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4	WITNESS: DIRECT	CROSS	REDIRECT	RECROSS
5	McAfee 7669	7740		
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8	EXHIBITS	FOR ID	IN EVID	WITHDRAWN
9	CX			
10	Number 1744A		7792	
11	Number 2955		7785	
12	Number 3094	7765		
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14	RX			
15	Number 307		7813	
16	Number 411		7814	
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18	JX			
19	None			
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1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
2	FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION
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4	In the Matter of: )
5	Rambus, Inc. ) Docket No. 9302
6	)
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9	Friday, June 27, 2003
10	9:30 a.m.
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13	TRIAL VOLUME 37
14	PART 1
15	PUBLIC RECORD
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17	BEFORE THE HONORABLE STEPHEN J. McGUIRE
18	Chief Administrative Law Judge
19	Federal Trade Commission
20	600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
21	Washington, D.C.
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25	Reported by: Susanne Bergling, RMR
	For The Record, Inc.

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- JUDGE McGUIRE: This hearing is now in order.
- 4 Are there any housekeeping items we need to
- 5 pick up this morning?
- 6 MR. STONE: I don't believe so, Your Honor.
- 7 JUDGE McGUIRE: If not, you can continue with
- 8 your cross examination, Mr. Stone.
- 9 MR. STONE: Thank you, Your Honor.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Good morning, Professor. How
- 11 are you this morning?
- 12 THE WITNESS: Good, thank you.
- 13 MR. ROYALL: Could I ask for one moment? Our
- 14 computer is having another malfunction.
- 15 (Pause in the proceedings.)
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, Mr. Stone.
- 17 MR. STONE: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 18 CROSS EXAMINATION (cont.)
- 19 BY MR. STONE:
- Q. Good morning again, Professor McAfee.
- 21 A. Good morning.
- 22 Q. Is it correct that you were not able to tell us
- 23 based on the assumptions or understanding that you
- 24 performed what specific claims of any patent
- 25 applications or patents or what specific patent

1 applications or patents in their entirety should have

- 2 been disclosed according to your understanding and
- 3 assumptions by Rambus to JEDEC?
- 4 A. That's correct.
- 5 Q. Is it also correct that you can't say as to a
- 6 specific date when any particular disclosure should
- 7 have been made by Rambus to JEDEC?
- 8 A. I think as I've already testified, I'm not in a
- 9 position to say what should have been done. In fact,
- 10 that --
- 11 Q. Let me -- you are correct. Let me withdraw the
- 12 question. Let me reframe it I think consistent with
- 13 what I have heard you say.
- Based on the assumptions you have made, you're
- 15 not able to identify a specific date on which any
- 16 particular disclosure should have been made by Rambus
- 17 to JEDEC. Is that correct?
- 18 A. Well, I don't actually understand the
- 19 difference in that question. Again, you seem to be
- 20 calling for a legal conclusion or at least a -- for me
- 21 to conclude what should have been done in terms of
- 22 disclosure, which was --
- Q. Right.
- 24 A. -- not my --
- Q. I don't mean to ask you that. If I did, I

1 wasn't clear enough. Let me try to reframe it again.

- 2 You have assumed certain things about Rambus'
- 3 conduct that has led you to -- that has provided the
- 4 basis for the opinions you've ultimately formed.
- 5 A. That's correct.
- 6 Q. I'm just going to ask you about your
- 7 assumptions, not about any of the conclusions you've
- 8 formed. I'm just asking you in the course of
- 9 developing your assumptions, have you made assumptions
- 10 as to specific dates on which disclosures should have
- 11 been made by Rambus to JEDEC?
- 12 A. I have not.
- 13 Q. Okay. And have you assumed any particular
- 14 triggering event would have caused Rambus to be
- 15 obligated in some form or another to make a disclosure
- 16 to JEDEC?
- 17 A. No, I haven't assumed anything in the way of --
- 18 other than the need -- other than there was a
- 19 requirement or a violation of the process that formed
- 20 the basis for them to have misled JEDEC or
- 21 misrepresented their IP.
- Q. Thank you.
- 23 Have you assumed in connection with the JEDEC
- 24 process that when patents are disclosed to JEDEC, that
- 25 it will then request a RAND assurance or a RAND letter

- 1 be provided by the patent holder?
- 2 A. So, my understanding is -- what I've assumed is
- 3 that in order to incorporate the disclosed intellectual
- 4 property, the -- a RAND letter was necessary, but
- 5 that -- I could conceive of circumstances where having
- 6 heard there was intellectual property, the -- JEDEC
- 7 decided not to pursue that avenue and didn't seek a
- 8 RAND letter, just went a different direction. That
- 9 would not make a difference to my opinion.
- 10 Q. Have you assumed that if JEDEC was advised of
- 11 patented technology that was contemplated to be
- included in a standard, that they would not include
- that patented technology in the standard without first
- requesting a RAND assurance from the patent holder?
- 15 A. That's my expectation. There is one example in
- 16 the record I believe or in the trial testimony of a
- 17 company that was using the -- or at least as I
- 18 understand it was using the need for a RAND letter as a
- 19 way of slowing down the proceedings and that after some
- 20 amount of deliberation, JEDEC decided that there wasn't
- 21 any actual IP and that this was, in fact, an attempt to
- 22 slow down the JEDEC deliberations, and so there is an
- instance where they did not seek a RAND letter in the
- 24 end, but that was because they determined to their
- 25 satisfaction that, in fact, there was no relevant IP.

1 Q. And do you recall the name of that company?

- 2 A. Not offhand.
- 3 Q. If I suggested to you that it was Echelon,
- 4 would that refresh your recollection at all?
- 5 A. That sounds right.
- 6 Q. Okay. And it was your understanding in that
- 7 regard, was it not, that as a matter of economics,
- 8 someone who provides information that might turn out to
- 9 be incorrect could impose costs on the system?
- MR. ROYALL: Objection, vague. I'm not sure
- 11 what system is being referenced here.
- 12 JUDGE McGUIRE: Sustained.
- 13 BY MR. STONE:
- 14 Q. In regard to the testimony that you referred to
- a moment ago about Echelon, was it your understanding
- that some people thought that Echelon was giving notice
- that they had intellectual property that applied to
- 18 certain technologies incorporated in a standard in an
- 19 effort to slow the standard-setting process down?
- 20 A. That is a fair summary I think of my
- 21 understanding.
- 22 Q. Okay. And would you agree that the conduct
- that was at least suggested by some of the testimony
- 24 was the type of conduct that would impose a cost on the
- 25 standard-setting process employed by JEDEC?

- 1 A. It is my understanding that misrepresentations
- 2 generally can harm the standard-setting process and
- 3 that this is apparently -- again, I've done no further
- 4 investigation beyond what I read in the trial record --
- 5 but this is apparently an example of that.
- 6 Q. So, is it consistent, then, with your
- 7 understanding that if someone advises JEDEC that
- 8 patented technology may be included in a standard and
- 9 JEDEC determines that the technology is not, in fact,
- 10 patented, that it would not be inconsistent with their
- 11 procedures to then not request a RAND letter?
- 12 JUDGE McGUIRE: Now, there is two negatives
- 13 there, Mr. Stone.
- MR. STONE: Well, let me try to simplify it,
- 15 because I was trying to keep count as I went, Your
- 16 Honor, but I may have gotten turned around. So, let me
- 17 try to simplify it.
- 18 BY MR. STONE:
- 19 Q. Let me back up.
- Is it your assumption that when JEDEC decides
- 21 to include patented technology in a standard where they
- 22 have an expectation that the technology is, in fact,
- 23 patented, that they will request a RAND letter or RAND
- 24 assurance from the patent holder?
- 25 MR. ROYALL: Can I ask for clarification as to

- 1 whose expectation is being referred to, JEDEC
- 2 collectively or specific JEDEC members?
- 3 MR. STONE: Let me reframe.
- 4 BY MR. STONE:
- 5 O. Is it -- have you assumed that when JEDEC is
- 6 advised that certain technology that is proposed for
- 7 incorporation into a standard is patented, that JEDEC
- 8 will request a RAND letter or RAND assurance from the
- 9 patent holder unless a determination is made that the
- 10 technology is, in fact, not patented?
- 11 A. My understanding is that they -- if they are
- 12 planning or considering incorporating intellectual
- 13 property in -- patented intellectual property in a
- 14 standard, that they won't do that without a RAND
- 15 letter, and I think that answers your question.
- 16 O. But I was trying to ask a question which also
- 17 picked up the exception with regard to Echelon that we
- 18 had talked about earlier, and can you give me a general
- 19 statement of the policy that you have assumed exists
- that includes the exception for Echelon?
- 21 MR. ROYALL: Again, can I ask for clarification
- as to what is meant by "exception for Echelon"? I
- don't think the record is clear on that.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Yeah, I don't think it is, Mr.
- 25 Stone.

- 1 MR. STONE: Sure.
- 2 BY MR. STONE:
- 3 Q. Let me ask it this way, Professor McAfee: Tell
- 4 us, if you would, what you have assumed is JEDEC's
- 5 policy or rules with respect to when they will request
- 6 a RAND letter or RAND assurance be provided.
- 7 A. When they're planning to incorporate -- when
- 8 JEDEC is planning or JEDEC members are planning to
- 9 incorporate -- proposing to incorporate intellectual
- 10 property into a standard, they will request -- my
- 11 understanding is they will request a RAND letter or
- 12 they won't incorporate the intellectual property
- 13 without a RAND letter from the owner of that
- 14 technology.
- Now, my understanding is that in terms of
- 16 Echelon, that because they didn't consider that Echelon
- 17 had intellectual property in spite of it -- Echelon's
- 18 statements, that that didn't violate their process, but
- 19 again, these are -- my assumption is that they will not
- 20 incorporate the technology that's patented or patent
- 21 pending without a RAND letter. That's the nature of my
- 22 assumption. And I don't believe Echelon violates that.
- Q. Okay. Is it a correct statement, then, of your
- assumption that if JEDEC determines that the technology
- is not patented, even after someone having said that it

is, that they may proceed without requesting a RAND

- 2 letter or RAND assurance?
- 3 A. Well, I think they did exactly that in
- 4 Echelon's case.
- 5 Q. Okay. Let me ask you now, if I might, about
- 6 the but for world that was the subject of some
- 7 testimony yesterday, and maybe we can bring up DX-233
- 8 as a point of reference.
- 9 You talk in Exhibit -- you testified with
- 10 respect to DX-233, I believe, that -- let me rephrase
- it. I don't need to go back and repeat what you said.
- In the but-for world, you started with the
- assumption of hypothetically, as you put it, that
- Rambus did not engage in the challenged conduct that
- 15 you had described for us, correct?
- 16 A. I'm sorry, I was looking at the exhibit. Can I
- 17 ask you to repeat?
- 18 Q. Certainly.
- 19 In setting up your construct of a but-for
- 20 world, you assumed that Rambus had not engaged in the
- 21 conduct that is challenged here.
- 22 A. That's correct.
- 23 Q. And you then took one of -- you took two paths
- 24 as alternatives, that Rambus was asked for a RAND
- letter and provided it and that Rambus was asked for a

- 1 RAND letter and did not provide it.
- 2 A. That's correct.
- 3 Q. If JEDEC had determined that the technology it
- 4 sought to include was not patented, a third path could
- 5 have been followed, which is that JEDEC would not have
- 6 requested a RAND letter or RAND assurance, correct?
- 7 A. I think it's correct that that third path --
- 8 again, this is -- the assumptions about JEDEC are
- 9 assumptions and not -- and not economic conclusions,
- 10 but that at least seems plausible as a -- given my
- 11 reading of the case, it seems possible -- that is, the
- 12 possibility of that is plausible. That was a contorted
- 13 sentence.
- Q. If JEDEC did not -- let me start again.
- 15 If JEDEC concluded that Rambus would not
- 16 ultimately be issued patents which would cover the
- 17 technology that JEDEC sought to incorporate into the
- 18 standard, it would be consistent with JEDEC's rules and
- 19 practice that it not request a RAND letter or RAND
- 20 assurance from Rambus as you have assumed those rules
- 21 or practices. Isn't that correct?
- MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, I would object to this
- line of questioning. Mr. Stone objected at the
- 24 beginning of the direct examination to anything beyond
- very limited discussion of the nature of the

- 1 assumptions that the witness has made, and now he is
- 2 asking the witness to give what amounts to factual
- 3 testimony interpreting JEDEC rules, which is something
- 4 that your own order prohibits him from doing, and so I
- 5 don't see the point in this entire line of questioning.
- 6 MR. STONE: Your Honor, if I might respond, I'm
- 7 simply asking the witness questions about the
- 8 assumptions he has made, and I'm asking him in a
- 9 hypothetical way. I'm not asking him for any opinion
- 10 as to these factual issues.
- 11 JUDGE McGUIRE: I'll entertain that line of
- inquiry, but let's keep that very much tied to the
- 13 context of his objection.
- 14 MR. STONE: I will.
- 15 BY MR. STONE:
- 16 Q. Do you have the question in mind, Professor
- 17 McAfee?
- 18 A. I do, but I -- given the objection, I think I
- 19 misunderstood the question, because I understood you to
- 20 be asking me about what was permitted within JEDEC's
- 21 rules and not about, given a hypothetical, what are my
- 22 economic conclusions --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Then if that is the inquiry,
- 24 then that is I think sustained, but if you want to pose
- it as a hypothetical, then we'll do that.

1 MR. STONE: I do, Your Honor. That's how I

- 2 want to pose it.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, well, let's get to
- 4 it then.
- 5 BY MR. STONE:
- 6 Q. Professor McAfee, for purposes -- what I'm
- 7 trying to understand is the limits of the assumptions
- 8 you have made or the parameters of the assumptions you
- 9 have made, and I'm asking you hypothetically, would it
- 10 be consistent with your understanding and your
- 11 assumptions of JEDEC's practices and rules that if
- 12 JEDEC determined that Rambus would not be issued any
- patents that covered the technology that JEDEC was
- seeking to incorporate into its standards, that JEDEC
- 15 would not feel compelled to issue a request for a RAND
- 16 letter or RAND assurance?
- 17 A. Okay, I think I understand that question. I'm
- going to give an answer in such a way that it either
- 19 won't be responsive or, if I understood it correctly,
- 20 it will.
- 21 My -- my hypothesis about the reaction of JEDEC
- 22 to a disclosure is -- does not include the possibility
- 23 that JEDEC or does not consider the possibility that
- JEDEC, having heard the disclosure, then says, well, we
- just don't believe it. We're going to incorporate it

- 1 anyway, and we'll fight it out later if that -- if it
- 2 turns out -- the disclosure turns out to be right. I
- 3 did not consider that in constructing the but-for
- 4 world.
- 5 Q. As an economic matter, would it constitute in
- 6 your opinion exclusionary conduct if JEDEC made a
- 7 determination that it did not think patents would issue
- 8 that covered the Rambus technology they sought to
- 9 incorporate into the standard and for that reason did
- 10 not request a RAND assurance or RAND letter?
- 11 MR. ROYALL: I'd ask for clarification. The
- 12 question is vague as to "exclusionary conduct." On the
- part of who?
- MR. STONE: I think --
- 15 JUDGE McGUIRE: We assume it's on behalf of
- 16 Rambus. Is that correct?
- 17 MR. STONE: I think that's the whole reason
- 18 we're here, Your Honor.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: That seemed pretty clear to me,
- 20 Mr. Royall.
- MR. ROYALL: Okay, as long as that's -- as long
- as that's the question, then it's fine.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: That's well established at this
- 24 point.
- 25 THE WITNESS: Can I ask you to either read the

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1 question back or to restate it?
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- 2 MR. STONE: Would it be possible to have it
- 3 read back, Your Honor?
- 4 JUDGE McGUIRE: Go ahead.
- 5 (The record was read as follows:)
- 6 "QUESTION: As an economic matter, would it
- 7 constitute in your opinion exclusionary conduct if
- 8 JEDEC made a determination that it did not think
- 9 patents would issue that covered the Rambus technology
- 10 they sought to incorporate into the standard and for
- 11 that reason did not request a RAND assurance or RAND
- 12 letter?"
- 13 THE WITNESS: Okay, there's a missing
- 14 hypothesis which I take to -- implicit but not explicit
- is the missing hypothesis that Rambus disclosed --
- because in the but-for world, we're starting off with
- 17 the hypothesis that Rambus disclosed, that is, they
- acted in good faith, they followed the process,
- 19 whatever the legal -- again, I'm not here to testify
- about legal requirements, but they followed the legal
- 21 requirements. JEDEC ignored their disclosure or did
- 22 not act upon it and then incorporated the technology
- into the standard. In that case, Rambus would not have
- 24 engaged in exclusionary conduct, as I understand it,
- given my -- the hypotheticals I have put forth.

- 1 BY MR. STONE:
- Q. Okay, and let me follow up on that.
- 3 If JEDEC knew of the Rambus intellectual
- 4 property but was not advised of it by Rambus, and if it
- 5 made the determination that the patents would not issue
- 6 in such a way that they would cover the technology that
- 7 they sought to incorporate, and if they then concluded
- 8 not to request a RAND assurance or RAND letter, would
- 9 Rambus have engaged in exclusionary conduct in an
- 10 economic sense in your opinion as a result of having
- 11 not disclosed that intellectual property to JEDEC?
- MR. ROYALL: I'd object to the question as
- vague in that it doesn't define by the word "JEDEC"
- 14 whether Mr. Stone is referring to all JEDEC members
- 15 collectively or some subset of JEDEC's membership.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Sustained.
- 17 BY MR. STONE:
- 18 Q. You've talked to us yesterday about the JEDEC
- decision-making process and how it achieves consensus,
- 20 correct?
- 21 A. I have.
- 22 Q. And you said it was somewhat like the model --
- but I've forgotten the name that you applied to it.
- 24 Can you remind me?
- 25 A. The median voter model.

- 1 O. Somewhat like the median voter model.
- When I use "JEDEC," what I'm referring to is
- 3 the collective body as you understand it and have tried
- 4 to understand or model its behavior, if I might.
- 5 A. Okay.
- Q. With that clarification, which I hope addresses
- 7 the objection, let me see if I can pose the question
- 8 this way:
- 9 If JEDEC was aware that Rambus had or
- 10 potentially could have intellectual property that might
- 11 be thought to potentially cover technology that JEDEC
- 12 sought to incorporate into a standard, and if JEDEC
- decided that the intellectual property would not result
- in issued patents that covered the technology it sought
- 15 to incorporate, and if it decided not to request a RAND
- 16 letter or RAND assurance, in your opinion as a matter
- of economics, would Rambus' failure to disclose
- intellectual property to JEDEC in that instance have
- 19 constituted exclusionary conduct?
- 20 A. The beginning part of your hypothetical was if
- 21 JEDEC was aware. Now, it turns out that economists
- 22 are -- especially game theorists, that is the branch of
- economics devoted to the study of games -- are acutely
- troubled by terms like "aware," and the reason is there
- 25 are various levels of "aware."

1 It's not -- it's one thing, for example, for

- 2 the members of JEDEC to independently have knowledge
- 3 but not be in a position to discuss it or not know that
- 4 others have the same knowledge. It may or may not be
- 5 possible through the deliberations of JEDEC for that --
- for that awareness or that knowledge to reach
- 7 consensus, and as a consequence, I can interpret your
- 8 question many different ways, and unfortunately, in
- 9 some of the ways I interpret it, the answer is yes, and
- in some of the ways I interpret it, the answer is no.
- 11 Q. Okay, let me try this: If a majority of the
- 12 JEDEC members who voted on whether or not to
- incorporate the Rambus technology into the JEDEC
- 14 standards knew that Rambus had potential patent claims
- over that technology and if they concluded -- that is,
- 16 the majority who had this knowledge -- concluded that
- 17 Rambus would not obtain issued patents which covered
- that technology, and if on that basis JEDEC did not
- 19 request a RAND assurance or RAND letter from Rambus,
- 20 would Rambus' assumed failure to disclose constitute in
- 21 your opinion, as a matter of economics, exclusionary
- 22 conduct?
- MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, I would object to the
- 24 question as vague. The term "majority" is not defined
- and the term "potential patent claims" is not defined.

