Ca	se 2:20-cv-03775-JAK-MAA Document 2	Filed 04/24/20 Page 1 of 18 Page ID #:1				
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12 13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
15	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
14		TRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
14 15						
	FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION					
15		I,) Case No.: 2:20-cv-3775				
15 16	FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION Plaintiff,	 J, Case No.: 2:20-cv-3775)) COMPLAINT FOR A TEMPORARY) RESTRAINING ORDER AND 				
15 16 17	FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION	 N,) Case No.: 2:20-cv-3775)) COMPLAINT FOR A TEMPORARY) RESTRAINING ORDER AND) PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION) PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 13(A) AND 				
15 16 17 18	FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION Plaintiff, v. MARC CHING, individually and also	 I,) Case No.: 2:20-cv-3775)) COMPLAINT FOR A TEMPORARY) RESTRAINING ORDER AND) PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION) PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 13(A) AND > (B) OF THE FEDERAL TRADE 				
15 16 17 18 19	FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION Plaintiff, v. MARC CHING, individually and also doing business as WHOLE LEAF	 N,) Case No.: 2:20-cv-3775)) COMPLAINT FOR A TEMPORARY) RESTRAINING ORDER AND) PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION) PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 13(A) AND) (B) OF THE FEDERAL TRADE 				
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 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION Plaintiff, v. MARC CHING, individually and also doing business as WHOLE LEAF ORGANICS, Defendant.	 N,) Case No.: 2:20-cv-3775)) COMPLAINT FOR A TEMPORARY) RESTRAINING ORDER AND) PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION) PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 13(A) AND) (B) OF THE FEDERAL TRADE 				
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION Plaintiff, v. MARC CHING, individually and also doing business as WHOLE LEAF ORGANICS, Defendant. Plaintiff, the Federal Trade Con	 N,) Case No.: 2:20-cv-3775) COMPLAINT FOR A TEMPORARY) RESTRAINING ORDER AND) PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION) PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 13(A) AND) (B) OF THE FEDERAL TRADE) (B) OF THE FEDERAL TRADE) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D				

1 ("Defendant") from disseminating false or unsubstantiated advertisement claims in 2 connection with the labeling, advertising, marketing, distribution, and sale of: 3 1) Thrive, a product that purportedly treats, prevents or reduces the risk of Coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19"), a potentially deadly disease for which 4 5 there is no proven treatment; and 2) CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and CBD-Max, products that purportedly treat cancer. The FTC seeks this provisional relief pursuant to 6 Sections 13(a) and (b) of the Federal Trade Commission Act ("FTC Act"), 15 U.S.C. 7 8 §§ 53(a) and (b), and Sections 5(a) and 12 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 45(a) and 52. Absent such provisional relief, Defendant would be free to continue disseminating 9 10 false and unsubstantiated claims that: 1) Thrive treats, prevents or reduces the risk of 11 COVID-19; and 2) CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and CBD-Max treat cancer.

12 The Commission requires the aid of this Court to prevent interim harm to 13 consumers during the pendency of an administrative trial on the merits. The 14 Commission has already initiated that administrative proceeding, pursuant to Section 5 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45, by filing an administrative complaint on April 22, 15 2020. The administrative hearing will determine whether Defendant's 16 17 representations violate Sections 5 and 12 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 45 and 52, 18 and will provide all parties a full opportunity to conduct discovery and present 19 testimony and other evidence regarding Plaintiff's allegations.

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331,
1337(a), and 1345.

23 2. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1), (b)(2), and
24 (c)(1), and 15 U.S.C. § 53(a) and (b).

