IN THE MATTER OF

MYSPACE LLC

CONSENT ORDER, ETC. IN REGARD TO ALLEGED VIOLATIONS OF SECTION 5 OF THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION ACT

Docket No. C-4369; File No. 102 3058 Complaint, August 30, 2012 – Decision, August 30, 2012

This consent order addresses Myspace LLC's claims regarding the collection and use of personal information on their website. The complaint alleges that Myspace violated Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, by misleading users about what information third-party advertisers received about them. The consent order prohibits Myspace from misrepresenting the privacy and confidentiality of any "covered information," as well as the company's compliance with any privacy, security, or other compliance program, including but not limited to the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework.

Participants

For the *Commission: Amanda Koulousias* and *Katherine Race Brin.*

For the Respondent: Ashlie Beringer. Scott Mellon, and Sean Royall, Gibson Dunn & Crutcher LLP.

COMPLAINT

The Federal Trade Commission, having reason to believe that Myspace LLC has violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act ("FTC Act"), and it appearing to the Commission that this proceeding is in the public interest, alleges:

- 1. Respondent Myspace LLC ("Myspace" or "respondent") is a Delaware limited liability company with its principal office or place of business at 407 North Maple Drive, Beverly Hills, CA 90210.
- 2. The acts and practices of respondent as alleged in this complaint have been in or affecting commerce, as "commerce" is defined in Section 4 of the FTC Act.

RESPONDENT'S BUSINESS PRACTICES

- 3. Myspace operates a social networking website, www.myspace.com, that, among other features, enables a consumer who uses the site ("user") to create and customize a personal online profile. These profiles contain content about users, such as their name, the names of other users who are their "friends" on the site, photos and videos they upload, messages and comments they post or receive from their friends, and other personal information.
- 4. Myspace assigns a persistent unique numerical identifier, called a "Friend ID," to each user profile created on Myspace.
- 5. Myspace has collected extensive personal information about its users, including, but not limited to:
 - a. registration information a user is required to provide in order to create a Myspace account, which consists of the user's full name, email address, date of birth, and gender;
 - b. optional information that is used to populate the user's personal profile, such as:
 - i. display name (*e.g.*, a nickname or pseudonym displayed on the user's profile);
 - ii. profile picture;
 - iii. relationship status;
 - iv. sexual orientation;
 - v. hobbies;
 - vi. interests: and
 - c. other information that is based on a user's activities on the site over time, such as:
 - i. a list of users with whom a user has become "friends" on the site;

- ii. photos and videos; and
- iii. messages that a user posts and comments made in response to other users' content.
- 6. Myspace has provided users with privacy settings which allow them to designate whether the information in their personal profiles will be available to anyone visiting the web site or only those Myspace users who are their "friends" on the site.
- 7. Myspace has designated a subset of personal information, which it refers to as "basic profile information," as outside of the scope of the privacy settings. Basic profile information consists of the user's profile picture, Friend ID, location, gender, age, display name, and full name. The only piece of this information that users can hide from public view is their full name. Myspace's default setting makes the full name public, but users can change this default through a setting separate from their privacy settings. As of July 2010, approximately 16% of users had changed the default setting and made their full name private.
- 8. The Friend ID is a component of the URL for each user's profile page, for example, inserting www.myspace.com/12345678 into the address bar of a web browser will bring up the Myspace profile page of the user who is assigned Friend ID 12345678. Therefore, the Friend ID can be used to access, at a minimum, the user's basic profile information, which as of July 2010 included the full name of approximately 84% of Myspace users. Additionally, for a user who has designated that his or her profile be available to anyone who visits the site, the Friend ID can be used to access all of the information in that user's profile.
- 9. Myspace obtains revenue by allowing third-party or affiliate advertising networks to serve advertisements ("ads") directly on its site. When a Myspace page loads, Myspace sends a request to the advertising network ("ad call"), informing it to serve an ad on the Myspace page.
- 10. From January 2009 through June 2010, the majority of ads shown on the Myspace website were served through Fox Audience Network ("FAN"), an advertising network that was an affiliate of Myspace. In order to enable FAN to target ads to an

individual user viewing a particular page, when Myspace made an ad call, it sent the Friend ID, age, and gender of the user who was viewing the page ("viewing user") to FAN. From January 2009 through June 2010, this information was transmitted in plain text.

- 11. Since January 2009, Myspace has also shared the Friend ID, age, and gender of the viewing user with third-party advertisers as follows:
 - a. In numerous instances, from January 2009 through June 2010, when Myspace made an ad call to FAN, but FAN did not have an appropriate ad to serve, FAN would send the request to a third-party advertiser to serve the ad. In numerous instances, from January 2009 through June 2010, when sending these requests, FAN transmitted the Friend ID, age and gender of the viewing user to third-party advertisers in plain text.
 - b. Beginning in June 2010, Myspace encrypted the Friend ID, age, and gender of the viewing user and provided the encryption key to FAN, allowing FAN to decrypt this information and use it to target ads to the viewing user. Third-party advertisers serving ads through FAN did not receive the encryption key.
 - c. On October 29, 2010, FAN was purchased by the Rubicon Project, Inc. ("Rubicon"), an advertising technology company unaffiliated with Myspace. From October 29, 2010 until Myspace's contract with Rubicon expired on October 28, 2011, Myspace provided Rubicon the ability to decrypt the Friend ID, age, and gender of the viewing user included in each ad call.
- 12. Many internet advertisers have the capability to track users' viewing habits across different websites using tracking cookies. Cookies are small text files that are commonly used to store information about a consumer's online activities, including information such as the content or ads that a consumer views or the pages a consumer visits within a particular website.

- 13. As a result of the conduct described in **Paragraph 11**, a third-party advertiser could take simple steps to get detailed information about individual users. For example, a third-party advertiser could use the Friend ID to:
 - a. visit the user's personal profile on the Myspace website, to obtain his or her real name and other publicly available information; and
 - b. combine the user's real name and other personal information with that advertiser's tracking cookie and the history of websites the user has visited that it contains.

RESPONDENT'S STATEMENTS

- 14. Since February 28, 2008, Myspace has disseminated or caused to be disseminated a privacy policy on the Myspace website, which includes, but is not limited to:
 - a. the following statements regarding the notice and choice it gives to users before collecting or using their personally identifiable information ("PII"), defined as "full name, email address, mailing address, telephone number, or credit card number" (*See* Exhibit 1, Page 1):

When you voluntarily provide PII to MySpace, we will make sure you are being informed about who is collecting the information, how and why the information is being collected and the types of uses MySpace will make of the information to the extent it is being used in a manner that differs from what is allowed pursuant to this Privacy Policy. (*See* Exhibit 1, Page 1.)

At the time you provide your PII, MySpace will notify you of your options regarding our use of your PII.... Except as described in this Privacy Policy, Myspace will not share your PII with third parties unless you have given

Myspace permission to do so. (*See* Exhibit 1, Page 1.)

Except as described in this Privacy Policy, MySpace will get your permission before we use the PII you provide to us in a way that is inconsistent with the purpose for which it was submitted or share your PII with third parties that are not affiliated with MySpace. (*See* Exhibit 1, Page 2.)

b. the following statements regarding Myspace's use of personal information to customize ads:

MySpace may use cookies and similar tools to customize the content and advertising you receive based on the Profile Information you have provided. Profile Information you provide in structured profile fields or questions . . . information you add to open-ended profile fields and questions . . . and other non-PII about you may also be used to customize the online ads you encounter to those we believe are aligned with your interests The information used for this feature does not provide your PII or identify you as an individual to third parties. (See Exhibit 1, Page 2.)

c. and the following statement regarding the information Myspace shares with advertisers:

Anonymous click stream, number of page views calculated by pixel tags, and aggregated demographic information may [also] be shared with MySpace's advertisers and business partners. (*See* Exhibit 1, Page 3.)

VIOLATIONS OF THE FTC ACT

Count I

- 15. As described in **Paragraph 14a**, Myspace represents, expressly or by implication, that it will not use or share a user's PII except as described in the privacy policy, including sharing that information with third parties, without first giving notice to and receiving permission from that user.
- 16. In truth and in fact, as described in **Paragraphs 7 through**13, in numerous instances Myspace provided the Friend ID of the viewing user to third-party advertisers who are not affiliated with Myspace. The Friend ID gives access to, at a minimum, the user's basic profile information, which for most users includes their full name. This use was not described in the privacy policy and Myspace did not receive permission from those users for such sharing. These facts would be material to consumers in their enrollment in and use of the Myspace service. Therefore, the representations set forth in **Paragraph 15** were and are false or misleading and constitute a deceptive act or practice.

Count II

- 17. As described in **Paragraph 14b**, Myspace represents, expressly or by implication, that the means through which it customizes ads does not allow advertisers to access PII or individually identify users.
- 18. In truth and in fact, as described in **Paragraphs 7 through**13, the means through which Myspace customized ads in numerous instances transmitted the Friend ID of the viewing user to third-party advertisers. Receiving a user's Friend ID gives advertisers access to, at a minimum, the user's basic profile information, which for most users included their full name. These facts would be material to consumers in their enrollment in and use of the Myspace service. Therefore, the representations set forth in **Paragraph 17** were and are false or misleading and constitute a deceptive act or practice.

Count III

- 19. As described in **Paragraph 14c**, Myspace represents, expressly or by implication, that users' web browsing activity shared with advertisers is anonymized.
- 20. In truth and in fact, as described in **Paragraphs 7 through** 13, Myspace shared the Friend ID of the viewing user with advertisers, which allows advertisers to tie a user's Friend ID, and the personal information to which it gives access, with tracking cookies. This allows advertisers to link web browsing activity with the personal information available in a user's Myspace profile. These facts would be material to consumers in their enrollment in and use of the Myspace service. Therefore, the representations set forth in **Paragraph 19**, were and are, false or misleading and constitute a deceptive act or practice.

Count IV

- 21. The U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework provides a method for U.S. companies to transfer personal data outside of the European Union ("EU") that is consistent with the requirements of the European Union Data Protection Directive ("Directive"). The Directive sets forth EU requirements for privacy and the protection of personal data. Among other things, it requires EU Member States to implement legislation that prohibitsthe transfer of personal data outside the EU, with exceptions, unless the European Commission ("EC") has made a determination that the recipient jurisdiction's laws ensure the protection of such personal data. This determination is commonly referred to as meeting the EU's "adequacy" standard.
- 22. To satisfy the EU's adequacy standard for certain commercial transfers, the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") and the EC negotiated the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework, which went into effect in 2000. The Safe Harbor is a voluntary framework that allows U.S. companies to transfer personal data lawfully from the EU to the U.S. To join the Safe Harbor, a company must self-certify to Commerce that it complies with seven principles and related requirements that have been deemed to meet the EU's adequacy standard.

23. The Safe Harbor privacy principles, issued by Commerce on July 21, 2000, include the following:

NOTICE: An organization must inform individuals about the purposes for which it collects and uses information about them, how to contact the organization with any inquiries or complaints, the types of third parties to which it discloses the information, and the choices and means the organization offers individuals for limiting its use and disclosure. This notice must be provided in clear and conspicuous language when individuals are first asked to provide personal information to the organization or as soon thereafter as is practicable, but in any event before the organization uses such information for a purpose other than that for which it was originally collected or processed by the transferring organization or discloses it for the first time to a third party.

CHOICE: An organization must offer individuals the opportunity to choose (opt out) whether their personal information is (a) to be disclosed to a third party or (b) to be used for a purpose that is incompatible with the purpose(s) for which it was originally collected or subsequently authorized by the individual. Individuals must be provided with clear and conspicuous, readily available, and affordable mechanisms to exercise choice.

24. From December 9, 2010 until the present, Myspace has maintained a current self-certification to Commerce and has appeared on the list of Safe Harbor companies on the Commerce website. During this time period, Myspace has collected, used, and retained data from users in Europe. Myspace's certification on the Commerce website states:

Personal Information Received from the EU/EEA and/or Switzerland:Myspace is a free global social networking website designed to allow users to create profiles where they can discover content, make friends, and share information with others online, consistent with each user's personal preferences. In order to

create a Myspace profile, a user must submit a name, gender, email address, a password, and date of birth. Myspace users have the additional option of providing details about themselves including interests, occupation, and hometown. Most of the information Myspace collects about its users is provided voluntarily by those users when they create or update their Myspace profile. All data collected by Myspace is hosted in the United States. (See Exhibit 2, Page 1.)

25. From approximately December 2010 until the present, Myspace made the following statements in its privacy policy regarding its participation in the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework:

MySpace complies with the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework and the U.S.-Swiss Safe Framework as set forth by the U.S. Department of Commerce regarding the collection, use, and retention of personal information from EU member countries. MySpace has certified that it adheres to the Safe Harbor Privacy Principles of notice, choice, onward transfer, security, data integrity, access, enforcement. To learn more about the Safe Harbor program, and to view our certification page, please visit http://www.export.gov/safeharbor/.

Privacy Complaints by EU Citizens: In compliance with the Safe Harbor Principles, MySpace commits to resolve complaints about your privacy and our collection or use of your personal information. EU citizens with inquiries or complaints regarding this privacy policy should first contact MySpace by visiting http://faq.myspace.com and submitting your question through the Contact MySpace form or by mail at Myspace LLC, Attn:

Customer Care - Privacy, 8391 Beverly Blvd, #349, Los Angeles, CA 90048.

(See Exhibit 3, Page 3.)

- 26. As described in **Paragraphs 24 and 25**, Myspace has represented, expressly or by implication, that it has complied with the U.S. Safe Harbor privacy principles, including the principles of Notice and Choice.
- 27. In truth and in fact, as described in **Paragraphs 7 through** 13, Myspace did not adhere to the U.S. Safe Harbor privacy principles of Notice and Choice. Therefore, the representations set forth in **Paragraph 26** were, and are, false or misleading and constitute a deceptive act or practice.
- 28. The acts and practices of Myspace, as alleged in this complaint, constitute deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce in violation of Section 5(a) of the Federal Trade Commission Act.

THEREFORE, the Federal Trade Commission this thirtieth day of August, 2012, has issued this complaint against respondent.

By the Commission, Commissioner Ohlhausen not participating.

Exhibit 1

Privacy Policy



Effective February 28, 2008:

MySpace, Inc. ("MySpace" or "we") operates MySpace.com. This Privacy Policy describes MySpace's use and sharing of personally identifiable information ("PII"-- your full name, email address, mailing address, telephone number, or credit card number) that Members voluntarily provide to MySpace when they register (also known exegustration PII"). The Term "User" refers to a Visitor or a Member. This Privacy Policy applies to the services offered by MySpace, including any MySpace-branded URL (the "MySpace Website"), the MySpace instant messaging service, the MySpace application developer service and other features (for example, music and video embedded players), MySpace mobile services, and any other features, content, or applications offered from time to time by MySpace in connection with the MySpace Website (collectively, the "MySpace Services"). The MySpace Services are hosted in the United States.

The MySpace Website is a general audience site and does not knowingly collect PII from children under 13 years of age.

From time to time MySpace may modify this Privacy Policy to reflect industry initiatives or changes in the law, our PII collection and use practices, the features of the MySpace Services, or technology, and such modifications shall be effective upon posting by MySpace on the MySpace Website. Your continued use of the MySpace Services after MySpace posts a revised Privacy Policy signifies your acceptance of the revised Privacy Policy signifies your acceptance of the revised Privacy Policy and the property of the Pilocy Services are updated as to any changes. If MySpace materially, changes spaced to service regarding collection or use of your PII, your PII will continue to be governed by the Policy under which it was collected unless you have been provided notice of, and have not objected to, the change.

COLLECTION AND SUBMISSION OF PII AND NON-PII ON MYSPACE

General. When MySpace collects PII from you it is because you are voluntarily submitting Registration PII to us in order to register as a Member of MySpace. MySpace may also collect PII from you if you choose to participate in MySpace Services activities like sweepstakes, contests, and surveys, because you want us to furnish you with products, services, newsletters, or information, or in connection with content or suggestions you submit to MySpace for review.

In addition, MySpace collects other non-PII including IP address, aggregate user data, and browser type. This data is used to manage and improve the MySpace Services, track usage, and for security purposes.

My-Space Members may also choose to provide or store non-PII information in their profiles, including but not limited to date of birth, interests, hobbies, lifestyle choices, groups with whom they are affiliated (schools, companies), videas and/or pictures, the profile information of the profile information in a Member's profile is provided at his or her sole discretion.

MySpace Members can change their Registration PII and Profile Information at any time, and can control flow Visitors, other Members and MySpace communicate with them by controlling their account settings, available within the "Edit Profile" portion of their MySpace profile. Link to Privacy Settings.

Cookies. Cookies are small bits of information that MySpace places on your computer. MySpace uses cookies to identify your Internet browser, store Users' preferences, and determine whether you have installed the enabling software needed to access certain material on the MySpace Services. Data in cookies may be read to authenticate user sessions or provide services.

Third party advertisements displayed on MySpace Services may also contain cookies set by Internet advertising companies or advertisers (known as "third party cookies"). MySpace does not control these third party cookies and Users of the MySpace Services should check the privacy policy of the Internet advertising company or advertiser to see whether and how it uses cookies. See the "Notice" section below for more information on customized advertising on MySpace. A pixel tag is a tiny image MySpace may allow third party pixel tags to be present on MySpace for that page. MySpace may allow third party pixel tags to be present on MySpace Services for purposes of advertising, providing services or data and statistics collection.

You can program your computer to warn you each time a cookle is being sent, block third party cookles or block all cookles. However, by blocking all cookles you may not have access to certain features on the MySpace Services.

NOTICE: MYSPACE WILL PROVIDE YOU WITH NOTICE ABOUT ITS PIT COLLECTION PRACTICES

When you voluntarily provide PII to MySpace, we will make sure you are informed about who is collecting the information, how and why the information is being collected and the types of uses MySpace will make of the information to the extent it is being used in a manner that differs from what is allowed pursuant to this Privacy Policy.

At the time you provide your PII, MySpace will notify you of your options regarding our use of your PII (See "Choice" below). Except as described in this Privacy Policy, MySpace will not share your PII with third parties unless you have given MySpace permission to do so (See "Use" below).

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION DECISIONS VOLUME 154

Complaint

MySpace Services may be linked to Internet sites operated by other companies. MySpace Services may also carry advertisements from other companies. MySpace is not responsible for the privacy practices of websites or other services operated by third parties that are linked to or integrated with the MySpace. Services or for the privacy practices of third party Internet advertising companies. Once you leave MySpace Services via such a link, access a third party application (such as widgets) or click on an advertisement, you should check the applicable privacy policy of the third party or advertiser site to determine, among other things, how they will handle any PII they collect from you.

MySpace Services may also be linked to sites operated by companies affiliated with MySpace (i.e., that are part of the News America Group: "Affiliated Companies"). Although all Affiliated Companies adhere to the News America corporate Privacy Principles, Users who visit those Affiliated Company sites should still refer to their separate privacy policies and practices, which may differ in some respects from this Privacy Policy.

MySpace may use cookies and similar tools to customize the content and advertising you receive based on the Profile Information you have provided. Profile Information you provide in structured profile fields or questions (multiple choice questions like "Marital Status," "Education" and "Children" ("Structured Profile Information"), information you add to open-ended profile fields and questions (sessy questions like "About Me." "Interests" and "Movies") ("Non-Structured Profile Information") and other non-PII about you may also be used to customize the online ads you encounter to those we believe are aligned with your interests. For example, based on your music interests we might display an advertisement to make sure you are advised when your favorite band is coming to town. The information used for this feature does not provide your PII or identify you as an individual to third parties. If you would like to disable advertising customization for Non-Structured Profile Information, please log in and click here.

Some of the advertisements that appear on MySpace Services may also be delivered to you by third party Internet advertising companies. These companies utilize certain technologies to deliver advertisements and marketing messages and to collect non-PII about your visit to or use of MySpace Services, including information about the ads they display, vis a cookle placed on your computer that reads your IP address. To opt out of information collection by these companies, or to obtain information about the technologies they use or their own privacy policies, please click here.

Third party applications (such as widgets) created by third party developers may also be available on the MySpace Services. Third party applications are small bits of software, often with interactivity, that can be installed into Members' profiles or shared with other Users. However, MySpace does not control the third party developers, and cannot dictate their actions. When a Member engages with a third party application, that Member is interacting with the third party developer, not with MySpace. MySpace encourages Members not to provide PII to the third party's application unless the Member knows the party with whom it is interacting.

CHOICE; MYSPACE WILL PROVIDE YOU WITH CHOICES ABOUT THE USE OF YOUR PIL

Except as described in this Privacy Policy, MySpace will get your permission before we use the PII you provide to us in a way that is inconsistent with the purpose for which it was submitted or share your PII with third parties that are not affiliated with MySpace.

