Same conclusion
  - Institutional investors actively influence product pricing
  - Common ownership causes higher product prices

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- Elhauge (HLR 2016)

# Appendix

#### Robustness checks

- Quantity as dependent variable
  - ► 6%\*\*\* given current level of MHHI delta
- Include carrier-year fixed effects  $v_{jt}$ 
  - Effect remains highly significant
- Instrument market shares with lagged  $s_i$ 
  - Coefficients double

#### More robustness checks

- Consider only top 10/5/3/1 owners for control
  - \*\*\*\*, progressively smaller point estimate
- Consider only < 0.5% for control (Placebo)
  - Effect of MHHI delta disappears
- Add  $f^2(HHI)$ ,  $f^5(HHI)$  as controls
  - Similar coefficient on MHHI delta

# **Open Questions**

- Other industries (horizontal)
- Vertical common ownership
- Efficiency stories in vertical or horizontal common ownership
- Mechanism, incl. pay structures, turnover
- Endogeneity of ownership
- Relationship to mergers
- Monopsony power
- Inequality

#### • ...

#### Driven by more concentrated markets



#### Common ownership of banks



- 938/3206 counties have MHHI delta > 200 (raw)
- 76% of deposits face MHHI delta > 200 (weigh.)
- Average deposit-weighted MHHI delta = 1232

#### Bankruptcies mitigate the effect



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  - Who matters for governance if not the largest shareholders? ("[BlackRock, the] 800-pound gorilla in the room")



# Dupont and Monsanto

Rank	Company	Seed Sales, 2011 US\$ millions	% Market Share
1	Monsanto	8,953	26
2	DuPont Pioneer (USA)	6,261	18.2
3	Syngenta (Switzerland)	3,185	9.2
4	Vilmorin (France) (Groupe Limagrain)	1,670	4.8
5	WinField (USA) (Land O Lakes)	1,346 (est.)	3.9
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Dupont (DD)	%	Mon
Vanguard	5.5	Vang
BlackRock	5.0	Black
State Street global Advisors	4.9	Fideli
Capital Research & Management Co.	4.0	State
Trian Fund Management LP	2.7	Capit
Fidelity	2.5	Sand

Monsanto (MON)	
Vanguard	6.4
BlackRock	5.5
Fidelity	4.7
State Street global Advisors	4.6
Capital Research & Management Co.	3.3
Sands Capital Management LLC	2.7