25 3. Section 13(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 53(a) provides in pertinent
26 part:

27 Whenever the Commission has reason to believe –

(1) that any person, partnership, or corporation is engaged in, or is

about to engage in, the dissemination or the causing of the dissemination of any advertisement in violation of section 52 of this title, and

(2) that the enjoining thereof pending the issuance of a complaint by the Commission under section 45 of this title, and until such complaint is dismissed by the Commission or set aside by the court on review, or the order of the Commission to cease and desist made thereon has become final within the meaning of

section 45 of this title, would be to the interest of the public, the Commission by any of its attorneys designated by it for such purpose may bring suit in a district court of the United States or in the United States court of any Territory, to enjoin the dissemination or the causing of the dissemination of such advertisement. Upon proper showing a temporary injunction or restraining order shall be granted without bond. Any suit may be brought where such person, partnership, or corporation resides or transacts business, or wherever venue is proper under section 1391 of Title 28. In addition, the court may, if the court determines that the interests of justice require that any other person, partnership, or corporation should be a party in such suit, cause such other person, partnership, or corporation to be added as a party without regard to whether venue is otherwise proper in the district in which the suit is brought. In any suit under this section, process may be served on any person, partnership, or corporation wherever it may be found.

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Whenever the Commission has reason to believe –

 that any person, partnership, or corporation is violating, or is about to violate, any provision of law enforced by the Federal

Section 13(b) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 53(b) provides in pertinent

Trade Commission, and

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2	(2) that the enjoining thereof pending the issuance of a complaint by		
3	the Commission and until such complaint is dismissed by the		
4	Commission or set aside by the court on review, or until the order		
5	of the Commission made thereon has become final, would be in		
6	the interest of the public –		
7	the Commission by any of its attorneys designated by it for such purpose		
8	8 may bring suit in a district court of the United States to enjoin any such		
9	act or practice. Upon a proper showing that weighing the equities and		
10	considering the Commission's likelihood of ultimate success, such		
11	action would be in the public interest, and after notice to the defendant, a		
12	temporary restraining order or a preliminary injunction may be granted		
13	without bond		
14	5. Sections 13(a) and (b) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 53(a) and (b),		
15	authorize nationwide service of process, and personal jurisdiction exists where		
16	service is effected pursuant to federal statute. Fed. R. Civ. P. $4(k)(1)(C)$.		
17	Additionally, Defendant conducts business in this District. Defendant is subject to		
18	personal jurisdiction in this District, and venue is proper in this District under 28		
19	U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1), (b)(2), (c)(1) and 15 U.S.C. §53(a), (b).		
20	<u>PLAINTIFF</u>		
21	6. The FTC is an independent agency of the United States Government		
22	created by statute. 15 U.S.C. §§ 41–58. The FTC enforces Section 5(a) of the FTC		
23	Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a), which prohibits unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or		
24	affecting commerce. The FTC also enforces Section 12 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C.		
25	§ 52, which prohibits false advertisements for food, drugs, devices, services, or		
26	cosmetics in or affecting commerce.		

7. The FTC is authorized to initiate federal district court proceedings, by its
own attorneys, to seek preliminary injunctive relief pending the Commission's

adjudication of the challenged conduct in an administrative proceeding. 15 U.S.C.
 § 53(a), (b).

3

DEFENDANT

Defendant Marc Ching ("Defendant"), also doing business as Whole 4 8. 5 Leaf Organics, resides in this District, and in connection with the matters alleged herein, transacts or has transacted business in this District and throughout the United 6 7 States. At all times material to this Complaint, acting alone or in concert with others, 8 he has formulated, directed, controlled, had the authority to control, or participated in 9 the acts and practices set forth in this Complaint. Defendant has advertised, 10 marketed, distributed, or sold Thrive, CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and CBD-Max to consumers throughout the United States. 11

12

COMMERCE

9. At all times material to this Complaint, Defendant has maintained a
substantial course of trade in or affecting commerce, as "commerce" is defined in
Section 4 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 44.

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DEFENDANT'S BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

DEFENDANT'S COVID-19 CLAIMS: THRIVE

18 10. Thrive is an ingestible product that is sold in capsule form, consisting
19 primarily of a combination of Vitamin C and herbal extracts.

11. Since at least December 2018, Defendant has advertised, offered for
sale, distributed, and sold Thrive to consumers through his website
www.wholeleaforganics.com. The suggested retail price for one bottle of Thrive
containing 50 capsules is \$36.99.

24 12. Beginning in or about March 2020, Defendant has represented that
25 Thrive treats, prevents or reduces the risk of COVID-19.

