

ORIGINAL



**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)

Docket No. 9324

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

Public

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF MOTIONS
FOR ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENAS DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
ENTIRELY NON-COMPLIANT NON-PARTIES**

Respondent Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Whole Foods") submits this memorandum in support of its motions to compel the enforcement of subpoenas duces tecum issued to the following fourteen non-parties (collectively, the "Non-Parties") who have failed to respond in any way to the subpoena:

- Ada's Natural Foods ("Ada's");
- Amazing Grace Whole Foods ("Amazing Grace");
- B&R Stores, Inc. ("B&R");
- Ball's Food Stores, Inc. ("Ball's");
- Burger's Supermarket, Inc. ("Burger's");
- HOW's Market ("HOW's");
- Jerry's Famous Deli, Inc. ("Jerry's");
- King Ranch Market ("King Ranch");
- Miles Market ("Miles");
- P&S Foods (d/b/a Shur-Sav Markets) ("P&S");

- Raley's;
- Straub's Fine Foods ("Straubs");
- ValuDiscount, Inc. (d/b/a ValuMarket) ("ValuDiscount"); and
- Zupan's Market ("Zupan's").

INTRODUCTION

In October 2008, Whole Foods served a document subpoena on the fourteen Non-Parties, containing nine requests for documents that are identical to the requests served on the other 77 other non-party competitor recipients. See Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties ("Supporting Appendix"), Ex. A-1 to A-14. The return dates for the subpoenas were November 4, 2008 (B&R, Ball's, HOW's, P&S, Raley's, and ValuDiscount), November 5, 2008 (Amazing Grace, Burger's, Jerry's, Straub's, and Zupan's), and November 6, 2008 (Ada's, King Ranch, and Miles). Whole Foods also provided each of these Non-Parties with a copy of the protective order entered by the Commission that governs this proceeding. Id.

Although the return dates passed more than two months ago, none of the Non-Parties has objected to the subpoena, moved to quash, or produced documents or data. Counsel for Whole Foods has attempted to contact the Non-Parties in good faith to secure their compliance. See Supporting Appendix, Ex. B, Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s Rule 3.22(f) Statement of Jim A. Fishkin in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued to Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties ¶¶ 4-12; Supporting Appendix, Ex. C, Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s Rule 3.22(f) Statement of Gorav Jindal in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued to Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties ¶¶ 4-8. The Non-Parties have

either ignored Whole Foods or simply refused to comply. Id.

By not moving to quash or limit the subpoenas, or serving objections, the Non-Parties have waived any objections to the subpoena that they might have had. The Non-Parties should therefore be directed to produce responsive documents and data within ten days of this Court's order. See In re Matter of Evanston Northwestern Healthcare Corp., Dkt. No. 9315, 2004 WL 2380499, at *1 (F.T.C. Sept. 22, 2004) (granting motion to compel non-party to produce documents responsive to respondent's subpoena duces tecum within ten days of Court's order). Had the Non-Parties timely objected, such objections would have been futile. The documents and data requested in the subpoenas are crucial to Whole Foods' defense in the current action, and the ALJ has already ruled that the requests are not unduly burdensome, and that the protective order adequately protects non-parties. The Non-Parties should be directed to produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena.

ARGUMENT

As the subpoenaed party, each subpoena recipient carries "[t]he burden of showing that the request[s] [are] unreasonable." In re Rambus, Inc., No. 9302, 2002 FTC LEXIS 90, at *9 (Nov. 18, 2002). Here, the Non-Parties have made no attempt whatsoever to carry their burden, and by not timely¹ moving to quash or otherwise objecting to the subpoena, the Non-Parties have waived their objections. See In re Lehigh Portland Cement Co., 73 F.T.C. 1252 (Apr. 6, 1958) (affirming an ALJ's denial of a non-party's motion to quash a subpoena in a Commission

¹ See 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(c) ("Any motion by the subject of a subpoena to limit or quash the subpoena shall be filed within the earlier of ten (10) days after service thereof or the time for compliance therewith.").

proceeding on the ground that it had not been timely filed).²

As the ALJ observed in the December 16 Order denying New Seasons' motion,

[t]he documents sought by Whole Foods are relevant to one of the central antitrust issues in this proceeding – the appropriate definition of the relevant market. The burden to New Seasons to comply is not unduly burdensome and its confidential documents will be adequately protected under the Protective Order.