USE: MYSPACE'S USE OF PIT

MySpace will only use the PII you provide under this Privacy Policy in a manner that is consistent with this Privacy Policy. If MySpace obtains PII from a third party, such as a business partner, our use of that information is also governed by this Privacy Policy.

In order to locate other MySpace Members that you may already know in the physical world, MySpace allows Users to search for Members using Registration PII (i.e., full name or email address). MySpace also allows Users to browse for certain Profile Information in order to help connect with Members (i.e., schools and/or companies where Users may have attended or worked). MySpace may also enable Members to publicly display some Registration PII as an element of their Profile Information if they choose to do so via a profile setting under "Edit Profile." Search engines may index the portion of a Member's profile (including the Profile Information it contains) that is publicly displayed.

If you have consented to receive promotional materials (e.g., newsletters) or notifications from MySpace, MySpace may periodically use your email address to send you such materials related to the MySpace Services, as applicable. If you want to stop receiving such materials from MySpace, you can change your profile settings under "Account Settings," or follow the unsubscribe instructions at the bottom of each email.

MySpace employees, agents and contractors must have a business reason to obtain access to your PII. MySpace may share your PII with those who help us manage or provide MySpace Services' information activities (for example, message board administration, order fulfillment, statistical analyses, data processing), or with outside contractors, agents or sponsors who help us with the administration, judging and prize fulfillment aspects of contests, promotions and sweepstakes.

These outside contractors, agents or sponsors may temporarily store some information on their servers, but they may only use your PII to provide MySpace with a specific service and not for any other purpose. MySpace may also provide your PII to a third party in those instances where you have chosen to receive certain information and have been notified that the fulfillment of such a request requires the sharing of your PII. MySpace also may share your PII with Affiliated Companies if it has a business reason to do so.

As described in "Notice" above, MySpace may customize the advertising and marketing messages you receive on the MySpace Website, or may work with outside companies to do so. Your non-PII and/or Profile Information may be shared with these companies so this customization can be accomplished. MySpace prohibits these companies from sharing your non-PII and/or Profile Information with any flurt party or from using it for any other purpose. Anonymous click stream, number of page views calculated by pixel tags, and aggregated demographic information may also be shared with MySpace's advertisers and business partners.

There may be instances when MySpace may access or disclose PII, Profile Information or non-PII without providing you a choice in order to: (i) protect or defend the legal rights or property of MySpace, our Affiliated Companies or their employees, agents and contractors (including enforcement of our agreements); (ii) protect the safety and security of Users of the MySpace Services or members of the public including acting in urgent circumstances; (iii) protect against fraid or for risk management purposes; or (iv) comply with the law or legal process. In addition, if MySpace sells all or part of its business or makes a sale or transfer of all or a material part of its assets or is otherwise involved in a merger or transfer of all or a material part of its business, MySpace may transfer your PII to the party or parties involved in the transaction as part of that

When a Member who is located in the European Union chooses to post Profile Information that will be publicly disclosed, that Member is responsible for ensuring that such information conforms to all local data protection laws. MySpace is not responsible under the EU local data protection laws for Member-posted information.

SECURITY: MYSPACE PROTECTS THE SECURITY OF PIX

MySpace uses commercially reasonable administrative, technical, personnel and physical measures to safeguard PII and credit card information in its possession against loss, theft and unauthorized use, disclosure or modification. In addition, MySpace uses reasonable methods to make sure that PII is accurate, up-to-date and appropriately completes.

ACCESS, REMEDIES AND COMPLIANCE: HOW TO ACCESS, CORRECT OR CHANGE YOUR PREFERENCES REGARDING YOUR PII AND HOW TO CONTACT MYSPACE ABOUT PRIVACY CONCERNS

Whenever possible, MySpace Members may review the Registration PII we maintain about them in our records. We will take reasonable steps to correct any PII a Member informs us is incorrect. If you are a Member, you can view and change your Registration PII, Member preferences and Profile Information by logging into your account and accessing features such as "Edit Profile" and "Account Settings."

If you ask MySpace to stop using your PII, MySpace will honor that request while retaining any record of your PII that is necessary to comply with applicable federal, state or local law.

If you would like to communicate with us about this Privacy Policy or MySpace's collection and use of your PII, please use the Contact MySpace form on our Help site.

Mail: 8391 Beverly Blvd. #349 Los Angeles, California 90048

Exhibit 2

Organization Information:

MySpace, LLC 407 North Maple Drive Beverly Hills, California- 90210 Phone: 424-202-6001 x7208 Fax: 323-446-8437 www.myspace.com

Organization Contact:

Contact Office: Myspace - Customer Care
Name: Dominic Franceschi , Senior Manager of Support
Phone: 424-202-6001 x7060
Fax: 310-362-8854
Email: dfranceschi@myspace-inc.com

Corporate Officer:

Corporate Officer: Drew Bordages , General Counsel Phone: 949-336-4859 Fax: 949-271-4047 Email: dbordages@specificmedia.com

Safe Harbor Information:

Original Certification: 12/9/2010 Next Certification: 12/9/2011

Personal Information Received from the EU/EEA and/or Switzerland:
Myspace is a free global social networking website designed to allow users to create profiles where they can discover content, make friends, and share information with others online, consistent with each user's personal preferences. In order to create a Myspace profile, a user must submit a name, gender, email address, a password, and date of birth. Myspace users have the additional option of providing details about themselves including interests, occupation, and hometown. Most of the information Myspace collects about its users is provided voluntarily by those users when they create or update their Myspace profile. All data collected by Myspace is hosted in the United States.

Privacy Policy Effective: 2/28/2008 Location: http://www.myspace.com/Help/Privacy

Regulated By: Federal Trade Commission

Privacy Programs: BBB EU Safe Harbor

Verification: In-house.

Dispute Resolution: BBB EU Safe Harbor

Personal Data Covered: On-line data
Organization Human Resource Data Covered: No
Do You Agree to Cooperate and Comply with the EU and/or Swiss Data Protection Authorities? No

Relevant Countries from which Personal Information is Received:
Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy,
Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden,
Switzerland, United Kingdom

Industry Sectors: Information Services - (INF)

Certification Status: Not Current Compliance Status:

Exhibit 2 1

Exhibit 3

Sign up Login Search People

Music Video Games Browse People

Privacy Policy

and Manager Concentrate 745, 2019

Myspace, LLC, ("Myspace" or "we") operates Myspace com. This Privacy Policy describes Myspace is use and sharing of personally claims acts information ("Pit"—your full name, emits address, mailing address, treightness interprives or order care number that Members voluntarily provide to Myspace when they register (also known as "Registration Pit"). The Term "Liser" interes to Avitarior or a Member "This Privacy Policy applies to the sensions offerine by Myspace in Pit Myspace (and any Myspace institute). The Myspace institute is Myspace institute or action of the Myspace and the Myspace Mysbace institute of the Myspace institute in the Myspace institute is considered plaining in the Myspace institute in the Myspace in connection with the Myspace Website (collectively, the "Myspace Services"). The Myspace Services are hosted in the United States.

The Myspace Website is a general audience site and does not knowingly collect PII from children under 13 years of age

From time to time Myspace may modify this Privacy Policy to reflect industry initiatives or changes in the law, our Pit collection and use practices, the features of the Myspace Services, or technology, and such modifications shall be effect veloped posting by Myspace in the Myspace Webeller. Your continued use of the Myspace Gervices after Myspace posts a revised Privacy Policy signifies your acceptance of the revised Privacy Policy. It is therefore important that you review this Privacy Policy regularly to ensure you are updated as to any changes. If Myspace miserally changes its practices regarding collection or view of your PIT, your PIWI continue to be governed by the Policy under which it was collected unless you have been provided notice of , and have not objected to, the change.

COLLECTION AND SUBMISSION OF PILAND NON-PILON MYSPACE

General. When Myspace collects PII from you it is because you are voluntarily submitting Registration PII to us in order to register as a Member of Myspace. Myspace may also collect PII from you if you choose to participate in Myspace Services activities like receptables, contest, and surveys, because you want us to funish you with products, services, newstetlers, or information, or in connection with content or suggestions you submit to MySpace for review.

in addition. Mylepace collects ofter non-Pli including IP address, aggregate user data, and browser type. This data is used to manage and improve the Myspace Services, track usage, and for security purposes.

MySpace Members may also choose to provide or store non-PF information in their profiles, including but not instead to date of bith, interests, hobbes, Nestyle chaces, groups with whom they are attitizated (achoele, companies), wideos and/or profunds, giviate miseages, butletin or personal statements (collectively "Profile Information"). The Profile information in a Member's profile is provided at his or him sole description.

Myspace Mambers can change their Registration PH and Profile Information at any time and can control how Visitors, other Members and Myspace communicate with them by controlling their account settings, available within the "Ed! Profile" portion of their Myspace profile. Link to Privacy Settings.

Cookies. Cookies are small bits of information that Myspace places on your computer. Myspace uses cookies to identify your Internet browser, stone Usera' preferences, and determine whathar you have inested the enabling software needed to access certain material on the Myspace Services, Date in cookies may be read to authenticate user sessions or provide sonitions.

Third party extremisements displayed on Myspace Services may also combin coolines set by internet, advertising companies, or advertisers brown as "third party coolings". Myspace does not control insect third party coolines and Users of the Myspaces Services should check the privacy polety of the internet advertising company or advertisers to see witherther and now it uses coolines. See the "Notice" section below for more information on customized advertising on Myspace. A politilag is a large virage insented in a veloping end used to record the numbers and upon of views to that page. Myspace may allow that party pick flags to be present on Myspace Services for purposes of advertising, providing rendees or date and statistics collection.

You can program your computer to warn you each time a cookle is being sant, block third party cookles or block all cookles. However, by blocking all cookles you may not have access to certain fleatures on the Myspace Services.

NOTICE: MYSPACE WILL PROVIDE YOU WITH NOTICE ABOUT ITS PILCOLLECTION PRACTICES

When you voluntarily provide Pt to Myspace, we will make sure you are informed about who is collecting the information in how and why the information is being collected and the types of uses Myspace will make of the information to the estent it is being used in a macrier that differs from what is allowed pursuant to the Privacy Potcy.

All the later you provide your PII. Myspace will notify you of your operats regarding our use of your PII (See "Choice" below). Except an described in this Pitmory Pickoy, Myspace will not sharis your PII with third parties unless you have given Myspace permission to do a side "Use L'about".

Myspace Services may be linked to Internet sites operated by other companies. Myspace Services may also carry advertisements from other companies. Myspace is not recognishe for the privacy praducted of websites or other services operated by retending parks in the re-freed for interpreted with the Myspace Services or that the privacy practices of their party internet advertising companies. Once you knew Myspace Services via such a first, access a third party application (such as weights) or citizen an advertisement, you should check this applicable privacy policy of the third party of sitventien services.

Open Player

Myspace Support

Help Myspace Safety

Myspace Safety

Featuring tips for parents and educators, teens and all other Myspace users.

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION DECISIONS VOLUME 154

Complaint

Myspace Services may also be inted to also operated by companies efficient with Myspace (i.e., that are part of the News America Group: "A MANA" (Inches May): A MANA Afficient Companies arthure to the New Mana Afficient Companies are to the New Mana Afficient Companies are to the New Mana Afficient Companies are to their separate privacy policies and practices, which may differ in some respects from the Privacy Policy.

Myspace may use cookies and similar tools to customize the content and advantaling you receive bested on the Profile Information you have provided. Profile Information you provide in situatured profile fields or questions (multiple charge questions kis "Marinal Status," "Education and "Children") ("Siluculard Profile Information") which was "I "Non-Shruchured Profile Information") and on open-ended purfile feels and questions (easing questions kine-About Me," "Interests" and "Novies") ("Non-Shruchured Profile Information") and other non-PI about you may also be used to outstance the ordine acts you encounter to those we believe an eligipate with your interests. For Example, based on your music interests we might degly an advantagement to make sure you are advised when your farcatic band is coming to town. The information used for this feature does not provide you PP or indentity you as an individual to third parkine. If you would like to classible advantaling customization for Non-Structured Profile Information, please log in and dick here.

Some of the advertisements that appear on Myspace Services may also be delivered to you by third perfy infermed advertising comprehens. These comprehens utilize contain informations to deliver advertisements and marketing reassages and to collect non-Pill about your visit to or use of Myspace Services, including information about the ads they display, in a cooke placed on your computer that reads your IP addition. To ope out of information critection by these comparises, or to cottain information about the lacinosinglist they use or their own privacy policies, placed active here.

Third party applications (such as weights) created by third party developers may also be available on the Myspace Sanice. Third party applications are small bits of software, often with interactivity, that can be installed into Members profiles or shared with offer Usera. However, Myspace does not control that third party developers, and count of classe their actions. When a Member engages with a third party application, that Member is indeciding with the timp larget developer, not with Myspace. Wyspace encourages Members not to provide PII to the third party is application unless the Member is not party with whean its interacting.

CHOICE: MYSPACE WILL PROVIDE YOU WITH CHOICES ABOUT THE USE OF YOUR PIL

Except as described in this Privacy Policy, Myspace will get your permission before we use the Pill you provide to us in a way that is inconsistent with the purpose for which it was submitted or share your Pill with third perfies that are not affiliated with Myspace.

USE: MYSPACE'S USE OF PII

Myspace will only use the PII you provide under this Privacy Policy in a manner that is consistent with this Privacy Policy. If Myspace obtains PII from a third party, such as a trustness pertner, our use of that information is also governed by this Privacy Policy.

In order to locate other Myspace Members that you may already know in the physical world. Myspace allows Users to search for Mambers using Registration PILI (a.e., full name or amal address). Myspace also allows Users to browte for centain Profes Information in order to help connect with Members in a, bortool scribtic companies where Users may have attended or worked. Myspace may also enable Members to publicly display some Registration PILI as an element of their Profes Information in they choose to do so via a profes esting under "Edit Profile". Search eighne may index the portion of a Member's profile (including the Profile Information it contained that is publicly displayed.

If you have consented to receive promotional materials (a.g., newsletters) or notifications from Myspiace, Myspiace may periodically use your arrial eathers to end you such materials related to the Myspiace Services, or applicable. If you want to tell present a such material from Myspiace you can change your profile settings under "Account Sestings," or follow the unsubscribe instructions at the bottom of each email.

Myspace employees, agents and contractors must have a business reason to obtain access to your PII. Myspace may share your PII with those who help us manage or provide Myspace Services' information activities of or example, message business seministration order fulfilment relational analyses, duta processing, or with outside contractors, agents or sponsors who help us with the administration, judging and price fulfilment aspects of contracts, promotions and exemptatives.

These cutside contractors, agents or sponsors may temporarily store some infurmation on their servers, but they may only use your PHI to provide Myspace with a specific service and not for any other purpose. Myspace may also provide your PHI to a third party in flower instances where you have chosen to receive certain information and netwo been morted that the fulfillment of such a request requires the sharing of your PHI. Myspace also may share your PHI with ARSweet Companies if it has a business resistant mid-se.

As described in "Notice" above, Myspace may customice the advertising and marketing mossages you receive on the Myspace (Website, or may work with outside comparies to do so. Your non-Pit and/or Praifie information may be straight with these comparies for this straight on call the accomplished. Myspace printeds that comparies from sharping was Pittle and/or Praifie information and the accomplished. Myspace printlets that comparies from sharping was Pittle and/or Praifie information with any time party or from using it for any other purpose. Analysmus, dick stream, murbor of cape, these calculated by york legs, and aggregated demographic information may also be shared with Myspace's advertisers and business partners.

There may be instances when Myspace may access or disclose PII. Profile Information or non-PII without providing you a choice in order for (i) profect or defend fire legal ingitis or properly of Myspace, our Affliates Companies or their employees, agents and occitorates instances of the employees. Myspace Services or moments of the quality of the profession of the myspace Services or manners of the quality and unduring a danger in upgent procurationses, (iii) profest against fauld or for risk managements propesses or (iii) campels of (iii) campels with the lower legal process. In addition of Myspace with all to part of the business or makes a safe or transfer of all or a material part of its assists or is otherwise involved in a margar or transfer of all or a material part of its business. Myspace may transfer your PII to the party or parties involved in the transaction as part of trust formaction.

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Exhibit 3

When a Member who is located in the European Union chooses to post Profile information that will be publicly disclorated, that Member as res<mark>cipe of health in the Member as rescipe of health in the Member as resciped to the Member as the Member as the Member of the M</mark>

SECURITY: MYSPACE PROTECTS THE SECURITY OF PIL	Around Myspace	What's Trending
Myspace uses commercially respectible administrative, technical, personnel and physical measures to adequard Pe and credit card information in its possession against loss, their and unsurfurned use, disclosure or modification, in addition. Myspace uses resolvable methods to make sure that PII is accurate, up-to-data and appropriately complete.	Music	Bleber Suit Dropped
		Sexy Bradley Cooper
	Movies	Muppets Spoof Twisght
SAFE HARBOR	Television	Twitight Red Carpet
	Coleonity	Timberiake Attends Balt
Safe Harbor, MySpace complies with the U.SEU Safe Harbor Framework and the U.SSwiss Safe Harbor Framework as see forth by the U.S. Department of Commissor organding the collection, use, and reference of personal information from EU member countries, MySpace has centrified that indenders to the Safe Harbor Phivacy Principles of notice, choice, onward transfer, security, data integrity, access, and enforcement. To learn more about the Safe Harbor program, and to view our certification page, please visit http://www.export.gov/saferarbor/	Events	Spider-Man on SNL
	EU	Brad Pitt Quilting
		MJ's Drug Use
	Also on Myspace	IGN
Privacy Complaints by EU Citizens: In complaince with the Safe Hathor Principles, MySpace commiss to insative complaints about your privacy and not collection or use of your personal information. EU citizens with impuries or complaints regarding this privacy policy should that contact MySpace by vasting http: dring impose com and susmitting your quastion through the Cortect MySpace form or by mail at Myspace, LLC. Attr. Customer Care - Privacy, 8391 Beverty BMct. 35(4), ESA projects, CA Social Section 1997.	IM	Video Games
	Mobile	Game Reviews
	your Themes	Video Game Cheats
	Sync	Game Videos
		Download Video Games
MySpace has further committed to relar unissolved privacy complaints under the Safe Hathor Principles to an independent dispute resolution mechanism, the BBB ED Safe Hathor, contraled by the Council of Better Business Bureaus. If you do not receive timely acknowledgment of your complaint, or if your complaint is not self-factorly addressed by MySpace, you may contact.		
	Join Myspace	Get Help
	Sign up	Help & FAQs
http://www.bbb.org/us/safe-harbor-complaints.	Developers	Safety Tips
ACCESS, REMEDIES AND COMPLIANCE: HOW TO ACCESS, CORRECT OR CHANGE YOUR PREFERENCES REGARDING YOUR PILAND HOW TO CONTACT MYSPACE ABOUT PRIVACY CONCERNS	Terms	Sitemap
	Privary Policy	Privacy Settings
	About us	Privacy Policy
Whenever possible, Myspace Members may review the Registration PN we maintain about them in our records. We will to	ake	Leam more
reasonable steps to correct any PII a Member informs us is incorrect. If you are a Member, you can view and change your Registration PII, Member preferences and Profile Information by logging into your account and accessing features such as "Eight Profile" and "Account Settinas."	r .	Advertisers
	9	Press Room
Carrione and Australia Security.		
If you ask Myspace to stop using your PII, Myspace will honor first request while retaining any record of your PII that is necessary to comply with applicable federal, state or local law.		
If you would like to communicate with us about this Privacy Policy or Myspece's collection and use of your PII, please use		
the Contact Myspace form on our Help site.	,	
Med:		
8391 Beverly (fivst.		
#34G		
Los Angeles. California 90048		
Copyright & 2003-2011 Mysteron LLC. All Right's Retenred		
enging and environment ingraphs CDA. As registed to be a second	Report Abuse Change 0	Country: United States (English)

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DECISION AND ORDER

The Federal Trade Commission having initiated an investigation of certain acts and practices of the Respondent named in the caption hereof, and the Respondent having been furnished thereafter with a copy of a draft Complaint that the Bureau of Consumer Protection proposed to present to the Commission for its consideration and which, if issued by the Commission, would charge the Respondent with violation of Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45 et seq.;

The Respondent, its attorney, and counsel for the Commission having thereafter executed an Agreement Containing Consent Order ("Consent Agreement"), an admission by the Respondent of all the jurisdictional facts set forth in the aforesaid draft Complaint, a statement that the signing of said Consent Agreement is for settlement purposes only and does not constitute an admission by Respondent that the law has been violated as alleged in such Complaint, or that the facts as alleged in such Complaint, other than jurisdictional facts, are true, and waivers and other provisions as required by the Commission's Rules; and

The Commission having thereafter considered the matter and having determined that it has reason to believe that the Respondent has violated the Federal Trade Commission Act, and that a Complaint should issue stating its charges in that respect, and having thereupon accepted the executed Consent Agreement and placed such Consent Agreement on the public record for a period of thirty (30) days for the receipt and consideration of public comments, and having carefully considered the comments filed by interested persons, now in further conformity with the procedure described in Commission Rule 2.34, 16 C.F.R. § 2.34, the Commission hereby issues its Complaint, makes the following jurisdictional findings, and enters the following Order:

1. Myspace is a Delaware limited liability company with its principal office or place of business at 407 North Maple Drive, Beverly Hills, CA 90210.