26 13. Defendant has also represented that the benefits of Thrive are clinically
27 or scientifically proven. In fact, there is no competent and reliable scientific evidence
28 that Thrive or any of its ingredients treats, prevents or reduces the risk of COVID-19.

1 14. To induce consumers to purchase Thrive, Defendant has disseminated or
 2 caused to be disseminated advertisements for Thrive through its website
 3 www.wholeleaforganics.com, including, but not limited to, the attached Exhibit 1.
 4 Pages from the website www.wholeleaforganics.com in or around April 2020 and

Whole Leaf Organics The Best in Preventative Supplemental Care

PROTECT YOURSELF -THRIVE: ANTI VIRAL WELLNESS BOOSTER

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CONTAINING CLINICALLY RESEARCHED INGREDIENTS, THRIVE CAN HELP MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN YOUR LIFE.

15 FORMULATED WITH POTENT ANTIVIRAL
16 HERBAL EXTRACTS, THRIVE BY WHOLE
LEAF ORGANICS IS THE PERFECT WAY
17 TO STRENGTHEN YOUR IMMUNITY
AGAINST PATHOGENS LIKE "COVID-19,"
18 THE CORONAVIRUS.

RECOMMENDED DOSE FOR ADULTS - 1
 CAPSULE 3 TIMES A DAY, SAFE FOR
 DAILY SHORT TERM USE, AND TO
 COMBAT AILMENTS THE FLU, COLDS,
 BRONCHIAL INFECTIONS, FUNGAL AND
 YEAST BASED ISSUES, AS WELL AS THE
 CORONAVIRUS.



Formulated with clinically tested and proven ingredients. Our time test formulas are proven and deliver results

 $_{28}$ attached hereto contain the following statements and depiction, among others:

1 2

DEFENDANT'S CANCER CLAIMS: CBD PRODUCTS

³ 15. CBD-EX is an ingestible product that is sold in capsule form, consisting
⁴ primarily of a combination of cannabidiol ("CBD") and herbal extracts. CBD-RX
⁵ and CBD-MAX are oils consisting primarily of CBD and hemp extract.

6 16. Since at least December 2018, Defendant has advertised, offered for
7 sale, distributed, and sold CBD-EX, CBD-RX, CBD-Max to consumers through his
8 website www.wholeleaforganics.com. The suggested retail price for one bottle of
9 CBD-EX containing 30 capsules is \$39.99. The suggested retail price for one 30 ml
10 bottle of CBD-RX is \$75.00. The suggested retail price for one 1000 mg bottle of
11 CBD-MAX is \$125.00.

12 17. Defendant has represented that CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and CBD-Max
 13 provide extraordinary health benefits. Specifically, Defendant has represented that
 14 CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and CBD-Max treat cancer.

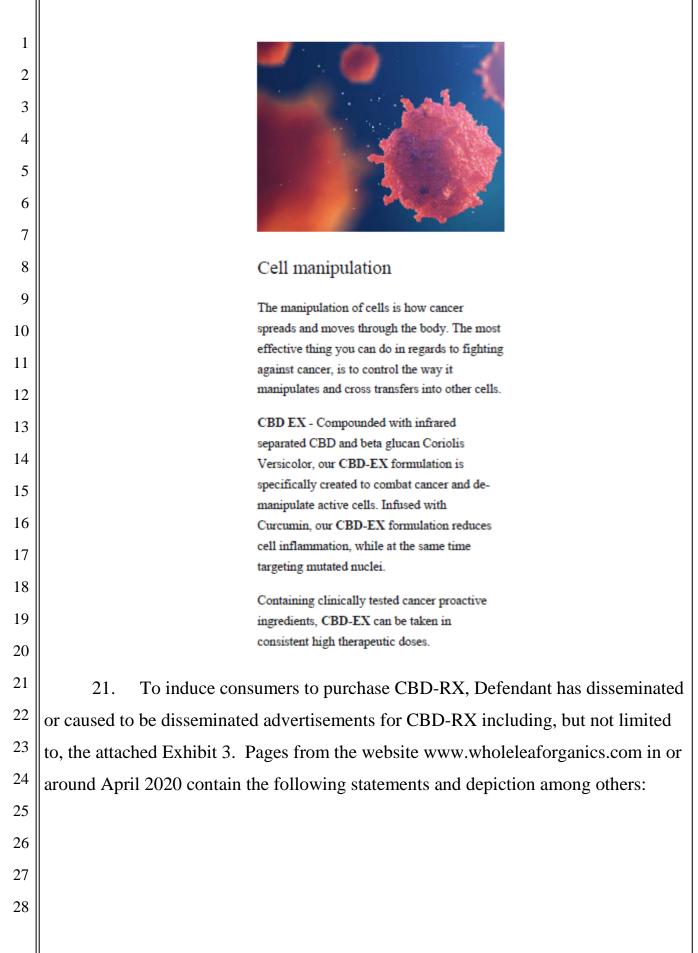
15 18. Defendant has also represented that the benefits of CBD-EX, CBD-RX,
 16 and CBD-Max are clinically or scientifically proven. There are no competent and
 17 reliable human clinical trials of CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and CBD-Max to substantiate
 18 the advertised health claims for these products.