Supporting Appendix, Ex. D, December 16, 2008 Order Denying New Seasons' Motion to Quash or Limit Subpoena Duces Tecum, at 7. The documents and information requested here are the same as those requests of New Seasons. All of the document and data requests contained in the subpoena are designed to elicit information that would aid Whole Foods in demonstrating that the Commission's proposed definition of the relevant market is artificially narrow. Without the information requested in the subpoena, Whole Foods cannot properly defend itself against the Commission's allegations.

Whole Foods requests that the Non-Parties be compelled to comply with the subpoena.

² Moreover, the ALJ's prior rulings have addressed objections that the Non-Parties could have made. See Supporting Appendix, Ex. D, December 16, 2008 Order Denying New Seasons Market's Motion to Quash or Limit Subpoena Duces Tecum (rejecting a non-party's undue burden, confidentiality, and anticompetitiveness objections to an identical subpoena); Supporting Appendix, Ex. E, December 23, 2008 Order Denying Gelson's Markets' Motion for a Protective Order or in the Alternative To Quash or Limit the Subpoena (rejecting another non-party's anticompetitiveness and confidentiality objections to an identical subpoena).

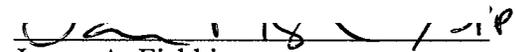
CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, Whole Foods' motion should be granted.

Dated:

Respectfully submitted,

By:


James A. Fishkin

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Memorandum in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

Brad Engle
Ada's Natural Foods
4650 S Cleveland
Fort Myers, FL 33907

Paul Koenig
Amazing Grace Whole Foods
1133 Bardstown Road
Louisville, KY 40204

Patrick Raybould
President
B&R Stores, Inc.
4554 W. Street
Lincoln, NE 68503-2831

David Ball
President and COO
Ball's Food Stores, Inc.
5300 Speaker Road
Kansas City, KS 66106

John A. Burger III

Burger's Supermarket, Inc.
1105 Ray Avenue
Louisville, KY 40204

Mark Oerem
HOW's Market
3035 East Huntington Drive
Pasadena, CA 91107

Guy Starkman
President
Jerry's Famous Deli, Inc.
12711 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 400
Studio City, CA 91604

King Ranch Market
1570 N. Eastern Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89101

Alice O'Brien
General Counsel
King Ranch Market
1570 N. Eastern Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89101

Frank Cangemi
Miles Farmers Market
28560 Miles Road
Solon, OH 44139

Peter Sarandos, Sr.
P&S Foods (d/b/a Shur-Sav Markets)
6633 Vernon Street
University City, MO 63130

William J. Coyne
President and CEO
Raley's
500 West Capital Avenue
West Sacramento, CA 95605

Jennifer Crabb
General Counsel
Raley's
500 West Capital Avenue

West Sacramento, CA 95605

Jack W. Straub, Jr.
Straub's Fine Foods
8282 Forsyth Boulevard
Clayton, MO 63105

Greg Neumann
President
ValuDiscount, Inc. (d/b/a ValuMarket)
315 Whittington Parkway
Louisville, KY 40222

Mike Zupan
Zupan's Market
7223 NE Hazell Dell Avenue
Vancouver, WA 98665

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:

Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)	
	)	Docket No. 9324
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)	
a corporation.	)	Public
)	

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY ADA'S NATURAL FOODS**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Ada's Natural Foods, and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. Ada's Natural Foods shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Ada's Natural Foods was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

Brad Engle
Ada's Natural Foods
4650 S Cleveland
Fort Myers, FL 33907

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:

Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)	
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC., a corporation.	)	Docket No. 9324
	)	Public

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.’S MOTION FOR ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA
DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO NON-PARTY AMAZING GRACE WHOLE FOODS**

On October 14, 2008, Whole Foods Market, Inc. (“Whole Foods”) served a subpoena duces tecum via overnight mail delivery on non-party Amazing Grace Whole Foods (“Amazing Grace”). While the subpoena had a return date of November 5, 2008, Amazing Grace has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena. Consequently, pursuant to Commission Rule of Practice 3.38(a), Whole Foods hereby moves for enforcement of the subpoena, and Amazing Grace should be compelled to produce whatever responsive documents and data that are in its possession. The grounds for this motion are presented in the accompanying Memorandum in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties and Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties, which are incorporated by reference.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

_____)
In the Matter of)

Docket No. 9324

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

Public

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY AMAZING GRACE WHOLE FOODS**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Amazing Grace Whole Foods, and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. Amazing Grace Whole Foods shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Amazing Grace Whole Foods was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