2. The Federal Trade Commission has jurisdiction of the subject matter of this proceeding and of Respondent, and the proceeding is in the public interest.

ORDER DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this order, the following definitions shall apply:

- A. Unless otherwise specified, "respondent" shall mean: Myspace and its successors and assigns.
- B. "Commerce" shall mean as defined in Section 4 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. § 44.
- C. "Covered information" shall mean information from or about an individual consumer including, but not limited to: (a) a first and last name; (b) a home or other physical address, including street name and city or town; (c) an email address or other online contact information, such as an instant messaging user identifier or screen name; (d) a mobile or other telephone number; (e) photos and videos; (f) an Internet Protocol ("IP") address, User ID, device ID, or other persistent identifier; (g) list of contacts; or (h) physical location.

I.

IT IS ORDERED that respondent, and its officers, agents, representatives and employees, acting directly or through any corporation, subsidiary, division, website, or other device, in connection with the offering of any product or service, in or affecting commerce, shall not misrepresent in any manner, expressly or by implication:

A. the extent to which respondent maintains and protects the privacy and confidentiality of any covered information, including, but not limited to: (1) the purposes for which it collects and discloses covered information, and (2) the extent to which it makes or

has made covered information accessible to third parties.

B. the extent to which respondent is a member of, adheres to, complies with, is certified by, is endorsed by, or otherwise participates in any privacy, security, or any other compliance program sponsored by the government or any other entity, including, but not limited to, the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework.

II.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent shall, no later than the date of service of this order, establish and implement, and thereafter maintain, a comprehensive privacy program that is reasonably designed to: (1) address privacy risks related to the development and management of new and existing products and services for consumers, and (2) protect the privacy and confidentiality of covered information. Such program, the content and implementation of which must be documented in writing, shall contain privacy controls and procedures appropriate to respondent's size and complexity, the nature and scope of respondent's activities, and the sensitivity of the covered information, including:

- A. the designation of an employee or employees to coordinate and be responsible for the privacy program.
- B. the identification of reasonably foreseeable, material risks, both internal and external, that could result in respondent's unauthorized collection, use, or disclosure of covered information, and an evaluation of the sufficiency of any safeguards in place to control these risks. At a minimum, this privacy risk evaluation should include consideration of risks in each area of relevant operation, including, but not limited to: (1) employee training and management, including training on the requirements of this order, and (2) product design, development, and research.
- C. the design and implementation of reasonable privacy controls and procedures to address the risks identified

through the privacy risk evaluation, and regular testing or monitoring of the effectiveness of those privacy controls and procedures.

- D. the development and use of reasonable steps to select and retain service providers capable of appropriately protecting the privacy of covered information they receive from respondent, and requiring service providers by contract to implement and maintain appropriate privacy protections.
- E. the evaluation and adjustment of respondent's privacy program in light of the results of the testing and monitoring required by subpart C, any material changes to respondent's operations or business arrangements, or any other circumstances that respondent knows or has reason to know may have a material impact on the effectiveness of its privacy program.

III.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, in connection with its compliance with Part II of this order, respondent shall obtain initial and biennial assessments and reports ("Assessments") from a qualified, objective, independent third-party professional, who uses procedures and standards generally accepted in the profession. A person qualified to prepare such Assessments shall have a minimum of three (3) years of experience in the field of privacy and data protection. All persons selected to conduct such Assessments and prepare such reports shall be approved by the Associate Director for Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, Washington, D.C. 20580, in his or her sole discretion. Any decision not to approve a person selected to conduct such Assessments shall be accompanied by a writing setting forth in detail the reasons for denying such approval. The reporting period for the Assessments shall cover: (1) the first one hundred and eighty (180) days after service of the order for the initial Assessment, and (2) each two (2) year period thereafter for twenty (20) years after service of the order for the biennial Assessments. Each Assessment shall:

- A. set forth the specific privacy controls that respondent has implemented and maintained during the reporting period;
- B. explain how such privacy controls are appropriate to respondent's size and complexity, the nature and scope of respondent's activities, and the sensitivity of the covered information;
- C. explain how the privacy controls that have been implemented meet or exceed the protections required by Part II of this order; and
- D. certify that the privacy controls are operating with sufficient effectiveness to provide reasonable assurance to protect the privacy of covered information and that the controls have so operated throughout the reporting period.

Each Assessment shall be prepared and completed within sixty (60) days after the end of the reporting period to which the Assessment applies. Respondent shall provide the initial Assessment to the Associate Director for Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, Washington, D.C. 20580, within ten (10) days after the Assessment has been prepared. All subsequent biennial Assessments shall be retained by respondent until the order is terminated and provided to the Associate Director of Enforcement within ten (10) days of request.

IV.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent shall maintain and upon request make available to the Federal Trade Commission for inspection and copying, a print or electronic copy of:

A. for a period of five (5) years from the date of preparation or dissemination, whichever is later, all widely disseminated statements by respondent or its officers, agents, representatives and employees, that describe the extent to which respondent maintains and

protects the privacy, security and confidentiality of any covered information, including, but not limited to, any statement related to a change in any website or service controlled by respondent that relates to the privacy, security, and confidentiality of covered information, with all materials relied upon in making or disseminating such statements;

- B. for a period of five (5) years from the date received, all consumer complaints directed at respondent, or forwarded to respondent by a third party, that relate to the conduct prohibited by this order and any responses to such complaints;
- C. for a period of five (5) years from the date received, copies of all subpoenas and other communications with law enforcement entities or personnel, if such communications raise issues that relate to respondent's compliance with the provisions of this order;
- D. for a period of five (5) years from the date received, any documents, whether prepared by or on behalf of respondent, that contradict, qualify, or call into question respondent's compliance with this order; and
- E. for a period of five (5) years after the date of preparation of each Assessment required under Part III of this order, all materials relied upon to prepare the Assessment, whether prepared by or on behalf of respondent, including but not limited to all plans, reports, studies, reviews, audits, audit trails, policies, training materials, and assessments, for the compliance period covered by such Assessment.

V.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent shall deliver a copy of this order to (1) all current and future principals, officers, directors, and managers, (2) all current and future employees, agents, and representatives having supervisory responsibilities relating to the subject matter of this order, and (3) any business entity resulting from any change in structure set forth in Part VI.

Respondent shall deliver this order to such current personnel within thirty (30) days after service of this order, and to such future personnel within thirty (30) days after the person assumes such position or responsibilities. For any business entity resulting from any change in structure set forth in Part VI, delivery shall be at least ten (10) days prior to the change in structure.

VI.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent shall notify the Commission at least thirty (30) days prior to any change in the corporation that may affect compliance obligations arising under this order, including, but not limited to, a dissolution, assignment, sale, merger, or other action that would result in the emergence of a successor corporation; the creation or dissolution of a subsidiary, parent, or affiliate that engages in any acts or practices subject to this order; the proposed filing of a bankruptcy petition; or a change in either corporate name or address. Provided, however, that, with respect to any proposed change in the corporation about which respondent learns less than thirty (30) days prior to the date such action is to take place, respondent shall notify the Commission as soon as is practicable after obtaining such knowledge. Unless otherwise directed by a representative of the Commission, all notices required by this Part shall be emailed to <u>DEbrief@ftc.gov</u> or sent by overnight courier (not the U.S. Postal Service) to: Associate Director of Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20580, with the subject line In the Matter of Myspace LLC, Docket No. C-4369.

VII.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent shall, within sixty (60) days after the date of service of this order file with the Commission a true and accurate report, in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which respondent has complied with this order. Within ten days of receipt of written notice from a representative of the Commission, respondent shall submit additional true and accurate written reports.

VIII.

This order will terminate on August 30, 2032, or twenty (20) years from the most recent date that the United States or the Commission files a complaint (with or without an accompanying consent decree) in federal court alleging any violation of the order, whichever comes later; *provided*, *however*, that the filing of such a complaint will not affect the duration of:

- A. any Part in this order that terminates in fewer than twenty (20) years;
- B. this order if such complaint is filed after the order has terminated pursuant to this Part.

Provided, further, that if such complaint is dismissed or a federal court rules that respondent did not violate any provision of the order, and the dismissal or ruling is either not appealed or upheld on appeal, then the order will terminate according to this Part as though the complaint had never been filed, except that the order will not terminate between the date such complaint is filed and the later of the deadline for appealing such dismissal or ruling and the date such dismissal or ruling is upheld on appeal.

By the Commission, Commission Ohlhausen not participating.

ANALYSIS OF CONSENT ORDER TO AID PUBLIC COMMENT

The Federal Trade Commission has accepted, subject to final approval, a consent agreement from Myspace LLC ("Myspace").

The proposed consent order has been placed on the public record for thirty (30) days for receipt of comments by interested persons. Comments received during this period will become part of the public record. After thirty (30) days, the Commission will again review the agreement and the comments received, and will

decide whether it should withdraw from the agreement and take appropriate action or make final the agreement's proposed order.

Myspace operates a social networking website. www.myspace.com, that, among other features, enables a consumer who uses the site to create and customize a personal online profile. These profiles contain content about users, such as their name, the names of other users who are their "friends" on the site, photos and videos they upload, messages and comments they post or receive from their friends, and other personal information. Myspace assigns a persistent unique numerical identifier, called a "Friend ID," to each user profile created on Myspace. The Friend ID is a component of the URL for each user's profile page. For example, inserting www.myspace.com/12345678 into the address bar of a web browser will bring up the Myspace profile page of the user who is assigned Friend ID 12345678. The Friend ID can be used to access information about the user, including the user's profile picture, location, gender, age, display name (e.g., a nickname or pseudonym displayed on the user's profile), and, in many cases, the user's full name.

Myspace obtains revenue by allowing third-party or affiliate advertising networks to serve advertisements directly on its site. The FTC complaint alleges that Myspace made numerous promises to its users regarding the extent to which it shared consumers' personal information with third-party advertisers. The complaint alleges that Myspace promised that: (1) it would not use or share a user's personally identifiable information, defined as full name, email address, mailing address, telephone number, or credit card number, without first giving notice to and receiving permission from users; (2) the means through which it customized ads did not allow advertisers to access personally identifiable information or individually identify users; (3) the information shared with advertisers regarding web browsing activity was anonymized; and (4) it complied with the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework.

The Commission's complaint alleges that Myspace violated Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, by misleading users about what information third-party advertisers received about them. According to the FTC complaint, from January 2009 through June 2010, and again from October 29, 2010 through October 28, 2011,

when Myspace displayed advertisements on its website from certain unaffiliated third-party advertisers, Myspace and/or its affiliate provided those advertisers with the Friend ID of the user who was viewing the page. With this information, a third-party advertiser could take simple steps to get detailed information about individual users. For example, a third-party advertiser could use the Friend ID to visit the user's personal profile on the Myspace website to obtain personal information, including, for most users, their full name. A third-party advertiser could also combine the user's real name and other personal information with additional information contained in the advertiser's tracking cookie, a small text file placed on a user's browser that may include information about the user's online browsing history.

The proposed order contains provisions designed to prevent Myspace from engaging in future practices similar to those alleged in the complaint.

Part I of the proposed order prohibits Myspace from misrepresenting the privacy and confidentiality of any "covered information," as well as the company's compliance with any privacy, security, or other compliance program, including but not limited to the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework. "Covered information" is defined broadly to include an individual's: (a) first and last name; (b) home or other physical address, including street name and city or town; (c) email address or other online contact information, such as an instant messaging user identifier or screen name; (d) mobile or other telephone number; (e) photos and videos; (f) Internet Protocol ("IP") address, User ID, device ID, or other persistent identifier; (g) list of contacts; or (h) physical location.

Part II of the proposed order requires Myspace to establish and maintain a comprehensive privacy program that is reasonably designed to: (1) address privacy risks related to the development and management of new and existing products and services, and (2) protect the privacy and confidentiality of covered information. The privacy program must be documented in writing and must contain privacy controls and procedures appropriate to Myspace's size and complexity, the nature and scope of its activities, and the sensitivity of covered information. Specifically, the order requires Myspace to:

- designate an employee or employees to coordinate and be responsible for the privacy program;
- identify reasonably-foreseeable, material risks, both internal and external, that could result in the unauthorized collection, use, or disclosure of covered information and assess the sufficiency of any safeguards in place to control these risks;
- design and implement reasonable privacy controls and procedures to control the risks identified through the privacy risk assessment and regularly test or monitor the effectiveness of the safeguards' key controls and procedures;
- develop and use reasonable steps to select and retain service providers capable of appropriately protecting the privacy of covered information they receive from respondent, and require service providers by contract to implement and maintain appropriate privacy protections; and
- evaluate and adjust its privacy program in light of the results of the testing and monitoring, any material changes to its operations or business arrangements, or any other circumstances that it knows or has reason to know may have a material impact on the effectiveness of its privacy program.

Part III of the proposed order requires that Myspace obtain within 180 days, and on a biennial basis thereafter for twenty (20) years, an assessment and report from a qualified, objective, independent third-party professional, certifying, among other things, that: it has in place a privacy program that provides protections that meet or exceed the protections required by Part II of the proposed order; and its privacy controls are operating with sufficient effectiveness to provide reasonable assurance that the privacy of covered information is protected.

Parts IV through VIII of the proposed order are reporting and compliance provisions. Part IV requires that Myspace retain for a period of five (5) years: (a) all "widely disseminated statements"

that describe the extent to which respondent maintains and protects the privacy and confidentiality of any covered information, along with all materials relied upon in making or disseminating such statements; (b) all consumer complaints directed at Myspace, or forwarded to Myspace by a third party, that allege unauthorized collection, use, or disclosure of covered information and any responses to such complaints; (c) all subpoenas and other communications with law enforcement entities or personnel that relate to its compliance with the proposed order; (d) documents that contradict, qualify, or call into question its compliance with the proposed order. Part IV additionally requires that Myspace retain all materials relied upon to prepare the third-party assessments for a period of five (5) years after the date that each assessment is prepared.

Part V requires dissemination of the order now and in the future to principals, officers, directors, and managers, and to all current and future employees, agents, and representatives having supervisory responsibilities relating to the subject matter of the order. Part VI ensures notification to the FTC of changes in corporate status. Part VII mandates that Myspace submit an initial compliance report to the FTC and make available to the FTC subsequent reports. Part VIII is a provision "sunsetting" the order after twenty (20) years, with certain exceptions.

The purpose of the analysis is to aid public comment on the proposed order. It is not intended to constitute an official interpretation of the proposed order or to modify its terms in any way.

IN THE MATTER OF

NOVARTIS AG

CONSENT ORDER, ETC. IN REGARD TO ALLEGED VIOLATIONS OF SECTION 5 OF THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION ACT AND SECTION 7 OF THE CLAYTON ACT

Docket No. C-4364; File No. 121 0144 Complaint, July 13, 2012 – Decision, September 4, 2012

This consent order addresses the \$1.525 billion acquisition by Novartis AG of certain assets of Fougera Holdings Inc. The complaint alleges that the acquisition, if consummated, would violate Section 7 of the Clayton Act and Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act by substantially lessening competition in the U.S. markets for generic calcipotriene topical solution, generic lidocaine-prilocaine cream, generic metronidazole topical gel, and diclofenac sodium gel. The consent order requires Novartis to: (1) terminate Novartis's marketing agreement with Tolmar, Inc. with respect to the currently marketed products generic calcipotriene topical solution, generic lidocaine-prilocaine cream, and generic metronidazole topical gel ("Marketed Divestiture Products") and return all of Novartis's rights to distribute, market, and sell the Marketed Divestiture Products to Tolmar; and (2) return all rights to develop, distribute, market, and sell the development product generic diclofenac sodium gel to Tolmar.

Participants

For the Commission: Christine Tasso and David Von Nirschl.

For the Respondent: Claudia Higgins and Saul Morgenstern, Kaye Scholar LLP.

COMPLAINT

Pursuant to the Clayton Act and the Federal Trade Commission Act, and its authority thereunder, the Federal Trade Commission ("Commission"), having reason to believe that Respondent Novartis AG ("Novartis"), a corporation subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, has agreed to acquire Fougera Holdings Inc. ("Fougera"), a corporation subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, in violation of Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act ("FTC Act"), as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 45, that such acquisition, if consummated, would violate Section 7 of the of the Clayton Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 18,

and Section 5 of the FTC Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 45, and it appearing to the Commission that a proceeding in respect thereof would be in the public interest, hereby issues its Complaint, stating its charges as follows:

I. RESPONDENT

- 1. Respondent Novartis is a corporation organized, existing, and doing business under and by virtue of the laws of the Swiss Confederation, with its headquarters address located at Lichtstrasse 35, Basel, Switzerland, V8 CH4056, and the address of its United States subsidiary, Novartis Corporation, located at 230 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10169.
- 2. Respondent is, and at all times relevant herein, has been engaged in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in Section 1 of the Clayton Act as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 12, and is a company whose business is in or affects commerce, as "commerce" is defined in Section 4 of the FTC Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 44.

II. THE ACQUIRED COMPANY

3. Fougera Holdings Inc. is a corporation organized, existing, and doing business under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Delaware, with its headquarters address located at 60 Baylis Road, Melville, NY 11747. The ultimate parent entity of Fougera Holdings Inc. is Fougera S.C.A. SICAR.

III. THE PROPOSED ACQUISITION

4. Pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger ("Acquisition Agreement") dated May 1, 2012, Novartis, through its subsidiary, Sandoz Inc., proposes to acquire Fougera for approximately \$1.525 billion (the "Acquisition").

IV. THE RELEVANT MARKETS

- 5. For the purposes of this Complaint, the relevant lines of commerce in which to analyze the effects of the Acquisition are the sale of:
 - a. generic calcipotriene topical solution;

- b. generic lidocaine-prilocaine cream;
- c. generic metronidazole topical gel; and
- d. generic diclofenac sodium gel.
- 6. For the purposes of this Complaint, the United States is the relevant geographic area in which to analyze the effects of the Acquisition in the relevant lines of commerce.

V. THE STRUCTURE OF THE MARKETS

- 7. Generic calcipotriene topical solution is used to treat chronic, moderately severe scalp psoriasis. Only three companies offer generic calcipotriene topical solution in the United States: Novartis, Fougera, and G & W Laboratories ("G & W"). Novartis leads the market with a 67 percent share. G & W accounts for 22 percent, while Fougera represents an 11 percent share. The Acquisition would increase the Herfindahl-Hirschman Index concentration by 1,474 points to 6,568 points.
- 8. Generic lidocaine-prilocaine cream is used as a local anesthetic to treat intact skin and to relieve pain from injections and surgery. Lidocaine-prilocaine is available in both 30 gram tubes and packages containing five 5 gram tubes ("5-5 tubes"). The 5-5 tubes are used only in hospitals, while the 30 gram tubes are prescribed directly to patients for home use. Fougera, Hi-Tech Pharmaceutical Co. ("Hi-Tech"), and Novartis are the only U.S. suppliers of 30 gram tubes, with market shares of approximately 50 percent, 47 percent, and 3 percent, respectively. The Acquisition would increase the Herfindahl-Hirschman Index concentration in that market by 300 points to 5,018 points, and leave Hi-Tech as the only competitor to the combined Novartis/Fougera. Only Fougera and Novartis offer the 5-5 tubes, with respective market shares of approximately 83 percent and 17 percent. The Acquisition would therefore create a monopoly in that market.
- 9. Generic metronidazole topical gel is used to treat inflamed papules and pustules of rosacea, a condition that causes chronic redness of facial skin. Taro Pharmaceutical Industries ("Taro") is the market leader with approximately 43 percent market share,

Fougera has approximately 36 percent market share, Novartis has approximately 19 percent market share, and G & W has approximately 2 percent market share. The Acquisition would increase the Herfindahl-Hirschman Index concentration by 1,368 points to 4,878 points.

10. Solaraze is a branded drug sold by Fougera that is used to treat actinic keratosis. No companies currently market a generic version of the drug, diclofenac sodium gel, in the United States. Novartis is best positioned to be the first generic entrant into this market.

VI. ENTRY CONDITIONS

11. Entry into the relevant markets described in Paragraphs 5 and 6 would not be timely, likely, or sufficient in magnitude, character, and scope to deter or counteract the anticompetitive effects of the Acquisition. Entry would not take place in a timely manner because the combination of drug development times and U.S. Food and Drug Administration approval requirements are likely to take at least two years.