- 1 JUDGE McGUIRE: Overruled.
- THE WITNESS: I know what "majority" means.
- 3 So, again, that's -- remains an incomplete
- 4 hypothetical. It probably wouldn't have been if I
- 5 thought JEDEC was literally the median voter model,
- 6 because a majority determines the outcome in a median
- 7 voter model, but the process of JEDEC consensus means
- 8 that the answer really still could go either way; that
- 9 is, it could be exclusionary conduct, and it may not be
- depending on really the exact details. I haven't
- actually considered this in enough depth to even know
- 12 exactly what it depends on.
- 13 BY MR. STONE:
- Q. Okay, let me just ask it this way, then, and
- 15 maybe I can simplify a bit.
- There are situations in which JEDEC could
- become aware of Rambus' potential patents other than
- 18 through Rambus' disclosure of that information to JEDEC
- 19 such that Rambus' failure to disclose would not, as a
- 20 matter of economics, in your opinion constitute
- 21 exclusionary conduct. Isn't that right?
- 22 A. That's correct.
- Q. If we could, let's bring up the DX-147 as
- 24 context for my next line of questions.
- The JEDEC process that you've testified about

1 previously and that to some extent is summarized on

- 2 DX-147 included the need for JEDEC to arrive at a
- 3 consensus as to what features should be included in a
- 4 particular standard, correct?
- 5 A. As it says, yes.
- Q. And have you assumed that the decision to
- 7 include the four Rambus technologies that we've
- 8 referred to yesterday was the result of any action
- 9 Rambus took to move JEDEC from other technologies to
- 10 those?
- 11 A. Can I have the question read back?
- 12 Q. Yeah, it's a -- I haven't thought of a simple
- way to phrase this. Let me try a different way and see
- if I can get to my point.
- 15 I understand your opinion that -- your
- opinion/assumption that had JEDEC -- had Rambus
- disclosed to JEDEC, they would have moved from these
- 18 technologies to others, and I'm not asking you to
- 19 contradict that opinion.
- 20 Rather, I'm asking whether you have either
- 21 assumed or have formed an opinion that anything Rambus
- 22 did caused JEDEC in the first instance to select any
- one of the four technologies that we've identified as
- 24 Rambus technologies.
- 25 A. I haven't made any assumptions in that regard,

- 1 and moreover, my understanding of this question --
- 2 which maybe I didn't understand the question -- but my
- 3 understanding is you're asking me as a matter -- this
- 4 would -- strikes me to be something that's a matter of
- 5 law; that is, it's not part of my economic conclusions.
- Instead, it's was this a willful action or a
- 7 positive statement, why don't you adopt this
- 8 technology, versus a passive statement or passive
- 9 actions, and that's something -- that's a distinction I
- 10 haven't needed to make, and -- but as I understand it,
- 11 it could be relevant as a matter of law, but that's not
- my expertise.
- 13 Q. Let me ask it differently. Maybe I can find
- 14 another way.
- 15 Is it -- have you assumed that if Rambus had
- 16 never joined JEDEC, that the four technologies at issue
- here would have been selected by JEDEC for inclusion
- 18 within the standard?
- 19 A. I haven't assumed that, but it seems plausible.
- Q. Is it consistent with the assumptions you have
- 21 made that if Rambus had never joined JEDEC, that JEDEC
- 22 would have selected the same four technologies that
- 23 we -- that it did select?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And is it correct as a matter of your

1 economic opinion that it's your opinion that if JEDEC

- 2 had never -- strike that.
- Is it correct that as a matter of your economic
- 4 opinion, if Rambus had never joined JEDEC, there would
- 5 not be exclusionary conduct on Rambus' part?
- A. This is actually outside of my hypotheses, but
- 7 that seems correct, although I have to say I haven't
- 8 actually -- I'm afraid of saying "yes" unambiguously
- 9 since I haven't really thought about this circumstance
- deeply; that is to say, certainly my reasoning falls
- 11 apart if Rambus were not a member of JEDEC.
- 12 Q. Okay, let me ask again, if we can just for some
- 13 context, bring up DX-145.
- I want to direct your attention, if I might, to
- the second bullet point, which is, "Open availability
- of standard," if I might.
- Have you for purposes of the opinions you have
- formed assumed when standards would be made available
- to the public; that is, JEDEC standards?
- 20 A. I can't think of any assumption about when
- 21 other than prior to the deployment of the standard.
- 22 Actually, no, that's not fair. It's before the
- 23 deployment of the standard in the sense that
- 24 manufacturers of DRAMs and the related components need
- 25 access to the standard to experiment with it, to learn

1 about it, to test manufacturing, define problems, so it

- 2 would be prior to the deployment of the standard.
- 3 Other than that specifically, I haven't really
- 4 considered the question of when the standard is
- 5 available other than that it was openly available early
- 6 in some sense.
- 7 Q. And let me just explore that.
- 8 There is, as a matter of economics, value in
- 9 having access to the standard during the course of its
- development and before it becomes final, correct?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. And manufacturers, you've assumed based on what
- 13 you understand from the record, manufacturers make use
- of that preliminary information in work that they do.
- 15 A. That is correct.
- 16 Q. If the preliminary versions of the standard
- were made available only to JEDEC members and not to
- others, would that give an economic advantage to JEDEC
- 19 members?
- 20 A. You didn't say who, but for -- that is, there
- are some companies that would have an economic
- 22 advantage from being in JEDEC, but there would be other
- 23 companies that would not.
- Q. If -- let me just assume hypothetically, if a
- company was a manufacturer of chipsets, controllers or

- 1 motherboards and was not a member of JEDEC and did not
- 2 have access to preliminary versions of the standard,
- 3 would its competitors who were members of JEDEC have an
- 4 economic advantage by virtue of their JEDEC membership
- 5 if that membership resulted in them having access to
- 6 preliminary versions of the standard?
- 7 A. Potentially.
- 8 Q. Let me ask you about the fourth and fifth
- 9 bullet points, implementation costs and manufacturing
- 10 costs.
- Is it correct that in your opinion, as a matter
- 12 of economics, those costs should be considered together
- because ultimately it's the cost of the system that
- 14 matters for purposes of your analysis?
- 15 A. Yes. To be fair, that -- I -- when I said
- 16 that, I oversimplified slightly in that implementation
- 17 costs, of course, vary with the implementation.
- 18 Manufacturing costs vary with what's being
- 19 manufactured. When you mix that in with consensus, it
- 20 wouldn't be that you just add the two necessarily,
- 21 because it may be that reaching consensus requires
- 22 weighing one or the other more heavily, but certainly
- 23 at the overview level, it's approximately that you
- 24 would add them together.
- Q. Let me ask you about the final point,

- 1 evolutionary versus revolutionary.
- 2 As you use that term, have you formed a view as
- 3 to whether the switch or transition from EDO to SDRAM
- 4 would be described as evolutionary or revolutionary?
- 5 A. I think evolutionary/revolutionary is a
- 6 continuum. The switch from EDO to SDRAM was more
- 7 revolutionary than it -- than a switch from EDO to
- 8 burst EDO would have been, but less revolutionary than
- 9 a switch from EDO to RDRAM. So, was it revolutionary
- or evolutionary? Well, it was more revolutionary than
- going to the burst EDO, but not as revolutionary as
- 12 other alternatives available at the time.
- And that is assumption on my part in that I'm
- 14 not actually evaluating how difficult those transitions
- 15 were. I'm relying on the expertise of people who
- 16 testified at trial.
- 17 Q. As a matter of economics, am I correct that
- it's your opinion that if the performance is constant,
- 19 evolution is preferred over revolution?
- 20 A. Yes; that is, other things equal, you would
- 21 prefer an evolutionary approach.
- Q. And that's because you can -- among other
- things, you can re-use knowledge in that sense and you
- 24 can lower your risk.
- 25 A. That's true.

- 1 Q. Now, as a matter of economics, there are
- benefits perceived to result from innovation, correct?
- 3 A. Generally, yes.
- Q. And as a matter of economics, we know that it's
- 5 that desire to further innovation that led to the
- 6 creation of the patent policy of the United States,
- 7 correct?
- 8 MR. ROYALL: Objection, Your Honor, I think
- 9 this calls for a legal conclusion.
- MR. STONE: I don't mean to do that. Let me
- 11 rephrase it.
- 12 BY MR. STONE:
- Q. It is correct, is it not, that the patent
- 14 system of the United States creates economic incentives
- 15 that will in many instances encourage innovation?
- 16 A. That's certainly consistent with the economic
- 17 understanding of patents; that is, the economic theory
- of the patent system.
- 19 Q. Okay. And is it also correct that economic
- 20 benefit can often be realized from revolutionary ideas?
- 21 A. I only have trouble with the word "often."
- Q. Okay, let me take that out.
- Is it correct that economic benefit can be
- realized from revolutionary ideas?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Okay. And is it also correct that you have
- 2 concluded on prior occasions, such as in your book,
- 3 that established manufacturers may sometimes prefer
- 4 evolution to revolution?
- 5 A. So, now I'm only having trouble with "in your
- 6 book," because I don't actually recall that passage,
- 7 but I believe I testified here at trial that
- 8 manufacturers may prefer evolution over revolution,
- 9 other things equal.
- 10 Q. Okay. And it is correct, is it not, that
- 11 sometimes in the context of economics, it has been
- 12 concluded by economists such as yourself that outsiders
- who bring revolutionary ideas to an industry bring
- benefits that would not have necessarily been realized
- by the established industry's continued evolutionary
- 16 progress?
- 17 A. Was the word "sometimes" in your question?
- 18 Q. Yes.
- 19 A. Yes, then the answer is yes.
- 20 Q. Okay. Is it consistent with your economic
- 21 opinions that JEDEC would prefer evolution over
- 22 revolution?
- A. Again, you've left out "other things equal." A
- 24 sufficiently large gain in performance is going to lead
- 25 to a preference for revolutionary, and an inadequately

1 large gain in performance would prefer evolutionary.

- 2 So --
- 3 Q. Okay, thank you.
- 4 Let's pull up DX-132, if we could. I showed
- 5 you this yesterday, Professor McAfee, and I just want
- 6 to bring you back to it for a moment.
- 7 We talked about the sources of technology and I
- 8 believe agreed that sometimes the technology can come
- 9 from DRAM manufacturers, sometimes it could come from
- 10 technology providers, such as Rambus, and it might on
- some occasions come from someone like Intel, correct?
- 12 A. I don't believe we restricted it to that set,
- but those were members of the set.
- Q. Okay. And in the context where the technology
- is provided to the manufacturers by independent
- 16 technology providers such as Rambus, they -- there's a
- price to be charged for that technology, correct?
- 18 A. Can I ask you to repeat your question or --
- 19 O. Sure.
- Just as a matter of economics, when a
- 21 technology provider that is independent provides the
- technology to a company that is a manufacturer, you
- 23 would expect there to be a price for providing that
- 24 technology.
- 25 A. I would expect a price, yes.

- 1 Q. Okay. And in the context of the work you have
- done in this case, it would be consistent that the
- 3 price might be measured as a fixed fee plus a royalty,
- 4 and it also might be measured in other ways.
- 5 A. That's correct.
- 6 Q. When the technology is provided internally --
- 7 that is, when a manufacturer develops technology and
- 8 provides it to itself -- does the manufacturer in that
- 9 case realize benefits from doing so even though it may
- 10 not be actually paying a price?
- 11 A. Does it realize benefits from what?
- 12 Q. Developing the technology and making it
- 13 available to itself.
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And does the measure of those benefits depend
- in part on whether it can charge a price to others for
- the use of the technology?
- 18 A. If it is able to charge a price to others, it
- 19 would benefit insofar as it collected revenue from
- 20 others; that is, the company that had the technology
- 21 would benefit insofar as it collected revenue from
- 22 others.
- Q. And can the company also realize the benefits
- of the technology it has developed through obtaining a
- lead in manufacturing; that is, getting a time

1 advantage? Let me rephrase it. That seems to be not a

- 2 well-framed question. Let me try again.
- 3 Are there ways in which a vertically integrated
- 4 manufacturer can realize economic benefits from its
- 5 internal development of technology other than by
- 6 charging a price to other companies for the use of the
- 7 technology?
- 8 A. Well, we've already spoken about they might use
- 9 it in their own operations, and so, yes, they could
- 10 have an advantage in using it in their own operations,
- 11 but -- and -- but we had already spoken about that.
- 12 Are you asking me about yet another kind of advantage?
- Q. Let's start with just confirming that one way
- 14 they could realize an economic advantage is by the use
- of the technology.
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. Could they also realize an economic advantage
- if they were able to patent the technology by using it
- in cross-licensing negotiations?
- 20 A. I expect that -- well, at least in principle --
- 21 I'm sure there are circumstances where companies have
- 22 used technologies that they have developed to gain an
- 23 advantage in cross-licensing arrangements in a way that
- 24 was advantageous to the company. In fact, I think Mr.
- 25 Appleton testified approximately to that in the case of

1 Micron, if I understood the question properly, which I

- 2 think I did, but --
- 3 Q. Okay. And I'm asking you simply as a matter of
- 4 economics -- I'm not asking you to remember Mr.
- 5 Appleton's testimony specifically or not or agree with
- 6 it or not -- but just as a matter of economics, is
- 7 there economic value in obtaining patents on internally
- 8 developed technology because they give you benefits in
- 9 licensing or cross-licensing negotiations?
- 10 A. Yes, and in fact, I think my book discusses
- 11 examples of this as well.
- 12 Q. And are there also benefits to patenting
- internally developed technology in that you may thereby
- be able to prevent others from utilizing it?
- 15 A. Yes, in principle. Again, not -- it's not
- 16 always the case, but in principle, that's correct.
- Q. Okay. And are there economic advantages in
- 18 being able to participate -- let me strike that.
- 19 Are you familiar as a matter of economics with
- 20 patent pools?
- 21 A. Yes, but I've made no special study of them,
- but I'm at least somewhat cognizant of them.
- Q. Okay. And is one of the benefits that may be
- realized by a company that internally develops
- 25 technology and patents is that it is able to thereby

- 1 gain admission, if you will, to a patent pool?
- 2 A. In principle.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, now, for the Court's
- 4 own edification, I need some explanation as to what
- 5 constitutes a "patent pool."
- 6 MR. STONE: Certainly.
- 7 BY MR. STONE:
- Q. Professor McAfee, subject to the qualifications
- 9 you provided us earlier, would you provide us a general
- 10 description of a patent pool?
- 11 A. Companies may in some sense join together or
- 12 agree not to -- to allow each other's intellectual
- property to be used by all the members of the pool, and
- 14 that way they eliminate threats of lawsuits and the --
- 15 well, I want to charge you this for this, you charge me
- 16 that for that and that sort of thing. That's my
- 17 understanding of a patent pool, but this is not
- 18 something I've made a specific study of.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: That's all right, that's good
- 20 enough. That gives the Court some context to the
- 21 question.
- MR. STONE: Thank you, Your Honor.
- BY MR. STONE:
- Q. Let's go back, if we can, to DX-147.
- 25 Again -- and I am going to ask you simply to

- 1 confirm an assumption that I think we talked about
- 2 yesterday -- you have assumed that JEDEC will not
- 3 include patented technology in standards it adopts
- 4 without, at a minimum, first being given a RAND letter
- 5 or RAND assurance. Is that correct?
- 6 MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, I would object to this
- 7 as asked and answered now several times. I don't see
- 8 the point in going back over it.
- 9 JUDGE McGUIRE: Sustained.
- BY MR. STONE:
- 11 Q. Let me just go to the next question, then,
- 12 Professor McAfee.
- Have you, for purposes of your economic
- opinions, considered whether a rule that prohibits the
- 15 use of patented technology in a standard unless a RAND
- 16 letter or assurance has first been given is illegal?
- MR. ROYALL: Objection, Your Honor, calls for a
- 18 legal conclusion.
- MR. STONE: Does not, Your Honor.
- MR. ROYALL: Well, the word "illegal" certainly
- 21 suggests it does.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Just a second.
- I am going to have to uphold that objection.
- 24 It does call for a legal conclusion.
- MR. STONE: Let me rephrase.

- 1 BY MR. STONE:
- Q. As a matter of economics, you have considered
- 3 external restraints on behavior, correct?
- 4 A. The -- I don't know what -- the phrase
- 5 "external constraints on behavior" means something to
- 6 me, but I'm just concerned that it may mean something
- 7 different to you, because it's just an odd choice of
- 8 phrase. I mean, I think of things like budgets as
- 9 being external constraints on behavior, and yes, we do
- 10 consider the effects of that kind of external
- 11 constraint on behavior.
- 12 Q. And -- and -- I'm sorry, did I interrupt you?
- 13 A. And laws, lots of things are external
- 14 constraints on behavior. So, yes, we do consider them.
- 15 Q. Okay. And one of the things economists
- 16 consider is that laws from time to time impose
- 17 constraints on behavior, correct?
- 18 A. Yes, economists do consider that on occasion.
- 19 In fact, there's an entire area of economics called law
- and economics which studies the interaction of the two.
- Q. Okay. And have you for purposes of the
- 22 opinions you've formed here considered whether there
- are any legal constraints that would prevent JEDEC from
- 24 prohibiting the use of patented technology in standards
- 25 unless a RAND letter or RAND assurance has been

- 1 received?
- 2 A. I'm sorry, I need that read back.
- 3 JUDGE McGUIRE: Could the court reporter please
- 4 read that question back?
- 5 (The record was read as follows:)
- 6 "QUESTION: And have you for purposes of the
- 7 opinions you've formed here considered whether there
- 8 are any legal constraints that would prevent JEDEC from
- 9 prohibiting the use of patented technology in standards
- 10 unless a RAND letter or RAND assurance has been
- 11 received?"
- 12 THE WITNESS: I have not considered whether
- 13 there are -- there's a legal prohibition. In fact, I
- 14 think I stated that I assumed JEDEC was requiring such
- 15 a RAND letter, and so I did not consider whether there
- 16 was a law that would have prohibited JEDEC from
- 17 actually making that requirement.
- 18 BY MR. STONE:
- 19 Q. If there were a law that prohibited JEDEC from
- 20 imposing such a requirement, would that impact your
- 21 conclusion?
- MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, I think this question
- does inherently ask for a legal conclusion.
- 24 MR. STONE: No, I --
- 25 JUDGE McGUIRE: Overruled. I don't think it

- 1 does.
- 2 THE WITNESS: Well, it would -- as I understand
- 3 the question, that is, there's a law prohibiting one of
- 4 my assumptions. That would mean my assumption was
- 5 violated, and hence, it could have an impact on my
- 6 conclusion, because I had assumed that JEDEC would --
- 7 well, at least the conclusions that depend on JEDEC's
- 8 requirement of the RAND letter, which in particular we
- 9 use in exclusionary conduct conclusions, it would have
- 10 an impact, yes.
- BY MR. STONE:
- 12 Q. In the course of your work in connection with
- this case, you have been provided information by
- 14 complaint counsel, correct?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. Did they provide you with any information
- 17 regarding a case that the FTC brought challenging a
- 18 standard-setting organization's policy of refusing to
- 19 include patented technology in their standards?
- 20 A. I don't recall any such evidence. I did review
- 21 a very large volume of evidence, and there could have
- 22 been something in there that I'm just not recalling as
- I sit here today, but I do not recall such evidence.
- Q. Okay. One of the things you've told us that
- you have done in the course of your work is to try to

1 check your assumptions to some extent, correct?

- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And I want to ask you about this assumption
- 4 that JEDEC would not allow patented technology to be
- 5 included in a standard without receiving a RAND letter
- 6 or RAND assurance in terms of the factual checking
- 7 you've done. That's the focus of my question.
- If we could turn to Exhibit RX-1211, if we
- 9 might, and Your Honor, may I approach and --
- 10 JUDGE McGUIRE: Yes.
- BY MR. STONE:
- 12 Q. I'm directing your attention to what's been
- marked as RX-1211, which is a JEDEC publication,
- 14 JEP21-H, and I want to ask you to turn, if you would,
- 15 Professor McAfee, to the last page, page 20 of this
- 16 document, and I'm going to direct your attention
- specifically to the third paragraph under the heading
- 18 Notice.
- 19 You'll note here that it says -- and I really
- 20 am focused just on the first sentence -- "JEDEC
- 21 Standards are adopted without regard to whether or not
- 22 their adoption may involve patents on," I think it
- 23 should read instead of or, "articles, materials or
- 24 processes."
- Do you see that sentence?

- 1 A. I do see that sentence.
- Q. Is that sentence -- and I know I'm asking you
- 3 to look at it alone -- but is that sentence consistent
- 4 with the assumption you have made about JEDEC's
- 5 prohibition on the inclusion of patented technology
- 6 unless a RAND letter or RAND assurance has been
- 7 provided?
- 8 A. I don't understand this sentence to be
- 9 inconsistent. It certainly is not corroborative or
- 10 supportive, but I don't understand it to be
- inconsistent in -- but it's not very specific, and so
- 12 it's not corroborative of my understanding of the JEDEC
- 13 rules.
- 14 O. It makes no mention of any requirement of a
- RAND letter or RAND assurance before patented
- technology is included, does it?
- 17 A. It does not.
- 18 Q. Did you assume for purposes of your work in
- 19 this case that when JEDEC did adopt the SDRAM standard
- 20 that we've talked about, that products manufactured in
- 21 accordance with that standard would not infringe any
- 22 patents?
- 23 A. As I understand your question, my assumption is
- 24 actually that when products were manufactured would
- violate Rambus patents. So, yes, I did assume that

1 they would violate patents, just not that that was

- 2 generally known.
- 3 Q. Let me reframe it. Undoubtedly my fault again.
- 4 Did you assume that when JEDEC adopted the
- 5 SDRAM standard, that JEDEC believed that products
- 6 manufactured in accordance with that standard would not
- 7 infringe any patents?
- 8 A. No. In fact, my understanding is there are
- 9 basically semiconductor patents held by TI that -- in
- order to manufacture any kind of basic semiconductor
- 11 device, and there may be other such patents that would
- 12 apply essentially to any kind of semiconductor
- 13 manufacture.
- 14 O. Okay, let me see if I can take that into
- account in framing my question.
- Did you assume for purposes of the opinions you
- 17 have expressed in connection with this case that when
- 18 JEDEC adopted the SDRAM standard, it believed that
- 19 products manufactured in accordance with that standard
- 20 would not infringe any patents that would apply to
- 21 SDRAMs specifically but not to all semiconductors?
- MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, could I ask for
- 23 clarification in questions like this that when Mr.
- 24 Stone is referring to JEDEC, he's referring to all
- 25 members collectively or some kind of clarification so

- 1 we know --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Could you clarify that, Mr.
- 3 Stone?
- 4 MR. STONE: Certainly, Your Honor.
- 5 BY MR. STONE:
- Q. Referring you back, Professor McAfee, to the
- 7 discussion we had earlier today about the median voter
- 8 model as modified to some extent to describe JEDEC's
- 9 behavior --
- 10 A. Um-hum.
- 11 Q. -- that it is in that sense, the collective
- decision-making process of JEDEC, as you have modeled
- it, that I refer to when I say "JEDEC." Does that make
- 14 sense to you?
- 15 A. Okay.
- Q. Okay. With that clarification, do you need me
- 17 to restate the question?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. Okay.
- 20 A. I haven't assumed one way or the other about
- 21 whether there were other patents that were picked up by
- 22 SDRAM. As I understand the question, I might have
- posed it as were the patents not involved in EDO, for
- 24 example, that were involved in SDRAM, that's a -- I'm
- 25 clarifying the question by posing it that way. I'm not

1 aware of any such patents, but it was not important to

- 2 my -- to my opinion.
- 3 Q. If there were patents that JEDEC was aware of
- 4 that applied to SDRAM and not to EDO, and if JEDEC did
- 5 not request RAND letters or RAND assurances with
- 6 respect to those patents, would that have an impact on
- 7 your opinions?
- 8 A. Well, it would certainly have an impact on the
- 9 assumption that JEDEC requires a RAND letter, and
- 10 tracing that through, it would then have an impact on
- 11 the opinions that arose based on my understanding that
- 12 JEDEC requires a RAND letter. So, potentially,
- 13 although what you've described is actually something
- 14 that was factual that I didn't assume one way or the
- 15 other, but it would have an impact on my -- on the
- 16 credibility that I place on one of my assumptions.
- 17 Q. Okay. And the assumption whose credibility it
- might cast doubt on would be the assumption that JEDEC
- 19 would insist on a RAND letter or RAND assurance before
- 20 it would include patented technology in a standard,
- 21 correct?
- 22 A. As I -- I understood your question to ask me
- 23 what if there were other patents that they didn't ask a
- 24 RAND -- request a RAND letter for, yes, it would -- it
- 25 would raise red flags on that hypothesis -- on that

- 1 assumption.
- 2 Q. Did you consider as part of your factual
- 3 assumptions that JEDEC was aware when it adopted the
- 4 SDRAM standard that Motorola had a patent that applied
- 5 to SDRAM?
- A. As I sit here today, I vaguely recollect
- 7 something about a Motorola patent, but I don't actually
- 8 remember the details, and so I just don't recall.
- 9 Q. And did you as part of the assumptions you made
- 10 assume that JEDEC was aware that Hitachi had a patent
- 11 that applied to SDRAMs that was known to JEDEC at the
- 12 time the SDRAM standard was adopted?
- 13 A. Again, I don't recall the specifics. I think
- I've already testified that I don't recall any
- 15 patent -- I didn't recall any patents that applied to
- 16 SDRAM and not to EDO, and I just don't -- I don't
- 17 recall anything further about that.
- Q. Let me just see if I might -- no, I won't do
- 19 that.
- Let's move to DX-154, if we could bring that
- 21 up.
- 22 You used a power plant and a coal mine as an
- 23 example of hold-up in your testimony I believe a couple
- 24 days ago, correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. And you showed an example -- I think it's on
- 2 DX-154 -- on how if a contract was signed after the
- 3 plant had been built, the coal costs \$20 a ton as
- 4 contrasted with the example you showed on DX-155 -- if
- 5 we can bring that up -- which was the contract being
- 6 signed before the plant was built and the cost being
- 7 \$10 a ton, correct?
- 8 A. I recall that testimony.
- 9 Q. As a matter of economic theory, there is a
- 10 certain increase in the price of coal that would cause
- 11 the power plant to stop buying coal and shut down,
- 12 correct?
- 13 A. That's correct.
- Q. And in economic terms, how do you describe that
- 15 price increase?
- 16 A. Well, one term for it is the choke price.
- Q. And can you relate that to -- is that related
- 18 to marginal costs, average costs?
- 19 A. The plant shuts down when its output prices
- 20 reaches its average variable costs. As I sit here
- 21 today, I'm not able to recollect the term of what input
- 22 price causes the plant to shut down, but it shuts down
- when its output price reaches the average variable
- costs.
- Q. So, if its average variable costs go up to

1 where they hit the output price, that would shut it

- 2 down?
- 3 A. That would shut it down, yes.
- 4 Q. And the solution -- one of the solutions you
- 5 talked about in the context of the coal example was to
- 6 enter into a long-term contract --
- 7 A. Pardon me, I need to amend my previous answer.
- 8 That's the Principles of Economics 101 version
- 9 of the story; that is to say, a plant shuts down when
- 10 the price reaches the average variable cost, but option
- values actually amend that answer and complicate it, so
- 12 that is to say, if there -- if there are, say, for
- example, sunk costs associated with shutting down or
- 14 costs associated with restarting the plant once it's
- 15 shut down, then the decision won't be at that point,
- 16 but yes, the first path of the decision is that point.
- 17 I'm sorry to be pedantic about this, but this is
- 18 something that I teach.
- 19 Q. That's all right, I just need a moment to read
- 20 the answer again, if I can. Okay.
- 21 And one of the ways you testified that the
- 22 scenario you've described as hold-up can be avoided is
- 23 by signing a long-term contract before the plant is
- 24 built.
- 25 A. That is correct.

1 Q. And of course, there are inherent problems that

- 2 you've written about and others have written about with
- 3 long-term contracts.
- 4 A. That's correct.
- 5 Q. Which may impose costs on one party or the
- 6 other that they didn't anticipate.
- 7 A. For example.
- Q. Okay. And of course, in your hold-up example,
- 9 one other constraint on the price that could be charged
- 10 by the coal mine is the cost of transporting coal from
- 11 a more distant mine to this location.
- 12 A. That's -- yes, that's correct.
- 13 Q. Okay. Now, directing you back to the
- 14 technologies at issue here, DRAMs, you would expect as
- a matter of economics, wouldn't you, that DRAM
- 16 manufacturers, in considering whether to develop
- 17 processes to manufacture RDRAM or SDRAM or SLDRAM,
- would make some assessment of the costs and potential
- 19 revenues to be realized from each of those decisions?
- A. I would.
- 21 Q. And as a matter of your understanding of the
- 22 DRAM industry, you understand that some companies chose
- 23 to develop the capability to manufacture not just
- 24 SDRAM, but also RDRAM.
- 25 A. I do understand that companies developed the

1 capability not just for SDRAM and RDRAM, but explored

- 2 even other technologies.
- 3 Q. Such as SLDRAM, for example?
- 4 A. For example.
- 5 Q. Okay. And you also would agree, would you not,
- 6 that the DRAM industry has many examples of firms
- 7 developing the processes to manufacture particular DRAM
- 8 products that they don't ultimately then produce in
- 9 high volume?
- 10 A. I'm sorry, I --
- 11 Q. Sure, let me just -- I'm trying to ask --
- 12 A. It's not the complexity. It could just be read
- 13 back, I think.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, court reporter,
- 15 could you please read that back?
- 16 (The record was read as follows:)
- "QUESTION: And you also would agree, would you
- not, that the DRAM industry has many examples of firms
- developing the processes to manufacture particular DRAM
- 20 products that they don't ultimately then produce in
- 21 high volume?"
- THE WITNESS: I don't know about many, but
- 23 several certainly.
- BY MR. STONE:
- 25 Q. Could we look at DX-160 for some context here.

1 For purposes of your economic opinions that

- 2 you've expressed in connection with this case, you made
- 3 certain assumptions about the size of specific
- 4 investments, correct?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And those would be the investments that would
- 7 be specific to a particular choice of technology,
- 8 correct?
- 9 A. That's correct.
- 10 Q. And they include things such as the design
- 11 costs associated with that particular technology,
- 12 correct?
- 13 A. They do.
- Q. And the development of masks peculiar or unique
- 15 to that technology?
- 16 A. That's correct.
- Q. And any testing or qualification processes
- 18 unique to that technology as well?
- 19 A. Those are included.
- 20 Q. Are there other categories of costs that you
- 21 have included in these specific investments that are
- 22 related to a choice of a particular DRAM technology?
- 23 A. Yes, there are costs -- the same kinds of costs
- 24 associated with other components that work with the
- 25 DRAM.

1 Q. So, that would be costs associated with memory

- 2 controllers, motherboards, chipsets and BIOS?
- 3 A. For example.
- 4 Q. And would you agree as a matter of your
- 5 economic analysis that the costs we have just described
- 6 as specific investments are incurred in either greater
- 7 or lesser amounts, but the same category of costs are
- 8 incurred when a change is made from SDRAM to DDR?
- 9 A. Well, so, my understanding is that when you go
- 10 from SDRAM to DDR, minimizing those kinds of costs is
- 11 part of the design problem faced in choosing DDR.
- 12 Q. But the same -- but the category of costs are
- 13 still incurred. Is that correct?
- 14 A. The category are incurred, yes.
- 15 Q. Okay. And the category of costs, again, in
- 16 greater or lesser amounts, also are incurred when you
- make transitions from, for example, PC100 SDRAM to
- 18 PC266 SDRAM. Is that your understanding?
- 19 A. Yes, again, the category are incurred, although
- 20 my understanding is that the size of those costs are --
- 21 are substantially less than, say, going from EDO to
- 22 SDRAM.
- Q. And in determining the size of the costs, what
- you have done is relied on information that you've been
- 25 provided by others, either through the trial testimony,

deposition testimony or your interviews or documents

- 2 you've read. Is that correct?
- 3 A. Ultimately -- yes, I'm not the original source
- 4 of any of the data.
- 5 Q. And have you taken the data that you've
- 6 received from others and prepared any sort of
- 7 quantification of the costs by category for different
- 8 transitions from one technology to another?
- 9 A. I did not -- yes, I did not. Sorry.
- 10 Actually, when you reach a convenient stopping
- 11 point, I would like to use the restroom.
- 12 Q. Now would be fine.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Well, I guess this is a good
- 14 time. Let's take a ten-minute break.
- 15 (A brief recess was taken.)
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Back on the record.
- 17 Mr. Stone, you may proceed.
- 18 MR. STONE: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 19 BY MR. STONE:
- Q. Could we bring up DX-223? I guess I don't
- 21 really need the DX for the purposes of this question,
- 22 but maybe it's helpful to put it in context.
- Did you assume one way or the other or not
- 24 assume at all whether the costs the DRAM manufacturer
- incurs in changing from one process technology to

- 1 another are greater than the costs that a DRAM
- 2 manufacturer incurs in changing from one interface
- 3 technology to another?
- 4 A. The costs of changing a DRAM standard -- I'm
- 5 sorry, I am going to need that hear that again.
- Q. Certainly. Let me try to back up a little bit.
- 7 One of the things you talked about as part of
- 8 your opinion is that there would be costs that would be
- 9 incurred if JEDEC chose to change its standards to
- 10 eliminate the four Rambus technologies that you have
- 11 talked about, correct?
- 12 A. That's correct.
- Q. And in assessing those costs, you haven't,
- 14 again, done any quantification of those, have you?
- 15 A. Well, I haven't added them up. I mean, I have
- seen -- I have certainly seen numbers in the record,
- 17 but I haven't added them up.
- Q. Okay. And have you, for purposes of forming
- 19 your opinions, considered whether the difficulty of --
- let me back up and start again.
- 21 Would you agree that the costs of removing
- 22 those four technologies is equal to or less than the
- 23 cost of changing from an interface technology such as
- 24 SDRAM to an interface technology such as RDRAM? Is
- 25 that one of the assumptions you've made?

1 A. The cost of removing the four technologies --

- 2 the question is would the cost of removing the four
- 3 technologies be less than switching from SDRAM to
- 4 RDRAM? My understanding is that the answer to that is
- 5 yes.
- Q. And is it your understanding or have you made
- 7 an assumption -- and if not, that's fine -- that the
- 8 costs associated with changing from one process
- 9 technology are greater than the costs of changing from
- one interface technology to another?
- 11 A. What's the -- what specifically do you mean by
- 12 a "process technology"?
- 13 Q. All right, you are familiar with the
- manufacturing processes that are often referred to in
- terms of the number of microns?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Have you assumed one way or the other or
- not assumed at all that the costs of switching from one
- 19 process technology to the next are greater than the
- 20 costs incurred in switching from one interface
- 21 technology to another?
- 22 A. So, my understanding is that the costs of
- 23 changing an interface technology tend to be greater
- 24 because they're -- at least their total costs, because
- 25 they are industry-wide, they include all the other

1 components, whereas the cost of a die shrink is pretty

- 2 much within the manufacturer and does not spread out
- 3 through the rest of the industry.
- 4 Q. Would it be inconsistent with the assumptions
- 5 you have made if the facts turned out to be that the
- 6 costs of changing from one process technology to
- 7 another are greater than the costs of switching from
- 8 one interface technology to another?
- 9 A. Well, the costs to whom, the total industry
- 10 costs or the costs to the manufacturer?
- 11 Q. Fair point.
- 12 Would it be inconsistent with the assumptions
- 13 you've made if the facts turned out to be that the
- 14 costs to a DRAM manufacturer of switching process
- 15 technologies were greater than the costs of switching
- 16 interface technologies?
- 17 A. No, I've made no assumption about the costs of
- 18 the process technology, so it wouldn't matter if that
- 19 was more or less.
- 20 Q. In your understanding of the DRAM industry, how
- often are process technologies changed?
- 22 A. Eighteen months, two years, something in that
- 23 neighborhood.
- Q. If we could bring up 226.
- One of the things you spoke about yesterday, I

- 1 believe, were barriers to entry, and DX-226 was a
- demonstrative you used in connection with that,
- 3 correct?
- 4 A. That's correct.
- 5 Q. Let me ask you about scale. Does the scale
- factor apply to a new entrant in the technology market?
- 7 A. You know, I don't know the answer to that.
- 8 It's an interesting question, but I don't know the
- 9 answer to it.
- 10 Q. Were the barriers to entry that you talked
- 11 about yesterday --
- 12 A. Actually, can I add one more thing to my
- 13 answer?
- 14 Q. Certainly.
- 15 A. There's certainly the cost of developing
- 16 technologies that -- there are certainly some scale
- economies to developing technologies, so I think the
- answer to the question is actually yes, especially if
- 19 you want to test the technology -- that is to say, you
- 20 want to see how it implements -- and you would actually
- 21 need to have some kind of silicon manufacturing
- 22 facilities, and that would actually create quite a
- 23 scale economy. The -- yes, so I think there was
- 24 probably a scale economy in the technology markets.
- Q. When you talked yesterday about barriers to

- 1 entry and used DX-226 to help illustrate your
- 2 testimony, were you referring then to barriers to entry
- 3 in the DRAM manufacturing business?
- A. When I used scale, I was referring to the DRAM
- 5 manufacturing business.
- Q. And when you used sunk costs, were you
- 7 referring to the DRAM manufacturing business?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And when you used strong learning curve, were
- 10 you referring to the DRAM manufacturing business and
- 11 the manufacturing of related components?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. Let's go to DX-160, if we could, again. Let me
- 14 direct your attention to the fourth bullet point, the
- 15 ease of reaching agreement.
- One of the things you testified to was it's
- 17 difficult for JEDEC to adopt standards which would
- eliminate the four Rambus technologies because 50
- 19 percent, roughly, of the manufacturing capacity is
- 20 licensed and 50 percent is not, correct?
- 21 A. That's -- approximately, that's my
- 22 understanding, yes.
- Q. Hypothetically, I want you to assume that the
- 24 entire industry had been offered a license on the same
- 25 terms and that 50 percent of the industry accepted the

- 1 license and 50 percent of the industry rejected the
- 2 license, went ahead to manufacture the products,
- 3 infringing the patents.
- If that scenario occurred hypothetically, would
- 5 you have the same difficulty in reaching agreement
- 6 about a new standard that you testified to yesterday?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. Don't all of the manufacturers have an interest
- 9 in developing standards which will be less costly in
- 10 terms of the payment of royalties?
- 11 A. If we're referring to the question of the ease
- of reaching agreement, so that this is something that
- is an ex ante/ex post question, there are issues in my
- mind, and your question doesn't specify that.
- 15 Q. Okay. Assume the situation where 50 percent of
- the market has taken a license and 50 percent has
- 17 rejected the license, and an organization that includes
- 18 all of them as members is confronted with the question
- 19 of whether to adopt a standard which removes the
- 20 infringing features. Can you assume that?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Wouldn't all of the manufacturers, those that
- are paying royalties and those that are in litigation,
- have an interest in seeing a standard developed that
- 25 did not incorporate the patented technologies?