Paul Koenig
Amazing Grace Whole Foods
1133 Bardstown Road
Louisville, KY 40204

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:

<
Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,
a corporation.**

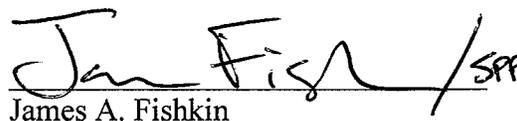
Docket No. 9324

Public

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA
DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO NON-PARTY B&R STORES, INC.**

On October 13, 2008, Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Whole Foods") served a subpoena duces tecum via overnight mail delivery on non-party B&R Stores, Inc. ("B&R"). While the subpoena had a return date of November 4, 2008, B&R has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena. Consequently, pursuant to Commission Rule of Practice 3.38(a), Whole Foods hereby moves for enforcement of the subpoena, and B&R should be compelled to produce whatever responsive documents and data that are in its possession. The grounds for this motion are presented in the accompanying Memorandum in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties and Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties, which are incorporated by reference.

By:

/SFP
James A. Fishkin

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)	
	)	Docket No. 9324
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)	
a corporation.	)	Public
)	

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY B&R STORES, INC.**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party B&R Stores, Inc., and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. B&R Stores, Inc. shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party B&R Stores, Inc. was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

Patrick Raybould
President
B&R Stores, Inc.
4554 W. Street
Lincoln, NE 68503-2831

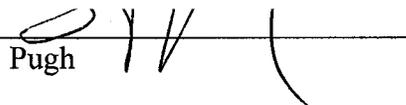
By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:


Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,
a corporation.**

Docket No. 9324

Public

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA
DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO NON-PARTY BALL'S FOOD STORES, INC.**

On October 13, 2008, Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Whole Foods") served a subpoena duces tecum via overnight mail delivery on non-party Ball's Food Stores, Inc. ("Ball's"). While the subpoena had a return date of November 4, 2008, Ball's has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena. Consequently, pursuant to Commission Rule of Practice 3.38(a), Whole Foods hereby moves for enforcement of the subpoena, and Ball's should be compelled to produce whatever responsive documents and data that are in its possession. The grounds for this motion are presented in the accompanying Memorandum in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties and Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties, which are incorporated by reference.

By:


James A. Fishkin

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)

) Docket No. 9324

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

) Public
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**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY BALL'S FOOD STORES, INC.**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Ball's Food Stores, Inc. and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. Ball's Food Stores, Inc. shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Ball's Food Stores, Inc. was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

David Ball
President and COO
Ball's Food Stores, Inc.
5300 Speaker Road
Kansas City, KS 66106

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:

Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

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In the Matter of)

Docket No. 9324

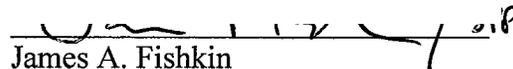
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)
_____)

Public

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA
DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO NON-PARTY BURGER'S SUPERMARKET, INC.**

On October 14, 2008, Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Whole Foods") served a subpoena duces tecum on non-party Burger's Supermarket, Inc. ("Burger's"). While the subpoena had a return date of November 5, 2008, Burger's has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena. Consequently, pursuant to Commission Rule of Practice 3.38(a), Whole Foods hereby moves for enforcement of the subpoena, and Burger's should be compelled to produce whatever responsive documents and data that are in its possession. The grounds for this motion are presented in the accompanying Memorandum in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties and Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties, which are incorporated by reference.

By:


James A. Fishkin

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)

) Docket No. 9324

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

) Public
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**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY BURGER'S SUPERMARKET, INC.**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Burger's Supermarket, Inc., and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. Burger's Supermarket, Inc. shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Burger's Supermarket, Inc. was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

John A. Burger III
Burger's Supermarket, Inc.
1105 Ray Avenue
Louisville, KY 40204

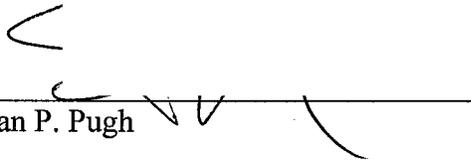
By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:


Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
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**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA
DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO NON-PARTY HOW'S MARKET**

On October 13, 2008, Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Whole Foods") served a subpoena duces tecum via overnight mail delivery on non-party HOW's Market ("HOW's"). While the subpoena had a return date of November 4, 2008, HOW's has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena. Consequently, pursuant to Commission Rule of Practice 3.38(a), Whole Foods hereby moves for enforcement of the subpoena, and HOW's should be compelled to produce whatever responsive documents and data that are in its possession. The grounds for this motion are presented in the accompanying Memorandum in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties and Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties, which are incorporated by reference.