VII. EFFECTS OF THE ACQUISITION

- 12. The effects of the Acquisition, if consummated, may be to substantially lessen competition and to tend to create a monopoly in the relevant markets in violation of Section 7 of the Clayton Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 18, and Section 5 of the FTC Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 45, in the following ways, among others:
 - a. by eliminating actual, direct, and substantial competition between Novartis and Fougera and reducing the number of competitors in the markets for the sales of generic calcipotriene topical solution, generic lidocaine-prilocaine cream, and generic metronidazole topical gel, thereby: (1) increasing the likelihood that Novartis will be able to unilaterally exercise market power in these markets; (2) increasing the likelihood and degree of coordinated interaction between or among the remaining competitors; and (3) increasing the likelihood that customers would be forced to pay higher prices;

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b. by eliminating potential competition between Novartis and Fougera in the market for the sale of diclofenac sodium gel and reducing the number of competitors in the future, thereby: (1) increasing the likelihood that the combined entity would forego or delay the launch of a generic diclofenac sodium gel product; and (2) increasing the likelihood that the combined entity would delay or eliminate the substantial price competition that would have resulted from an additional supplier of a diclofenac sodium gel product.

VIII. VIOLATIONS CHARGED

- 13. The Acquisition Agreement described in Paragraph 4 constitutes a violation of Section 5 of the FTC Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 45.
- 14. The Acquisition described in Paragraph 4, if consummated, would constitute a violation of Section 7 of the Clayton Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 18, and Section 5 of the FTC Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 45.

WHEREFORE, THE PREMISES CONSIDERED, the Federal Trade Commission on this thirteenth day of July, 2012 issues its Complaint against said Respondent.

By the Commission.

ORDER TO MAINTAIN ASSETS

The Federal Trade Commission ("Commission"), having initiated an investigation of the proposed acquisition by Respondent Novartis AG ("Respondent") of the voting securities of Fougera Holdings Inc. ("Fougera"), and Respondent having been furnished thereafter with a copy of a draft of Complaint that the Bureau of Competition proposed to present to the Commission for its consideration and which, if issued by the Commission,

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would charge Respondent with violations of Section 7 of the Clayton Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 18, and Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 45; and

Respondent, its attorneys, and counsel for the Commission having thereafter executed an Agreement Containing Consent Orders ("Consent Agreement"), containing an admission by Respondent of all the jurisdictional facts set forth in the aforesaid draft of Complaint, a statement that the signing of said Consent Agreement is for settlement purposes only and does not constitute an admission by Respondent that the law has been violated as alleged in such Complaint, or that the facts as alleged in such Complaint, other than jurisdictional facts, are true, and waivers and other provisions as required by the Commission's Rules; and

The Commission having thereafter considered the matter and having determined to accept the executed Consent Agreement and to place such Consent Agreement on the public record for a period of thirty (30) days for the receipt and consideration of public comments, now in further conformity with the procedure described in Commission Rule 2.34, 16 C.F.R. § 2.34, the Commission hereby issues its Complaint, makes the following jurisdictional findings and issues this Order to Maintain Assets:

- 1. Respondent Novartis AG is a corporation organized, existing and doing business under and by virtue of the laws of the Swiss Confederation, with its headquarters address located at Lichtstrasse 35, Basel, Switzerland, V8 CH4056, and the address of its United States subsidiary, Novartis Corporation, located at 230 Park Avenue, New York, New York 10169.
- 2. Fougera Holdings Inc. is a corporation organized, existing and doing business under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Delaware, with its headquarters address located at 60 Baylis Road, Melville, New York, 11747. The ultimate parent entity of Fougera is Fougera S.C.A. SICAR.
- 3. The Commission has jurisdiction of the subject matter of this proceeding and of the Respondent, and the proceeding is in the public interest.

ORDER

I.

IT IS ORDERED that, as used in this Order to Maintain Assets, the following definitions and the definitions used in the Consent Agreement and the proposed Decision and Order (and when made final and effective, the Decision and Order), which are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof, shall apply:

- A. "Novartis" or "Respondent" means Novartis AG, its directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives, successors, and assigns; and its joint ventures, subsidiaries, divisions, groups and affiliates in each case controlled by Novartis AG (including, without limitation, Sandoz Inc. f.k.a. Geneva Pharmaceuticals, Inc., and Jet Merger Sub Inc.), and the respective directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives, successors, and assigns of each. After the Acquisition, Novartis shall include Fougera.
- В. "Fougera" means Fougera Holdings Inc., its directors, employees, agents, officers, representatives, successors, and assigns; and its joint ventures, subsidiaries, divisions, groups and affiliates in each case controlled by Fougera Holdings Inc. (including, without limitation, Fougera Pharmaceuticals Inc. and Nycomed US Inc.), and the respective directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives, successors, and assigns of each.
- C. "Commission" means the Federal Trade Commission.
- D. "Decision and Order" means the:
 - 1. Proposed Decision and Order contained in the Consent Agreement in this matter until the issuance of a final and effective Decision and Order by the Commission; and

- 2. Final Decision and Order issued by the Commission following the issuance and service of a final Decision and Order by the Commission in this matter.
- E. "Divestiture Product Business(es)" means the business within the United States of America of distributing, marketing, and selling each of the Divestiture Products.
- F. "Interim Monitor" means any monitor appointed pursuant to Paragraph III of this Order to Maintain Assets or Paragraph III of the Decision and Order.
- G. "New Commercialization Partner" means any Third Party(ies) designated by Tolmar to market, distribute or sell the Divestiture Products.
- H. "Orders" means the Decision and Order and this Order to Maintain Assets.
- I. "Transition Period" means, for each Marketed Divestiture Product, the period beginning on the date this Order to Maintain Assets becomes final and effective and ending, with respect to each Marketed Divestiture Product, on the earlier of the following dates: (i) the date on which Tolmar directs the Respondent to cease the distribution, marketing and sale of that Marketed Divestiture Product; or (ii) the date on which the New Commercialization Partner commences the distribution, marketing, and sale of that Marketed Divestiture Product; provided however, the Transition Period shall end not later than six (6) months from the Order Date.

II.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that from the date this Order to Maintain Assets becomes final and effective:

A. Until the end of the Transition Period, Respondent shall take such actions as are necessary to maintain the

ongoing economic viability, marketability and competitiveness of each of the related Divestiture Product Businesses, to minimize any risk of loss of competitive potential for such Divestiture Product Businesses, and to prevent the deterioration, or impairment of such Divestiture Product Businesses.

- B. Other than in the manner as prescribed in the Orders, Respondent shall not sell, transfer, encumber or otherwise impair the Divestiture Product Assets.
- C. Until the end of the Transition Period, Respondent shall maintain the operations of the Divestiture Product Businesses in the regular and ordinary course of business and in accordance with past practice and/or as may be necessary to preserve the marketability, viability, and competitiveness of such Divestiture Product Businesses and as may be necessary to facilitate the transfer of such business to the New Commercialization Partner on behalf of Tolmar. During the Transition Period, Respondent shall use its best efforts to preserve the existing relationships with the following: suppliers; vendors and distributors; the High Volume Accounts; customers; Agencies; employees; and others having business relations with each of the respective Divestiture Product Businesses. Respondent's responsibilities shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. providing each of the respective Divestiture Product Businesses with funds to operate at least at current rates of operation, to carry on, at least at their scheduled pace, all business plans, distribution, marketing and promotional activities for such Divestiture Product Businesses;
 - 2. providing such resources as may be necessary to respond to competition against each of the Marketed Divestiture Products and/or to prevent any diminution in sales of each of the Marketed Divestiture Products during the Transition Period; provided however, that in determining how to

respond to competition, including pricing decisions, Respondent shall consult with Tolmar and follow decision made by Tolmar with respect thereto:

- providing such resources as may be necessary to maintain the competitive strength and positioning of each of the Marketed Divestiture Products at the related High Volume Accounts;
- 4. providing each of the respective Divestiture Product Businesses with such funds as are necessary to maintain the ongoing economic viability, marketability and competitiveness of such Divestiture Product Business:
- 5. providing such support services to each of the respective Divestiture Product Businesses as have been provided to such businesses by Respondent (prior to Respondent's decision to make the Acquisition) under the terms of the Collaboration, Development and Supply Agreement, including without limitation:
 - a. receiving, fulfilling and processing customer orders for the Marketed Divestiture Products, consistent with past practice, including without limitation, direct order entry capability and processing;
 - b. coordinating with Tolmar on matters related to supply and demand for the Marketed Divestiture Products consistent with past practice, including without limitation, maintaining inventory levels adequate to serve the market:
 - c. providing field sales force, telemarketing staff, and distribution centers, for the Marketed Divestiture Products;

- d. coordinating with Tolmar on matters related to advertising and marketing support materials; and
- e. advising Tolmar in a timely manner of any issues that may materially or adversely affect Respondent's ability to market a Marketed Divestiture Product; and
- 6. maintaining a work force at least as equivalent in size, training, and expertise to what has been associated with the Marketed Divestiture Products for the relevant Marketed Divestiture Product's last fiscal year.
- D. During the Transition Period, Respondent, in consultation with Tolmar, for the purposes of ensuring an orderly transition to the New Commercialization Partner, shall:
 - develop and implement a detailed transition plan to ensure that the commencement of the marketing, distribution and sale of the Marketed Divestiture Products by the New Commercialization Partner is not delayed or impaired by the Respondent;
 - 2. designate employees of Respondent knowledgeable about the marketing, distribution and sale related to each of the Marketed Divestiture Products who will be responsible for communicating directly with Tolmar and/or Tolmar's New Commercialization Partner, and the Interim Monitor (if one has been appointed), for the purpose of assisting in the transfer of the Divestiture Product Businesses to the New Commercialization Partner:
 - 3. subject to delivery of sufficient levels of supply by Tolmar, maintain and manage inventory levels of the Marketed Divestiture Products in consideration of the transition;

- 4. negotiate in good faith with Tolmar and/or its New Commercialization Partner (in consultation with the Interim Monitor, if one has been appointed) to provide a non-exclusive fully paid up and royalty free license on commercially reasonable terms that are customary for the transition of product ownership Tolmar and/or its to Commercialization Partner to use Respondent's existing product packaging and/or labeling (including Respondent's corporate name(s) and logo(s)) for a period of time sufficient to allow Tolmar and/or its New Commercialization Partner to commence the distribution, marketing and sale of that Divestiture Product (including without limitation, obtaining the authorization by the FDA of new product labeling and/or packaging for each of the Marketed Divestiture Products); provided however, nothing in this sub-paragraph shall require that Respondent and Tolmar and/or its New Commercialization Partner enter into such a license if Respondent negotiates in good faith as required above but notwithstanding such good faith negotiations, the parties are unable to agree to acceptable terms and conditions for such a license;
- 5. continue to market, distribute and sell the Marketed Divestiture Product on behalf of Tolmar;
- 6. ensure that all Confidential Business Information is delivered to Tolmar:
 - a. in good faith;
 - b. in a timely manner, *i.e.*, as soon as practicable, avoiding any delays in transmission of the respective information; and
 - c. in a manner that ensures its completeness and accuracy and that fully preserves its usefulness;
- 7. allow Tolmar access at reasonable business hours to all such Confidential Business Information and

employees who possess or are able to locate such information for the purposes of identifying the books, records, and files directly related to the Divestiture Products that contain such Confidential Business Information pending the complete delivery of such Confidential Business Information to Tolmar;

- 8. establish projected time lines for accomplishing all tasks necessary to effect the transition in an efficient and timely manner;
- 9. provide Tolmar with a listing of the inventory levels (weeks of supply) for each customer on a regular basis and in a timely manner;
- 10. provide Tolmar with anticipated reorder dates for each customer on a regular basis and in a timely manner; and
- 11. enter into any agreements with Tolmar and/or its New Commercialization Partner, on customary and commercially reasonable terms for the type of transaction or arrangement, to the extent such agreements are necessary to effectuate the foregoing.

E. During the Transition Period, Respondent shall:

- 1. not use, directly or indirectly, any such Confidential Business Information related to the research, Development, manufacturing, marketing, or sale of the Divestiture Products other than as necessary to comply with the following:
 - a. the requirements of this Order;
 - b. Respondent's obligations to Tolmar under the terms of any related Remedial Agreement; or
 - c. applicable Law;

- 2. not disclose or convey any Confidential Business Information, directly or indirectly, to any Person except Tolmar or other Persons specifically authorized by Tolmar to receive such information;
- 3. not provide, disclose or otherwise make available, directly or indirectly, any Confidential Business Information related to the marketing or sales of the Marketed Divestiture Products to Respondent's employees responsible for making pricing decisions related to those Retained Products that are prescription pharmaceuticals for the treatment of the same disease as the Marketed Divestiture Products; and
- 4. not provide, disclose or otherwise make available, directly or indirectly, any Confidential Business Information related to the research, Development, manufacture, marketing, commercialization, importation, exportation, cost, supply, sales, sales support, or use of each of the Development Divestiture Product to any of Respondent's employees that (i) prior to the Acquisition, were employees or agents of Fougera, or (ii) are responsible for making business decisions related those Retained Products that that are prescription pharmaceuticals for the treatment of the same disease as the Development Divestiture Product:

provided, however, that the restrictions contained in this Order to Maintain Assets regarding Respondent's use, conveyance, provision, disclosure of "Confidential Business Information" shall not apply to the following: (i) oral antibiotics; (ii) information that subsequently falls within the public domain through no violation of this Order or breach of confidentiality or non-disclosure agreement with respect to such information by the Respondent; (iii) information that is required by Law or rules of an applicable stock exchange to be publicly disclosed; (iv) information specifically excluded from the

Divestiture Product Assets; and (v) all intellectual property licensed on a non-exclusive basis to Tolmar and/or its New Commercialization Partner.

- F. Not later than thirty (30) days from the date that this Order to Maintain Assets becomes final and effective, Respondent shall provide to all of Respondent's employees and other personnel who may have access to Confidential Business Information related to the Divestiture Products notification of the restrictions on the use of such information by Respondent's personnel. Respondent shall give such notification by e-mail with return receipt requested or similar transmission, and keep a file of such receipts for one (1) year after the date this Order to Maintain Assets is issued by the Commission to become final and effective. Respondent shall provide a copy of such notification to Tolmar. Respondent shall maintain complete records of all such agreements Respondent's registered office within the United States and shall provide an officer's certification to the Commission stating that such acknowledgment program has been implemented and is being complied with. Respondent shall provide Tolmar with copies of all certifications, notifications and reminders sent to Respondent's personnel.
- G. Respondent shall monitor the implementation by its employees and other personnel of all applicable restrictions, and take corrective actions for the failure of such employees and personnel to comply with such restrictions or to furnish the written agreements and acknowledgments required by this Order to Maintain Assets. Respondent shall provide Tolmar with copies of all certifications, notifications and reminders sent to Respondent's employees and other personnel.
- H. Respondent shall adhere to and abide by the Remedial Agreements (which agreements shall not limit or contradict, or be construed to limit or contradict, the terms of the Orders, it being understood that nothing in the Orders shall be construed to reduce any obligations

of Respondent to Tolmar under such agreement(s)), which are incorporated by reference into this Order to Maintain Assets and made a part hereof.

- I. The purpose of this Order to Maintain Assets is to maintain the ongoing economic viability, marketability and competitiveness of the Divestiture Product Businesses within the Geographic Territory through the Transition Period, to minimize any risk of loss of competitive potential for the Divestiture Product Businesses within the Geographic
- J. Territory, and to prevent the destruction, deterioration, or impairment of any of the Divestiture Assets.

III.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that:

- A. At any time after Respondent signs the Consent Agreement in this matter, the Commission may appoint a monitor ("Interim Monitor") to assure that Respondent expeditiously complies with all of its obligations and performs all of its responsibilities as required by the Orders and the Remedial Agreements.
- B. The Commission shall select the Interim Monitor, subject to the consent of Respondent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Respondent has not opposed, in writing, including the reasons for opposing, the selection of a proposed Interim Monitor within ten (10) days after notice by the staff of the Commission to Respondent of the identity of any proposed Interim Monitor, Respondent shall be deemed to have consented to the selection of the proposed Interim Monitor.
- C. Not later than ten (10) days after the appointment of the Interim Monitor, Respondent shall execute an agreement that, subject to the prior approval of the Commission, confers on the Interim Monitor all the rights and powers necessary to permit the Interim

Monitor to monitor Respondent's compliance with the relevant requirements of the Orders in a manner consistent with the purposes of the Orders.

- D. If an Interim Monitor is appointed, Respondent shall consent to the following terms and conditions regarding the powers, duties, authorities, and responsibilities of the Interim Monitor:
 - 1. The Interim Monitor shall have the power and authority to monitor Respondent's compliance with the divestiture and asset maintenance obligations and related requirements of the Orders, and shall exercise such power and authority and carry out the duties and responsibilities of the Interim Monitor in a manner consistent with the purposes of the Orders and in consultation with the Commission.
 - 2. The Interim Monitor shall act in a fiduciary capacity for the benefit of the Commission.
 - 3. The Interim Monitor shall serve until the end of the Transition Period; *provided, however,* that, the Interim Monitor's service shall not exceed one (1) year from the Order Date; *provided, further,* that the Commission may extend or modify this period as may be necessary or appropriate to accomplish the purposes of the Orders.
 - 4. Subject to any demonstrated legally recognized privilege, the Interim Monitor shall have full and complete access to Respondent's personnel, books, documents, records kept in the ordinary course of business, facilities and technical information, and such other relevant information as the Interim Monitor may reasonably request, related to Respondent's compliance with its obligations under the Orders, including, but not limited to, its obligations related to the relevant assets. Respondent shall cooperate with any reasonable request of the Interim Monitor and shall take no

action to interfere with or impede the Interim Monitor's ability to monitor Respondent's compliance with the Orders.

- 5. The Interim Monitor shall serve, without bond or other security, at the expense of Respondent, on such reasonable and customary terms conditions as the Commission may set. The Interim Monitor shall have authority to employ, at the expense of Respondent, such consultants, accountants, attorneys and other representatives and assistants as are reasonably necessary to carry Interim Monitor's duties out the and responsibilities.
- 6. Respondent shall indemnify the Interim Monitor and hold the Interim Monitor harmless against any losses, claims, damages, liabilities, or expenses arising out of, or in connection with, the performance of the Interim Monitor's duties, including all reasonable fees of counsel and other reasonable expenses incurred in connection with the preparations for, or defense of, any claim, whether or not resulting in any liability, except to the extent that such losses, claims, damages, liabilities, or expenses result from gross negligence, willful or wanton acts, or bad faith by the Interim Monitor.
- 7. Respondent shall report to the Interim Monitor in accordance with the requirements of the Orders and as otherwise provided in any agreement approved by the Commission. The Interim Monitor shall evaluate the reports submitted to the Interim Monitor by Respondent, and any reports submitted by the Acquirer with respect to the performance of Respondent's obligations under the Orders or the Remedial Agreement(s). Within thirty (30) days from the date the Interim Monitor receives these reports, the Interim Monitor shall report in writing to the Commission concerning

performance by Respondent of its obligations under the Orders.

- 8. Respondent may require the Interim Monitor and each of the Interim Monitor's consultants, accountants, attorneys and other representatives and assistants to sign a customary confidentiality agreement; *provided, however*, that such agreement shall not restrict the Interim Monitor from providing any information to the Commission.
- E. The Commission may, among other things, require the Interim Monitor and each of the Interim Monitor's consultants, accountants, attorneys and other representatives and assistants to sign an appropriate confidentiality agreement related to Commission materials and information received in connection with the performance of the Interim Monitor's duties.
- F. If the Commission determines that the Interim Monitor has ceased to act or failed to act diligently, the Commission may appoint a substitute Interim Monitor in the same manner as provided in this Paragraph.
- G. The Commission may on its own initiative, or at the request of the Interim Monitor, issue such additional orders or directions as may be necessary or appropriate to assure compliance with the requirements of the Orders.
- H. The Interim Monitor appointed pursuant to this Order to Maintain Assets may be the same person appointed as a Divestiture Trustee pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Decision and Order.

IV.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that within thirty (30) days after the date this Order to Maintain Assets is issued by the Commission to become final and effective, and every thirty (30) days thereafter until the end of the Transition Period, Respondent shall submit to the Commission a verified written report setting

forth in detail the manner and form in which it intends to comply, is complying, and has complied with the Orders. Respondent shall submit at the same time a copy of its report concerning compliance with this Order to the Interim Monitor, if any Interim Monitor has been appointed. Respondent shall include in its reports, among other things that are required from time to time, a detailed description of the efforts being made to comply with the relevant paragraphs of the Orders, including a detailed description of all substantive contacts, negotiations, or recommendations related to the transitional services being provided by the Respondent to Tolmar and/or the New Commercialization Partner, and a detailed description the timing for the completion of such obligations.