1 A. The answer is not necessarily, and it depends

- on other unspecified hypotheses.
- 3 Q. Okay. And have you made a study in the
- 4 circumstances of this case as to whether the interests
- of the 50 percent that are licensed and the 50 percent
- 6 that are not licensed are all consistently in favor of
- 7 adopting a standard that eliminates the patented
- 8 technologies?
- 9 A. I have actually investigated this question, but
- I have not reached a conclusion on that question;
- 11 however, that does not overturn my conclusion that it
- would nonetheless be a challenge given the differences.
- Q. And that challenge -- let me strike that.
- 14 Let's pull up DX-158.
- 15 You've testified previously about various
- 16 mechanisms that an organization might take to reduce
- the risk of hold-up ex ante, correct?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And you have testified to that as a matter of
- 20 economics?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Let me ask you about it as a matter of economic
- 23 theory, if I might.
- The first bullet point on DX-158, IP disclosure
- commitments, as a matter of economics, you said if we

- 1 can tell everyone who participates in the
- 2 standard-setting process that they need to disclose
- 3 whatever the pertinent intellectual property is to us,
- 4 that would be one way to mitigate the risk.
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And you mitigate the risk most completely if
- 7 you tell every company that they have to tell you about
- 8 all of the IP they have.
- 9 A. All of the relevant IP, yes.
- 10 Q. All of the relevant IP.
- And the mitigation you achieve is less if you
- 12 limit the disclosure obligation simply to the knowledge
- of the representative at the meeting.
- 14 A. That's correct.
- Q. And if some companies are very large and have
- many employees, there might, as a matter of economics,
- be a lot of knowledge that is not held by the
- 18 representative with respect to relevant IP.
- 19 A. That's correct.
- 20 Q. Similarly, if you're a company that does most
- 21 of its research and development in another country and
- 22 if your representative to the organization is not part
- of the same location or even in the same country where
- 24 the research is done, they might have less knowledge
- 25 than the company as a whole.

- 1 A. I'm not sure I see what the other country has
- 2 to do with it, but if the representative was not part
- 3 of the research effort or not connected to the research
- 4 effort of the company, the representative might not
- 5 know as much as one of the researchers knew.
- 6 Q. Okay. It's also true, is it not, that this
- 7 disclosure provision that might mitigate the risk would
- 8 not extend to intellectual property held by persons who
- 9 were not members.
- 10 A. That's correct, as I understand the question,
- 11 which is to say does this protect you from intellectual
- 12 property of non-members, no.
- 13 Q. So, there would be economic motivation for a
- standard-setting organization to search in some fashion
- for intellectual property that might bear on its
- 16 standards that it otherwise would not expect to know
- 17 about.
- 18 A. There would be a benefit to that.
- 19 Q. And as you testified earlier, there is a cost
- associated with being provided with incorrect
- 21 information.
- 22 A. Generally, yes.
- Q. And is it also correct that if the disclosure
- is expected at a very early stage of a standard-setting
- 25 process, that there are costs associated with having to

- deal with a higher number of disclosures because
- 2 there's more -- different technologies being
- 3 considered? That's not clear. Let me see if I can
- 4 draw a picture.
- If we assume the funnel that you talked about
- 6 yesterday, and if at the beginning of the process there
- 7 are five technologies under consideration, and if as we
- 8 go forward that narrows down to three and then to one,
- 9 there are costs associated with requiring some
- 10 disclosure of pertinent intellectual property at the
- point in time when there are five technologies proposed
- 12 that are greater than the costs when there are just
- one, correct?
- A. I'm not sure I agree with that proposition, and
- it depends on the nature of the winnowing process. It
- 16 may be that if it's easy to project some of the
- 17 alternatives just because someone says, well, there's
- 18 IP on this particular alternative, you've actually had
- 19 a net savings in the deliberation costs, and so I --
- 20 I'm not testifying that that's always the case. It's,
- 21 rather, that it's not clear to me one way or the other
- 22 which is the expedient way to do the winnowing process.
- Q. I appreciate that answer. Let me see if I can
- 24 clarify my point.
- 25 It could vary from organization to organization

1 whether there was a net benefit in requiring disclosure

- 2 early as opposed to waiting and imposing an obligation
- 3 to disclose later.
- 4 A. Absolutely.
- 5 Q. Okay. Have you performed any analysis of
- 6 which -- have you performed any analysis of JEDEC's
- 7 actual costs and benefits in an effort to determine
- 8 what would be the economically efficient disclosure
- 9 standard for it to impose?
- 10 A. No.
- 11 Q. You recognize, don't you, that many
- 12 standard-setting organizations have struggled with the
- various trade-offs that we have just talked about in
- 14 brief?
- 15 MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, I would object to this
- 16 question. Mr. Stone himself as objected a number of
- 17 times that I'm aware of when any questions have been
- 18 raised about other standard-setting organizations.
- 19 JUDGE McGUIRE: Sustained.
- BY MR. STONE:
- 21 Q. In the course of forming your economic
- 22 opinions, have you given any consideration to whether
- 23 the assumptions you have made about JEDEC's policies
- 24 regarding disclosure are the economically most
- 25 efficient policies it could have selected?

- 1 A. I have not investigated the efficiency of
- 2 JEDEC's procedures and rules.
- 3 Q. Have you formed any opinion as a matter of
- 4 economics one way or the other as to whether were an
- 5 organization to require disclosure of patent
- 6 applications, that procedure would be economically
- 7 beneficial or not?
- 8 A. Well, I think as I testified, these have
- 9 been -- all of these disclosure requirements that were
- on the slide which is now off the projector, which
- 11 could be done to various degrees, they have costs and
- 12 benefits, and as I understand the question you've just
- asked me, yes, I'm aware of costs and benefits to
- 14 these, and I haven't actually tried to -- attempted to
- perform any kind of cost-benefit analysis for
- 16 JEDEC's -- the design of JEDEC's rules.
- Q. Okay. Let me ask you about the testimony you
- gave yesterday, which I think was in your considered
- 19 judgment, Rambus might have issued a RAND letter if it
- 20 had been requested to do so. Is that a fair summary of
- 21 that line of testimony?
- 22 A. It might have. I guess that's why I explored
- 23 both branches of the tree, as to -- I didn't come to
- the conclusion that it would not have. That was
- 25 actually what I judged to be more likely, but -- but it

- 1 might have.
- Q. I want to ask you about that. Bring up, if we
- 3 could, DX-234.
- 4 You used DX-234 to illustrate some of your
- 5 testimony about the reasons why your considered
- 6 judgment was that it would be more likely that Rambus
- 7 would not issue a RAND letter than that it would,
- 8 correct?
- 9 A. That's correct.
- 10 Q. As a matter of economics, when the question was
- posed as to whether or not to provide a RAND letter,
- 12 you would assume, would you not, that whatever
- 13 knowledge JEDEC had about alternatives to the use of
- 14 the Rambus technology would also be known to Rambus?
- 15 A. Well, most of them. I don't know about all of
- 16 them, but generally that would be my starting point.
- 17 O. And one of the risks that Rambus would need to
- 18 consider in deciding whether or not to issue a RAND
- 19 letter is whether or not JEDEC would adopt a
- 20 non-infringing alternative technology, correct?
- 21 A. That would be one of the things they would
- 22 consider.
- Q. And in that regard, as a matter of economics,
- do you assume that their calculation of that risk would
- 25 be the same as what JEDEC's calculation of that risk

- 1 would be?
- 2 A. I wouldn't assume it was the same, but I would
- 3 probably assume what's known as an unbiased -- that it
- 4 was unbiased, which is to say if it's different, it's
- 5 not different in any particular direction. It's just
- 6 there may be -- it may be different, but correct on
- 7 average -- or it's the same on average rather than
- 8 correct.
- 9 Q. If Rambus had been requested to provide a RAND
- 10 letter or RAND assurance and if it had concluded that
- in the event it did not it would be likely that JEDEC
- 12 would adopt competing or alternative technologies that
- were not infringing, there would be economic benefits
- 14 to Rambus in giving a RAND letter, correct?
- 15 A. Well, there -- again, it -- there would be
- 16 costs and benefits in giving a RAND letter, but you're
- 17 now asking me about the heart of why I was unable to
- 18 determine that it would not issue a RAND letter.
- 19 Q. And so let me just -- I'm asking you not about
- 20 net benefit or net costs at the moment. I'm trying to
- 21 identify that both exist.
- 22 At the time -- let's assume hypothetically, as
- you have, that Rambus was asked for a RAND letter, and
- if there was a risk that noninfringing alternatives
- 25 might be adopted by JEDEC, there would be some benefits

1 to Rambus in providing a RAND letter, correct?

- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And as a matter of economic theory, there might
- 4 be costs to Rambus in providing a RAND letter, correct?
- 5 A. There might be costs.
- Q. And the costs would be, in terms of categories,
- 7 what?
- 8 A. Well, the costs of issuing a RAND letter are
- 9 things that are listed on this slide, in particular
- 10 that it -- not issuing a RAND letter might help RDRAM
- 11 succeed by delaying the JEDEC standard-setting process.
- 12 It would -- by not issuing a RAND letter, they would --
- if the technology were still to be adopted, Rambus
- would then be able to charge what it wanted to
- 15 discriminate and so forth. So, there would be these
- 16 sorts of considerations.
- Q. But as to the latter consideration, haven't you
- assumed that the technology would not be adopted if
- 19 Rambus refused to provide a RAND letter?
- 20 A. I do not think the technology -- yes, I have
- 21 assumed the technology would not be adopted, at least
- 22 in this -- in this context.
- 23 Q. So, for purposes of your economic opinions
- here, the only cost to Rambus of issuing a RAND letter
- 25 would be that they might not obtain some benefit for

- 1 the future success of RDRAM.
- 2 A. Well, I guess the way I tend to think about
- 3 this is I rarely think of anything as certain, and I
- 4 think about this in terms of probability. So, when I
- 5 say that JEDEC wouldn't include the IP, I mean it's --
- 6 that's their requirement. Is there no chance that
- 7 there would be infringement? I don't make that -- I
- 8 don't draw that conclusion, that is to say,
- 9 particularly.
- There might be another patent that's held by
- Rambus that is not one of the four technologies which
- is then infringed. This has also gone beyond my --
- it's now -- it strikes me as it's going into facts
- 14 rather than -- and legal opinions even, which I'm not
- 15 trying to draw, but I guess the full answer to your
- 16 question is is that I tend to think about these things
- as being probabilistic rather than certain, and that
- means there may be small advantages just on the -- on
- 19 other branches of the tree that aren't actually listed
- 20 on the slides.
- 21 Q. And I'm trying not to call for legal
- 22 conclusions or even fact issues. I'm only trying to
- 23 call for your economic opinions. I may not always
- succeed in asking the question that way, but that's my
- 25 goal.

1 As a matter of economic opinion, have you

- 2 formed an opinion as to whether it would have been in
- 3 Rambus' economic interest to issue a RAND letter if it
- 4 had been requested to do so?
- 5 A. I'm not in a position actually to make that
- 6 determination, and if I thought it was really in
- 7 Rambus' interest to issue a RAND letter or fully --
- 8 that is to say, it was decidedly in their interest to
- 9 issue a RAND letter, then I would have testified that I
- 10 felt that were the likely outcome, but I -- I -- this
- involves a lot of trade-offs in the sense of what's the
- 12 likelihood that RDRAM succeeds in being the dominant
- memory, what's the likelihood that JEDEC standards
- infringe. I'm not in a position to assess those
- 15 probabilities as of the time that's relevant for this
- 16 assessment, and so I can't say one way or the other.
- 17 Q. Once it became well known to JEDEC that Rambus
- 18 claimed that it had patents which covered products
- 19 manufactured in accordance with JEDEC's standards,
- 20 was -- as you understand the policy and as you have
- 21 assumed it -- JEDEC required to then request a RAND
- letter or RAND assurance from Rambus?
- A. You mean in the year 2000?
- Q. The year 2000 would be fine for purposes of
- 25 that question.

1 A. I don't know what JEDEC -- the JEDEC process or

- 2 rules require. The testimony that I -- again, this is
- 3 a fact issue, I think, that I haven't needed to rely on
- 4 or needed to assume. The testimony, I think, said
- 5 that -- well, once it was -- once there was litigation
- 6 going on, we don't actually get involved, though that's
- 7 a paraphrase, but I didn't need to assume one way or
- 8 the other about what happens at that point in time.
- 9 That was after the period that I was -- on which I was
- 10 focusing.
- 11 Q. Your period ended in what year?
- 12 A. Well, I mean, my -- my --
- 13 Q. I'm sorry, let me be more clear in my question.
- The period of time that is the subject of your
- expert opinions starts when and ends when?
- 16 A. Well, it depends on which issue we're
- discussing, but with respect to exclusionary conduct,
- 18 which is this set of slides, the -- the period I was
- 19 focusing on was prior to Rambus' departure from -- from
- JEDEC, so prior to 19 -- well, prior to June 1996.
- 21 O. Let me --
- 22 A. I certainly wouldn't -- just to clarify, I
- certainly was not considering the issuing of a RAND
- letter much later, in a much later period, and what the
- consequences of that might have been.

- 1 Q. Okay. The -- we talked yesterday about the
- 2 dates for SDRAM and DDR SDRAM on which you would have
- 3 expected a negotiation to occur, but I want to be clear
- 4 about the DDR SDRAM ex ante negotiation, if I might.
- Is it your -- is it part of your opinion that
- 6 the hypothetical ex ante negotiation that would have
- 7 occurred with respect to DDR SDRAM would have occurred
- 8 before or after Rambus sent its formal letter of
- 9 withdrawal to JEDEC in June of 1996?
- 10 A. My hypothetical is that at the time that the
- 11 technology was being -- so, let me remind myself of the
- 12 hypothetical. The hypothetical is Rambus has
- 13 disclosed. At the time of the disclosure -- the
- 14 disclosure occurs when they're discussing the relevant
- 15 technology, so it's the dual edge clocking. At the
- 16 time of the disclosure, when they're discussing dual
- edge clocking -- actually, so that's an interesting
- 18 question.
- 19 I wouldn't have expected the disclosure -- the
- 20 negotiation to occur until they reached a point where
- 21 they were considering actually incorporating dual edge
- 22 clocking into the standard, and that might have
- 23 happened after Rambus had already left.
- Q. Okay. In any event, any analysis we make today
- of how the negotiation would have occurred in the past

1 is something that economists struggle with in various

- 2 contexts from time to time, correct?
- 3 A. That's correct.
- Q. And in the patent context, for example,
- 5 economists often are called upon to express their
- 6 opinion as to what a reasonable royalty would have been
- 7 had a negotiation occurred at an earlier point in time.
- 8 MR. ROYALL: Objection, Your Honor, that he has
- 9 any foundation to say what economists are asked to do
- in the patent context.
- 11 MR. STONE: Let me reframe.
- 12 JUDGE McGUIRE: Restate.
- 13 BY MR. STONE:
- Q. Are you familiar with the economic methodology
- 15 utilized in determining how patent licenses would be
- 16 set at hypothetically earlier points in time than any
- 17 actual negotiation occurred? Oh, that's a terrible
- 18 question. I am going to withdraw that.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: You know, I have heard worse
- from you, Mr. Stone.
- MR. STONE: Well, I'll try not to let it happen
- 22 again.
- 23 BY MR. STONE:
- Q. Professor McAfee, let me ask it this way: You
- are familiar with the fact that patent litigation

- 1 occurs.
- 2 A. I am familiar with that fact.
- 3 Q. And you are familiar with the fact that in the
- 4 context of patent litigation, courts are often called
- 5 upon to decide what a reasonable royalty would be.
- A. Yes, but you're reaching the limit of my
- 7 knowledge.
- Q. Okay. Have you as an economist ever looked at
- 9 the question of how you would determine what a
- 10 reasonable royalty would be based upon a hypothetical
- 11 negotiation that occurred at an earlier point in time?
- 12 A. The answer is yes, but I haven't -- it's quite
- 13 recent, but I have not attempted to apply it to this
- 14 case -- what I learned to this case.
- 15 Q. Okay, but you're familiar -- are you familiar
- that there's sort of an established methodology,
- sometimes referred to as the Georgia Pacific
- methodology, for making such a determination?
- 19 A. I have seen reference to that.
- 20 Q. Okay.
- Your Honor, at this time I need to go to some
- of the in camera information, and I am going to work on
- 23 my questions, as well.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay, and I'm just kidding.
- MR. STONE: I understand.

JUDGE McGUIRE: I have heard bad questions from

- 2 both sides.
- 3 All right, again, to those in the audience, by
- 4 prior court order, it's been determined that the
- 5 evidence we are about to take on the testimony is
- 6 confidential, and as a consequence, this part of the
- 7 hearing will be closed to the public. So, I'll ask all
- 8 of you in the audience that are not otherwise cleared
- 9 to have access to this information to please vacate the
- 10 courtroom, and I'll ensure that you're advised when
- we're done with this portion of the proceeding.
- 12 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Your Honor, I just
- wondered if you had any idea whether that would be
- 14 before or after lunch.
- 15 JUDGE McGUIRE: I'm sorry, sir, what was your
- 16 question?
- 17 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I was wondering whether
- 18 the in camera session would go beyond the lunch hour.
- 19 MR. STONE: It will not.
- 20 JUDGE McGUIRE: Do you have some idea, Mr.
- 21 Stone, how long that will last?
- MR. STONE: I think 30 minutes will be a fairly
- 23 accurate estimate. It could be a bit less.
- 24 (The in camera testimony continued in Volume
- 25 37, Part 2, Pages 7823 through 7848, then resumed as

1	follows.)
2	MR. STONE: No further questions, Your Honor.
3	JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay, very good. It's ten
4	until 12:00. I guess this would be a good time then to
5	break, unless, Mr. Royall, you wanted to proceed with
6	your questioning. I have no idea how much time you're
7	going to be spending on this witness.
8	MR. ROYALL: I do think breaking now might help
9	me to assess that. I don't think I'll need to go too
10	long, but I could see it taking an hour and a half
11	maybe.
12	JUDGE McGUIRE: Well, then
13	MR. ROYALL: Please don't hold me to it. My
14	estimates haven't been so accurate in the past.
15	JUDGE McGUIRE: It's ten to 12:00. Why don't
16	we return back at quarter after 1:00. Hearing in
17	recess.
18	(Whereupon, at 11:50 a.m., a lunch recess was
19	taken.)
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## 1 AFTERNOON SESSION

- 2 (1:15 p.m.)
- JUDGE McGUIRE: This hearing is now in order.
- 4 Complaint counsel at this time may proceed with its
- 5 inquiry of the witness.
- 6 MR. ROYALL: Thank you, Your Honor, and my
- 7 intention is -- I have just a few things to cover that
- 8 are also in camera, and so my plan was to try to do
- 9 that first, if that pleases the Court, for a few
- 10 minutes and then open it up.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: How much time do you anticipate
- 12 that will take, Mr. Royall?
- MR. ROYALL: I would think, at most, ten
- 14 minutes.
- 15 JUDGE McGUIRE: Again, to the audience, we are
- 16 about to hear in camera testimony, and if you can
- 17 vacate the courtroom and I'll advise you about when
- 18 you're free to come back.
- 19 (The in camera testimony continued in Volume
- 20 37, Part 2, Pages 7849 through 7869, then resumed as
- 21 follows.)
- 22 REDIRECT EXAMINATION (cont.)
- BY MR. ROYALL:
- Q. Can we pull up DX-240?
- Do you recall this slide, Professor McAfee,

1 from your testimony earlier in the past few days?

- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And this slide relates to certain
- 4 anticompetitive effects that in your economic -- that
- 5 you have concluded from the standpoint of economics
- 6 have either been caused or have been threatened by
- 7 Rambus' conduct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. The third bullet refers to the threat of higher
- 10 DRAM prices, and I'd like to ask you a couple of
- 11 questions about that.
- We have talked about the DDR royalties charged
- by Rambus, that's what we've been talking about just in
- 14 the last few minutes, and what I'd like to ask is, have
- 15 you seen -- in your review of the record, have you seen
- 16 any evidence that corroborates your views or that you
- 17 have concluded for purposes of your analysis
- 18 corroborates or supports your views that, in fact,
- 19 Rambus' DDR royalties do threaten to bring about higher
- 20 DRAM prices?
- 21 A. Yes, I have.
- 22 MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, may I approach?
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Yes.
- 24 BY MR. ROYALL:
- Q. Professor McAfee, I've just handed you two

documents. I'd like to take them one at a time, and

- 2 let's start with what's -- the document that's marked
- $3 \quad CX-2558.$
- 4 A. Um-hum, yes.
- 5 Q. Do you have that?
- 6 A. I do.
- 7 Q. Is this document one of the documents that you
- 8 were referring to in response to my prior question when
- 9 you said that you had seen evidence that corroborated
- 10 your views about the threat of higher DRAM prices as a
- 11 result of Rambus' DDR royalty?
- 12 A. Yes, it is.
- 13 MR. STONE: Objection, Your Honor.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Mr. Stone?
- MR. STONE: Objection, leading, and secondly,
- 16 this goes into the areas of factual testimony by this
- 17 witness that Mr. Royall objected to. Every time I
- would go into an area about the underlying facts, he
- 19 objected. I had objected yesterday. And he's now
- 20 getting into areas that are not appropriate for this
- 21 witness' testimony.
- MR. ROYALL: May I respond, Your Honor?
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Yeah, go ahead.
- MR. ROYALL: First of all, I don't think it's a
- 25 leading question at all. I asked whether this is one

- of the documents that he was referring to, and it
- 2 either or isn't, and he can tell us, but --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: He can answer the question to
- 4 that extent only, is this one of the documents he was
- 5 referring to.
- 6 MR. ROYALL: And I believe he's already
- 7 answered that question before the objection.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Well, I don't care if he
- 9 started an answer -- oh, he's already answered that
- 10 part of the question?
- MR. ROYALL: I believe he has answered, yes.
- 12 JUDGE McGUIRE: Then what's your next question?
- MR. ROYALL: My next question relates to the
- 14 substance of the document.
- 15 JUDGE McGUIRE: At that point we may hear again
- from opposing counsel, but go ahead and state your next
- 17 question.
- 18 BY MR. ROYALL:
- 19 Q. How, if at all, Professor McAfee, does this
- document relate to your conclusions about the
- 21 threatened effects of higher DRAM prices resulting from
- 22 Rambus' DDR-related royalties?
- MR. STONE: I do object, Your Honor, that this
- is an area of his interpretation of the facts for
- 25 purposes of this testimony, is exactly the areas in

- which both my objections and Mr. Royall's objections
- 2 have been sustained.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, he is not going to
- 4 be able to testify as to the interpretation of the
- 5 facts as stated in the objection, but I believe the
- 6 question says, does this document relate to your
- 7 conclusions, so to that extent, he can answer that
- 8 question, and then if he gets beyond that where he is
- 9 interpreting the facts, then I am going to uphold the
- 10 objection.
- MR. ROYALL: Yes, thank you, Your Honor.
- BY MR. ROYALL:
- 13 Q. Do you have the question in mind?
- 14 A. I don't.
- 15 Q. The question was, how, if at all, does this
- document relate to your conclusions about the
- threatened effects of higher DRAM prices resulting from
- 18 Rambus' DDR-related royalties?
- 19 A. As I testified, the -- I perceived a long run
- 20 threat of higher prices associated with the royalties,
- 21 and this document talks about -- this is my
- 22 understanding, is that this document is corroborating
- 23 that threat by suggesting a different positioning of
- DDR relative to what the -- let me say, a difference in
- 25 business plans that would result in higher prices for

- 1 DDR.
- 2 Q. Can you point us to the language that you're
- 3 referring to in the document?
- 4 A. DRAM suppliers -- it's comments that DRAM
- 5 suppliers have made that they do not want to produce
- 6 DDR DRAMs if they have to pay this high royalty.
- 7 MR. STONE: Move to strike, Your Honor.
- 8 That --
- 9 JUDGE McGUIRE: Just a second.
- 10 Mr. Stone?
- 11 MR. STONE: Move to strike on the grounds that
- 12 that is now interpreting the document. Furthermore,
- his reliance on hearsay like that is an inappropriate
- 14 basis for his testimony.
- 15 MR. ROYALL: May I respond, Your Honor?
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Yes.
- MR. ROYALL: First of all, Mr. Stone has asked
- this witness today in reference to his assumptions
- 19 about a number of documents, and all I am doing is
- 20 asking him further about documents in reference to
- 21 understanding his assumptions, and so this is no
- 22 different than what he's done, and in that regard, I
- 23 would say it's highly -- it's entirely appropriate.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Mr. Stone, how is he
- interpreting this document? Because I'm not quite

1 clear on how he's done that just based on his last

- 2 answer.
- 3 MR. STONE: Well, clearly implicit in his
- 4 answer is he is giving meaning to the words in order to
- 5 say that they are support. I did not ask him to
- 6 interpret any documents. I asked him to explain what
- 7 his assumptions were in detail. I just tried to get
- 8 more detail for his assumptions. I didn't show him
- 9 documents and say, did these support your assumptions?
- 10 I did ask him whether a statement in a document was
- 11 consistent or inconsistent with his assumptions, but
- 12 not whether it supported them or not.
- MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, let me say --
- 14 JUDGE McGUIRE: One last comment.
- 15 MR. ROYALL: Well, this is a very significant
- 16 issue, and it's significant for a number of reasons,
- 17 but one is I have -- I'm only asking him about what
- 18 evidence that he has relied on or considered in making
- 19 his assumptions, and that is an absolutely critical
- thing for me to be able to draw out with this witness.
- 21 JUDGE McGUIRE: You can ask -- whether it's
- 22 critical or not, that doesn't speak to his objection.
- 23 His objection is whether his answer is attempting to
- interpret a document, and as I said earlier, he is not
- 25 going to be allowed to do that. This last answer, it's

- 1 not clear to me whether he's interpreting a document,
- 2 but you can ask him again to what extent he factored in
- 3 this document, but I don't want any testimony regarding
- 4 what could be construed as interpretation of the
- 5 language.
- Now, maybe, again, this is going to have to
- 7 come up again. It's not clear to me at this point to
- 8 what extent he's interpreting the terms of the
- 9 document. So, I am going to let you proceed, and then
- 10 I'll hear again I'm sure from opposing counsel if it
- 11 gets beyond where we are.
- 12 MR. ROYALL: Well, could I just put in context
- my response, because I can imagine this may come up
- 14 again. I'm not asking this witness to interpret the
- 15 document. This witness has made it extremely clear
- 16 that he is not testifying as to what the facts are or
- 17 are not. He has also made it clear that he's made
- assumptions and that he has conducted a factual
- 19 investigation to corroborate those assumptions and that
- 20 it's important --
- 21 JUDGE McGUIRE: In that context, that's fine.
- 22 I think the problem opposing counsel is having was his
- answer appeared to be interpreting this document, even
- 24 if he stated at an earlier point in this hearing that
- 25 he's not attempting to do that. The answer could come

1 out as if he were, and that was, as I understand the

- 2 objection, the context under which that was noted.
- 3 So, I'm going to give you a chance to ask the
- 4 question again in the proper context, and again, I'll
- 5 admonish the witness to avoid any testimony that may be
- 6 construed as interpreting any evidence in this case.
- 7 MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, I think the point I'm
- 8 making is that in order for the witness to explain the
- 9 facts that he considered in developing his assumptions,
- 10 the factual assumptions that he made, he needs to
- 11 comment on documents, and if every time --
- 12 JUDGE McGUIRE: I didn't say he couldn't
- 13 comment on it. I just want to be sure his testimony
- does not appear to be interpreting the document, and as
- long as, again, we put it in the proper context, then
- 16 we'll see if it doesn't clear the problems that
- 17 opposing counsel is having.
- MR. ROYALL: All right, let me try --
- 19 JUDGE McGUIRE: If I understand what he was
- 20 saying, was that it was how the testimony was coming
- 21 out that he had the problem with, so...
- MR. ROYALL: Let me try to frame the questions
- 23 with that input in mind.
- 24 BY MR. ROYALL:
- Q. Professor McAfee, I'm not asking you to

1 interpret for us what the facts are, the facts in this

- 2 case do or do not prove, and I think you've made it
- 3 clear that you have -- you understand that's not your
- 4 role. On the other hand, you've made assumptions about
- facts, as you've testified, and based on those
- 6 assumptions, you've conducted an economic analysis.
- 7 What I'm asking you is can you explain how this
- 8 document, which you've identified as one that you
- 9 viewed before, how this document -- how you took it
- into account in developing your factual assumptions in
- 11 this case?
- 12 A. Let me do the reverse of what my reasoning is
- and start with my conclusions.
- One of my conclusions was that there was a
- 15 threat to long run DRAM prices, that is, a threat of
- 16 increase of long run DRAM prices and a decreasing
- 17 quantity, and I reached that conclusion because
- ordinarily it wouldn't be just a threat, it would be --
- 19 you would expect to see an actual harm, but this
- 20 industry is unusual from an economist's perspective in
- 21 that the other characteristics that we discussed lead
- 22 to what's called a vertical supply or a perfectly
- 23 inelastic supply.
- That is to say, the DRAM manufacturers will
- 25 continue to produce DRAM whether or not there's a

- 1 significant increase in their input prices because
- 2 the -- of the big fixed costs of their operations, and
- 3 as a result, in this industry you wouldn't expect to
- 4 see higher DRAM prices immediately, that is, you
- 5 wouldn't expect to see, as in other industries, cost
- 6 increases in the form of royalties passed on to final
- 7 consumers right away.
- 8 What was significant to me about this document
- 9 in crafting my assumptions was the suggestion that,
- 10 well, perhaps DDR -- there would be a diversion of
- 11 resources away from DDR immediately. That is, it
- 12 suggested that the royalties might be passed on rapidly
- 13 rather than -- rather than only over the long term.
- Q. Now, let me ask you with respect to the second
- document that I handed you, CX-2561, is this a document
- that you considered in developing the factual
- 17 assumptions that you have developed for purposes of
- 18 your economic analysis?
- 19 A. Yes, it is, if you will give me a moment to
- 20 review it. (Document review.) Okay.
- 21 Q. Have you had an opportunity to review it?
- 22 A. I have.
- Q. Is there any aspect of this document that you
- considered in the course of developing your own
- assumptions about any issues that relate to your

- 1 economic analysis?
- 2 A. Yes, there is.
- 3 Q. And can you point us to that, where in the
- 4 document you see language that relates to your
- 5 assumptions?
- A. Well, in particular, with respect to the
- 7 conclusion concerning effects on prices, in the
- 8 numbered list, item 2, there's a statement that says,
- 9 "Will also factor in impact of IP royalty."
- 10 Q. Can you -- oh, I see. Is this -- what's been
- 11 highlighted on the screen, is this what you're
- 12 referring to?
- 13 A. That's correct.
- Q. And how does that relate to the assumptions
- 15 that you have made for purposes of your economic
- 16 analysis?
- 17 A. As I testified, my concern in examining
- downstream DRAM prices was pass-through, what
- 19 economists call pass-through of costs, and this
- document, by using the language "will also factor in
- impact of IP royalty," suggests what the document says.
- Q. By which you mean?
- 23 A. Oh, I will quote the document. "DDR volume,
- 24 cost and pricing update."
- Q. All right, let's move on to something else.

- 1 Can we pull up DX-248?
- 2 MR. DAVIS: Our computer seems to have frozen
- 3 up a little bit here.
- 4 JUDGE McGUIRE: Excuse me?
- 5 MR. ROYALL: The computer is frozen up.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Oh.
- 7 MR. ROYALL: Actually, we can -- I can ask this
- 8 question without reference to the exhibit.
- 9 BY MR. ROYALL:
- 10 Q. Do you recall yesterday Mr. Stone asked you
- some questions about the time frame that would be
- 12 relevant from your standpoint in terms of the
- disclosure of Rambus intellectual property to JEDEC?
- 14 A. Yes, he did.
- 15 Q. And do you recall that you gave an answer to
- 16 the effect that the time period that was relevant for
- 17 your purposes was the pre-1996 time period?
- 18 MR. STONE: Your Honor, I object to the
- 19 mischaracterization of the testimony and to the leading
- 20 nature of this. This is redirect, and --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, sustained.
- MR. ROYALL: I'm simply trying to move things
- 23 along, but I can ask --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: I realize that, I realize that.
- You are just going to have to do it in a little clearer

- 1 fashion, a little better fashion.
- 2 BY MR. ROYALL:
- 3 Q. And do you recall what time frame you indicated
- 4 was relevant to your analysis?
- 5 A. I -- as the document says -- well, actually, I
- 6 was asked to explain this on more than one occasion and
- 7 to give the time period on more than one occasion, and
- 8 I may have given short forms of the answer on some of
- 9 those occasions.
- 10 Q. Let me try -- let me try it this way: Do you
- 11 see in this slide, DX-248, you have listed in the first
- bullet point the date June 18, 1996?
- 13 A. I do.
- Q. And what is your understanding of the
- 15 significance of that date?
- 16 A. This is my understanding -- in fact, I believe,
- as I testified on direct, that this is the date that
- 18 Rambus left JEDEC. That's an assumption on my part.
- 19 Q. And does that date have any significance from
- 20 the standpoint of the timing of intellectual property
- 21 disclosures within JEDEC that are relevant for purposes
- of your economic analysis?
- 23 A. Well, as I believe I clarified on the direct
- 24 testimony and may have been confused again during the
- 25 cross examination, my opinion as an economist -- I

- don't have an opinion about what should have been
- 2 disclosed. That's -- that strikes me as being
- 3 essentially a legal issue. My opinion as an economist
- 4 that whatever should have been disclosed should not be
- 5 enforced. That was my economic conclusion.
- I sort of wish I hadn't used the date June
- 7 18th, 1996, but instead, to just refer to the economic
- 8 conclusion, which relates what should have been
- 9 disclosed, whatever that might be, to -- to
- 10 nonenforcement, and so that is to say, rather than use
- 11 the date June 18th, 1996, it's whatever is found to be
- 12 what should have been disclosed should not be enforced.
- 13 Q. Do you recall -- do you recall that you were
- 14 asked some questions by Mr. Stone relating to network
- 15 issues?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And in that regard, I believe that you may have
- 18 given some testimony as to what you understand the word
- 19 "network" or "network effects" to mean as to how this
- 20 relates to your analysis in this case?
- 21 A. I believe I may have garbled my answer, yes.
- 22 Q. Do you recall if that issue is discussed in
- 23 your expert report?
- 24 A. It is.
- Q. And do you have the expert report in front of

- 1 you?
- 2 Let me ask you to turn to page 56 of your
- 3 expert report, and I would focus your attention on
- 4 paragraph 71.
- 5 MR. STONE: Your Honor, I object to the use of
- 6 the expert -- the expert reports we've already
- 7 determined -- the Court has ruled they are not
- 8 admissible. If Mr. McAfee needs to supplement, correct
- 9 or change his testimony, I think he should be asked to
- 10 do that rather than rely on a document the Court has
- 11 determined is inadmissible.
- 12 JUDGE McGUIRE: Sustained. I think you can ask
- 13 the question without referring to his expert report.
- 14 BY MR. ROYALL:
- 15 Q. Are you familiar, Professor McAfee, with the
- 16 term "direct network compatibility"?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 O. And is that a term that's used in economics?
- 19 A. It is.
- 20 Q. And what do you understand that term to mean?
- 21 A. It's the requirement of devices to interact
- 22 with each other, interoperate. It was originally used
- with local telephone networks, which weren't
- 24 necessarily able to contact other telephone networks,
- 25 and it was -- as we know, the value of a telephone is

- 1 greater the more people you can call, and so that
- 2 became known as a network effect or a direct network
- 3 effect. So, this is the requirement of
- 4 interoperability.
- 5 It's something that we have seen in this case
- 6 with respect to an exhibit which I put up that had
- 7 already been put up as well that showed the interaction
- 8 or interoperability of DRAM with other components
- 9 within a PC.
- 10 Q. Are you familiar also with the term "indirect
- 11 network compatibility"?
- 12 A. Yes, I am.
- Q. And what do you understand that term to mean?
- 14 A. So, an indirect network compatibility is -- or
- 15 indirect network effect is a change in value that's
- associated not directly with the ability to
- interoperate, but with some -- with the provision of
- some sort of other component. The classic example
- 19 would be video rentals. The more people that had a VHS
- 20 VCR, the more VHS videos were available in the local
- 21 rental store, and hence, the more valuable was the VHS
- 22 VCR, and that's what eventually tipped the balance from
- 23 the Sony Beta to the VHS.
- We have seen the same sort of thing happen with
- DVDs recently; that is, the balance in the local video

- 1 store has tipped away from VHS towards DVDs as more
- 2 consumers have them -- have DVDs. That, of course,
- 3 makes the DVD more valuable, and that's known as an
- 4 indirect network effect.
- 5 Q. And do either of these concepts, direct network
- 6 effects or indirect network effects, have applicability
- 7 to your economic analysis in this case?
- 8 A. Both do.
- 9 Q. And can you explain how they relate?
- 10 A. Well, as I think I already mentioned, the
- 11 direct -- we've seen direct network effects in the
- 12 requirement that DRAM communicate with other devices
- within the system, and so those devices must be
- 14 designed to be -- to interoperate, and that creates a
- 15 requirement that the more of such components exist for
- DRAM, the more valuable will be the DRAM.
- And we had a discussion of this with respect to
- 18 things like fax machines and other devices, chipsets,
- 19 all of which tend to increase the value of DRAM and are
- 20 a source of lock-in as a consequence for DRAM design.
- 21 Indirect network effects are also present in
- 22 that as a given DRAM becomes more popular, we see other
- 23 devices designed to work with it, that is, third-party
- devices, which then tends to increase the value of that
- DRAM, thus locking the industry more into that

- 1 particular design.
- Q. I'm going to shift to another issue now.
- 3 A. Okay.
- Q. Do you have an understanding as to whether any
- 5 court has reached any final determination as to the
- 6 validity and enforceability of Rambus' or any of
- 7 Rambus' SDR or DDR SDRAM patents?
- 8 MR. STONE: Calls for a legal conclusion, Your
- 9 Honor.
- 10 JUDGE McGUIRE: Sustained.
- MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, the question -- may I
- 12 be heard?
- JUDGE McGUIRE: You may be heard.
- MR. ROYALL: The question was not whether he
- 15 had an understanding. It was whether there had been
- 16 any such decision. I'm not asking him to interpret it
- or give any legal testimony at all, but as Mr. Stone
- asked the witness earlier about legal issues from the
- 19 standpoint of an economic analysis, it's in the same
- 20 context that I'm asking this question.
- MR. STONE: Well, Your Honor, A, it's beyond
- 22 the scope. I didn't ask him about any decision about
- validity. B, to the extent I wanted to ask him about
- 24 the Federal Circuit and his understanding, Mr. Royall
- 25 did make an objection that it called for a legal

1 conclusion, which was sustained, and so no testimony on

- 2 that was given.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: It was beyond the scope in any
- 4 event, so it is still sustained.
- 5 MR. ROYALL: What I had in mind was within the
- 6 scope, and --
- 7 JUDGE McGUIRE: Mr. Royall, I have sustained
- 8 the objection.
- 9 MR. ROYALL: I understand, Your Honor. What I
- 10 had in mind was within the scope, and I can ask it in a
- 11 different way and make that clear.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: You can go on and ask your next
- 13 question in any event.
- 14 BY MR. ROYALL:
- 15 Q. Do you recall being asked by Mr. Stone about
- 16 whether you had made assumptions about whether Rambus
- patents read on or covered either SDRAM or DDR?
- 18 A. I don't specifically recall those terms, but I
- 19 was definitely asked about the -- whether the --
- 20 whether Rambus had patent coverage or something like
- 21 that, the patents were relevant or something. I don't
- 22 remember exactly what I was asked.
- Q. And for purposes of your conclusions on
- 24 monopoly power, do you make assumptions about the
- coverage of Rambus patents?

