The Honorable Ricardo S. Martinez 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 9 AT SEATTLE 10 FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION, 11 Case No. C04-1852RSM Plaintiff, 12 FINAL JUDGMENT AND ORDER v. 13 FOR PERMANENT INJUNCTION AND OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF JOHN STEFANCHIK, et al., 14 Defendants. 15 16 The Court, having granted summary judgment in favor of plaintiff, and having found that 17 plaintiff is entitled to the relief sought against defendants for their deceptive acts and practices in 18 connection with the marketing and sale of the "Stefanchik Program," which consisted of course 19 materials, in-person workshops, videotapes, audio tapes, and other educational products and 20 services purporting to teach consumers how to purchase and/or sell privately held mortgages or 21 promissory notes that are secured by real estate, hereby FINDS and ENTERS the following Order 22 for Permanent Injunction and Other Equitable Relief ("Order"): 23 FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW 24 1. This Court has jurisdiction of the subject matter of this action and of the parties 25 hereto. Venue in the Western District of Washington is proper. 26 2. Pursuant to Sections 13(b) and 19 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 53(b) and 57b, 27 the Commission has the authority to seek the relief contained herein. 28

- 3. The acts and practices of defendants are in or affecting commerce, as defined in Section 4 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 44.
- 4. The Commission's Amended Complaint states a claim upon which relief may be granted against defendants under Sections 5(a), 13(b) and 19 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 45(a), 53(b) and 57b, and the Telemarketing and Consumer Fraud and Abuse Prevention Act ("Telemarketing Act"), 15 U.S.C. § 6101 *et seq.*
- 5. There is no genuine issue as to any material fact concerning the liability of defendants for the illegal practices charged in the Amended Complaint.
- 6. Section 5(a) of the FTC Act prohibits deceptive acts and practices in or affecting commerce. 15 U.S.C. § 45(a). To be deceptive, an act or practice must be one that is likely to mislead consumers acting reasonably under the circumstances, and is material. *FTC v. Pantron I Corp.*, 33 F.3d 1088, 1095 (9th Cir. 1994) (*citing Cliffdale Assocs., Inc.*, 103 F.T.C. 110, 164-65 (1984)).
- 7. An act or practice is material if it is likely to affect a consumer's choice of or conduct regarding a product. *FTC Policy Statement on Deception, appended to Cliffdale Assocs.*, 103 F.T.C. at 174. Where the challenged claims are express, reasonable consumers are not required to doubt their veracity, and the court may presume such claims to be material. *Pantron I*, 33 F.3d at 1095-96, 1096 n. 21.
- 8. The TSR, 16 C.F.R. Part 310, which implements provisions of the Telemarketing Act, prohibits telemarketers and sellers from misrepresenting, directly or by implication, any material aspect of the performance, efficacy, nature, or central characteristics of goods or services that are the subject of a sales offer, 16 C.F.R. § 310.3(a)(2)(iii), and from making a false or misleading statement to induce any person to pay for goods and services, 16 C.F.R. § 310.3(a)(4).
- 9. Defendant Beringer was a "seller" engaged in "telemarketing" as those terms are defined in the TSR. 16 C.F.R. §§ 310.2(z) and (cc).
- 10. Former defendant Atlas Marketing, Inc. ("Atlas"), was a "telemarketer" engaged in "telemarketing" as those terms are defined in the TSR. 16 C.F.R. §§ 310.2(bb) and (cc).