Provided, however, that, after the Decision and Order in this matter becomes final and effective, the reports due under this Order to Maintain Assets may be consolidated with, and submitted to the Commission at the same time as, the reports required to be submitted by Respondent pursuant to Paragraph VI of the Decision and Order.

V.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent shall notify the Commission at least thirty (30) days prior to:

- A. any proposed dissolution of the Respondent;
- B. any proposed acquisition, merger or consolidation of the Respondent; or
- C. any other change in the Respondent including, but not limited to, assignment and the creation or dissolution of subsidiaries, if such change might affect compliance obligations arising out of the Orders.

VI.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, for purposes of determining or securing compliance with this Order, and subject to any legally recognized privilege, and upon written request and upon five (5) days notice to the Respondent made to its principal

United States offices, registered office of its United States subsidiary, or its headquarters address, the Respondent shall, without restraint or interference, permit any duly authorized representative of the Commission:

- A. access, during business office hours of the Respondent and in the presence of counsel, to all facilities and access to inspect and copy all books, ledgers, accounts, correspondence, memoranda and all other records and documents in the possession or under the control of the Respondent related to compliance with this Order, which copying services shall be provided by the Respondent at the request of the authorized representative(s) of the Commission and at the expense of the Respondent; and
- B. to interview officers, directors, or employees of the Respondent, who may have counsel present, regarding such matters.

VII.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Order to Maintain Assets shall terminate on the earlier of:

- A. Three (3) days after the Commission withdraws its acceptance of the Consent Agreement pursuant to the provisions of Commission Rule 2.34, 16 C.F.R. § 2.34; or
- B. The day after the end of the Transition Period and the Interim Monitor, in consultation with Commission staff and Tolmar, notifies the Commission that all transitional services related to the Marketed Divestiture Products have been completed by the Respondent, or the Commission otherwise directs that this Order to Maintain Assets is terminated.

DECISION AND ORDER [Redacted Public Version]

The Federal Trade Commission ("Commission"), having initiated an investigation of the proposed acquisition by Respondent Novartis AG ("Respondent") of the voting securities of Fougera Holdings Inc. ("Fougera"), and Respondent having been furnished thereafter with a copy of a draft of Complaint that the Bureau of Competition proposed to present to the Commission for its consideration and which, if issued by the Commission, would charge Respondent with violations of Section 7 of the Clayton Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 18, and Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 45; and

Respondent, its attorneys, and counsel for the Commission having thereafter executed an Agreement Containing Consent Orders ("Consent Agreement"), containing an admission by Respondent of all the jurisdictional facts set forth in the aforesaid draft of Complaint, a statement that the signing of said Consent Agreement is for settlement purposes only and does not constitute an admission by Respondent that the law has been violated as alleged in such Complaint, or that the facts as alleged in such Complaint, other than jurisdictional facts, are true, and waivers and other provisions as required by the Commission's Rules; and

The Commission having thereafter considered the matter and having determined that it had reason to believe that Respondent has violated the said Acts, and that a Complaint should issue stating its charges in that respect, and having thereupon issued its Complaint and an Order to Maintain Assets, and having accepted the executed Consent Agreement and placed such Consent Agreement on the public record for a period of thirty (30) days for the receipt and consideration of public comments, now in further conformity with the procedure described in Commission Rule 2.34, 16 C.F.R. § 2.34, the Commission hereby makes the following jurisdictional findings and issues the following Decision and Order ("Order"):

1. Respondent Novartis AG is a corporation organized, existing and doing business under and by virtue of the laws of the Swiss Confederation, with its headquarters address located at Lichtstrasse 35, Basel, Switzerland,

V8 CH4056, and the address of its United States subsidiary, Novartis Corporation, located at 230 Park Avenue, New York, New York 10169.

- 2. Fougera Holdings Inc. is a corporation organized, existing and doing business under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Delaware, with its headquarters address located at 60 Baylis Road, Melville, New York, 11747. The ultimate parent entity of Fougera Holdings Inc. is Fougera S.C.A. SICAR.
- 3. The Commission has jurisdiction of the subject matter of this proceeding and of the Respondent, and the proceeding is in the public interest.

ORDER

I.

IT IS ORDERED that, as used in the Order, the following definitions shall apply:

- A. "Novartis" or "Respondent" means Novartis AG, its directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives, successors, and assigns; and its joint ventures, subsidiaries, divisions, groups and affiliates in each case controlled by Novartis AG (including, without limitation, Sandoz Inc. f.k.a. Geneva Pharmaceuticals, Inc., and Jet Merger Sub Inc.), and the respective directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives, successors, and assigns of each. After the Acquisition, Novartis shall include Fougera.
- В. "Fougera" means Fougera Holdings Inc., its directors, officers. employees, agents, representatives, successors, and assigns; and its joint ventures, subsidiaries, divisions, groups and affiliates in each case controlled by Fougera Holdings Inc. (including, without limitation, Fougera Pharmaceuticals Inc. and Nycomed US Inc.), and the respective directors, officers, employees, representatives, agents, successors, and assigns of each.

- C. "Commission" means the Federal Trade Commission.
- D. "Acquirer(s)" means the following:
 - 1. a Person specified by name in this Order to acquire particular assets or rights that the Respondent is required to assign, grant, license, divest, transfer, deliver, or otherwise convey pursuant to this Order and that has been approved by the Commission to accomplish the requirements of this Order in connection with the Commission's determination to make this Order final and effective; or
 - 2. a Person approved by the Commission to acquire particular assets or rights that the Respondent is required to assign, grant, license, divest, transfer, deliver, or otherwise convey pursuant to this Order.
- E. "Acquisition" means Respondent's acquisition of fifty percent (50%) or more of the voting securities of Fougera. The Acquisition is contemplated by the Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among Sandoz Inc., Jet Merger Sub Inc., and Fougera Holdings Inc., dated as of May 1, 2012, submitted to the Commission.
- F. "Acquisition Date" means the date on which the Acquisition is consummated.
- G. "Agency(ies)" means any government regulatory authority or authorities in the world responsible for granting approval(s), clearance(s), qualification(s), license(s), or permit(s) for any aspect of the research, Development, manufacture, marketing, distribution, or sale of a Product. The term "Agency" includes, without limitation, the United States Food and Drug Administration ("FDA").
- H. "Application(s)" means all of the following: "New Drug Application" ("NDA"), "Abbreviated New Drug Application" ("ANDA"), "Supplemental New Drug Application" ("SNDA"), or "Marketing Authorization"

Application" ("MAA"), the applications for a Product filed or to be filed with the FDA pursuant to 21 C.F.R. Part 314 et seq., and all supplements, amendments, and revisions thereto, any preparatory work, drafts and data necessary for the preparation thereof, and all correspondence between the Respondent and the FDA related thereto. The term "Application" also includes an "Investigational New Drug Application" ("IND") filed or to be filed with the FDA pursuant to 21 C.F.R. Part 312, and all supplements, amendments, and revisions thereto, any preparatory work, drafts and data necessary for the preparation thereof, and all correspondence between the Respondent and the FDA related thereto.

- I. "Collaboration, Development, and Supply Agreement" means the Collaboration, Development, and Supply Agreement between Atrix Laboratories, Inc., and Geneva Pharmaceuticals, Inc., dated August 28, 2000, and the following amendments to the Collaboration and Development and Supply Agreement:
 - 1. Amendment No. 1, effective July 17, 2003;
 - 2. Amendment No. 2, effective November 11, 2004;
 - 3. Amendment No. 3, effective March 15, 2007;
 - 4. Amendment No. 4, effective February 28, 2012; and
 - 5. the amendments thereto that constitute the Divestiture Product Agreements.

The Collaboration, Development, and Supply Agreement is contained in Non-Public Appendix A attached to this Order.

J. "Clinical Trial(s)" means a controlled study in humans of the safety or efficacy of a Product, and includes, without limitation, such clinical trials as are designed to support expanded labeling or to satisfy the

requirements of an Agency in connection with any Product Approval and any other human study used in research and Development of a Product.

- K. "Confidential Business Information" means all information owned by, or in the possession or control of, the Respondent that is not in the public domain and that is directly related to the research, Development, manufacture. marketing. commercialization. importation, exportation, cost, supply, sales, sales support, or use of each of the Divestiture Products. term "Confidential Business Information" excludes (i) information relating to the Respondent's general business strategies or practices relating to research, Development, manufacture, marketing, or sales of Products that does not discuss with particularity the Divestiture Products, (ii) information that is protected by the attorney work product, attorney-client, joint defense or other privilege prepared in connection with the Acquisition and relating to any United States, state, or foreign antitrust or competition Laws, and (iii) information that is contained in documents, records, or books of the Respondent provided to the Acquirer by the Respondent that is unrelated to the Divestiture Products or that is exclusively related to Retained Product(s).
- L. "Development" means all preclinical and clinical drug development activities (including formulation), including test method development and stability testing, toxicology, formulation, process development, manufacturing scale-up, development-stage manufacturing, quality assurance/quality control development, statistical analysis and report writing, conducting Clinical Trials for the purpose of obtaining any and all approvals, licenses, registrations or authorizations from any Agency necessary for the manufacture, use, storage, import, export, transport, promotion, marketing, and sale of a Product (including any government price or reimbursement approvals),

Product approval and registration, and regulatory affairs related to the foregoing. "Develop" means to engage in Development.

- M. "Development Divestiture Product" means the following Product Developed or in Development: Tolmar's gel containing 3% diclofenac sodium and any such Product that is the subject of ANDA No. 20-936.
- N. "Development Divestiture Product Patents" means the following United States Patents:
 - 1. U.S. Patent No. 5,639,738;
 - 2. U.S. Patent No. 5,852,002;
 - 3. U.S. Patent No. 5,929,048;
 - 4. U.S. Patent No. 5,792,753;
 - 5. U.S. Patent No. 5,985,850; and
 - 6. U.S. Patent No. 5,914,322.
- O. "Divestiture Product Agreements" mean:
 - 1. Amendment No. 5 to the Collaboration, Development, and Supply Agreement; and,
 - 2. Amendment No. 6 to the Collaboration, Development, and Supply Agreement, dated as of July 5, 2012.

The Divestiture Product Agreements are contained in Non-Public Appendix A attached to this Order.

- P. "Divestiture Product Assets" means, the following:
 - 1. for each Divestiture Product, all of Respondent's rights to import, Develop, manufacture, process, commercialize, distribute, sell, advertise, market, promote, out-license, or offer for sale, any of the

Divestiture Products. Such rights include, without limitation, all of the foregoing rights acquired or held by Respondent as a result of the Collaboration, Development, and Supply Agreement and all rights to any and all improvements to the Divestiture Products;

- 2. a perpetual, non-exclusive, fully paid-up and royalty-free license(s) with rights to sublicense under the Development Divestiture Product Patents to research, Develop, manufacture, distribute, market, sell, store and transport the Development Divestiture Product within the United States:
- 3. rights to require the Respondent to withdraw from, seek the dismissal (with prejudice) of, and not participate in, any existing patent infringement litigation related to the Development Divestiture Product in which the Respondent is a party and that is directed against Tolmar or any Divestiture Product Releasee and rights to prohibit Respondent from providing assistance to any party adverse to Tolmar in any existing or future patent infringement litigation related to the Development Divestiture Product;
- 4. all rights to all Product Marketing Materials related to each Divestiture Product;
- 5. all rights to all Website(s) related exclusively to each Divestiture Product;
- all content related exclusively to each Divestiture Product that is displayed on any Website that is not dedicated exclusively to the specified Divestiture Product:
- 7. rights, to the extent permitted by Law:
 - a. to require Respondent to discontinue the use of the NDC Numbers related to each Divestiture Product in the sale or marketing of the

specified Divestiture Product *except* for returns, rebates, allowances, and adjustments for such Product sold prior to the end of the Transition Period and *except* as may be required by applicable Law;

- b. to prohibit Respondent from seeking from any customer any type of cross-referencing of those NDC Numbers with any Retained Product(s) *except* for returns, rebates, allowances, and adjustments for such Product sold prior to the end of the Transition Period and *except* as may be required by applicable Law;
- c. to approve the timing of Respondent's discontinued use of those NDC Numbers in the sale or marketing of such Divestiture Product except for returns, rebates, allowances, and adjustments for such Divestiture Product sold prior to the end of the Transition Period and except as may be required by applicable Law; and
- d. to approve any notification(s) from Respondent to any customer(s) regarding the use or discontinued use of such NDC numbers by the Respondent prior to such notification(s) being disseminated to the customer(s);
- 8. a list of all customers and targeted customers for each Divestiture Product and, the following:
 - a. a listing of the net sales (in either units or dollars) of the Divestiture Product to such customers on either an annual, quarterly, or monthly basis including, but not limited to, a separate list specifying the above-described information for the High Volume Accounts and including the name of the employee(s) for each High Volume Account that is or has been responsible for the purchase of the Divestiture

Product on behalf of the High Volume Account and his or her business contact information;

- a listing of the inventory levels (weeks of supply) for each customer as of the date the Order to Maintain Assets is issued to become final and effective; and
- c. anticipated reorder dates for each customer as of the date the Order to Maintain Assets is issued to become final and effective.
- 9. at the option of Tolmar, copies of all unfilled customer purchase orders for the specified Divestiture Product at any date during the Transition Period;
- 10. at the option of Tolmar, all unfilled customer purchase orders for the specified Divestiture Product; and
- 11. copies of all of the Respondent's books, records, and files directly related to the foregoing;

provided, however, that "Divestiture Product Assets" shall not include: (i) documents relating to the Respondent's general business strategies or practices relating to research, Development, manufacture, marketing or sales of generic pharmaceutical Products, where such documents do not discuss with particularity the Divestiture Product(s); (ii) administrative, financial, and accounting records; (iii) quality control records that are determined by the Interim Monitor or Tolmar not to be material to the marketing, distribution or sale of the specified Divestiture Product; (iv) formulas used to determine the final pricing of any Divestiture Product and/or Retained Products to customers; (v) competitively sensitive pricing information to the extent that it is related to the Retained Products; (vi) rights to the corporate names or corporate trade dress "Novartis" or "Sandoz", or the related corporate logos

thereof, or the corporate names or corporate trade dress of any other corporations or companies owned or controlled by Respondent or the related corporate logos thereof, or general registered images or symbols by which Novartis or Sandoz can be identified or defined; and (vii) information that is contained in documents, records, or books of the Respondent provided to the Acquirer by the Respondent that is unrelated to the Divestiture Products or that is exclusively related to Retained Product(s);

provided further, however, the Respondent shall provide Tolmar access to original documents under circumstances where copies of documents are insufficient for evidentiary or regulatory purposes and Respondent may require Tolmar to enter into an agreement to return such original documents under terms that are customary and reasonable for such purposes.

- Q. "Divestiture Product(s)" means the Marketed Divestiture Products and the Development Divestiture Product, individually and collectively.
- R. "Divestiture Product Releasee(s)" means the following Persons:
 - 1. Tolmar;
 - 2. any Person controlled by or under common control with Tolmar; and
 - 3. any licensees, sublicensees, manufacturers, suppliers, distributors, and customers of that Tolmar, or of such Acquirer-affiliated entities, including, without limitation, the New Commercialization Partner.
- S. "Divestiture Trustee" means the trustee appointed by the Commission pursuant to the relevant provisions of this Order.

- T. "Domain Name" means the domain name(s) (universal resource locators), and registration(s) thereof, issued by any Person or authority that issues and maintains the domain name registration.
- U. "Geographic Territory" shall mean the United States of America, including all of its territories and possessions, unless otherwise specified.
- V. "Government Entity" means any Federal, state, local or non-U.S. government, or any court, legislature, government agency, or government commission, or any judicial or regulatory authority of any government.
- W. "High Volume Account(s)" means any retailer, wholesaler or distributor whose annual aggregate purchase volumes, in units or in dollars, of a Marketed Divestiture Product from Respondent were among the largest customers of the Respondent for that Marketed Divestiture Product in the United States of America and which customers, when aggregated together, represent at least 80% of Respondent's sales of that Marketed Divestiture Product during 2011.
- X. "Interim Monitor" means any monitor appointed pursuant to Paragraph III of this Order or Paragraph III of the related Order to Maintain Assets.
- Y. "Law" means all laws, statutes, rules, regulations, ordinances, and other pronouncements by any Government Entity having the effect of law.
- Z. "Marketed Divestiture Products" means all Products marketed, distributed, or sold, pursuant to the following ANDAs:
 - 1. No. A077029, and any supplements, amendments, or revisions thereto (Calcipotriene Topical Solution);

- No. A076320, and any supplements, amendments, or revisions thereto (Lidocaine/Prilocaine Cream); and
- 3. No. A077547, and any supplements, amendments, or revisions thereto (Metronidazole Topical Gel).
- AA. "NDC Numbers" means the National Drug Code numbers, including both the labeler code assigned by the FDA and the additional numbers assigned by an Application holder as a product code for a specific Product.
- BB. "New Commercialization Partner" means any Third Party(ies) designated by Tolmar to market, distribute or sell the Divestiture Products.
- CC. "Order Date" means the date on which this Decision and Order is issued by the Commission to become final and effective.
- DD. "Order to Maintain Assets" means the Order to Maintain Assets incorporated into and made a part of the Agreement Containing Consent Orders.
- EE. "Patent(s)" means all patents, patent applications, including provisional patent applications, invention disclosures, certificates of invention and applications for certificates of invention and statutory invention registrations, in each case existing as of the Acquisition Date (except where this Order specifies a different time), and includes all reissues, additions, divisions. continuations. continuations-in-part, supplementary protection certificates, extensions and reexaminations thereof, all inventions disclosed therein, and all rights therein provided by international treaties and conventions, related to any Product of or owned by the Respondent as of the Acquisition Date (except where this Order specifies a different time).
- FF. "Person" means any individual, partnership, joint venture, firm, corporation, association, trust,

unincorporated organization, or other business or Government Entity, and any subsidiaries, divisions, groups or affiliates thereof.

- GG. "Product(s)" means any pharmaceutical, biological, or genetic composition containing any formulation or dosage of a compound referenced as its pharmaceutically, biologically, or genetically active ingredient and/or that is the subject of an Application.
- HH. "Product Approval(s)" means any approvals, registrations, permits, licenses. consents. authorizations, and other approvals, and pending applications and requests therefor, required by applicable Agencies related to the research, Development, manufacture, distribution, finishing, packaging, marketing, sale, storage or transport of the Product within the United States of America, and includes, without limitation, all approvals, registrations, licenses or authorizations granted in connection with any Application.
- II. "Product Marketing Materials" means all marketing materials used specifically in the marketing or sale of the specified Marketed Divestiture Product in the Geographic Territory pursuant to the Collaboration, Development and Supply Agreement, including, without limitation, all advertising materials, training materials, product data, mailing lists, sales materials (e.g., detailing reports, vendor lists, sales data), marketing information (e.g., competitor information, research data, market intelligence reports, statistical programs (if any) used for marketing and sales research), customer information (including customer net purchase information to be provided on the basis of either dollars and/or units for each month, quarter or year), sales forecasting models, educational materials, and advertising and display materials, speaker lists, promotional and marketing materials, Website content and advertising and display materials, artwork for the production of packaging components, television

masters and other similar materials related to the specified Divestiture Product.

JJ. "Product Trademark(s)" means all proprietary names or designations, trademarks, service marks, trade names, and brand names, including registrations and applications for registration therefor (and all renewals, modifications, and extensions thereof) and all common law rights, and the goodwill symbolized thereby and associated therewith, for the specified Divestiture Product(s).

KK. "Remedial Agreement(s)" means the following:

- 1. any agreement between the Respondent and an Acquirer that is specifically referenced and attached to this Order, including all amendments, exhibits, attachments, agreements, and schedules thereto, related to the relevant assets or rights to be assigned, granted, licensed, divested, transferred, delivered, or otherwise conveyed, including without limitation, (i) any agreement to supply specified products or components thereof, or (ii) any agreement to provide transitional services related to the business being transferred to the Acquirer, and that has been approved by the Commission to accomplish the requirements of the Order in connection with the Commission's determination to make this Order final and effective;
- 2. any agreement between the Respondent and a Third Party to effect the assignment of assets or rights of the Respondent related to a Divestiture Product to the benefit of an Acquirer that is specifically referenced and attached to this Order, including all amendments, exhibits, attachments, agreements, and schedules thereto, that has been approved by the Commission to accomplish the requirements of the Order in connection with the Commission's determination to make this Order final and effective;

- 3. any agreement between the Respondent and an Acquirer (or between a Divestiture Trustee and an Acquirer) that has been approved by the Commission to accomplish the requirements of this Order. including all amendments, attachments, agreements, and schedules thereto, related to the relevant assets or rights to be assigned, granted, licensed, divested, transferred, delivered, or otherwise conveyed, including without limitation, (i) any agreement to supply specified products or components thereof, or (ii) any agreement to provide transitional services related to the business being transferred to the Acquirer, and that has been approved by the Commission to accomplish the requirements of this Order; and/or
- 4. any agreement between the Respondent and a Third Party to effect the assignment of assets or rights of the Respondent related to a Divestiture Product to the benefit of an Acquirer that has been approved by the Commission to accomplish the requirements of this Order, including all amendments, exhibits, attachments, agreements, and schedules thereto.
- LL. "Retained Product" means any Product(s) of Respondent other than a Divestiture Product, including any such Product(s) acquired by the Respondent as a result of the Acquisition.
- MM. "Third Party(ies)" means any non-governmental Person other than the following: the Respondent; or, Tolmar.
- NN. "Tolmar" means Tolmar Inc., a corporation organized, existing and doing business under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Delaware, with its headquarters address located at 701 Centre Avenue, Fort Collins, Colorado 80526. Tolmar was formerly known as Atrix Laboratories, Inc., the party to the Collaboration, Development and Supply Agreement.