- 1 A. Well, I think as I testified, I am not
- 2 questioning that Rambus has IP that they can enforce
- 3 against the standards.
- 4 Q. For purposes of your economic analysis and your
- 5 conclusions about monopoly power, is it an essential
- 6 assumption -- and I'm asking for your assumptions -- is
- 7 it an essential assumption on your part that a court of
- 8 proper jurisdiction has rendered a final conclusion as
- 9 to the validity and enforceability of Rambus' patents?
- 10 A. No, it's not.
- Q. Why not?
- 12 A. Well, to be fair, I'm not sure that I'm
- positioned to interpret the phrase "court --" I've
- 14 forgot, a court of something jurisdiction, but the
- 15 important thing from my perspective is Rambus' ability
- 16 to enforce its patents; that is to say, if Rambus had
- 17 no ability to enforce its patents, I think we could all
- go home, but the -- insofar as they have an ability to
- 19 enforce their patents, whether that's a final
- 20 determination or not I can't see would be relevant.
- 21 Q. And when you say "enforce patents," what are
- 22 you referring to?
- 23 A. Against JEDEC-compliant standards, devices.
- 24 Against the manufacturer of those devices.
- Q. And does the existence of license agreements,

- 1 actual license agreements, relate in any way to
- 2 conclusions that you would draw about Rambus' -- let me
- 3 restate that.
- 4 Have you made any assumptions about the ability
- of Rambus to enforce its SDRAM and DDR SDRAM-related
- 6 patents?
- 7 A. I think, as I just testified, that I am
- 8 assuming that they can do that, and I have seen, of
- 9 course, evidence in the record, because companies don't
- 10 sign license agreements unless they -- there's a threat
- of enforcement. That doesn't actually speak to the
- 12 legal issue directly, nor do I need to assume anything
- 13 about the legal issue.
- And actually, from an economic perspective, it
- doesn't matter one way or the other whether they
- 16 actually have the patent rights. If they can enforce
- them and charge for them, it's the charges that matter
- 18 from an economic perspective.
- 19 Q. Can we pull up DX-229?
- Do you recall this slide, Professor McAfee?
- 21 A. I do.
- Q. And in this slide, do you -- you use the term
- "equal or superior products."
- Do you see that?
- 25 A. I do see that.

- Q. And do you recall that Mr. Stone yesterday
- 2 asked you some questions about those terms?
- 3 A. Yes, I do recall, but not specifically.
- 4 O. And can you tell us, just so the record's
- 5 clear, what you mean by use of those terms in the
- 6 context of your economic analysis?
- 7 A. Well, these are products that -- the use I'm
- 8 making of them is these are the products that the
- 9 buyer -- that a -- that the buyers would -- would
- 10 choose; that is to say, that are equal or superior from
- 11 the perspective of substitution by buyers.
- 12 Q. When you use those terms, are you using them in
- 13 the technical sense or in an economic sense?
- 14 A. I'm using them in an economic sense.
- Q. Does your use of this terminology relate at all
- 16 to your use of the term, which has come up in your
- testimony, of "commercially viable alternatives"?
- 18 A. It does.
- 19 Q. How are those two concepts related as they
- 20 factor into your economic analysis?
- 21 A. So, commercially viable alternatives are
- 22 price-constraining alternatives; that is to say, from
- 23 the buyer's perspective, if the price of a given
- 24 alternative is increased, if it's too high, the buyers
- 25 can substitute one of the other alternatives, and so --

- 1 I should say equal or superior from an economic
- 2 perspective always includes prices. It's not -- you
- 3 can't actually assess whether it's equal or superior
- 4 without prices.
- 5 And so, the issue of equal or superior
- 6 products -- excuse me, the relationship between the
- 7 price-constraining alternatives and equal or superior
- 8 products is that at reasonable prices or at nearly
- 9 similar prices, similar prices, the commercially viable
- 10 alternatives are equally -- equal or superior.
- 11 Q. And have you reached any conclusion as -- in
- terms of your own economic analysis as to whether
- Rambus' challenged conduct has resulted in the
- 14 exclusion of equal or superior products as you define
- that term from the economic perspective?
- 16 A. Yes, as I testified, their conduct has -- given
- my assumptions, their conduct has excluded equal or
- 18 superior products.
- 19 Q. And do you recall -- with reference to the term
- "commercial viability," do you recall that Mr. Stone
- 21 asked you whether you're aware of that term appearing
- in any economic textbook?
- 23 A. I do.
- Q. And do you recall that he asked you whether
- 25 that term appeared in the DOJ-FTC Merger Guidelines?

- 1 A. I do recall that question.
- Q. And do you recall your answer to that question?
- 3 A. I didn't recall it -- I did not recall the term
- 4 "commercial viability" appearing in the FTC-DOJ
- 5 Guidelines.
- 6 Q. Does --
- 7 A. Those aren't actually exactly identical
- 8 guidelines, by the way, but they are very similar.
- 9 Q. Does the term "commercial viability" as you
- 10 have used the term for purposes of your economic
- 11 analysis relate at all to the concept of
- 12 price-constraining alternatives that you discussed
- earlier in your testimony?
- 14 A. That is my definition of commercial viability,
- 15 is that it's a price-constraining alternative. So,
- 16 yes, not only does it relate; it's the same concept.
- 17 Q. Are you familiar with or do you know whether
- the term "price-constraining alternative" appears
- anywhere in the economic literature?
- A. Yes, it does.
- Q. Do you know whether that term appears anywhere
- in either FTC or DOJ Guidelines?
- 23 A. It is my recollection that it appears in the --
- 24 in both.
- MR. ROYALL: May I approach, Your Honor?

- 1 JUDGE McGUIRE: Yes.
- 2 BY MR. ROYALL:
- 3 Q. Professor McAfee, I have just handed you a
- 4 document that for the record I would mark as CX-3094.
- 5 (CX Exhibit Number 3094 was marked for
- 6 identification.)
- 7 BY MR. ROYALL:
- 8 Q. Do you recognize this document?
- 9 A. Yes. This is -- appears to be the Federal
- 10 Trade Commission version of the -- of the Horizontal
- 11 Merger Guidelines.
- 12 Q. And could I ask you to turn to -- referring to
- the bottom left-hand corner, the numbers there, could I
- 14 ask you to turn to page 6 of 26?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. And roughly halfway down, in the middle of the
- page, do you see the paragraph beginning with the
- words, "In considering"?
- 19 A. I do.
- Q. And that sentence states, "In considering the
- 21 likely reaction of buyers to a price increase, the
- 22 agency will take into account all relevant evidence,
- including but not limited to the following," and then
- there are four items listed under that sentence.
- Do you see that?

- 1 A. I do.
- 2 O. And the first of those items refers to evidence
- 3 that buyers have shifted or have considered shifting
- 4 purchases between products, and I read only a portion
- of it, but do you see that language?
- 6 A. I do.
- 7 Q. I'm sorry, I didn't --
- 8 A. I do see that language, yes.
- 9 Q. Then the fourth item refers to the timing and
- 10 costs of switching products.
- Do you see that language?
- 12 A. I do see that.
- 13 Q. When you said earlier that you recalled the
- 14 concept of price-constraining alternatives being
- 15 discussed in the FTC and DOJ Guidelines, were you
- 16 recalling this -- this language that I've pointed you
- to or something else?
- 18 A. No, strictly --
- 19 MR. STONE: Your Honor, Counsel is leading the
- 20 witness. He should -- all he needs to ask is where in
- 21 the document -- where in the document does it appear?
- 22 He's leading him. If the witness can't find it, it is
- 23 relevant evidence. To point him to it is to lead him.
- Now, we all know that the Guidelines will be
- argued before Your Honor in any event, so my objection

is that that sentence is probably a bit moot, but I do

- 2 think counsel continues to lead the witness.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: It is moot, but it is sustained
- 4 as well, Mr. Royall.
- 5 BY MR. ROYALL:
- Q. Well, without reference to necessarily the
- 7 language that I read but by reference to the
- 8 document -- and take your time to review the
- 9 document -- but is there anything in this document that
- 10 you've identified that relates to the concept of
- 11 price-constraining alternatives that we identified a
- moment ago?
- 13 A. I think as I testified on direct, the -- my
- 14 notion of price-constraining alternatives embodied in
- 15 commercial viability is exactly parallel and analogous
- 16 to the language of the Horizontal Merger Guidelines
- 17 with which I'm quite familiar and have, in fact,
- published about; that is, I have written papers about
- 19 the Horizontal Merger Guidelines, and the parts that I
- 20 would point to is the evidence that buyers have shifted
- 21 or considered shifting purchases between products in
- 22 response to relative changes in price, so this is
- 23 talking directly about buyer substitution, which I
- 24 think was actually even on the slide that I presented
- in discussing price-constraining alternatives, and then

- 1 the timing and costs of switching products as well.
- These -- this conceptually is identical. I
- 3 gave it a different name rather than a sniff test,
- 4 partly because when I do a sniff test, I tend to
- 5 actually have data about buyer purchases available to
- 6 me. Here, I don't actually have the data available
- 7 about buyer purchases. Instead, I'm having to rely on
- 8 discussions with engineers and the published record
- 9 from the time that would indicate the same kinds of
- 10 concepts; that is, evidence that the buyers have
- 11 shifted or have considered shifting their choices. But
- in that sense, I think the language is identical in
- meaning and intent from my definition.
- 14 MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, at this time I would
- move in evidence CX-3094.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Mr. Stone, objection?
- 17 MR. STONE: I do object, Your Honor. I think
- 18 this is a document which is properly cited as
- 19 authority, as we would cite a case to Your Honor. I
- 20 don't think the Guidelines are themselves evidence.
- 21 This is a legal document published by the FTC, and I
- 22 think it's -- it can be cited for -- as an authority
- with respect to antitrust issues, but I don't think
- it's permissible as an exhibit. It's not evidence.
- 25 JUDGE McGUIRE: The Court will take notice of

- 1 the document.
- 2 MR. STONE: I think that's appropriate, Your
- 3 Honor.
- 4 JUDGE McGUIRE: But it will not be entered into
- 5 the record.
- 6 MR. ROYALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 7 BY MR. ROYALL:
- 8 Q. Do you recall, Professor McAfee, that in his
- 9 questions to you yesterday, Mr. Stone asked you
- 10 about -- he asked you a hypothetical question about
- 11 hypothetically what impact, if any, it would have on
- 12 your assumptions -- let me restate that.
- 13 He asked you -- Mr. Stone asked you whether it
- 14 would have any impact on your assumptions --
- 15 JUDGE McGUIRE: Excuse me, I want to make clear
- 16 on my last comment that when I said the Court will take
- notice of the document, it's inferred that I mean
- judicial type notice other than just it's noted.
- MR. STONE: Yes, Your Honor.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Are we clear on that?
- MR. STONE: That was my understanding.
- MR. ROYALL: Thank you, Your Honor. Let me
- 23 start over again.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: I'm sorry, Mr. Royall.
- MR. ROYALL: No, no, I garbled the prior

- 1 question.
- 2 BY MR. ROYALL:
- 3 Q. You were asked yesterday or do you recall being
- 4 asked yesterday about what, if any, impact it would
- 5 have on your assumptions if hypothetically Rambus had
- 6 made disclosures to JEDEC relating to the relevance of
- 7 its technologies to SyncLink.
- 8 A. I was asked something about SyncLink,
- 9 disclosures to SyncLink and those being the same
- 10 members as JEDEC or something to that effect. I don't
- 11 recall specifically.
- 12 Q. And in the course of conducting the factual
- investigation that you have conducted in developing
- 14 your assumptions and corroborating the reasonableness
- of your assumptions, have you reviewed any disclosures
- 16 that were made by Rambus to JEDEC in reference to
- 17 SyncLink?
- 18 A. Yes, I have.
- 19 O. Let me --
- Your Honor, may I approach?
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Yes.
- BY MR. ROYALL:
- Q. Professor McAfee, I have just handed you a
- document that's been marked as CX-91A. Do you
- 25 recognize this document?

- 1 A. Well, I recognize it as JEDEC minutes.
- 2 Q. This document attaches a number of documents,
- 3 and if I could point you to a particular attachment,
- 4 which is on page 13 of the document, page 13 of CX-91A.
- 5 A. Attachment C, yes.
- Q. Yes, Attachment C, and do you recognize that
- 7 document?
- 8 A. Yeah, I -- I --
- 9 Q. And by that I mean do you recognize it as
- something that you have reviewed or considered in
- 11 connection with your economic analysis in this case?
- 12 A. I have definitely reviewed it. I recognize it.
- Q. And the document, as is clear from the record,
- is a September 11, 1995 letter on Rambus stationery,
- and do you recall the subject of this letter?
- 16 A. I'm sorry, I'm really having trouble reading
- 17 this document. (Document review.) Yes, I remember
- 18 this document. Do I recall the -- I recall my analysis
- 19 and the reading of this document.
- Q. I'm sorry, you said you recall?
- 21 A. Is there a question -- was I asked a question?
- 22 I had asked for time just to actually read it, because
- 23 I had --
- Q. Well, I can repose the question.
- Can we pull up DX-230?

1 DX-230 is now on the screen. Do you recall

- 2 that we discussed this slide as part of your testimony
- 3 earlier?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And this relates to the principal assumptions
- 6 that you have made relating to the nature of Rambus'
- 7 challenged conduct?
- 8 A. Yes, I recall that.
- 9 Q. And the second bullet point here states,
- 10 "Rambus failed to disclose relevant IP as required by
- 11 JEDEC rules/process."
- Do you see that?
- 13 A. Yes, I do.
- 14 O. Now, then, referring back to the document that
- 15 you have in your hand, Attachment C to CX-91A, can you
- 16 explain whether in your view of that document you
- 17 reached any conclusion as to whether that document was
- 18 consistent with or in any way inconsistent with the
- 19 assumption that you made about Rambus' failure to
- 20 disclose IP to JEDEC?
- 21 MR. STONE: Your Honor, I object that this is
- 22 outside the scope of my cross examination. I asked the
- witness on pages 7549 and 7550 to assume for purposes
- of my questions that Mr. Crisp had advised JEDEC in the
- 25 context of talking about SyncLink of Rambus patents so

- as to establish that he had a certain level of
- 2 awareness of the patents in the context of the last
- 3 bullet point on the demonstrative that Mr. Royall just
- 4 referred to, namely, the risk-taking issue, and the use
- 5 in this regard, that's not an assumption that we're now
- 6 going through, that I questioned about.
- 7 It goes beyond the scope of my cross
- 8 examination, and the use of this document in that
- 9 context is also beyond the scope.
- 10 JUDGE McGUIRE: Mr. Royall?
- 11 MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, I don't believe it is
- beyond the scope when Mr. Stone asked the witness about
- 13 a hypothetical letter, and the witness did consider it
- an actual letter of the sort that he hypothesized, to
- 15 then present the witness with that letter and ask him
- 16 what, if any, conclusions he reached as to whether that
- 17 affected his assumptions. It seems directly within the
- 18 scope of his examination.
- 19 MR. STONE: Your Honor, and if this were asking
- about the appropriate issue, namely, the last bullet
- 21 point on the demonstrative, not the second one, I would
- 22 not be rising in objection to it, but it's beyond the
- 23 scope of anything I did with that assumption about a
- 24 letter.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Sustained.

- 1 MR. ROYALL: One moment, Your Honor.
- 2 Could I confer briefly with Mr. Stone?
- JUDGE McGUIRE: You may.
- 4 (Counsel conferring.)
- 5 BY MR. ROYALL:
- 6 Q. Let me withdraw the question and the document
- for the moment, and let's go back to -- to DX-230.
- 8 We just talked about this slide, Professor
- 9 McAfee, DX-230, and this relates to the assumptions --
- 10 principal assumptions that you've made for purposes of
- 11 your analysis relating to Rambus' challenged conduct.
- 12 A. Is there a question?
- 13 Q. I just want to clarify that again for the -- is
- that correct, that's your understanding?
- 15 A. That's correct, yes.
- 16 Q. And as was just noted on the record, Mr. Stone
- 17 asked you about the last bullet on this page. Do you
- 18 recall being asked questions about that bullet, which
- 19 reads, "Rambus was aware of legal risk associated with
- this conduct (i.e., equitable estoppel) "?
- 21 A. I recall that series of questions.
- 22 Q. And do you recall that in the context of those
- 23 questions or in the context of this bullet point, Mr.
- 24 Stone asked you about the concept of mistake?
- 25 A. Yes, that had been part of my direct testimony,

- and he asked me more than one question about mistakes.
- Q. And one of the questions he asked you related
- 3 to the question of whether it's possible for
- 4 corporations to make mistakes? Do you recall that?
- 5 A. He did ask that, and I agreed that it was.
- Q. And in making the assumptions that you made
- 7 about Rambus' conduct, did you consider the possibility
- 8 that Rambus itself made mistakes as it relates to the
- 9 issues in this case?
- 10 A. I certainly did consider that possibility.
- 11 Q. When you --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, I'm confused there.
- 13 When you say "as it concerns the issues in this case,"
- 14 I'm not clear -- you are going to have to put it in a
- 15 clearer context, if only for the Court.
- 16 MR. ROYALL: Well, I can do that, Your Honor.
- 17 JUDGE McGUIRE: All right.
- BY MR. ROYALL:
- 19 Q. Specifically with reference to this bullet
- 20 point, which I read into the record a moment ago, the
- 21 last bullet point on DX-230, did you consider whether
- 22 Rambus may have made mistakes relating to the potential
- 23 legal risks associated with its conduct?
- A. Yes, I did, especially in light of the quote to
- 25 Mr. David that I actually put in my slides.

1 Q. And as part of the work that you did to develop

- 2 and corroborate your factual assumptions, did you
- 3 review evidence relating to that subject?
- 4 A. I did.
- 5 Q. Did you see anything in the evidence that you
- 6 reviewed that caused you to modify this assumption?
- 7 A. I saw -- I've considered that my assumption was
- 8 corroborated by a substantial amount of evidence and
- 9 that I felt comfortable in assuming that Rambus was
- 10 aware of the legal risks and that this was not just an
- 11 outcome of a mistake on Rambus' part.
- MR. ROYALL: May I approach, Your Honor?
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Yes.
- 14 BY MR. ROYALL:
- 15 Q. Professor McAfee, I've just handed you a
- document that's been marked for identification as
- 17 CX-1942, and do you recognize this as a document that
- 18 you reviewed in connection with your economic analysis
- 19 in this case?
- 20 A. I do.
- 21 O. And is this a document that relates to the
- 22 issue that we've been discussing; that is, the work
- that you did to develop your factual assumptions and
- 24 corroborate your factual assumptions with reference to
- 25 the legal risks or the assumptions that you made with

- 1 reference to the legal risks associated with Rambus'
- 2 conduct?
- 3 A. It is. My understanding of this document is
- 4 that these are notes --
- 5 MR. STONE: Object, Your Honor. The question
- 6 as framed can be answered yes or no. I think the
- 7 witness answered it when he said, "It is." I want to
- 8 preserve, if I might, my ability to object to the
- 9 interpretation of the document by this witness, which
- subject to the prior rulings, he may not be permitted
- 11 to do so.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, that's sustained,
- and you can ask your next question.
- 14 BY MR. ROYALL:
- 15 Q. To be clear, Professor McAfee, I'm not asking
- 16 you to offer an interpretation as to what this letter
- says in terms of the facts of this case or what may or
- may not be the facts in this case.
- 19 What I would like to ask you, however, is did
- 20 your review of this document cause you to modify in any
- 21 way the conclusions -- or rather, the assumptions that
- 22 you made that we focused on a moment ago in the prior
- 23 demonstrative, Exhibit DX-230; namely, the assumption
- 24 that Rambus was aware of legal risks associated with
- 25 its challenged conduct?