- 11. Defendant Beringer and former defendant Atlas had an agency relationship pursuant to which they entered into an agreement to market and sell the Stefanchik Program under the name the "Stefanchik Organization."
- 12. Telemarketing and advertising were activities within the scope of the agency relationship between defendant Beringer and former defendant Atlas.
- 13. Undisputed facts show that in the marketing and selling of the Stefanchik Program, defendant Beringer and its agent falsely represented, directly or by implication, to consumers that:
 - A. consumers who purchased defendants' materials, attended defendants' seminars and workshops, or used defendants' personal coaches, would quickly make large amounts of money in their spare time by learning and using the methods taught;
 - B. defendants' personal coaching service was staffed by persons substantially experienced in the paper business who were readily available by telephone to assist consumers in finding and completing paper transactions; and
 - C. defendants possessed and relied upon a reasonable basis that substantiated the representation set forth in Paragraph 13.A, at the time the representation was made.
- 14. Defendant Beringer and its agent made the misrepresentations set forth in Paragraph 13 through direct mail materials sent to consumers and in telemarketing sales calls made to consumers.
- 15. The deceptive claims made by defendant Beringer and its agent were likely to have affected a consumer's decision to purchase the Stefanchik Program and, accordingly, were "material" both as to Section 5 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 5, and as that term is defined in the TSR, 16 C.F.R. § 310.2(q).
- 16. The deceptive claims made by defendant Beringer and its agent were likely to mislead consumers acting reasonably under the circumstances.
- 17. Therefore, the uncontroverted evidence establishes that the claims made by defendant Beringer and its agent violated Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a), and

Sections 310.3(a)(2)(iii) and 310.3(a)(4) of the TSR, 16 C.F.R. §§ 310.3(a)(2)(iii) and 310.3(a)(4).

- 18. Under the FTC Act, a principal is liable for misrepresentations made by its agents regardless of any efforts of the principal to prevent such misrepresentations. *FTC v. Southwest Sunsites*, 785 F.2d 1431, 1438-39 (9th Cir. 1986); *Goodman v. FTC*, 244 F.2d 584, 592 (9th Cir. 1957).
- 19. Defendant Beringer is liable for the misrepresentations that its agent made to consumers in direct mail materials sent to consumers and in telemarketing sales calls made to consumers, and defendant Beringer is therefore liable for injunctive relief under Section 5 of the FTC Act and the TSR.
- 20. An individual may be held liable for a corporation's deceptive representations where the individual participated in or had authority to control the deceptive corporate conduct. *FTC v. Cyberspace.com*, *LLC*, 453 F.3d 1196, 1202 (9th Cir. 2006); *FTC v. Publishing Clearing House, Inc.*, 104 F.3d 1168, 1170 (9th Cir. 1997).
- 21. Defendant John Stefanchik is liable for defendant Beringer's deceptive representations because he participated in or had authority to control Beringer Corporation's conduct, and he is therefore liable for injunctive relief.
- 22. Consumers paid to defendants and their agents a net total of \$17,775,369.00 for the Stefanchik Program.
- 23. To obtain monetary equitable relief from a corporate defendant under Section 13(b) of the FTC Act, the Commission must establish that the corporation made deceptive representations in violation of Section 5, that those misrepresentations or omissions were of a kind usually relied on by prudent persons and that consumer injury resulted. *Pantron I*, 33 F.3d at 1102. The Commission is not required to show that each individual consumer subjectively relied on the defendant's false claims to prove consumer injury, *FTC v. Security Rare Coin & Bullion Corp.*, 931 F.2d 1312, 1316 (8th Cir. 1991), but must establish that the deceptive representations

were widespread and of the type on which a reasonably prudent person would rely, and that injury resulted. *FTC v. Kitco of Nevada, Inc.*, 612 F. Supp. 1282, 1293 (D. Minn. 1985).

- 24. Consumers reasonably relied upon and were injured by widespread false and unsubstantiated earnings and coaching claims that defendant Beringer and former defendant Atlas made.
- 25. Defendant Beringer is liable for monetary equitable relief to redress consumer injury resulting from its illegal conduct.
- A corporate officer may be held individually liable for restitution to consumers if he or she "had knowledge that the corporation or one of its agents engaged in dishonest or fraudulent conduct, that the misrepresentations were the type upon which a reasonable and prudent person would rely, and that consumer injury resulted." *Cyberspace.com*, 453 F.3d at 1202; *FTC v. Affordable Media, LLC*, 179 F.3d 1228, 1234 (9th Cir. 1999) (*citing Publishing Clearing House*, 104 F.3d at 1171). The requisite knowledge may be demonstrated by evidence that the corporate officer "had actual knowledge of material misrepresentations, [was] recklessly indifferent to the truth or falsity of a misrepresentation, or had awareness of a high probability of fraud along with an intentional avoidance of the truth." *Id*.
- 27. Defendant John Stefanchik had actual knowledge of the misrepresentations to consumers made by defendant Beringer and former defendant Atlas Marketing, was recklessly indifferent to the truth or falsity of these misrepresentations, or was aware of the high probability of fraud associated with and intentionally avoided the truth with respect to these misrepresentations.
- 28. Defendant John Stefanchik is individually liable for monetary equitable relief to redress consumer injury resulting from defendant Beringer's illegal conduct.
- 29. Defendants are jointly and severally liable for the activities alleged in the Commission's Amended Complaint. *See FTC v. Sharp*, 782 F. Supp. 1145, 1449 (D. Nev. 1991).
 - 30. There is a reasonable likelihood that defendants would engage in the same or