- OO. "Transition Period" means, for each Marketed Divestiture Product, the period beginning on the date the Order to Maintain Assets becomes final and effective and ending, with respect to each Marketed Divestiture Product, on the earlier of the following dates: (i) the date on which Tolmar directs the Respondent to cease the distribution, marketing and sale of that Marketed Divestiture Product; or (ii) the date on which the New Commercialization Partner commences the distribution, marketing, and sale of that Marketed Divestiture Product; provided however, the Transition Period shall end not later than six (6) months from the Order Date.
- PP. "Website" means the content of the Website(s) located at the Domain Names, the Domain Names, and all copyrights in such Website(s), to the extent owned by the Respondent; *provided, however,* "Website" shall not include the following: (1) content owned by Third Parties and other Product Intellectual Property not owned by the Respondent that are incorporated in such Website(s), such as stock photographs used in the Website(s), *except* to the extent that the Respondent can convey its rights, if any, therein; or (2) content unrelated to any of the Divestiture Products.

II.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that:

A. Not later than the earlier of: (i) ten (10) days after the Acquisition Date or (ii) ten (10) days after the Order Date, Respondent shall divest the Divestiture Product Assets (to the extent that such assets are not already owned, controlled or in the possession of Tolmar), absolutely and in good faith, to Tolmar pursuant to, and in accordance with, the Divestiture Product Agreements (which agreements shall not limit or contradict, or be construed to limit or contradict, the terms of this Order, it being understood that this Order shall not be construed to reduce any rights or benefits of Tolmar or to reduce any obligations of Respondent

under such agreements), and each such agreement, if it becomes a Remedial Agreement related to the Divestiture Product Assets is incorporated by reference into this Order and made a part hereof;

provided, however, that if Respondent has divested the Divestiture Product Assets to Tolmar prior to the Order Date, and if, at the time the Commission determines to make this Order final and effective, the Commission notifies Respondent that the manner in which the divestiture was accomplished is not acceptable, the Commission may direct Respondent, or appoint a Divestiture Trustee, to effect such modifications to the manner of divestiture of the Divestiture Product Assets to Tolmar (including, but not limited to, entering into additional agreements or arrangements) as the Commission may determine are necessary to satisfy the requirements of this Order.

B. Prior to the Acquisition Date, Respondent shall secure all consents and waivers from all Third Parties that are necessary to permit Respondent to divest the Divestiture Product Assets to Tolmar; *provided, however*, Respondent may satisfy this requirement by certifying that Tolmar has executed all such agreements directly with each of the relevant Third Parties.

C. Respondent shall:

- 1. submit to Tolmar, at Respondent's expense, all Confidential Business Information;
- 2. deliver all Confidential Business Information to Tolmar:
 - a. in good faith;
 - b. in a timely manner, *i.e.*, as soon as practicable, avoiding any delays in transmission of the respective information; and

- c. in a manner that ensures its completeness and accuracy and that fully preserves its usefulness;
- 3. pending complete delivery of all such Confidential Business Information to Tolmar, provide Tolmar and the Interim Monitor (if any has been appointed) with access at reasonable business hours all such Confidential **Business** to Information and employees who possess or are able to locate such information for the purposes of identifying the books, records, and files that contain Confidential Business Information and facilitating the delivery in a manner consistent with this Order;
- 4. not use, directly or indirectly, any such Confidential Business Information other than as necessary to comply with the following:
 - a. the requirements of this Order;
 - b. Respondent's obligations to Tolmar under the terms of any related Remedial Agreement; or
 - c. applicable Law;
- except as otherwise permitted by the Orders, not disclose or convey any Confidential Business Information, directly or indirectly, to any Person except Tolmar or other Persons specifically authorized by Tolmar to receive such information;
- 6. not provide, disclose or otherwise make available, directly or indirectly, any Confidential Business Information related to the marketing or sales of the Marketed Divestiture Products to Respondent's employees responsible for making pricing decisions related to those Retained Products that are prescription pharmaceuticals for the treatment of the same disease as the Marketed Divestiture Products; and

7. not provide, disclose or otherwise make available, directly or indirectly, any Confidential Business Information related to the research, Development, marketing, commercialization, manufacture, importation, exportation, cost, supply, sales, sales support, or use of each of the Development Divestiture Product to any of Respondent's employees that (i) prior to the Acquisition, were employees or agents of Fougera, or (ii) are responsible for making business decisions related to those Retained Products that that are prescription pharmaceuticals for the treatment of the same disease as the Development Divestiture Product:

provided, however, that the restrictions contained in regarding the Respondent's this Order conveyance, provision, or disclosure of "Confidential Business Information" shall not apply to the following: (i) oral antibiotics; (ii) information that subsequently falls within the public domain through no violation of this Order or breach of confidentiality or nondisclosure agreement with respect to such information by the Respondent; (iii) information that is required by Law or rules of an applicable stock exchange to be publicly disclosed; (iv) information specifically excluded from the Divestiture Product Assets; and (v) all intellectual property licensed on a non-exclusive basis to Tolmar.

D. Respondent shall require that each of Respondent's employees that has had access to Confidential Business Information within the one (1) year period prior to the Acquisition Date sign a confidentiality agreement pursuant to which that employee shall be required to maintain all Confidential Business Information related to the Divestiture Products as strictly confidential, including the nondisclosure of that information to all other employees, executives or other personnel of Respondent (other than as necessary to comply with the requirements of the Orders).

E. Not later than thirty (30) days after the Acquisition Date, Respondent shall provide written notification of the restrictions on the use and disclosure of the Confidential Business Information related to the Divestiture Products by Respondent's personnel to all of Respondent's employees who are covered by Paragraph II.C.6 and II.C.7. Respondent shall give the above-described notification by e-mail with return receipt requested or similar transmission, and keep a file of those receipts for one (1) year after the date the Order to Maintain Assets is issued by the Commission Respondent shall to become final and effective. provide a copy of the notification to Tolmar. Respondent shall maintain complete records of all such notifications at Respondent's registered office within the United States and shall provide an officer's certification to the Commission stating that the acknowledgment program has been implemented and is being complied with. Respondent shall provide Tolmar with copies of all certifications, notifications and reminders sent to Respondent's personnel.

F. Respondent shall:

- 1. until the end of the Transition Period, take such actions with respect to the marketing, sales or distribution of the Marketed Divestiture Products as are necessary to:
 - a. maintain the ongoing economic viability and marketability of the businesses associated with that Marketed Divestiture Product;
 - b. minimize any risk of loss of competitive potential for that business;
- until the end of the Transition Period, not take any action that lessens the ongoing economic viability, marketability, or competitiveness of businesses related to the Marketed Divestiture Products; and

- 3. other than as in the manner prescribed in this Order, not sell, transfer, encumber or impair the Divestiture Product Assets.
- G. Respondent shall not join, file, prosecute or maintain any suit, in law or equity, against Tolmar or the Divestiture Product Releasee(s) for the research, Development, manufacture, use, import, export, distribution, marketing or sale of the Divestiture Product(s) under the following:
 - 1. any Patent owned or licensed by Respondent as of the day after the Acquisition Date (*excluding* those Patents that claim inventions conceived by and reduced to practice after the Acquisition Date) that claims a method of making, using, or administering, or a composition of matter, relating to the Divestiture Product(s), or that claims a device relating to the use thereof;
 - 2. any Patent owned or licensed by Respondent at any time after the Acquisition Date (*excluding* those Patents that claim inventions conceived by and reduced to practice after the Acquisition Date) that claim any aspect of the research, Development, manufacture, use, import, export, distribution, or sale of the Divestiture Product(s);

if such suit would have the potential to interfere with Tolmar's freedom to practice the following: (1) the research, Development, or manufacture of the Divestiture Product(s) anywhere in the World for the purposes of marketing or sale in the United States of America; or (2) the use within, import into, export from, or the supply, distribution, marketing, or sale within, the United States of America of a particular Divestiture Product. Respondent shall also covenant to that Acquirer that as a condition of any assignment, transfer, or license to a Third Party of the above-described Patents, the Third Party shall agree to provide a covenant whereby the Third Party covenants not to sue that Acquirer or the related Divestiture

Product Releasee(s) under such Patents, if the suit would have the potential to interfere with that Acquirer's freedom to practice the following: (1) the research, Development, or manufacture of the Divestiture Product(s) anywhere in the World for the purposes of marketing or sale in the United States of America; or (2) the use within, import into, export from, or the supply, distribution, marketing, or sale within, the United States of America of a particular Divestiture Product.

- H. For any patent infringement suit in which the Respondent or Tolmar is alleged to have infringed a Patent of a Third Party prior to the Acquisition Date or for such suit as the Respondent or Tolmar has prepared or is preparing as of the Acquisition Date to defend against such infringement claim(s), and where such a suit would have the potential to interfere with Tolmar's freedom to practice the following: (1) the research, Development, or manufacture of the Divestiture Product(s); or (2) the use, import, export, supply, distribution, or sale of that Divestiture Product(s), Respondent shall:
 - 1. cooperate with Tolmar and provide any and all necessary technical and legal assistance, documentation and witnesses from Respondent in connection with obtaining resolution of any pending patent litigation involving that Divestiture Product:
 - 2. waive conflicts of interest, if any, to allow the Respondent's outside legal counsel to represent Tolmar in any ongoing patent litigation involving that Divestiture Product; and
 - 3. permit the transfer to Tolmar of all of the litigation files and any related attorney work-product in the possession of Respondent's outside counsel relating to that Divestiture Product.

- I. Respondent shall not, in the Geographic Territory:
 - 1. use the Product Trademarks or any mark confusingly similar to such Product Trademarks, as a trademark, trade name, or service mark;
 - 2. attempt to register such Product Trademarks;
 - 3. attempt to register any mark confusingly similar to such Product Trademarks;
 - 4. challenge or interfere with Tolmar's use and registration of such Product Trademarks; or
 - 5. challenge or interfere with Tolmar's efforts to enforce its trademark registrations for and trademark rights in such Product Trademarks against Third Parties;

provided however, that this paragraph shall not preclude Respondents from continuing to use all trademarks, tradenames, or service marks that have been in use in commerce on a Retained Product at any time prior to the Acquisition Date.

- J. The purpose of the divestiture of the Divestiture Product Assets and the related obligations imposed on the Respondent by this Order is:
 - 1. to provide for the future use of such assets for the distribution, sale and marketing of each Divestiture Product in the Geographic Territory;
 - 2. to create a viable and effective competitor, that is independent of the Respondent in the distribution, sale and marketing of the each Divestiture Product in the Geographic Territory; and,
 - 3. to remedy the lessening of competition resulting from the Acquisition as alleged in the Commission's Complaint in a timely and sufficient manner.

III.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that:

- A. At any time after the Respondent signs the Consent Agreement in this matter, the Commission may appoint a monitor ("Interim Monitor") to assure that the Respondent expeditiously complies with all of its obligations and performs all of its responsibilities as required by this Order, the Order to Maintain Assets and the Remedial Agreements.
- B. The Commission shall select the Interim Monitor, subject to the consent of Respondent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Respondent has not opposed, in writing, including the reasons for opposing, the selection of a proposed Interim Monitor within ten (10) days after notice by the staff of the Commission to Respondent of the identity of any proposed Interim Monitor, Respondent shall be deemed to have consented to the selection of the proposed Interim Monitor.
- C. Not later than ten (10) days after the appointment of the Interim Monitor, Respondent shall execute an agreement that, subject to the prior approval of the Commission, confers on the Interim Monitor all the rights and powers necessary to permit the Interim Monitor to monitor Respondent's compliance with the relevant requirements of the Order in a manner consistent with the purposes of the Order.
- D. If an Interim Monitor is appointed, Respondent shall consent to the following terms and conditions regarding the powers, duties, authorities, and responsibilities of the Interim Monitor:
 - The Interim Monitor shall have the power and authority to monitor Respondent's compliance with the divestiture and asset maintenance obligations and related requirements of the Order, and shall exercise such power and authority and carry out the duties and responsibilities of the Interim

Monitor in a manner consistent with the purposes of the Order and in consultation with the Commission.

- 2. The Interim Monitor shall act in a fiduciary capacity for the benefit of the Commission.
- 3. The Interim Monitor shall serve until the end of the Transition Period; *provided*, *however*, that the Interim Monitor's service shall not exceed one (1) year from the Order Date; *provided*, *further*, that the Commission may extend or modify this period as may be necessary or appropriate to accomplish the purposes of the Orders.
- 4. Subject to any demonstrated legally recognized privilege, the Interim Monitor shall have full and complete access to Respondent's personnel, books, documents, records kept in the ordinary course of business, facilities and technical information, and such other relevant information as the Interim Monitor may reasonably request, related to Respondent's compliance with its obligations under the Order, including, but not limited to, its obligations related to the relevant assets. Respondent shall cooperate with any reasonable request of the Interim Monitor and shall take no action to interfere with or impede the Interim Monitor's ability to monitor Respondent's compliance with the Order.
- 5. The Interim Monitor shall serve, without bond or other security, at the expense of Respondent, on reasonable and customary terms such and conditions as the Commission may set. Interim Monitor shall have authority to employ, at the expense of Respondent, such consultants, accountants, attorneys and other representatives and assistants as are reasonably necessary to carry Monitor's the Interim duties out and responsibilities.

- 6. Respondent shall indemnify the Interim Monitor and hold the Interim Monitor harmless against any losses, claims, damages, liabilities, or expenses arising out of, or in connection with, the performance of the Interim Monitor's duties, including all reasonable fees of counsel and other reasonable expenses incurred in connection with the preparations for, or defense of, any claim, whether or not resulting in any liability, except to the extent that such losses, claims, damages, liabilities, or expenses result from gross negligence, willful or wanton acts, or bad faith by the Interim Monitor.
- 7. Respondent shall report to the Interim Monitor in accordance with the requirements of this Order and as otherwise provided in any agreement approved by the Commission. The Interim Monitor shall evaluate the reports submitted to the Interim Monitor by Respondent, and any reports submitted by the Acquirer with respect to the performance of Respondent's obligations under the Order or the Remedial Agreement(s). Within thirty (30) days from the date the Interim Monitor receives these reports, the Interim Monitor shall report in writing to the Commission concerning performance by Respondent of its obligations under the Order.
- 8. Respondent may require the Interim Monitor and each of the Interim Monitor's consultants, accountants, attorneys and other representatives and assistants to sign a customary confidentiality agreement; *provided, however*, that such agreement shall not restrict the Interim Monitor from providing any information to the Commission.
- E. The Commission may, among other things, require the Interim Monitor and each of the Interim Monitor's consultants, accountants, attorneys and other representatives and assistants to sign an appropriate confidentiality agreement related to Commission

materials and information received in connection with the performance of the Interim Monitor's duties.

- F. If the Commission determines that the Interim Monitor has ceased to act or failed to act diligently, the Commission may appoint a substitute Interim Monitor in the same manner as provided in this Paragraph.
- G. The Commission may on its own initiative, or at the request of the Interim Monitor, issue such additional orders or directions as may be necessary or appropriate to assure compliance with the requirements of the Order.
- H. The Interim Monitor appointed pursuant to this Order may be the same Person appointed as a Divestiture Trustee pursuant to the relevant provisions of this Order.

IV.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that:

A. If Respondent has not fully complied with the obligations to assign, grant, license, divest, transfer, deliver or otherwise convey the Divestiture Product Assets as required by this Order, the Commission may appoint a trustee ("Divestiture Trustee") to assign, grant, license, divest, transfer, deliver or otherwise convey these assets in a manner that satisfies the requirements of this Order. In the event that the Commission or the Attorney General brings an action pursuant to $\S 5(l)$ of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(l), or any other statute enforced by the Commission, Respondent shall consent to the appointment of a Divestiture Trustee in such action to assign, grant, license, divest, transfer, deliver or otherwise convey these assets. Neither the appointment of a Divestiture Trustee nor a decision not to appoint a Divestiture Trustee under this Paragraph shall preclude the Commission or the Attorney General from seeking civil penalties or any other relief

available to it, including a court-appointed Divestiture Trustee, pursuant to $\S 5(l)$ of the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any other statute enforced by the Commission, for any failure by Respondent to comply with this Order.

- B. The Commission shall select the Divestiture Trustee, subject to the consent of Respondent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. The Divestiture Trustee shall be a Person with experience and expertise in acquisitions and divestitures. If Respondent has not opposed, in writing, including the reasons for opposing, the selection of any proposed Divestiture Trustee within ten (10) days after notice by the staff of the Commission to Respondent of the identity of any proposed Divestiture Trustee, Respondent shall be deemed to have consented to the selection of the proposed Divestiture Trustee.
- C. Not later than ten (10) days after the appointment of a Divestiture Trustee, Respondent shall execute a trust agreement that, subject to the prior approval of the Commission, transfers to the Divestiture Trustee all rights and powers necessary to permit the Divestiture Trustee to effect the divestiture required by this Order.
- D. If a Divestiture Trustee is appointed by the Commission or a court pursuant to this Paragraph, Respondent shall consent to the following terms and conditions regarding the Divestiture Trustee's powers, duties, authority, and responsibilities:
 - 1. Subject to the prior approval of the Commission, the Divestiture Trustee shall have the exclusive power and authority to assign, grant, license, divest, transfer, deliver or otherwise convey the assets that are required by this Order to be assigned, granted, licensed, divested, transferred, delivered or otherwise conveyed.
 - 2. The Divestiture Trustee shall have one (1) year after the date the Commission approves the trust

agreement described herein to accomplish the divestiture, which shall be subject to the prior approval of the Commission. If, however, at the end of the one (1) year period, the Divestiture Trustee has submitted a plan of divestiture or the Commission believes that the divestiture can be achieved within a reasonable time, the divestiture period may be extended by the Commission; *provided, however*, the Commission may extend the divestiture period only two (2) times.

- 3. Subject to any demonstrated legally recognized privilege, the Divestiture Trustee shall have full and complete access to the personnel, books, records and facilities related to the relevant assets that are required to be assigned, granted, licensed, divested, delivered or otherwise conveyed by this Order and to any other relevant information, as the Divestiture Trustee may request. Respondent shall develop such financial or other information as the Trustee may request and shall Divestiture cooperate with the Divestiture Trustee. Respondent shall take no action to interfere with or impede the Divestiture Trustee's accomplishment of the divestiture. Any delays in divestiture caused by Respondent shall extend the time for divestiture under this Paragraph in an amount equal to the delay, as determined by the Commission or, for a court-appointed Divestiture Trustee, by the court.
- 4. The Divestiture Trustee shall use commercially reasonable efforts to negotiate the most favorable price and terms available in each contract that is submitted the Commission, subject to Respondent's absolute and unconditional obligation to divest expeditiously and at no minimum price. The divestiture shall be made in the manner and to an Acquirer as required by this Order; provided, however, if the Divestiture Trustee receives bona fide offers from more than one acquiring Person, and if the Commission

determines to approve more than one such acquiring Person, the Divestiture Trustee shall divest to the acquiring Person selected by Respondent from among those approved by the Commission; *provided further, however*, that Respondent shall select such Person within five (5) days after receiving notification of the Commission's approval.

- 5. The Divestiture Trustee shall serve, without bond or other security, at the cost and expense of Respondent, on such reasonable and customary terms and conditions as the Commission or a court may set. The Divestiture Trustee shall have the authority to employ, at the cost and expense of accountants, Respondent. such consultants, attorneys, investment bankers, business brokers, appraisers, and other representatives and assistants as are necessary to carry out the Divestiture Trustee's duties and responsibilities. Divestiture Trustee shall account for all monies derived from the divestiture and all expenses incurred. After approval by the Commission of the account of the Divestiture Trustee, including fees for the Divestiture Trustee's services, all remaining monies shall be paid at the direction of Respondent, and the Divestiture Trustee's power shall be terminated. The compensation of the Divestiture Trustee shall be based at least in significant part on a commission arrangement contingent on the divestiture of all of the relevant assets that are required to be divested by this Order.
- 6. Respondent shall indemnify the Divestiture Trustee and hold the Divestiture Trustee harmless against any losses, claims, damages, liabilities, or expenses arising out of, or in connection with, the performance of the Divestiture Trustee's duties, including all reasonable fees of counsel and other expenses incurred in connection with the preparation for, or defense of, any claim, whether

or not resulting in any liability, except to the extent that such losses, claims, damages, liabilities, or expenses result from gross negligence, willful or wanton acts, or bad faith by the Divestiture Trustee.