1 A. I don't know whether I saw this document before

- 2 I made that assumption or after I made that assumption.
- 3 I just don't recall today, but it would not cause me to
- 4 modify it. It may have actually informed my choice of
- 5 assumption; that is to say, I may have seen it before I
- 6 made the assumption rather than after. But -- but
- 7 either way, it certainly does -- it certainly comforts
- 8 me in my assumption, makes me more comfortable in my
- 9 assumption.
- 10 Q. What is it about this document that -- from the
- 11 standpoint of your own assumptions and developing and
- 12 corroborating those assumptions -- causes you to have
- 13 comfort in your assumption?
- 14 MR. STONE: Your Honor, I would object. This
- is an effort to have this witness testify to Rambus'
- 16 state of mind. That's an area covered by Your Honor's
- in limine. We did not get into it on cross.
- 18 JUDGE McGUIRE: Right.
- 19 MR. STONE: The only thing that is permissible
- 20 here, I believe, in light of Your Honor's in limine is
- 21 for the witness to state his assumptions about Rambus'
- 22 state of mind and then the finding of fact on those
- issues is directed to Your Honor's province, not the
- subject of expert testimony. So, this witness states
- 25 his assumptions, and then ultimately you'll determine

- 1 whether the facts support his assumptions or don't.
- 2 Whatever evidence this witness relied on or didn't is
- 3 irrelevant and really is an effort to testify directly
- 4 to Rambus' state of mind in his opinion.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Mr. Royall, you can respond to
- 6 that.
- 7 MR. ROYALL: Your Honor --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: You do understand my prior
- 9 holding on this issue, I'm sure.
- 10 MR. ROYALL: Yes, I clearly do, and I'm not
- asking this witness to testify as to the state of mind
- of Rambus or anyone else. On the other hand, he was
- questioned in cross examination about this very
- 14 assumption and the potential that Rambus had made
- 15 mistakes and whether that was something that he took
- into account in forming his assumptions, and I am
- 17 simply probing that issue, and I -- I would note, and I
- 18 could cite to the number of cases that were in our
- 19 prior filings, but it is a perfectly appropriate thing
- 20 to do --
- 21 JUDGE McGUIRE: I will entertain the question
- 22 in the context of my prior rulings on the state of
- 23 mind.
- MR. ROYALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
- BY MR. ROYALL:

1 Q. Professor McAfee, understanding that I am not

- 2 asking you to interpret the facts and am certainly not
- 3 asking you to interpret anyone's state of mind, all I'm
- 4 asking you about is the process that you went through
- 5 in developing your assumptions and then corroborating
- 6 those assumptions by review of information in the
- 7 factual record.
- 8 The question I had for you, I posed for you, is
- 9 whether there's anything in this document that caused
- 10 you either to modify your assumptions or to reach any
- determination as to whether you were comfortable with
- 12 the assumptions that you defined for purposes of
- 13 conducting your economic analysis.
- 14 A. The answer is yes, that this document was
- 15 useful in my evaluation of the assumptions. I
- 16 understand the author of this document, I don't believe
- is on the record at the moment, to be Lester Vincent,
- 18 who is an attorney employed by Rambus --
- 19 JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, hold on there, Mr.
- 20 McAfee.
- 21 MR. STONE: Your Honor, this is the witness
- 22 testifying to what the document means and what it is.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Sustained, and that last
- 24 comment will be stricken from the record.
- Now, we're not going to go into this too much

1 further, Mr. Royall. If I have any more problems, I am

- just going to interject and you're off this subject.
- MR. ROYALL: I understand, Your Honor, and I
- 4 will -- if I can conclude this -- this --
- 5 JUDGE McGUIRE: Very delicately.
- 6 MR. ROYALL: May I have a moment to confer,
- 7 Your Honor?
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Go ahead.
- 9 (Counsel conferring.)
- 10 MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, with the understanding
- 11 that your rulings today in terms of the ability to
- 12 probe factual issues, even relating to assumptions,
- will extend to Rambus' experts as well, I have no
- 14 further questions.
- 15 JUDGE McGUIRE: Well, and my rulings will be I
- 16 quess whatever I determine them to be at the time, and
- 17 I strive to be consistent. There may be instances
- where both sides feel I haven't always been able to
- 19 achieve that, but your comment otherwise is noted.
- Okay, Mr. Stone, any further recross?
- 21 MR. STONE: I have no questions at this time of
- 22 Professor McAfee.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay, thank you.
- Sir, we certainly appreciate your testimony,
- and you're excused from this proceeding.

1 THE WITNESS: Thank you very much, Your Honor.

- JUDGE McGUIRE: Thank you, Professor.
- 3 Then Mr. Royall, did you have any other
- 4 testimony you wanted to put on this afternoon?
- 5 MR. ROYALL: The only other testimony, there
- 6 may have been -- there may be a couple of
- 7 evidentiary -- minor evidentiary points.
- 8 MR. STONE: Your Honor, if I might, just while
- 9 they're working, if I can just raise an issue that's
- 10 sort of housekeeping.
- 11 JUDGE McGUIRE: Yes, go ahead.
- 12 MR. STONE: Because some of the in camera
- documents came up as early as today, and we had planned
- to file the motion today, if we could have until early
- 15 next week --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Yes, that's no problem.
- 17 MR. STONE: Thank you.
- 18 JUDGE McGUIRE: There is no rush on that.
- 19 MR. ROYALL: I would, Your Honor, like to mark
- 20 Professor McAfee's book as a demonstrative exhibit.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: I have no problem with that.
- 22 Mr. Stone?
- MR. STONE: I think copies should be provided
- 24 by whatever party marks it to all counsel and --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay, let's see, where are we

- on the DX numbering scale?
- THE REPORTER: DX-249, I believe.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, DX-249, so marked.
- 4 (DX Exhibit Number 249 was marked for
- 5 identification.)
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, I asked you earlier,
- 7 did you have anything else you wanted to offer this
- 8 afternoon? I wasn't clear what you said.
- 9 MR. ROYALL: Your Honor, I covered a few
- 10 exhibits today that I don't think I did move in, and
- 11 those would be CX-3092, CX-3093, CX-2558 and CX-2561.
- 12 I don't actually have those in front of me, but I'm
- 13 told that I failed to --
- 14 MR. PERRY: Your Honor, if I may intervene, two
- of those numbers have been used before on some other
- 16 exhibits. What I would propose is that we work that
- out over the weekend and that on Monday morning,
- 18 whatever he wants to offer be offered so that we know
- 19 what we're doing.
- 20 JUDGE McGUIRE: That's fine, I have no problem
- 21 with that.
- MR. ROYALL: That's fine. With that, I have
- 23 nothing else.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay. Now, what's going to be
- on tap for Monday? I understand you're going to call

- 1 Mr. Vincent. Is that correct?
- 2 MR. ROYALL: Oh, I am told that there is
- 3 something else that we're prepared to do today.
- 4 MR. WEBER: We are ready to continue with Mr.
- 5 Karp's reading.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: You just ruined my plans for an
- 7 early weekend.
- MR. WEBER: We can come back on Monday, Your
- 9 Honor, whatever you want to do.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: No, I want to -- now, again,
- 11 this is a -- this can be off the record at this point.
- 12 (Discussion off the record.)
- 13 (A brief recess was taken.)
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay, Mr. Weber, proceed.
- 15 MR. WEBER: In terms of where we are, we
- 16 finished -- the Infineon video transcript we finished
- for the record, that was CX-2059. Right now we are in
- the FTC transcript, which is CX-2114, and last time
- 19 there was an exhibit that was discussed, and I'd like
- 20 to offer that into evidence now. It's CX-2955. This
- 21 was on our initial exhibit list, but it wasn't part of
- 22 the stipulation. I have a copy for counsel.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Any objection?
- MR. PERRY: No, Your Honor, no objection.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Entered.

1 (CX Exhibit Number 2955 was admitted into

- 2 evidence.)
- MR. WEBER: We are going to see if we have got
- 4 the computer situated or set up. We are going to pull
- 5 up the document that we were about to get to at the
- 6 last reading, which was CX-1744.
- 7 JUDGE McGUIRE: How much time do we picture
- 8 this exercise taking this evening, certainly by 5:00?
- 9 MR. WEBER: I think more like an hour or an
- 10 hour and a half maximum. This is a live reading, so we
- 11 don't have an exact estimate.
- 12 MR. PERRY: My estimate is 45 minutes, Your
- 13 Honor.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay, good.
- MR. PERRY: I think it's relatively
- 16 objection-free, but about 20 minutes from now there are
- some objections that we will have to make.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay.
- 19 MR. WEBER: Okay, Your Honor, I think we're
- 20 ready to proceed. We are going to be reading starting
- 21 at page 97, lines 19 through 25, and we'll be referring
- 22 to CX-1744, which the first page is up on the screen.
- 23 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Okay, there's an in camera issue

- with 1744, so we will go to 1744A anyway.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: We are almost in camera anyway,
- 3 aren't we?
- 4 MR. WEBER: Yeah, but it excludes the in camera
- 5 stuff, so we will go to the A version. I assume the
- 6 page numbers are the same, page 6, and we will be
- 7 reading from page 100, lines 17 through 25, of the
- 8 transcript, and if we could pull up at the top of the
- 9 screen where it says, "Geoff, one on one."
- 10 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. PERRY: Excuse me, Your Honor, the question
- as read at the deposition was "1:1," and that's how it
- 14 should be read.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, noted. Please
- 16 restate.
- 17 MR. WEBER: Sure.
- 18 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. PERRY: Your Honor, Mr. Weber has
- 21 misunderstood me. I am not asking him to read all the
- 22 punctuation. He was -- the document has a colon in it.
- 23 He told the -- he told you it was "one on one," which
- has a different meaning. He should just be reading the
- 25 question that he read before in the deposition.

JUDGE McGUIRE: Well, I'll agree. Isn't that

- 2 what he just did this second time?
- 3 MR. PERRY: I just thought if he was going to
- 4 start putting all the punctuation in from the -- we
- 5 would be here forever.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay, yeah, I understand. We
- 7 don't need all the punctuation. Just read it as it
- 8 goes, Mr. Weber.
- 9 MR. WEBER: Okay, page 100, line 17.
- 10 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Now we will read at page 105, lines
- 5 through 13. This doesn't refer to any pages of the
- 14 document.
- 15 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Can we go to page 47 of CX-1744,
- and we will be reading from page 123, line 19, through
- 19 page 124, line 9. This is one of respondent's
- 20 designations.
- 21 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: The next excerpt is also from this
- page, if we could pull up, there's a reference to the
- last three lines, if we could blow that part up of this

- 1 page, and we're going to be reading from page 126,
- 2 lines 2 through 16.
- 3 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- 4 into the record in open court.)
- 5 MR. WEBER: If we could go to the next page,
- 6 page 48 of CX-1744. Okay, we are going to be reading
- 7 line 126 -- I'm sorry, I --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Yeah, line 23 --
- 9 MR. WEBER: -- Mr. Perry has pointed out I
- 10 missed a question and answer, and we will go back to
- 11 the prior page, if we could put that up.
- 12 JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, page 126?
- MR. WEBER: Yeah, I forgot to read the question
- 14 at line 12 and the answer through line 16. So, we will
- 15 read that. I'm trying to move too fast, Your Honor. I
- 16 apologize.
- 17 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 19 MR. WEBER: All right, the next excerpt will be
- 20 on the next page, we will be reading page 126, line 23,
- 21 through page 127, line 19.
- 22 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Now, the next excerpt we are going
- 25 to go to --

- 1 MR. PERRY: Excuse me, Your Honor.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: You still have another question
- 3 and answer there, Mr. Weber.
- 4 MR. WEBER: No, it's the next page, so I have
- 5 got to -- that's how I'm handling it. I think I sent
- 6 you a guys a copy of this.
- 7 MR. PERRY: It's just you said you were reading
- 8 through line 19, and I thought you were going to a
- 9 different page in the transcript.
- MR. WEBER: No, I'm going to a different page
- 11 to pull up on the screen.
- 12 MR. PERRY: I think we both were confused.
- 13 JUDGE McGUIRE: Yes.
- MR. WEBER: If we could pull up page 52 of
- 15 CX-1744, please, and now we will be reading from page
- 16 127, line 20, through 130, line 8, the rest of this
- 17 excerpt.
- 18 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 20 MR. WEBER: Now we're going to go to page 92 of
- 21 CX-1744, and the next excerpt, which is page 134, line
- 22 3, through page 135, line 11.
- 23 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 25 MR. WEBER: Could we move ahead on the document

- 1 to page 94 of CX-1744, and this is Bates ending 758.
- We are going to be reading from page 136, lines 1
- 3 through 24.
- 4 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- 5 into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Next we are going to be at page 104
- of CX-1744, and we'll be reading from page 138, line
- 8 11, stopping at page 140, line 7, then we'll move on to
- 9 another page of the document. So, starting at page
- 10 138, line 7.
- 11 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Okay, we are going to move on to
- page 122 of CX-1744, and we're going to be reading from
- 15 page 140, lines 8 through 24, and then we'll go on to
- another page after that.
- 17 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 19 MR. WEBER: Now we're going to page 126 of
- 20 CX-1744, and continuing on page 140, line 25, through
- 21 page 143, line 10.
- 22 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Next designation is from page 136
- of CX-1744, and this is respondent's designation. We

1 will be reading at page 144, line 7, through 145, line

- 2 14.
- 3 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- 4 into the record in open court.)
- 5 MR. WEBER: Next we're going to page 141 in
- 6 CX-1744, and we will be reading in from the transcript
- 7 at lines -- at page 146, line 7, through 147, line 16.
- 8 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- 9 into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Next we'll be going to page 150 of
- 11 CX-1744, which includes designations from both parties,
- 12 and we will be reading from CX -- from page 149, line
- 13 16, through page 150, line 14.
- 14 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Next we will be looking at page 161
- of CX-1744A, and this excerpt, we will be reading from
- page 152, line 13, through page 155, line 1, and then
- 19 we will be going to something else in the transcript.
- 20 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 22 MR. WEBER: Now we are going to go to a
- 23 different document, but before we do, I would like to
- 24 offer CX-1744A. I believe CX-1744 is in, but because
- 25 parts are in camera and CX-1744A is the public portions

- of the document, we would like to offer that.
- 2 MR. PERRY: No objection.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Entered.
- 4 (CX Exhibit Number 1744A was admitted into
- 5 evidence.)
- 6 MR. WEBER: Now we are going to go to a
- 7 different document that is CX-1040 -- actually, I need
- 8 to -- yeah, CX-1040, if we could get that up on the
- 9 screen, and we're going to be reading from page 155,
- line 2, through page 156, line 18, and then we'll be on
- 11 a different document at that point.
- 12 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Now we're going to have another
- document, which is CX-1264, and we're going to be
- reading from page 156, line 19, through page 157, line
- 17 4.
- 18 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 20 MR. WEBER: Now we are going to be on the same
- 21 document, page 157, line 25, through page 158, line 14.
- 22 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: The next excerpt we will read will
- 25 be at page 159, line 19, reading through page 161, line

- 1 16.
- 2 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- 3 into the record in open court.)
- 4 MR. WEBER: Next we are going to have a series
- 5 of short designations on -- starting at page 161, line
- 6 25, continuing through page -- actually, 161, line --
- 7 164, line 18. This includes designations by both
- 8 sides.
- 9 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: The next excerpt will be page 165,
- 12 line 5, through page 166, line 2, again with
- designations from both sides.
- 14 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Now we're going to be reading from
- 17 page 166, lines 15 through 23.
- 18 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 20 MR. WEBER: The next excerpt we have is page
- 21 167, lines 4 through 16. It starts with actually the
- 22 witness restating the question.
- 23 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. PERRY: Excuse me, but it's a clarification

of the question, and I think it's appropriate for me to

- 2 be Mr. Stone and say so.
- 3 MR. WEBER: All right.
- 4 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- 5 into the record in open court.)
- 6 MR. WEBER: Now we move on to the next
- designation, which is page 167, line 18, through page
- 8 169, line 22.
- 9 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: If we could pull up on the screen
- and go back to CX-1040, and I think it's page 2,
- 13 actually, where it says, "D, Legal Files."
- 14 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 16 MR. WEBER: Okay, another excerpt at page 170,
- 17 lines 10 through 15.
- 18 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 20 MR. WEBER: The next excerpt is from page 171,
- 21 lines 3 through 25.
- 22 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: If we could pull up paragraph E of
- 25 the same document.

1 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read

- 2 into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Page 174, lines 9 through 17.
- 4 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- 5 into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Now we're moving ahead to page 182,
- 7 line 7, through page 183, line 7.
- 8 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- 9 into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Now we're going to be getting to
- another exhibit. Could we pull up CX-1031 on the
- screen, please? And we will be reading from page 183,
- 13 line 11, to page 185, line 13.
- 14 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 16 MR. WEBER: We need to go back to CX-1040 for a
- 17 counter-designation. This is going to be page 186,
- lines 1 through 17, and the question relates to or the
- 19 comment is going to relate to part C, if you could pull
- 20 that up at the bottom of the page.
- 21 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Now we're going to be moving on to
- 24 some general questions without -- or at least this next
- 25 excerpt will be without reference to specific

- documents, page 198, lines 8 through 21.
- MR. PERRY: Excuse me. Your Honor, we have
- 3 objections to a series of questions over the next few
- 4 pages, and they relate to the effort by complaint
- 5 counsel to show the witness documents he hadn't seen
- 6 before, patent applications, and had him explain what's
- 7 in them, and there's been -- you have dealt with this
- 8 issue before with various witnesses. They are
- 9 documents that predated his employment with Rambus, and
- 10 he's simply being asked to interpret them, as he says
- in the deposition, on the fly, and we have objections
- 12 to those questions.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, response?
- MR. WEBER: A couple of responses. First of
- 15 all, at one point in the deposition -- and we may get
- 16 to it when I read it -- I asked him if he was
- 17 comfortable answering the questions, and he said yes.
- 18 Number two, this was directly related to his work at
- 19 Rambus. This was part of his job responsibilities, so
- 20 I believe there was a proper foundation for this line
- 21 of questioning that he was involved in interpreting
- 22 claims, reading claims, working on patent prosecution
- and actually amending claims and the like.
- MR. PERRY: There is no testimony that it was
- 25 part of his job responsibility to go back to patent

- 1 applications that had been filed years before and
- 2 examine them. He says he was comfortable with the
- 3 technology, Your Honor. He said he was doing it on the
- 4 fly. There was no foundation laid --
- 5 JUDGE McGUIRE: Sustain the objection.
- 6 MR. WEBER: And so we will not read any of page
- 7 198. We will continue to page 199, lines 6 through 21.
- 8 I believe there's no objection to this excerpt.
- 9 MR. PERRY: To that one, that's correct.
- MR. WEBER: And we need to see CX-1517.
- 11 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Okay, then we had a question about
- 14 the document at page 201, line 23, through 202, line
- 15 12.
- 16 Objection to this?
- 17 MR. PERRY: No.
- 18 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 20 MR. WEBER: The next excerpt is -- is this
- 21 something you are going to object to, Steve?
- MR. PERRY: Yes, sir.
- MR. WEBER: Same grounds as before?
- MR. PERRY: Yes, sir.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Is it on the same grounds?

- 1 MR. PERRY: Yes, Your Honor.
- MR. WEBER: It would be the same grounds. So,
- 3 given Your Honor's previous ruling, we will move on.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: It's the same finding, then.
- 5 Sustained.
- MR. WEBER: Okay, we are going to skip the next
- 7 counter-designation in light of Your Honor's ruling, so
- 8 we will move to the next one, see if there's an issue
- 9 here.
- Well, Your Honor, this is different, because
- 11 this relates to an issued patent.
- 12 JUDGE McGUIRE: What page are we talking about?
- MR. WEBER: We're talking about page 211 to
- 14 212. I don't know if he's going to maintain the same
- objection, but I would argue this is different because
- 16 it was an issued patent, so it was part of the Rambus
- 17 patent portfolio.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay, I'll hear the objection.
- 19 MR. PERRY: Yes, Your Honor, there was no
- 20 foundation laid in the deposition that he had had any
- 21 role in analyzing this patent. All he's doing is
- 22 pointing him to a claim and asking him to explain it.
- 23 That's all he's doing, and that's not part of his job
- 24 at Rambus.
- MR. WEBER: The -- may I be heard, Your Honor?