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27 28 similar activities alleged in the Commission's Amended Complaint unless permanently enjoined from such acts and practices.

- 31. As no material facts are in dispute, the FTC is entitled to judgment as a matter of law pursuant to Rule 56(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 32. Plaintiff is entitled to judgment against defendants in the amount of \$17,775,369.00, for which defendants are jointly and severally liable.
 - 33. Entry of this Order is in the public interest.

Definitions

- 1. "Defendants" means John Stefanchik, individually and as an officer and director of Beringer Corporation, and Beringer Corporation, formerly d.b.a. The Stefanchik Organization, as well as their successors and assigns, whether acting directly or through any corporation, subsidiary, division, or other device.
- 2. "Assisting others" means providing substantial assistance or support to any person while knowing or consciously avoiding knowing that the person or entity is engaged in any act or practice that violates this Order, Section 5 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45, or the TSR, 16 C.F.R. Part 310. For purposes of this Order, providing substantial assistance or support includes, but is not limited to: (1) performing customer service functions, including, but not limited to, receiving or responding to consumer complaints; (2) formulating or providing, or arranging for the formulation or provision of, any telephone sales script or any other marketing material; (3) providing names of, or assisting in the generation of, potential customers; or (4) performing marketing services of any kind.
- 3. "Document" is synonymous in meaning and equal in scope to the usage of the term in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34(a), and includes writings, drawings, graphs, charts, photographs, audio and video recordings, computer records, and other data compilations from which information can be obtained and translated, if necessary, through detection devices into

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reasonably usable form. A draft or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of the term.

- 4. "Material" means likely to affect a person's choice of, or conduct regarding, goods or services.
- 5. "Paper Business" means the business of brokering the sale of, purchasing and/or selling privately held mortgages or promissory notes that are secured by real estate.
- 6. "Person" means any individual, group, unincorporated association, limited or general partnership, corporation, or other business entity.

ORDER

I. PROHIBITED PRACTICES

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that defendants, and their officers, agents, servants, employees, and those persons in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of this Order by personal service or otherwise, in connection with the advertising, promotion, marketing, offering for sale, or sale of any business venture, money-making venture or other investment opportunity (including, but not limited to, an opportunity to invest in real estate or in mortgages or other intangible items), or seminar or other tool purported to teach consumers how to succeed in any business venture, money-making venture or other investment opportunity, are hereby permanently restrained and enjoined from:

- A. Misrepresenting, expressly or by implication, that consumers who purchase any product or service will make a substantial amount of money;
- В. Misrepresenting, expressly or by implication, the income, profit, or sales volume that consumers who purchase any product or service may or are likely to achieve;
- C. Misrepresenting, expressly or by implication, the income, profit, or sales volume achieved by consumers who previously purchased any product or service that defendants market or sell:

- D. Misrepresenting, expressly or by implication, that any services offered by defendants are provided by persons substantially experienced in a particular business venture, money-making venture or other investment opportunity, or that such persons are readily available to assist consumers with finding or completing transactions in the business venture, moneymaking venture or other investment opportunity being marketed or sold;
- E. Representing, expressly or by implication, that consumers who purchase any product or service will make a substantial amount of money, unless defendants possess and rely upon a reasonable basis to substantiate the representation at the time the representation is made;
- F. Misrepresenting, expressly or by implication, any fact material to a consumer's decision to purchase any product or service;
- G. Violating or assisting others to violate any provision of the TSR, 16 C.F.R. Part 310, as currently promulgated or as it may hereafter be amended, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Misrepresenting, directly or by implication, any material aspect of the performance, efficacy, nature, or central characteristics of goods or services that are the subject of the sales offer, in violation of Section 310.3(a)(2)(iii) of the Rule, 16 C.F.R. § 310.3(a)(2)(iii); and
 - Making a false or misleading statement to induce any person to pay for any 2. good or service in violation of Section 310.3(a)(4) of the Rule, 16 C.F.R. § 310.3(a)(4).