In November 2019, the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") sent
 Defendant a letter warning that Defendant was making unapproved new drug claims
 in violation of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C § 355(a) and
 331(d), by claiming that CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and CBD-Max are intended for use in
 the mitigation, treatment, or prevention of diseases. FDA gave Defendant fifteen
 days to take corrective action. To date, Defendant has not removed the unapproved
 drug claims from the Defendant's website www.wholeleaforganics.com.

26 20. To induce consumers to purchase CBD-EX, Defendant has
27 disseminated or caused to be disseminated advertisements for CBD-EX through its
28 website www.wholeleaforganics.com, including, but not limited to, the attached

Exhibits 2 and 5. Pages from the website www.wholeleaforganics.com in or around
 April 2020 and attached hereto contain the following statements and depiction among
 others:

4 Whole Lea 5 \equiv 6 7 Extraordinary Genius 8 9 Expertly crafted. Superior in genius - CBD EX combines the most effective cancer and immune regulating clinically tested components into one simple supplement. 10 11 *** 12 13 The most effective innovation in cancer and immune related proactive supplement support 14 in the past ten years. CBD-EX combines the best in cancer fighting elements, into one 15 simple capsule. 16 Containing clinically tested ingredients, CBD-EX is a dynamic force in anti inflammation 17 protocols, targeting manipulated cells while 18 working to protect healthy ones. Formulated containing Coriolus Versicolor Mushroom, 19 CBD-EX seeks to inhibit the spread of mutated malignant cells, directly attacking the problem. 20 *** 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28



Clinically Tested. Scientifically Balanced.

Whole Leaf Organics CBD-Rx is a practitioner formulated, and clinically tested cannabinoid nutraceutical line. Our formulations have been proven to be effective at reducing inflammation, and minimizing the way cancer cells manipulate neighbor cells - the key factor in being successful when trying to be proactive against disease.



Our prescription strength CBD-Rx products are
effective for both therapeutic and maintenance
needs. Non psychoactive in nature, our
cannabinoid extracts focus specifically on
inflammation reduction, minimizing
manipulation of other cells as tumors spread
and work to ravage through the body.