- 1 JUDGE McGUIRE: Yes.
- 2 MR. WEBER: The question at line 22 of page
- 3 211, "Have you seen this patent before?"
- 4 "ANSWER: Yes."
- 5 So, I laid the foundation.
- 6 JUDGE McGUIRE: Overruled. I will hear the
- 7 question.
- 8 MR. PERRY: He has seen it before, Your Honor.
- 9 There was no foundation laid that he had any role in
- 10 anything that led up to its issuance. Its issuance
- 11 predated his arrival at Rambus. So, there was no
- 12 foundation laid that he ever analyzed the claims before
- or he could say what the claims covered.
- 14 JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, overruled. I will
- 15 hear the question.
- MR. WEBER: If we could get the patent,
- 17 CX-1494, up on the screen, and I think the questions
- will relate to page 23, which will be claim 1 on the
- 19 left-hand side of the page.
- Starting at page 211, line 19, through 212,
- 21 line 24.
- 22 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: The next is a counter-designation
- from respondents that they wanted read in if the prior

- 1 objections were overruled, and we have an objection
- 2 that the answer is nonresponsive. So, we are at page
- 3 213, lines 13 through 22. I guess we're asking for
- 4 some guidance from Your Honor.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: What's the issue again?
- 6 MR. PERRY: Well, what happened is the witness
- 7 said, "Didn't I just say that?"
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Yes.
- 9 MR. PERRY: And then Mr. Weber said, "Can you
- 10 answer my question? It's very simple."
- So, now we're going to hear the answer to his
- 12 question.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, that's sustained.
- MR. PERRY: I'm sorry, Your Honor, that --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Oh, I'm sorry, overruled. I
- 16 was thinking it was your objection. It's his
- objection. We will overrule the objection.
- MR. WEBER: Okay, we will be happy to read it
- 19 in.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: It's that late.
- MR. WEBER: Okay, we are going to read it in.
- 22 JUDGE McGUIRE: Wait a minute, didn't I just
- 23 say that was overruled?
- MR. PERRY: Yes, it was his objection to our
- desire to actually hear the answer to the question.

JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay, I'm sorry, let's go back.

- 2 I was confused.
- 3 MR. PERRY: If I could explain, Your Honor.
- 4 JUDGE McGUIRE: Let's start over.
- 5 MR. PERRY: On page 212, the question is,
- 6 "Would it be fair to say that claim 1 describes a dual
- 7 edge clocking system on a DRAM?"
- 8 Mr. Karp says, "I think -- didn't I just say
- 9 that?"
- 10 And then there's colloquy between counsel, and
- 11 Mr. Weber says, "Can you answer my question? It's very
- 12 simple."
- MR. WEBER: Can I be heard, Your Honor?
- 14 MR. PERRY: And their objection is that
- 15 something's nonresponsive, and it's not clear to me
- what he's saying is nonresponsive.
- MR. WEBER: There's a question up there at the
- 18 top that you didn't catch.
- 19 MR. PERRY: Oh, I thought -- but you didn't
- 20 designate that, Counsel.
- MR. WEBER: Right, I didn't designate it. You
- 22 counter-designated, but you didn't give the full
- 23 context and have the question at the top.
- MR. PERRY: Let's read that, then. "So, your
- answer would be yes?" And then it's the same question

1 you're asking. "So, would it be fair to say that claim

- 2 number 1 describes a dual edge clocking system?"
- MR. WEBER: Your Honor, I am happy to
- 4 short-circuit this. Let's just read everything in on
- 5 these pages.
- 6 MR. PERRY: That's fine.
- 7 MR. WEBER: Page 213, line 1, just to get the
- 8 context.
- 9 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 11 MR. WEBER: And we had a counter to that
- designation, and the question is at line 24 of page 213
- through line 3 of 214. Let me just make sure I got the
- 14 right page. Page 213, line 24, through page 214, line
- 15 3.
- 16 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 18 MR. WEBER: Next we have a -- some
- 19 counter-designations that we have an objection to, and
- 20 there's a question that leads into it at page 218 --
- 21 MR. PERRY: Those are withdrawn. Let's
- 22 withdraw 218, withdraw 219, withdraw 220 and move
- 23 forward.
- MR. WEBER: Thank you.
- Now we move forward all the way to page 246,

- 1 and there's a foundation objection again.
- 2 MR. PERRY: Yes.
- 3 MR. WEBER: Okay, I'll withdraw 246.
- 4 JUDGE McGUIRE: Boy, I'm -- it's really great
- 5 to see --
- 6 MR. PERRY: It is Friday afternoon, Your Honor.
- 7 THE WITNESS: Your Honor, it's my birthday. I
- 8 am trying to leave as fast as possible.
- 9 MR. WEBER: Here's what we have left, Your
- 10 Honor: We have a series of questions that were at the
- 11 end of my examination that were asked by counsel for
- 12 Rambus. I don't know if Mr. Perry wants to read them
- in or me to read them in. I'm happy to do it, but we
- do have some objections and we have designated some
- 15 ourselves.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Well, I'm not --
- MR. PERRY: I don't particularly care about
- 18 reading them in. You guys are doing great. Go ahead.
- 19 MR. WEBER: Okay. Well, we have got objections
- 20 to the first couple of them. It's at page 276, Your
- Honor.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay.
- MR. WEBER: And our first couple of objections
- 24 are what we call outside the scope of designated
- 25 testimony. As you're aware, the rule on

- designations -- for designating a party opponent, they
- 2 have the right to counter-designate what's only in
- 3 fairness as responding to our designations. So, I
- 4 think these first two questions are outside the scope
- of what we designated, and we're looking specifically
- at page 276, line 15, through 277, line 1. We have
- 7 that objection.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Mr. Perry, how is it in the
- 9 scope?
- MR. PERRY: Your Honor, I think this is well
- 11 within the scope, if not of what we've heard today but
- 12 what we've heard before, and I think that should as
- well be the rule when we're talking about depositions
- that stretch over time, that you shouldn't have to have
- something within the scope if it's during the same day.
- 16 It's very short.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, I'll hear the
- 18 questions.
- 19 MR. WEBER: Okay, question at 276, line 15, and
- will continue to 277, line 1.
- 21 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Okay, then we have another question
- and answer. We've objected both on the scope grounds
- but also lack of foundation, so Your Honor, the

- 1 question is -- the excerpt is page 277, lines 13
- 2 through 23.
- 3 MR. PERRY: Withdrawn.
- 4 JUDGE McGUIRE: All right.
- 5 MR. WEBER: Next we have our part of Mr.
- 6 Stone's questions. We designated a couple questions of
- our own. This is page 281, lines 14, through page 228,
- 8 line 11. So, I just -- if we could read that.
- 9 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Now we have the counter-
- designation, which would be page 282, line 13, through
- 13 page 284, line 5.
- 14 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 16 MR. WEBER: Okay, next we have another
- 17 counter-designation. It's going to be page 285, line
- 18 4, through page 286, line 1. Is that -- is this --
- 19 MR. PERRY: Line 1.
- MR. WEBER: Okay.
- 21 MR. PERRY: That's okay, we can withdraw it.
- 22 Withdraw 285.
- MR. WEBER: Your Honor, you can see we're
- 24 getting to the end of this.
- Next I have a -- there's something at page 293.

1 It goes on for several pages. We have objections to

- 2 this testimony. It's page 293, line 22. There's an
- 3 exhibit that was marked. It continues through page
- 4 295, line 18. This also relates to something I think
- 5 we have already read in from the Infineon transcript,
- 6 so at this point I think it's somewhat cumulative.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Mr. Perry, did you want to add
- 8 to that?
- 9 MR. PERRY: Well, I must admit that I don't
- 10 know if there are bits and pieces of this that are
- 11 cumulative. It may well be that since this is only
- 12 about ten minutes, it may be best that we start Monday
- morning with this if he really is going to pursue that
- particular objection, which, of course, understandably
- was not made in the margin.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Right.
- MR. PERRY: But I would -- I would want to make
- 18 sure that, in fact, the points that we want are indeed
- in the record before Your Honor makes a ruling on that,
- and I didn't know it was going to come up.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Right, right.
- 22 MR. WEBER: For the record, Your Honor, the
- objections in the margin were outside the scope of
- designated testimony and it's also hearsay, and two the
- of the questions were leading, and I made an

1 appropriate form objection as was required by the FTC

- 2 rules at the time.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Let's save some time. Let's go
- 4 through it, and then I'll entertain the objections per
- 5 question. I don't want to come back on this again on
- 6 Monday and find out whether this has already been in
- 7 the record or not.
- 8 MR. WEBER: Okay.
- 9 MR. PERRY: All right.
- 10 JUDGE McGUIRE: Let's just hear each question
- 11 and I'll rule as we go.
- 12 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: The question on page 294 that we
- objected to as outside the scope and hearsay is --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: How is it hearsay?
- 17 MR. WEBER: It's hearsay because Mr. Karp is
- not in court and he is not a party opponent to them
- 19 when they are offering it. So, it would be hearsay.
- 20 The document is hearsay.
- 21 MR. PERRY: Your Honor, there was no objection
- 22 made at the deposition to the mere identification of
- 23 the document, and certainly under Rule 3.33, there
- 24 needed to be one, so --
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, overruled.

1 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read

- 2 into the record in open court.)
- MR. PERRY: May we request that RX-217 be put
- 4 up on the screen?
- 5 JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, let me -- just so I
- 6 haven't screwed this up, when you said it's outside the
- 7 scope and hearsay, that's your objection, right?
- 8 MR. WEBER: Yes, Your Honor.
- 9 JUDGE McGUIRE: Then I just overruled that
- 10 objection, but yet you're going into the next question.
- 11 Is that what we're doing here?
- 12 MR. WEBER: I think since Your Honor overruled
- it, we're reading it into the record.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay -- oh, right. It's really
- 15 getting late. I'm sorry.
- 16 MR. PERRY: It is. And moreover, I have to say
- it's raining as well.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Well, all right, I just want to
- be sure that I know what I'm doing.
- 20 MR. PERRY: And it's the witness' birthday,
- 21 but --
- THE WITNESS: It's my birthday.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Oh, my goodness.
- 24 (Discussion off the record.)
- MR. WEBER: I am going to read this in, right?

1 I want to make sure I've got this right. The question

- 2 is at 294, line 2.
- 3 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- 4 into the record in open court.)
- 5 MR. WEBER: Then the question that I have an
- 6 objection to is, "As best you can recall, did you
- 7 capture in these notes the -- accurately the substance
- 8 of the conversation or the --"
- 9 JUDGE McGUIRE: Sustained -- oh, I thought we
- 10 were talking about the new objection.
- 11 MR. WEBER: It is a new -- the objection is
- 12 going to be leading, Your Honor, when we get to it.
- 13 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 15 MR. WEBER: I preserved a form objection. So,
- 16 the objection is leading.
- 17 JUDGE McGUIRE: And that's sustained.
- 18 MR. PERRY: Your Honor, I appreciate that. I
- don't think that just saying "objection to the form of
- the question" preserves the objection.
- 21 JUDGE McGUIRE: No, it is leading at this
- point, so I am sustaining it on that basis.
- MR. PERRY: I appreciate that.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right.
- MR. WEBER: The next question and answer, we

1 have the same objection, outside the scope and hearsay

- 2 objection. This is page 295, lines 3 through 18, if
- 3 you want to look at it, Your Honor. There's also a
- 4 form objection, but I'm going to just stick to the
- 5 outside the scope and hearsay at this point.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, Mr. Perry, the same
- 7 response on the scope question?
- 8 MR. PERRY: Well --
- 9 JUDGE McGUIRE: Or is this a new outside the
- 10 scope issue?
- MR. PERRY: Your Honor, I'm not sure what the
- 12 outside the scope bit is since he's already said there
- 13 was discussion of this in Infineon. I don't -- in the
- 14 Infineon deposition. If certainly that was him or --
- 15 you know, obviously Infineon, I hope, but counsel for
- 16 Infineon who put this document in front of the witness,
- and so there has already been a designation by someone,
- so it's not outside the scope. I just don't remember
- 19 who did those earlier designations. So, I don't
- 20 believe it's outside the scope.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right. Do you also have an
- 22 objection on hearsay?
- MR. WEBER: Yes, Your Honor.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: I'm going to uphold it on the
- 25 hearsay ground.

1 MR. WEBER: Then the next question and answer,

- 2 we actually have three objections, outside the scope,
- 3 hearsay and lack of foundation, and this is the
- 4 question at page -- line 20 of page 295, and the answer
- 5 continues to page 296, line 17.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: I'll also uphold that objection
- 7 on hearsay grounds.
- 8 MR. WEBER: Next we have another document that
- 9 was marked by Mr. Stone, and we have I think the same
- 10 objection, hearsay and outside the scope. The document
- is marked at page 296, line 19, but the designated
- 12 testimony that we object to starts at page 297, line 17
- and continues through page 298, line 25, at the bottom
- 14 of 298.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, you are saying that
- is, what, hearsay?
- MR. WEBER: And also outside the scope of
- anything we've designated. He is just marking an
- 19 exhibit and trying to get some testimony on it. It's
- 20 nothing that was used in our designations.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Did you want to respond?
- MR. PERRY: Your Honor, I think it's
- 23 appropriate for the witness to be able to identify the
- 24 document. He identified it as his notes.
- MR. WEBER: Your Honor, they have Mr. -- I'm

- 1 sorry.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Go ahead, Mr. Perry.
- 3 MR. PERRY: And since he was present for this
- 4 and he's talking about his understanding of what
- 5 happened at this meeting, we've heard a lot of
- 6 testimony over the past eight weeks elicited by
- 7 complaint counsel about people's understanding of what
- 8 was being said at meetings, and if the rule had been we
- 9 couldn't do that, we would all be home by now.
- MR. WEBER: Your Honor, may I respond?
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Yes.
- MR. WEBER: They have Mr. Karp on their witness
- 13 list. If they want to get his understanding of these
- documents in evidence, they can call him in their case
- in chief.
- 16 MR. PERRY: Well, but when witnesses were on
- 17 the stand, they were allowed to be asked these
- questions, so the objection he's making has been
- 19 overruled before, so I don't -- it's -- the fact that
- he's on the witness list doesn't mean anything.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: All right, overruled.
- 22 MR. WEBER: Okay, Your Honor, we will then
- 23 start reading from page 296, lines 19 through 21, and I
- don't know if you know what RX this is. We'll be happy
- 25 to put it up on the screen for you.

- 1 MR. PERRY: 307, please.
- 2 MR. WEBER: RX-307.
- 3 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- 4 into the record in open court.)
- 5 MR. WEBER: Now we get to the rest of the
- designation on this document, which is at page 297,
- 7 line 17, through page 298, line 25, then we go on to a
- 8 different document after that.
- 9 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 11 MR. WEBER: Now we move on to the next
- 12 document --
- 13 MR. PERRY: We would move Exhibit RX-307 into
- 14 evidence.
- MR. WEBER: It's hearsay, Your Honor. It's a
- 16 hearsay document.
- 17 MR. PERRY: Excuse me.
- 18 (Counsel conferring.)
- 19 MR. WEBER: Okay, counsel has reminded me of
- 20 something. We will not object to this document at this
- 21 time.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Entered, entered.
- 23 (RX Exhibit Number 307 was admitted into
- evidence.)
- MR. WEBER: Now we go to one we don't have an

objection, and this one I believe is RX-1220, if we can

- 2 pull that up on the screen. Is that right, 1220?
- 3 MR. PERRY: 388? RX-388.
- 4 MR. WEBER: This sure isn't it. Okay, RX-388,
- 5 let's see if that's it. Oh, I'm a document ahead,
- 6 okay. By the way, this is lines -- page 299, line 7,
- 7 through page 301, line 4 we're reading from, Your
- 8 Honor.
- 9 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Now we move on to another document
- we haven't objected to -- do you know the RX number?
- 13 MR. PERRY: RX-411.
- 14 MR. WEBER: 411. So, we will be reading from
- 15 page 301, line 2, through 302, line 1.
- 16 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Next we have --
- 19 MR. PERRY: We would move into evidence RX-411.
- MR. WEBER: No objection, Your Honor.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Entered.
- 22 (RX Exhibit Number 411 was admitted into
- evidence.)
- MR. WEBER: Next we have RX-437. Okay, we are
- going to be reading from page 303, lines 13 through 25.

1 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read

- 2 into the record in open court.)
- MR. WEBER: Now we're moving on to Exhibit 39,
- 4 which I think I've got right, is RX-1220 -- no?
- 5 MR. PERRY: 499.
- 6 MR. WEBER: 499. 1220's coming up, Your Honor.
- 7 RX-499, put that on the screen. We'll be
- 8 reading from page 304, line 11, through page 30 -- we
- 9 actually have an objection at 308, so I'll read --
- MR. PERRY: I'll withdraw 308.
- MR. WEBER: Okay, so we'll read to 308, line 1,
- which is I think the answer from 307.
- 13 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 15 MR. WEBER: Okay, if we can pause for a minute,
- 16 we need to get the exhibit on the screen.
- MR. PERRY: RX-2153 is what we're talking about
- on page 305 of the transcript.
- 19 MR. WEBER: Okay, 2153.
- MR. PERRY: That's the handout.
- 21 MR. WEBER: Okay. Why don't we try page 13,
- 22 see if that's it.
- MR. PERRY: It's actually fine if you can just
- 24 put the first page up. Let's move through it.
- MR. WEBER: Okay. We are going to continue

1 reading at 305, line -- I actually don't know where we

- 2 stopped. Line 23?
- 3 MR. PERRY: Go for it.
- 4 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- 5 into the record in open court.)
- 6 MR. WEBER: That takes us to page 308, line 1.
- 7 I think the next question and answer have been
- 8 withdrawn, but we will continue at page 308, line 12,
- 9 excuse me, through 309, line 22 on the same topic.
- 10 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)
- 12 MR. PERRY: We can withdraw the rest on that
- page as cumulative. That's page 309.
- MR. WEBER: And finally, we will read from 310,
- lines 7 through 19, and this is I believe RX-1220, and
- 16 this is our designation, if we can put that on the
- 17 screen.
- MR. PERRY: And by the way, when I was speaking
- 19 of page 309, we withdrew our designations on page 309,
- 20 lines 14 through 22.
- JUDGE McGUIRE: Noted.
- MR. WEBER: Moving ahead to page 310, lines 7
- through 19.
- 24 (Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
- into the record in open court.)

1	MR. WEBER: Finally, Your Honor, there is just
2	a couple more questions and answers that I asked at the
3	end when Mr. Stone was finishing on some of the subject
4	matter he covered. So, we will be reading from page
5	311, line 22, through 312, line 20, and that will be
6	the last designation for today.
7	(Whereupon, the transcript citations were read
8	into the record in open court.)
9	MR. WEBER: So, we are through with that
10	transcript. We have the Micron transcript, which is on
11	video, to go, and we'll try to queue that up for you on
12	Monday.
13	JUDGE McGUIRE: Okay, very good.
14	This hearing will be adjourned until 9:30 on
15	Monday. Everybody have a good weekend.
16	Off the record.
17	(Whereupon, at 4:30 p.m., the hearing was
18	adjourned.)
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1	CERTIFICATION OF REPORTER
2	DOCKET NUMBER: 9302
3	CASE TITLE: RAMBUS, INC.
4	DATE: JUNE 27, 2003
5	
6	I HEREBY CERTIFY that the transcript contained
7	herein is a full and accurate transcript of the notes
8	taken by me at the hearing on the above cause before
9	the FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION to the best of my
10	knowledge and belief.
11	
12	DATED: 6/30/03
13	
14	
15	SUSANNE BERGLING, RMR
16	
17	CERTIFICATION OF PROOFREADER
18	
19	I HEREBY CERTIFY that I proofread the
20	transcript for accuracy in spelling, hyphenation,
21	punctuation and format.
22	
23	
24	DIANE QUADE
25	