II. MONITORING COMPLIANCE OF SALES PERSONNEL

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that defendants, and their officers, agents, servants, employees, and those persons in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of this Order by personal service or otherwise, in connection with any business where (1) any defendant is the majority owner of the business or directly or indirectly manages or controls the business, and (2) the business is engaged in telemarketing or marketing or assisting others engaged in telemarketing or marketing any business venture, money-making venture or other

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investment opportunity (including an opportunity to invest in real estate or in mortgages or other intangible item), or seminar or other tool purported to teach consumers how to succeed in any business venture, money-making venture or other investment opportunity, are hereby permanently restrained and enjoined from:

- A. Failing to take reasonable steps sufficient to monitor and ensure that all employees, agents, and independent contractors engaged in sales or other customer service functions comply with Section I of this Order. Such steps shall include adequate monitoring of sales presentations or other calls with customers, and shall also include, at a minimum, the following: (1) listening to the oral representations made by persons engaged in sales or other customer service functions; (2) establishing a procedure for receiving and responding to consumer complaints; and (3) ascertaining the number and nature of consumer complaints regarding transactions in which each employee or independent contractor is involved; provided that this Paragraph does not authorize or require the defendants to take any steps that violate any federal, state, or local laws;
- B. Failing promptly to investigate fully any consumer complaint received by any business to which this Section applies; and
- C. Failing to take corrective action with respect to any sales person defendants determine is not complying with this Order, which may include training, disciplining, and/or terminating such sales person.

III. DISCLOSURE OF CUSTOMER INFORMATION

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that defendants, and their officers, agents, servants, and employees, and all other persons or entities in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of this Order by personal service or otherwise, are permanently restrained and enjoined from selling, renting, leasing, transferring, or otherwise disclosing the name, address, telephone number, credit card number, bank account number, e-mail address, or other identifying information of any person who paid any money to any defendant, at any time prior to entry of this Order, for any product or service about or related to the paper business. *Provided, however,* that

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27 28 defendants may disclose such identifying information to a law enforcement agency or as required by any law, regulation, or court order.

IV. MONETARY JUDGMENT

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that:

- Judgment is entered against defendants jointly and severally in the amount of A. \$17,775,369.00 (hereafter the "restitution amount"). Judgment shall be paid to the Commission within ten (10) days of entry of this Order.
- B. All funds paid to the Commission pursuant to this Section shall be deposited into a fund administered by the Commission or its agent to be used for equitable relief, including but not limited to consumer restitution and any attendant expenses for the administration of any restitution fund. If the Commission determines in its sole discretion that restitution to consumers is wholly or partially impracticable or funds remain after restitution is completed, the Commission may apply any remaining funds for such other equitable relief, including consumer information remedies, as it determines to be reasonably related to the defendants' practices alleged in the Complaint. Any funds not used for such equitable relief shall be deposited in the United States Treasury as disgorgement. Defendants shall have no right to challenge the Commission's choice of remedies under this Section.
- C. If defendants fail to pay the Commission the restitution amount as set forth above, interest computed at the rate prescribed under 28 U.S.C. § 1961, as amended, shall immediately begin to accrue on the unpaid balance.
- D. In accordance with 31 U.S.C. § 7701, each defendant is hereby required, unless that defendant has done so already, to furnish to the Commission the defendant's taxpayer identifying number (social security numbers or employer identification number), which shall be used for purposes of collecting and reporting on any delinquent amount arising out of that defendant's relationship with the government.