- 7. The Divestiture Trustee shall have no obligation or authority to operate or maintain the relevant assets required to be divested by this Order; *provided, however,* that the Divestiture Trustee appointed pursuant to this Paragraph may be the same Person appointed as Interim Monitor pursuant to the relevant provisions of this Order or the Order to Maintain Assets in this matter.
- 8. The Divestiture Trustee shall report in writing to Respondent and to the Commission every sixty (60) days concerning the Divestiture Trustee's efforts to accomplish the divestiture.
- 9. Respondent may require the Divestiture Trustee and each of the Divestiture Trustee's consultants, accountants, attorneys and other representatives and assistants to sign a customary confidentiality agreement; *provided, however,* such agreement shall not restrict the Divestiture Trustee from providing any information to the Commission.
- E. If the Commission determines that a Divestiture Trustee has ceased to act or failed to act diligently, the Commission may appoint a substitute Divestiture Trustee in the same manner as provided in this Paragraph.
- F. The Commission or, in the case of a court-appointed Divestiture Trustee, the court, may on its own initiative or at the request of the Divestiture Trustee issue such additional orders or directions as may be necessary or appropriate to accomplish the divestiture required by this Order.

V.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that:

- G. Any Remedial Agreement shall be deemed incorporated into this Order.
- H. Any failure by the Respondent to comply with any term of such Remedial Agreement shall constitute a failure to comply with this Order.
- I. Respondent shall include in each Remedial Agreement related to each of the Divestiture Products a specific reference to this Order, the remedial purposes thereof, and provisions to reflect the full scope and breadth of the Respondent's obligations to the Acquirer pursuant to this Order.
- J. Respondent shall not seek, directly or indirectly, pursuant to any dispute resolution mechanism incorporated in any Remedial Agreement, or in any agreement related to any of the Divestiture Products a decision the result of which would be inconsistent with the terms of this Order or the remedial purposes thereof.
- K. Respondent shall not modify or amend any of the terms of any Remedial Agreement without the prior approval of the Commission.

VI.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that:

- A. Within five (5) days of the Acquisition Date, Respondent shall submit to the Commission a letter certifying the date on which the Acquisition occurred.
- B. Within thirty (30) days after the date the Order to Maintain Assets is issued, and every thirty (30) days thereafter until Respondent has fully complied with Paragraphs II.A, II.B., II.C. of this Order, and until the end of the Transitional Period, Respondent shall

submit to the Commission a verified written report setting forth in detail the manner and form in which it intends to comply, is complying, and has complied with the Orders. Respondent shall submit at the same time a copy of its report concerning compliance with this Order to the Interim Monitor, if any Interim Monitor has been appointed. Respondent shall include in its reports, among other things that are required from time to time, a detailed description of the efforts being made to comply with the relevant paragraphs of the Orders, including a detailed description of all substantive contacts, negotiations, or recommendations related to the transitional services being provided by Respondent to Tolmar and/or the New Commercialization Partner, and a detailed description the timing for the completion of such obligations.

C. One (1) year after the Order Date, and annually for three (3) years on the anniversary of the Order Date, and at other times as the Commission may require, Respondent shall file a verified written report with the Commission setting forth in detail the manner and form in which it has complied and is complying with the Order.

VII.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent shall notify the Commission at least thirty (30) days prior to:

- A. any proposed dissolution of the Respondent;
- B. any proposed acquisition, merger or consolidation of the Respondent; or
- C. any other change in the Respondent including, but not limited to, assignment and the creation or dissolution of subsidiaries, if such change might affect compliance obligations arising out of this Order.

VIII.

- IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, for purposes of determining or securing compliance with this Order, and subject to any legally recognized privilege, and upon written request and upon five (5) days notice to the Respondent made to its principal United States offices, registered office of its United States subsidiary, or its headquarters address, the Respondent shall, without restraint or interference, permit any duly authorized representative of the Commission:
 - A. access, during business office hours of the Respondent and in the presence of counsel, to all facilities and access to inspect and copy all books, ledgers, accounts, correspondence, memoranda and all other records and documents in the possession or under the control of the Respondent related to compliance with this Order, which copying services shall be provided by the Respondent at the request of the authorized representative(s) of the Commission and at the expense of the Respondent; and
 - B. to interview officers, directors, or employees of the Respondent, who may have counsel present, regarding such matters.

IX.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Order shall terminate on September 4, 2022.

By the Commission.

NON-PUBLIC APPENDIX A

THE COLLABORATION, DEVELOPMENT AND SUPPLY AGREEMENT

AND

THE DIVESTITURE AGREEMENTS

[Redacted From the Public Record Version, But Incorporated By Reference]

ANALYSIS OF CONSENT ORDER TO AID PUBLIC COMMENT

The Federal Trade Commission ("Commission") has accepted, subject to final approval, an Agreement Containing Consent Orders ("Consent Agreement") from Novartis AG ("Novartis") that is designed to remedy the anticompetitive effects of Novartis's acquisition of Fougera Holdings Inc. ("Fougera") in several generic pharmaceutical markets. Under the terms of the proposed Consent Agreement, Novartis is required to: terminate Novartis's marketing agreement with Tolmar, Inc. ("Tolmar") with respect to the currently marketed products generic calcipotriene topical solution, generic lidocaine-prilocaine cream, and generic metronidazole topical gel ("Marketed Divestiture Products") and return all of Novartis's rights to distribute, market, and sell the Marketed Divestiture Products to Tolmar; and (2) return all rights to develop, distribute, market, and sell the development product generic diclofenac sodium gel to Tolmar.

The proposed Consent Agreement has been placed on the public record for thirty (30) days for receipt of comments by interested persons. Comments received during this period will become part of the public record. After thirty (30) days, the Commission will again review the proposed Consent Agreement and the comments received, and will decide whether it should

withdraw from the proposed Consent Agreement, modify it, or make final the Decision and Order ("Order").

Pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger executed on May 1, 2012, Novartis proposes to acquire Fougera in a transaction valued at approximately \$1.525 billion (the "Proposed Acquisition" or "Acquisition"). The Commission's Complaint alleges that the Proposed Acquisition, if consummated, would violate Section 7 of the Clayton Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 18, and Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 45, by substantially lessening competition in the U.S. markets for generic calcipotriene topical solution, generic lidocaine-prilocaine cream, generic metronidazole topical gel, and diclofenac sodium gel. The proposed Consent Agreement will remedy the alleged violations by replacing the competition that would otherwise be eliminated by the Acquisition.

The Products and Structure of the Markets

The Acquisition would reduce the number of generic suppliers in three current generic drug markets with likely anticompetitive consequences. In human pharmaceutical product markets with generic competition, price generally decreases as the number of generic competitors increases. Accordingly, the reduction in the limited number of suppliers within each relevant market has a direct and substantial effect on pricing.

Generic calcipotriene topical solution is used to treat chronic, moderately severe scalp psoriasis. Only three companies offer generic calcipotriene topical solution in the United States: Novartis, Fougera, and G & W Laboratories ("G & W"). Novartis leads the market with a 67 percent share. G & W accounts for 22 percent, while Fougera represents an 11 percent share.

Generic lidocaine-prilocaine cream is used as a local anesthetic to treat intact skin and to relieve pain from injections and surgery. Lidocaine-prilocaine is available in both 30 gram tubes and packages containing five 5 gram tubes ("5-5 tubes"). The 5-5 tubes are used only in hospitals, while the 30 gram tubes are prescribed directly to patients for home use. Fougera, Hi-Tech Pharmaceutical Co. ("Hi-Tech"), and Novartis are the only U.S. suppliers of 30 gram tubes. The market for the generic 5-5

tubes is even more concentrated as only Fougera and Novartis offer them. The Acquisition would therefore create a monopoly in the generic lidocaine-prilocaine 5-5 tube market.

Generic metronidazole topical gel is used to treat inflamed papules and pustules of rosacea, a condition that causes chronic redness of facial skin. Taro Pharmaceutical Industries ("Taro") is the market leader with approximately 43 percent market share, Fougera has approximately 36 percent market share, Novartis has approximately 19 percent market share, and G & W has approximately 2 percent market share.

Furthermore, the Acquisition could inhibit significant future competition by reducing the number of potential suppliers in the diclofenac sodium gel market. Solaraze is a branded drug sold by Fougera that is used to treat actinic keratosis. No companies currently market a generic version of the drug, diclofenac sodium gel, in the United States. Novartis is best positioned to be the first generic entrant into this market.

Entry

Entry into the relevant markets for the sale of the products would not be timely, likely, or sufficient in magnitude, character, and scope to deter or counteract the anticompetitive effects of the Acquisition. Entry would not take place in a timely manner because the combination of drug development times and U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") approval requirements are likely to take at least two years.

Effects

In each of the relevant product markets, the Proposed Acquisition likely would eliminate one of a limited number of suppliers and cause significant competitive harm by facilitating price increases – or eliminating decreases – after the transaction is consummated.

In generic pharmaceuticals markets, pricing is heavily influenced by the number of competitors with sufficient supply that participate in the market. Market participants consistently characterize generic drug markets as commodity markets in which

the number of generic suppliers has a direct impact on pricing. Customers and competitors alike have confirmed that the price of a generic pharmaceutical product decreases with the entry of the second, third, and even fourth and fifth generic competitor. Further, customers generally believe that having at least four suppliers in a generic pharmaceutical market produces the most competitive prices.

Evidence gathered during our investigation indicates that anticompetitive effects are likely to result from a decrease in the number of independent competitors in the markets at issue. The Proposed Acquisition, by reducing an already limited number of competitors or potential competitors in each of these markets, would cause anticompetitive harm to U.S. consumers by increasing the likelihood of higher post-acquisition prices. In the market for generic calcipotriene topical solution, Novartis and Fougera are two of only three suppliers. lidocaine-prilocaine cream 30 gram tube market, Novartis and Fougera are two of only three suppliers of the product, and the Proposed Acquisition would eliminate Fougera as an independent competitor to Novartis leaving only Hi-Tech. In the generic lidocaine-prilocaine cream 5-5 gram tubes market, the Acquisition would result in a merger to monopoly. In the generic metronidazole gel market, Novartis and Fougera are two of four competitors, and combined, Novartis and Fougera represent 55 percent of the market. In all of these markets, industry participants have indicated that the presence of Fougera as a competitor has allowed them to negotiate lower prices.

Finally, the Acquisition would eliminate significant potential competition between Novartis and Fougera in the market for the sale of diclofenac sodium gel. Novartis, through its agreement with Tolmar, was the first to file for an approval of a generic form of Solaraze with the FDA. Thus, Fougera's brand, Solaraze, is likely to face competition solely from Novartis for a significant period of time when generic competition is introduced into this market. As a result, the Acquisition would increase the likelihood that the launch of a generic diclofenac sodium gel product would be delayed or abandoned altogether and increase the likelihood that the combined entity would delay or eliminate the substantial price competition that would have resulted from the entry of a supplier of a generic diclofenac sodium gel product.

The Consent Agreement

The proposed Consent Agreement effectively remedies the Proposed Acquisition's anticompetitive effects in the relevant product markets. Pursuant to the Consent Agreement, Novartis is required to return certain rights related to the relevant products to Tolmar no later than ten (10) days after the Acquisition. Specifically, the proposed Consent Agreement requires that Novartis: (1) terminate its marketing agreement with Tolmar, thereby returning all of its rights to distribute, market, and sell the Marketed Divestiture Products back to Tolmar; and (2) return all rights to develop, distribute, market, and sell generic diclofenac sodium gel to Tolmar. Tolmar is the Colorado-based developer and manufacturer of the relevant generic products.

If Novartis does not fully comply with its obligations to return all rights to generic calcipotriene topical solution, generic lidocaine-prilocaine cream, generic metronidazole topical gel, and generic diclofenac sodium gel, the Commission may appoint a trustee to effect the return of such rights.

The proposed remedy contains several provisions to ensure that the transfer of rights back to Tolmar is successful. The Consent Agreement contains an Order to Maintain Assets that requires Novartis to continue to market the Marketed Divestiture Products in a manner that maintains the full economic viability and marketability of the businesses until Tolmar directs Novartis to cease marketing the Marketed Divestiture Products or Tolmar's new marketing partner commences the distribution, marketing, and sale of the Marketed Divestiture Products.

The Commission appointed William Rahe of Quantic Regulatory Services, LLC to act as an interim monitor to assure that Novartis expeditiously complies with all of its obligations and performs all of its responsibilities as required by the Consent Agreement. In order to ensure that the Commission remains informed about the status of the returned rights and assets, the Consent Agreement requires Novartis to file reports with the interim monitor who will report in writing to the Commission concerning performance by Novartis of its obligation under the Consent Agreement.

The purpose of this analysis is to facilitate public comment on the proposed Consent Agreement, and it is not intended to constitute an official interpretation of the proposed Order or to modify its terms in any way.

IN THE MATTER OF

FRANKLIN'S BUDGET CAR SALES, INC. DBA FRANKLIN TOYOTA/SCION

CONSENT ORDER, ETC. IN REGARD TO ALLEGED VIOLATIONS OF SECTION 5 OF THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION ACT AND THE GRAMM-LEACH-BLILEY ACT

Docket No. C-4371; File No. 102 3094 Complaint, October 3, 2012 – Decision, October 3, 2012

This consent order addresses Franklin's Budget Car Sales, Inc.'s practices that, taken together, failed to provide reasonable and appropriate security for personal information on its computers and networks. The complaint alleges that Franklin Toyota misrepresented that it implements reasonable and appropriate measures to protect consumers' personal information from unauthorized access, in violation of Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; and violated the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Privacy Rule by failing to send consumers annual privacy notices and by failing to provide a mechanism by which consumers could opt out of information sharing with nonaffiliated third parties. The consent order prohibits Franklin Toyota from violating any provision of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act's Standards for Safeguarding Consumer Information Rule ("Safeguards Rule") and misrepresentations about the privacy, security, confidentiality, and integrity of any personal information collected from or about consumers.

Participants

For the Commission: Karen Jagielski.

For the Respondent: Michael A. Goodman, Hudson Cook, LLP.

COMPLAINT

The Federal Trade Commission ("FTC" or "Commission"), having reason to believe that Franklin's Budget Car Sales, Inc., also dba Franklin Toyota/Scion ("Franklin Toyota" or "respondent") has violated Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a); the provisions of the Commission's Standards for Safeguarding Customer Information Rule ("Safeguards Rule"), 16 C.F.R. Part 314, issued pursuant to Title V, Subtitle A of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act ("GLB Act") (codified at 15 U.S.C. §§

6801-6809); and the Commission's Privacy of Customer Financial Information Rule ("Privacy Rule"), 16 C.F.R. Part 313, issued pursuant to the GLB Act; and it appearing to the Commission that this proceeding is in the public interest, alleges:

- 1. Respondent Franklin's Budget Car Sales, Inc., also dba Franklin Toyota/Scion ("Franklin Toyota") is a Georgia corporation with its registered address as P.O. Box 648, Statesboro, Georgia 30459 and its places of business at 500 Commerce Boulevard, Statesboro, Georgia 30458; 400 Northside Drive, Statesboro, Georgia 30458; and 733 Northside Drive East, Statesboro, Georgia 30459.
- 2. The acts and practices of respondent as alleged in this complaint are in or affecting commerce, as "commerce" is defined in Section 4 of the Federal Trade Commission Act.

RESPONDENT'S BUSINESS PRACTICES

- 3. Respondent Franklin Toyota is a franchise automobile dealership that sells both new and used automobiles, leases automobiles, provides repair services for automobiles, and sells automobile parts. In connection with its automobile sales, Franklin Toyota provides financing services to individual consumers.
- 4. Since at least 2001, respondent has disseminated, or caused to be disseminated, to consumers statements concerning Franklin Toyota's privacy and data security policies and practices, including, but not limited to the following:

We restrict access to non public personal information about you to only those employees who need to know that information to provide products and services to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safe guards that comply with federal regulations to guard non public personal information.

Franklin Toyota Privacy Policy, attached as Exhibit A.

- 5. In conducting business, respondent routinely collects personal information from or about its customers, including, but not limited to names, Social Security numbers, addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, and drivers' license numbers (collectively, "personal information").
- 6. Respondent uses computer networks to conduct its business and collect consumer information. Among other things, it uses the networks to obtain an online credit application from consumers; obtain outside lead information; maintain customer automobile and payment records; and manage customer car sales records, finance, and insurance records.
- 7. Respondent did not provide its customers with annual privacy notices and did not provide a clear and conspicuous optout notice that accurately explains to its customers their rights to opt out of any sharing of nonpublic information with unaffiliated third parties.

RESPONDENT'S SECURITY PRACTICES

- 8. Respondent has engaged in a number of practices that, taken together, failed to provide reasonable and appropriate security for personal information on its computers and networks. Among other things, respondent failed to:
 - a. Assess risks to the consumer personal information it collected and stored online;
 - b. Adopt policies, such as an incident response plan, to prevent, or limit the extent of, unauthorized disclosure of personal information;
 - c. Use reasonable methods to prevent, detect, and investigate unauthorized access to personal information on its networks, such as inspecting outgoing transmissions to the internet to identify unauthorized disclosures of personal information;
 - d. Adequately train employees about information security to prevent unauthorized disclosures of personal information; and

- e. Employ reasonable measures to respond to unauthorized access to personal information on its networks or to conduct security investigations where unauthorized access to information occurred.
- 9. As a result of the failures set forth in Paragraph 8, customers' personal information was accessed and disclosed on peer-to-peer ("P2P") networks by a P2P application installed on a computer that was connected to respondent's computer network.
- 10. Information for approximately 95,000 consumers, including, but not limited to, names, Social Security numbers, addresses, dates of birth, and drivers' license numbers ("customer files") was made available on a P2P network. Such information can easily be misused to commit identity theft and fraud.
- 11. Files shared to a P2P network are available for viewing or downloading by anyone using a computer that operates a compatible P2P application. Generally, a file that has been shared cannot be removed from P2P networks.

VIOLATIONS OF THE FTC ACT

- 12. Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a), prohibits unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce.
- 13. As set forth in Paragraph 4, respondent has represented, expressly or by implication, that it implements reasonable and appropriate measures to protect consumers' personal information from unauthorized access.
- 14. In truth and in fact, respondent did not implement reasonable and appropriate measures to protect consumers' personal information from unauthorized access. Therefore, the representation set forth in Paragraph 13 was, and is, false or misleading, in violation of Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a).

VIOLATIONS OF THE SAFEGUARDS RULE

15. The Safeguards Rule, which implements Section 501(b) of the GLB Act, 15 U.S.C. § 6801(b), requires financial institutions

to protect the security, confidentiality, and integrity of customer information by developing a comprehensive written information security program that contains reasonable administrative, technical, and physical safeguards, including: (1) designating one or more employees to coordinate the information security program; (2) identifying reasonably foreseeable internal and external risks to the security, confidentiality, and integrity of customer information, and assessing the sufficiency of any safeguards in place to control those risks; (3) designing and implementing information safeguards to control the risks identified through risk assessment, and regularly testing or otherwise monitoring the effectiveness of the safeguards' key controls, systems, and procedures; (4) overseeing service providers and requiring them by contract to protect the security and confidentiality of customer information; and (5) evaluating and adjusting the information security program in light of the results of testing and monitoring, changes to the business operation, and other relevant circumstances. 16 C.F.R. §§ 314.3 and 314.4. Violations of the Safeguards Rule are enforced through the FTC Act. 15 U.S.C. § 6805(a)(7).

- 16. Respondent is a "financial institution" as that term is defined in Section 509(3)(A) of the GLB Act, 15 U.S.C. § 6809(3)(A).
- 17. As set forth in Paragraph 8, respondent has failed to implement reasonable security policies and procedures, and has thereby engaged in violations of the Safeguards Rule, by, among other things:
 - a. Failing to identify reasonably foreseeable internal and external risks to the security, confidentiality, and integrity of customer information;
 - b. Failing to design and implement information safeguards to control the risks to customer information and failing to regularly test and monitor them;
 - c. Failing to investigate, evaluate, and adjust the information security program in light of known or identified risks:

- Failing to develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive written information security program; and
- e. Failing to designate an employee to coordinate the company's information security program.