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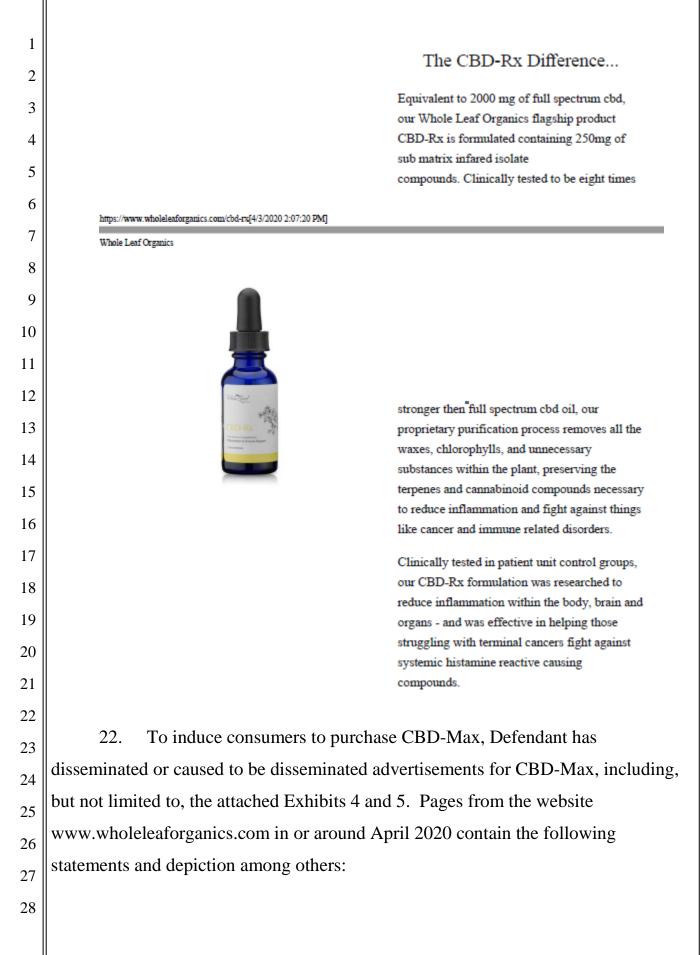
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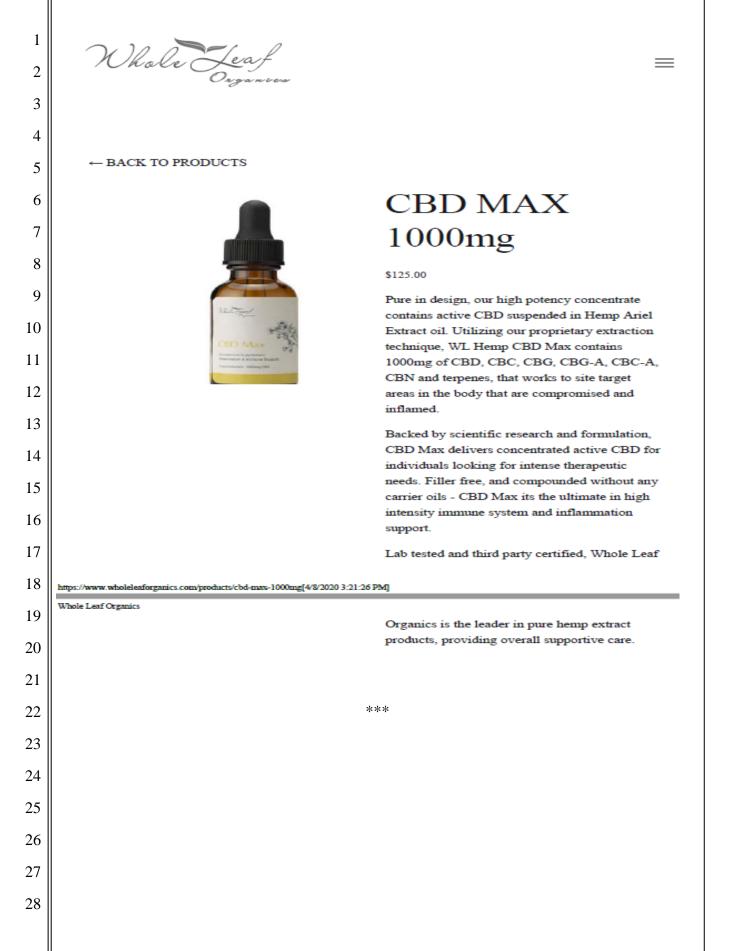
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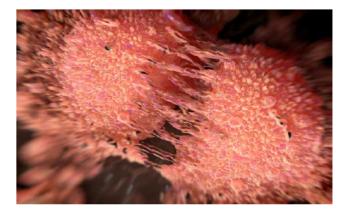
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While effective in combatting cancer, cannabinoids have been proven to be beneficial in reducing arthritis, and immune mediated responses. The terpenes in CBD also work in regards to reducing brain inflammation, and can help to reduce anxiety in people, helping to regulate adrenal activity.