V. COMPLIANCE REPORTING BY DEFENDANTS

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, in order that compliance with the provisions of this Order may be monitored:

- A. For a period of five (5) years from the date of entry of this Order, defendants shall notify the Commission of the following:
 - 1. Defendant John Stefanchik shall notify the Commission of the following:
 - a. Any changes in his residence, mailing address and telephone number, within ten (10) days of the date of such change;
 - b. Any changes in his employment status (including self-employment) within ten (10) days of such change. Such notice shall include the name and address of each business that he is affiliated with or employed by, a statement of the nature of the business, and a statement of his duties and responsibilities in connection with the business or employment; and
 - c. Any changes in name or use of any aliases or fictitious names; and
 - 2. Defendants shall notify the Commission of any changes in the corporate structure of defendant Beringer Corporation or any proposed change in the structure of any business entity owned or controlled by any defendant, such as creation, incorporation, dissolution, assignment, sale, merger, creation or dissolution of subsidiaries, or any other change that may affect compliance obligations arising out of this Order, thirty (30) days prior to the effective date of any proposed change; provided that, with respect to any proposed change in the corporation about which a defendant learns less than thirty (30) days prior to the date such action is to take place, that defendant shall notify the Commission as soon as practicable after obtaining such knowledge;

1	B. One hundred eighty (180) days after the date of entry of this Order, each defendant
2	shall provide a written report to the Commission, sworn to under penalty of perjury, setting forth
3	in detail the manner and form in which the defendant has complied and is complying with this
4	Order. This report shall include, but not be limited to:
5	1. For defendant John Stefanchik:
6	a. His then-current residence addresses and telephone numbers;
7	b. His then-current employment, business addresses and telephone
8	numbers, a description of the business activities of each such
9	employer, and his title and responsibilities for each employer; and
10	c. Any other changes required to be reported under Paragraph A of
11 12	this Section.
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14	2. For all defendants:
15	a. A copy of each acknowledgment of receipt of this Order, obtained
16	pursuant to Section VIII of this Order; and
17	b. Any other changes required to be reported Paragraph A of this
18	Section.
19	C. For the purposes of this Section, "employment" includes the performance of
20	services as an employee, consultant, or independent contractor; and "employers" include any
21	individual or entity for whom any defendant performs services as an employee, consultant, or
22	independent contractor.
23	D. For the purposes of this Order, defendants shall, unless otherwise directed by the
24	Commission's authorized representatives, mail all written notifications to the Commission to:
25	Associate Director for Enforcement
26	Federal Trade Commission 601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
27	Washington, DC 20001
28	Re: FTC v. John Stefanchik, et al.

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E. For purposes of the compliance reporting required by this Order, the Commission is authorized to communicate directly with defendants.

VI. COMPLIANCE MONITORING

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that for the purpose of monitoring and investigating compliance with any provision of this Order,

- A. Within ten (10) days of receipt of written notice from a representative of the Commission, each defendant shall submit additional written reports, sworn to under penalty of perjury; produce documents for inspection and copying; appear for deposition; and/or provide entry during normal business hours to any business location in such defendant's possession or direct or indirect control to inspect the business operation;
- B. In addition, the Commission is authorized to monitor compliance with this Order by all lawful means including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Obtaining discovery from any person, without further leave of court, using the procedures prescribed by Fed. R. Civ. P. 30, 31, 33, 34, 36, and 45;
 - Posing as consumers and suppliers to defendants, defendants' employees, or any other entity managed or controlled in whole or in part by defendants, without the necessity of identification or prior notice; and
- C. Defendants shall permit representatives of the Commission to interview any employer, consultant, independent contractor, representative, agent, or employee who has agreed to such an interview, relating in any way to any conduct subject to this Order. The person interviewed may have counsel present.

Provided, however, that nothing in this Order shall limit the Commission's lawful use of compulsory process, pursuant to Sections 9 and 20 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 49 and 57b-1, to obtain any documentary material, tangible things, testimony, or information relevant to unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce (withing the meaning of 15 U.S.C.

§ 45(a)(1)).