VIOLATION OF THE PRIVACY RULE

18. The Privacy Rule, which implements Section 503 of the GLB Act, 15 U.S.C. § 6803, requires financial institutions to provide customers, no later than when a customer relationship arises and annually for the duration of that relationship, "a clear and conspicuous notice that accurately reflects [the financial institution's] privacy policies and practices," including its security policies and practices. 16 C.F.R. § 313.4(a), 313.5(a)(1), 313.6(a)(8). In addition, the Privacy Rule requires financial institutions to provide reasonable means for its customers to opt out of the institution's sharing of nonpublic customer information to nonaffiliated third parties and provide opt-out notices to consumers. 16 C.F.R. § 313.7. Violations of the Privacy Rule are enforced through the FTC Act. 15 U.S.C. § 6805(a)(7).

- 19. As set forth in Paragraph 7, respondent failed to send consumers annual privacy notices and did not provide a mechanism by which consumers could opt out of information sharing with nonaffiliated third parties in violation of the Privacy Rule.
- 20. The acts and practices of respondent as alleged in this complaint constitute unfair or deceptive acts or practices, in or affecting commerce, in violation of Section 5(a) of the FTC Act.

THEREFORE, the Federal Trade Commission this third day of October, 2012, has issued this complaint against respondent.

By the Commission.

Exhibit A

Notice Applied to

Franklin Chevrolet Co., Inc. (also as Franklin Chevrolet Cadillac Buick Pontiac GMC and Franklin Toyota, Inc.) Here in referred to as Franklin Auto Group.

Franklin Auto Group is committed to respecting the individual privacy of its customers. In accordance with federal regulations, vehicle financial activity in automobile dealerships leasing, credit sales and insurance product sales would likely be considered financial activities. Therefore because the Gramm, Leach, Bliley Act (GLB Act) requires a privacy notice the following notice is provided:

Privacy Notice

In connection with your transaction Franklin Auto Group may obtain information about you as described in this notice, which we handle as stated in this notice.

- 1. We collect non public personal information about you from the following sources:
 - a. Information we receive from your application and other forms.
 - b. Information about your transactions with our affiliates and others; and
 - c. Information we receive from credit reporting agencies.
- 2. We may disclose all the information we collect, as described above to auto manufacturers/ distributors that we have franchises with and companies that perform marketing services or other functions on our behalf or to other financial institutions with whom we have joint marketing agreements. We may make disclosures about you as a consumer, a customer, or a former customer. We do not sell list of our customers or otherwise make that information available to nonaffiliated third parties except as described above.
- We may also disclose non public personal information about you as a consumer, a customer or a former customer, as provided by law.
- 4. We restrict access to non public personal information about you to only those employees who need to know that information to provide products and services to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safe guards that comply with federal regulations to guard non public personal information.
- 5. We do not provide for an opt-out due to agreements made in items 2, 3, & 4 above where the disclosure is necessary to process or service a transaction for you the consumer therefore not required. Any questions may be directed to 1-800-684-6348.

Cons	umer acknowledgment: I (we) acknowledge that I (we) w.	received a copy of this notice on the date indicated
	Customer Signature	Date
	Customer Name Printed	
	Co-Customer Signature	Date
	Co-Customer Name Printed	

Franklin 00134

DECISION AND ORDER

The Federal Trade Commission ("Commission" or "FTC"), having initiated an investigation of certain acts and practices of the respondent named in the caption hereof, and the respondent having been furnished thereafter with a copy of a draft of complaint, which the Bureau of Consumer Protection proposed to present to the Commission for its consideration and which, if issued, would charge the respondent with violations of Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act ("FTC Act"), 15 U.S.C. § 45, the Standards for Safeguarding Consumer Information Rule ("Safeguards Rule"), 16 C.F.R. Part 314, and the Privacy of Consumer Financial Information Rule ("Privacy Rule"), 16 C.F.R. Part 313;

The respondent, its attorney, and counsel for the Commission having thereafter executed an agreement containing a consent order, an admission by the respondent of all the jurisdictional facts set forth in the aforesaid draft complaint, a statement that the signing of the agreement is for settlement purposes only and does not constitute an admission by the respondent that the law has been violated as alleged in such complaint, or that any of the facts as alleged in such complaint, other than jurisdictional facts, are true, and waivers and other provisions as required by the Commission's Rules; and

The Commission having thereafter considered the matter and having determined that it had reason to believe that the respondent has violated the FTC Act, the Safeguards Rule, and the Privacy Rule, and that a complaint should issue stating its charges in that respect, and having thereupon accepted the executed consent agreement and placed such agreement on the public record for a period of thirty (30) days for the receipt and consideration of public comments, and having duly considered the comment received from an interested person pursuant to Commission Rule 2.34, 16 C.F.R. § 2.34, now in further conformity with the procedure prescribed in Commission Rule 2.34, the Commission hereby issues its complaint, makes the following jurisdictional findings, and enters the following Order:

1. Respondent Franklin's Budget Car Sales, Inc., also dba Franklin Toyota/Scion is a Georgia corporation with

its registered address as P.O. Box 648, Statesboro, Georgia 30459 and its places of business at 500 Commerce Boulevard., Statesboro, Georgia 30458; 400 Northside Drive, Statesboro, Georgia 30458; and 733 Northside Drive East, Statesboro, Georgia 30459.

2. The Federal Trade Commission has jurisdiction of the subject matter of this proceeding and of the respondent, and the proceeding is in the public interest.

ORDER DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this order, the following definitions shall apply:

- A. Unless otherwise specified, "respondent" shall mean Franklin's Budget Car Sales, Inc., also dba Franklin Toyota/Scion, its successors and assigns, and each of their successors and assigns.
- B. "Personal information" shall mean individually identifiable information from or about an individual consumer including, but not limited to: (a) first and last name; (b) date of birth; (c) home or other physical address, including street name and name of city or town; (d) email address or other online contact information, such as an instant-messaging user identifier or a screen name that reveals an individual's email address; (e) telephone number; (f) driver's license number; (g) financial account information; (h) Social Security number; (i) credit or debit card information, including card number, expiration date, and security code; (j) persistent identifier, such as a customer number held in a "cookie" or processor serial number; and (k) any information that is combined with any of (a) through (j) above.
- C. "Commerce" shall mean "commerce" as defined in Section 4 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. § 44.

D. All other terms are synonymous in meaning and equal in scope to the usage of such terms in the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (codified at 15 U.S.C. § 6801 *et seq*) ("GLB Act").

I.

IT IS ORDERED that respondent and its officers, agents, representatives, and employees, directly or indirectly, or through any corporation, subsidiary, division, website or other device, in connection with the advertising, marketing, promotion, offering for sale, or sale of any product or service, in or affecting commerce, is prohibited from misrepresenting in any manner, expressly or by implication, the extent to which respondent maintains and protects the privacy, confidentiality, or security of any personal information collected from or about consumers.

II.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent and its officers, agents, representatives, and employees, shall not, directly or indirectly, or through any corporation, subsidiary, division, website, or other device, violate any provision of the GLB Act's Standards for Safeguarding Consumer Information Rule ("Safeguards Rule"), 16 C.F.R. Part 314, or the GLB Act's Privacy of Consumer Financial Information Rule ("Privacy Rule"), 16 C.F.R. Part 313.

In the event that the Safeguards Rule or Privacy Rule is hereafter amended or modified, respondent's compliance with these Rules as so amended or modified shall not be a violation of this order.

III.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent, in connection with the advertising, marketing, promotion, offering for sale, or sale of any product or service, in or affecting commerce, shall, no later than the date of service of this order, establish and implement, and thereafter maintain, a comprehensive information security program that is reasonably designed to protect the security, confidentiality, and integrity of personal information collected from or about consumers. Such program, the content

and implementation of which must be fully documented in writing, shall contain administrative, technical, and physical safeguards appropriate to respondent's size and complexity, the nature and scope of its activities, and the sensitivity of the personal information collected from or about consumers, including:

- A. The designation of an employee or employees to coordinate and be accountable for the information security program;
- В. The identification of material internal and external risks to the security, confidentiality, and integrity of personal information that could result in the unauthorized disclosure, misuse, loss, alteration, destruction, or other compromise of such information, and assessment of the sufficiency of any safeguards in place to control these risks. At a minimum, this risk assessment should include consideration of risks in each area of relevant operation, including, but not limited to: (1) employee training and management; (2) information systems, including network and software design, information processing, storage, transmission, and disposal; and (3) prevention, detection, and response to attacks, intrusions, or other systems failures;
- C. The design and implementation of reasonable safeguards to control the risks identified through risk assessment, and regular testing or monitoring of the effectiveness of the safeguards' key controls, systems, and procedures;
- D. The development and use of reasonable steps to select and retain service providers capable of appropriately safeguarding personal information they receive from respondent, and requiring service providers by contract to implement and maintain appropriate safeguards; and
- E. The evaluation and adjustment of respondent's information security program in light of the results of

the testing and monitoring required by sub-part C, any material changes to respondent's operations or business arrangements, or any other circumstances that respondent knows or has reason to know may have a material impact on the effectiveness of its information security program.

IV.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, in connection with its compliance with the Safeguards Rule and Part III of this order, respondent shall obtain initial and biennial assessments and reports ("Assessments") from a qualified, objective, independent third-party professional, who uses procedures and standards generally accepted in the profession. Professionals qualified to prepare such assessments shall be: a person qualified as a Certified Information System Security Professional (CISSP) or as a Certified Information Systems Auditor (CISA); a person holding Global Information Assurance Certification (GIAC) from the SysAdmin, Audit, Network, Security (SANS) Institute; or a similarly qualified person or organization approved by the Associate Director for Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, Washington, D.C. 20580. The reporting period for the Assessments shall cover: (1) the first one hundred and eighty (180) days after service of the order for the initial Assessment, and (2) each two (2) year period thereafter for twenty (20) years after service of the order for the biennial Assessments. Each Assessment shall:

- A. Set forth the specific administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that respondent has implemented and maintained during the reporting period;
- B. Explain how such safeguards are appropriate to respondent's size and complexity, the nature and scope of its activities, and the sensitivity of the personal information collected from or about consumers;
- C. Explain how the safeguards that have been implemented meet or exceed the protections required by the Part III of this order; and

D. Certify that respondent's information security program is operating with sufficient effectiveness to provide reasonable assurance that the security, confidentiality, and integrity of personal information is protected and has so operated throughout the reporting period.

Each Assessment shall be prepared and completed within sixty (60) days after the end of the reporting period to which the Assessment applies. Respondent shall provide the initial Assessment to the Associate Director for Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, Washington, D.C. 20580, within ten (10) days after the Assessment has been prepared. All subsequent biennial Assessments shall be retained by respondent until the order is terminated and provided to the Associate Director for Enforcement within ten (10) days of request. Unless otherwise directed by a representative of the Commission, initial and biennial Assessments shall be sent by overnight courier (not the U.S. Postal Service) to the Associate Director, Division of Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, D.C. 20580, with the subject line "In re Franklin's Budget Car Sales, Inc., FTC File Number 1023094." Provided, however, that, in lieu of overnight courier, Assessments may be sent by first-class mail, but only if an electronic version of such Assessments is contemporaneously sent to the Commission at DEBrief@ftc.gov.

V.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent shall maintain and, upon request, make available to the Commission for inspection and copying:

- A. For a period of five (5) years, a print or electronic copy of each document relating to compliance, including but not limited to documents, prepared by or on behalf of respondent, that contradict, qualify, or call into question respondent's compliance with this order; and
- B. For a period of three (3) years after the date of preparation of each Assessment required under Part III of this order, all materials relied upon to prepare the

Assessment, whether prepared by or on behalf of respondent, including, but not limited to, all plans, reports, studies, reviews, audits, audit trails, policies, training materials, and assessments, and any other materials relating to respondent's compliance with Parts II and III of this order, for the compliance period covered by such Assessment.

VI.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that for a period of five (5) years from the date of entry of this Order, respondent shall deliver copies of the Order as directed below:

- A. Respondent must deliver a copy of this Order to (1) all current and future principals, officers, directors, and managers, (2) all current and future employees, agents and representatives who engage in conduct related to the subject matter of the Order, and (3) any business entity resulting from any change in structure set forth in Part VII. For current personnel, delivery shall be within five (5) days of service of this Order. For new personnel, delivery shall occur prior to them assuming their responsibilities. For any business entity resulting from any change in structure set forth in Part VII, delivery shall be at least ten (10) days prior to the change in structure.
- B. Respondent must secure a signed and dated statement acknowledging receipt of this Order, within thirty (30) days of delivery, from all persons receiving a copy of the Order pursuant to this section.

VII.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent shall notify the Commission at least thirty (30) days prior to any change that may affect compliance obligations arising under this order, including, but not limited to, a dissolution, assignment, sale, merger, or other action that would result in the emergence of a successor company; the creation or dissolution of a subsidiary, parent, or affiliate that engages in any acts or practices subject to

this order; the proposed filing of a bankruptcy petition; or a change in respondent's name or address. Provided, however, that, with respect to any proposed change in the entity about which respondent learns less than thirty (30) days prior to the date such action is to take place, respondent shall notify the Commission as soon as is practicable after obtaining such knowledge. Unless otherwise directed by a representative of the Commission, all notices required by this Part shall be sent by overnight courier (not the U.S. Postal Service) to the Associate Director, Division of Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, D.C. 20580, with the subject line "In re Franklin's Budget Car Sales, Inc., FTC File Number 1023094." Provided, however, that, in lieu of overnight courier, notices may be sent by first-class mail, but only if an electronic version of such notices is contemporaneously sent to the Commission at DEBrief@ftc.gov.

VIII.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent and its successors and assigns, within sixty (60) days after the date of service of this order, shall file with the Commission a true and accurate report, in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form of its compliance with this order. Within ten (10) days of receipt of written notice from a representative of the Commission, respondent shall submit additional true and accurate written reports. Unless otherwise directed by a representative of the Commission, each report required by this Part shall be sent by overnight courier (not the U.S. Postal Service) to the Associate Director, Division of Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, D.C. 20580, with the subject line "In re Franklin's Budget Car Sales, Inc., FTC File Number 1023094." Provided, however, that, in lieu of overnight courier, reports may be sent by first-class mail, but only if an electronic version of such reports is contemporaneously sent to the Commission at DEBrief@ftc.gov.

IX.

This order will terminate on October 3, 2032, or twenty (20) years from the most recent date that the United States or the Federal Trade Commission files a complaint (with or without an accompanying consent decree) in federal court alleging any violation of the order, whichever comes later; *provided, however*, that the filing of such a complaint will not affect the duration of:

- A. Any Part in this order that terminates in less than twenty (20) years;
- B. This order's application to any respondent that is not named as a defendant in such complaint; and
- C. This order if such complaint is filed after the order has terminated pursuant to this Part.

Provided, further, that if such complaint is dismissed or a federal court rules that respondent did not violate any provision of the order, and the dismissal or ruling is either not appealed or upheld on appeal, then the order will terminate according to this Part as though the complaint had never been filed, except that the order will not terminate between the date such complaint is filed and the later of the deadline for appealing such dismissal or ruling and the date such dismissal or ruling is upheld on appeal.

By the Commission.

ANALYSIS OF CONSENT ORDER TO AID PUBLIC COMMENT

The Federal Trade Commission has accepted, subject to final approval, a consent agreement from Franklin's Budget Car Sales, Inc., also doing business as Franklin Toyota/Scion ("Franklin Toyota").

The proposed consent order has been placed on the public record for thirty (30) days for receipt of comments by interested persons. Comments received during this period will become part of the public record. After thirty (30) days, the Commission will again review the agreement and the comments received, and will decide whether it should withdraw from the agreement and take appropriate action or make final the agreement's proposed order.

The Commission's proposed complaint alleges that Franklin Toyota, a Georgia corporation, is a franchise automobile dealership that sells both new and used automobiles, leases automobiles, provides repair services for automobiles, and sells automobile parts. In connection with its automobile sales, Franklin Toyota also provides financing services to individual consumers. The complaint alleges that In the course of its business, Franklin Toyota routinely collects personal information from or about its customers, including but not limited to names, Social Security numbers, addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, and drivers' license numbers. The complaint alleges that Franklin Toyota is a "financial institution" as defined in the Gramm-Leach-Bliley ("GLB") Act, 15 U.S.C. § 6801 et seq.

According to the complaint, Franklin Toyota engaged in a number of practices that, taken together, failed to provide reasonable and appropriate security for personal information on its computers and networks. In particular, Franklin Toyota failed to: (1) assess risks to the consumer personal information it collected and stored online; (2) adopt policies, such as an incident response plan, to prevent, or limit the extent of, unauthorized disclosure of personal information; (3) use reasonable methods to prevent, detect, and investigate unauthorized access to personal information on its networks, such as inspecting outgoing transmissions to the internet to identify unauthorized disclosures of personal information; (4) adequately train employees about information security to prevent unauthorized disclosures of personal information; and (5) employ reasonable measures to respond to unauthorized access to personal information on its networks or to conduct security investigations where unauthorized access to information occurred.

The complaint alleges that as a result of these failures, Franklin Toyota customers' personal information was accessed

and disclosed on peer-to-peer ("P2P") networks by a P2P application installed on a computer connected to Franklin Toyota's computer network. The complaint alleges that information for approximately 95,000 consumers, including but not limited to consumers' names, Social Security numbers, addresses, dates of birth, and drivers' license numbers, was made available on a P2P network. Such information can easily be used to facilitate identity theft and fraud.

Files shared to a P2P network are available for viewing or downloading by anyone using a personal computer with access to the network. Generally, a file that has been shared cannot be permanently removed from P2P networks.

In fact, the use of P2P software poses very significant data security risks to consumers. A 2010 FTC examination of P2P-related breaches uncovered a wide range of sensitive available P2P networks, including consumer data on health-related information, financial records, and drivers' license and social security numbers. See Widespread Data Breaches Uncovered by FTC Probe: FTC Warns of Improper Release of Sensitive Consumer Data on P2P File-Sharing Networks (Feb. 22, 2010), http://www.ftc.gov/opa/2010/02/p2palert.shtm. Files shared to a P2P network are available for viewing or downloading by any computer user with access to the network. Generally, a file that has been shared cannot be removed permanently from the P2P network. In addition, files can be shared among computers long after they have been deleted from the original source computer.

According to the complaint, Franklin Toyota violated the GLB Safeguards Rule by, among other things, failing to identify reasonably foreseeable internal and external risks to the security, confidentiality, and integrity of customer information; design and implement information safeguards to control the risks to customer information and failing to regularly test and monitor them; investigate, evaluate, and adjust the information security program in light of known or identified risks; develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive written information security program; and designate an employee to coordinate the company's information security program.

In addition, the proposed complaint alleges that Franklin Toyota misrepresented that it implements reasonable and appropriate measures to protect consumers' personal information from unauthorized access, in violation of Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act ("FTC Act"), 15 U.S.C. § 45(a). Furthermore, the proposed complaint alleges that Franklin violated the GLB Privacy Rule by failing to send consumers annual privacy notices and by failing to provide a mechanism by which consumers could opt out of information sharing with nonaffiliated third parties.

The proposed order contains provisions designed to prevent Franklin Toyota from engaging in the future in practices similar to those alleged in the complaint.

Part I of the proposed order prohibits misrepresentations about the privacy, security, confidentiality, and integrity of any personal information collected from or about consumers.

Part II of the proposed order prohibits Franklin Toyota from violating any provision of the GLB Act's Standards for Safeguarding Consumer Information Rule ("Safeguards Rule"), 16 C.F.R. Part 314, or the GLB Act's Privacy of Consumer Financial Information Rule ("Privacy Rule"), 16 C.F.R. Part 313. Part III requires Franklin Toyota to establish, implement, and thereafter maintain a comprehensive information security program, including the designation of an employee to oversee Franklin Toyota's security program, employee training, and implementation of reasonable safeguards. Part IV of the order requires Franklin Toyota to obtain, for a period of twenty years, biennial assessments of its information security program from an independent third-party professional possessing certain credentials or certifications.

Parts V through IX of the proposed order are reporting and compliance provisions. Part V requires Franklin Toyota to retain documents relating to its compliance with the order. For most records, the order requires that the documents be retained for a five-year period. For the third party assessments and supporting documents, Franklin Toyota must retain the documents for a period of three years after the date that each assessment is prepared. Part VI requires dissemination of the order now and in

the future to persons with responsibilities relating to the subject matter of the order. Part VII ensures notification to the FTC of changes in corporate status. Part VIII mandates that Franklin Toyota submit a compliance report to the FTC within 90 days, and periodically thereafter as requested. Part IX is a provision "sunsetting" the order after twenty (20) years, with certain exceptions.

The purpose of the analysis is to aid public comment on the proposed order. It is not intended to constitute an official interpretation of the proposed order or to modify its terms in any way.