Cancer division

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A key characteristic of cancer cells is the division of the nuclei in a process called mitosis. Unlike normal cells, cancer cells divide uncontrollably and in time work to create blood vessels that feed and supply them with additional oxygen, glucose, and hormones. In fighting against cancer, it is important to reduce the rate at which cells divide, cut off the supply of food and oxygen.

Years of working with cancer and fighting to reduce internal inflammation, has lead us to formulate a variety of supplements effective at slowing mutated cell division, and reduce the supply of food and oxygen to cancer cells.

CBD MAX - Our full spectrum CBD extract oil is terpene rich, CO2 extracted containing only the purest and most vital constituencies.

1000mg per ounce, CBD MAX reduces inflammation, and works to inhibit the division of mutated cells. 23. Based on the facts and violations of law alleged in this Complaint, the
 FTC has reason to believe that Defendant is violating or is about to violate laws
 enforced by the Commission.

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VIOLATIONS OF THE FTC ACT

5 24. Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a), prohibits "unfair or
6 deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce."

7 25. Misrepresentations or deceptive omissions of material fact constitute
8 deceptive acts or practices prohibited by Section 5(a) of the FTC Act.

9 26. Section 12 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 52, prohibits the dissemination
of any false advertisement in or affecting commerce for the purpose of inducing, or
which is likely to induce, the purchase of food, drugs, devices, services, or cosmetics.
For the purposes of Section 12 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 52, Thrive, CBD-EX,
CBD-RX, and CBD-Max are each a "food" or a "drug" as defined in Section 15(b)
and (c) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 55(b) and (c).

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<u>Count I</u>

False and Unsubstantiated COVID-19 Claims

17 27. In numerous instances in connection with the advertising, marketing,
 18 promotion, offering for sale, or sale of Thrive, including through the means described
 19 in Paragraph 14, Defendant has represented, directly or indirectly, expressly or by
 20 implication, that Thrive treats, prevents or reduces the risk of COVID-19.

21 28. The representation set forth in Paragraph 27 is false or misleading or was
22 not substantiated at the time the representation was made.

23 29. Therefore, the making of the representation as set forth in Paragraph 27
24 of this Complaint constitutes a deceptive act or practice and the making of false
25 advertisements in violation of Sections 5(a) and 12 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§
26 45(a) and 52.

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Count II

False and Unsubstantiated Cancer Claims

3 30. In numerous instances in connection with the advertising, marketing,
4 promotion, offering for sale, or sale of CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and CBD-Max, including
5 through the means described in Paragraphs 20 through 22, Defendant has represented,
6 directly or indirectly, expressly or by implication, that CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and
7 CBD-Max treat cancer.

8 31. The representation set forth in Paragraph 30 is false or misleading or was
9 not substantiated at the time the representation was made.

32. Therefore, the making of the representation as set forth in Paragraph 30
of this Complaint constitutes a deceptive act or practice and the making of false
advertisements in violation of Sections 5(a) and 12 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§
45(a) and 52.

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Count III

False Proof Claim for Thrive

16 33. In numerous instances in connection with the advertising, marketing,
17 promotion, offering for sale, or sale of Thrive including through the means described
18 in Paragraph 14, Defendant has represented, directly or indirectly, expressly or by
19 implication, that Thrive, is clinically or scientifically proven to treat, prevent, or
20 reduce the risk of COVID-19.

34. In truth and in fact, Thrive is not clinically or scientifically proven to
treat, prevent, or reduce the risk of COVID-19.

35. Therefore, the making of the representation as set forth in Paragraph 33
of this Complaint is false and misleading, and constitutes a deceptive act or practice
and the making of false advertisements in violation of Sections 5(a) and 12 of the
FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 45(a) and 52.