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VII. RECORD KEEPING

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, for a period of eight (8) years from the date of entry of this Order, defendants, and their officers, agents, servants, employees, and those persons in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of this Order by personal service or otherwise, in connection with any business where: (1) any defendant is the majority owner of the business, or directly or indirectly manages or controls the business, and (2) the business is engaged in telemarketing or marketing or assisting others engaged in telemarketing or marketing any business venture, money-making venture or other investment opportunity (including an opportunity to invest in real estate or in mortgages or other intangible item), or seminar or other tool purported to teach consumers how to succeed in any business venture, money-making venture or other investment opportunity, are hereby permanently restrained and enjoined from failing to create and retain:

- A. Accounting records that reflect the cost of goods or services sold, revenues generated and the disbursement of such revenues;
- В. Personnel records accurately reflecting: the name, address, and telephone number of each person employed in any capacity by such business, including as an independent contractor; that person's job or position; the date upon which the person commenced work; and the date and reason for the person's termination, if applicable;
- C. Customer files containing the names, addresses, telephone numbers, dollar amounts paid, quantity of items or services purchased, and description of items or services purchased, to the extent such information is obtained in the ordinary course of business;
- D. Complaints and refund requests (whether received directly, indirectly, or through any third party) and any responses to those complaints or requests;
- Copies of all sales scripts, training materials, advertisements, or other marketing E. materials; and

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F. All records and documents necessary to demonstrate full compliance with each provision of this Order including, but not limited to, copies of acknowledgments of receipt of this Order required by Section VIII of this Order, and all reports submitted to the Commission pursuant to Section V of this Order.

VIII. DISTRIBUTION OF ORDER BY DEFENDANTS

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, for a period of five (5) years from the date of entry of this Order, defendants shall deliver copies of the Order as directed below:

- A. Corporate Defendant: Defendant Beringer Corporation must deliver a copy of this Order to all of its principals, officers, directors, and managers. Defendant Beringer Corporation also must deliver copies of this Order to all of its employees, agents, and representatives who engage in conduct related to the subject matter of the Order. For current personnel, delivery shall be within five (5) days of service of this Order upon defendant Beringer Corporation. For new personnel, delivery shall occur prior to them assuming their responsibilities.
- B. Individual Defendant John Stefanchik as Control Person: For any business that defendant John Stefanchik controls, directly or indirectly, or in which he has a majority ownership interest, defendant John Stefanchik must deliver a copy of this Order to all principals, officers, directors, and managers of that business. Defendant John Stefanchik must also deliver copies of this Order to all employees, agents, and representatives of that business who engage in conduct related to the subject matter of the Order. For current personnel, delivery shall be within five (5) days of service of this Order upon defendant John Stefanchik. For new personnel, delivery shall occur prior to them assuming their responsibilities.
- C. John Stefanchik as Employee or Non-Control Person: For any business where defendant John Stefanchik is not a controlling person of a business but otherwise engages in conduct related to the subject matter of this Order, he must deliver a copy of this Order to all principals and managers of such business before engaging in such conduct.

1	D. Defendants shall secure a signed and dated statement acknowledging receipt of the
2	Order, within thirty (30) days of delivery, from all persons receiving a copy of the Order pursuant
3	to this Section.
4	IX. ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT OF ORDER BY DEFENDANTS
5	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that each defendant, within five (5) business days of receip
6	of this Order as entered by the Court, must submit to the Commission a truthful sworn statement
7	acknowledging receipt of this Order.
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9	X. RETENTION OF JURISDICTION
10	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Court will retain jurisdiction of this matter for
11	purposes of construction, modification, and enforcement of this Order.
12	SO ORDERED, this3 day of April, 2007.
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14	(Dyla)
15	RICARDO S. MARTINEZ
16	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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18	Presented by:
19	s/Nadine S. Samter
20	NADINE S. SAMTER, WSBA # 23881 KIAL S. YOUNG, Mass. Bar #633515
21	JULIE K. MAYER, WSBA #34638 Attorneys for Plaintiff
22	Federal Trade Commission 915 Second Avenue, Suite 2896 South Weshington 08174
23	Seattle, Washington 98174 (206) 220-6350 Fax: (206) 220-6366
24	Email: nsamter@ftc.gov; kyoung@ftc.gov; imayer@ftc.gov
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