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Count IV 1 2 **False Proof Claims for CBD Products** 3 36. In numerous instances in connection with the advertising, marketing, promotion, offering for sale, or sale of CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and CBD-Max, including 4 5 through the means described in Paragraphs 20 through 22, Defendant has represented, directly or indirectly, expressly or by implication, that CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and 6 CBD-Max are clinically or scientifically proven to treat cancer. 7 8 37. In truth and in fact, CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and CBD-Max are not 9 clinically or scientifically proven to treat cancer. 10 38. Therefore, the making of the representation as set forth in Paragraph 36 11 of this Complaint is false and misleading, and constitutes a deceptive act or practice and the making of false advertisements in violation of Sections 5(a) and 12 of the 12 13 FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 45(a) and 52. 14 **CONSUMER INJURY** 15 Consumers are likely to suffer substantial injury as a result of 39. Defendant's violations of the FTC Act. Absent injunctive relief by this Court, 16 17 Defendant is likely to continue to injure consumers and harm the public interest. 18 LIKELIHOOD OF SUCCESS ON THE MERITS, 19 **BALANCE OF EQUITIES, AND NEED FOR RELIEF** 20 Section 13(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 53(a), authorizes the 40. 21 Commission, whenever it has reason to believe that a person, partnership, or 22 corporation has engaged in the dissemination or the causing of the dissemination of 23 any advertising in violation of Section 12 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 52 (prohibiting 24 false advertising relating to, inter alia, food and drugs), to seek preliminary relief to prevent the dissemination of such advertisement until the Commission can adjudicate 25 the lawfulness of the conduct in an administrative proceeding. The court may grant 26 27 such a temporary injunction or restraining order upon a proper showing. 28

Section 13(b) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 53(b) authorizes the 1 41. Commission, whenever it has reason to believe that a person, partnership, or 2 corporation has violated the FTC Act, to seek preliminary relief to prevent the 3 dissemination of false or unsubstantiated advertising claims until the Commission can 4 5 adjudicate the lawfulness of the conduct in an administrative proceeding. In deciding whether to grant relief authorized by Section 13(b), this Court must balance the 6 7 likelihood of the Commission's ultimate success on the merits against the public 8 equities, using a sliding scale. The principal public equity weighing in favor of issuance of preliminary injunctive relief is the public interest in effective enforcement 9 of the FTC Act. 10

42. The Commission is likely to succeed in proving that advertisements
 disseminated by Defendant violated Sections 5 and 12 of the FTC Act. In particular,
 the Commission is likely to succeed in demonstrating, among other things, that:

a. There is no competent and reliable scientific evidence supporting
Defendant's representation that Thrive treats, prevents or reduces the risk of COVID16 19;

b. There is no competent and reliable scientific evidence supporting
Defendant's representation that CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and CBD-Max, alone or in
combination, treat cancer;

c. No scientific or clinical tests prove that Thrive treats, prevents or
 reduces the risk of COVID-19; and

d. No scientific or clinical tests prove that CBD-EX, CBD-RX, and
CBD-Max treat cancer.

43. Preliminary relief is warranted and necessary. Consumers are suffering
and will continue to suffer substantial injury as a result of Defendant's violations of
the FTC Act. Absent preliminary relief, should the Commission rule, after the full
administrative proceeding, that Defendant's conduct is unlawful, remediating the

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1	harm caused by consumers who use Thrive, CBD-EX, CD-RX, and CBD-Max would				
2	be difficult, if not impossible.				
3	44. Accordingly, the equitable relief requested here is in the public interest.				
4	Wherefore, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court:				
5	a)	Enter the proposed temporary restraining order;			
6	b)	Preliminarily enjoin Defendant from further violations of the FTC Act;			
7	c)	Retain jurisdiction and status quo until any administrative proceeding			
8	initiated by the Commission is concluded; and				
9	d)	Award such other and further relief as the Court may determine as			
10	appropriate, just, and proper.				
11					
12		Respectfully submitted,			
13					
14		ALDEN F. ABBOTT			
15		General Counsel			
16		autora			
17	Dated: 4	TAWANA E. DAVIS			
18		tdavis@ftc.gov			
19		AMBER LEE alee5@ftc.gov			
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		- 18 -			