By: _____

James A. Fishkin

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

_____)
In the Matter of)

Docket No. 9324

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

Public

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY HOW'S MARKET**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to HOW's Market and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. HOW's Market shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party HOW's Market was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

Mark Oerem
HOW's Market
3035 East Huntington Drive
Pasadena, CA 91107

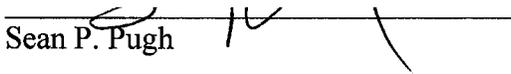
By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:


Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

By:


James A. Fishkin

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,
a corporation.**

)
)
)
)
)
)
Docket No. 9324

Public

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY JERRY'S FAMOUS DELI, INC.**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Jerry's Famous Deli, Inc. and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. Jerry's Famous Deli, Inc. shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Jerry's Famous Deli, Inc. was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

Guy Starkman
President
Jerry's Famous Deli, Inc.
12711 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 400
Studio City, CA 91604

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

<
By:

Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

By: James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

_____)
In the Matter of)

Docket No. 9324

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

Public

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY KING RANCH MARKET**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party King Ranch Market and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. King Ranch Market shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party King Ranch Market was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

King Ranch Market
1570 N. Eastern Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89101

Alice O'Brien
General Counsel
King Ranch Market
1570 N. Eastern Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89101

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:

Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,
a corporation.**

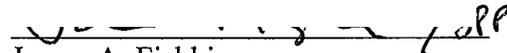
Docket No. 9324

Public

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA
DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO NON-PARTY MILES MARKET, INC.**

On October 15, 2008, Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Whole Foods") served a subpoena duces tecum via overnight mail delivery on non-party Miles Market ("Miles"). While the subpoena had a return date of November 6, 2008, Miles has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena. Consequently, pursuant to Commission Rule of Practice 3.38(a), Whole Foods hereby moves for enforcement of the subpoena, and Miles should be compelled to produce whatever responsive documents and data that are in its possession. The grounds for this motion are presented in the accompanying Memorandum in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties and Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties, which are incorporated by reference.

By:


James A. Fishkin

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)	
	)	Docket No. 9324
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)	
a corporation.	)	Public
)	

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY MILES MARKET, INC.**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Miles Market and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. Miles Market, Inc. shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Miles Market, Inc. was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

Frank Cangemi
Miles Farmers Market
28560 Miles Road
Solon, OH 44139

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:

<
Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)

) Docket No. 9324

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

) Public
)

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA
DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO NON-PARTY P&S FOODS
(D/B/A SHUR-SAV MARKETS)**

On October 13, 2008, Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Whole Foods") served a subpoena duces tecum via overnight mail delivery on non-party P&S Foods (d/b/a/ Shur-Sav Markets) ("P&S"). While the subpoena had a return date of November 4, 2008, P&S has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena. Consequently, pursuant to Commission Rule of Practice 3.38(a), Whole Foods hereby moves for enforcement of the subpoena, and P&S should be compelled to produce whatever responsive documents and data that are in its possession. The grounds for this motion are presented in the accompanying Memorandum in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties and Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties, which are incorporated by reference.

By:

James A. Fishkin

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)

Docket No. 9324

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

Public

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY P&S FOODS (D/B/A SHUR-SAV MARKETS)**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party P&S Foods (d/b/a/ Shur-Sav Markets) and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. P&S Foods (d/b/a/ Shur-Sav Markets) shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party P&S Foods (d/b/a/ Shur-Sav Markets) was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

Peter Sarandos, Sr.
P&S Foods (d/b/a Shur-Sav Markets)
6633 Vernon Street
University City, MO 63130

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:

Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of	)	Docket No. 9324
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)	
a corporation.	)	Public

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY RALEY'S**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Raley's and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. Raley's shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Raley's was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

William J. Coyne
President and CEO
Raley's
500 West Capital Avenue
West Sacramento, CA 95605

Jennifer Crabb
General Counsel
Raley's
500 West Capital Avenue
West Sacramento, CA 95605

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission

601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:



Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,
a corporation.**

Docket No. 9324

Public

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA
DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO NON-PARTY STRAUB'S FINE FOODS**

On October 14, 2008, Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Whole Foods") served a subpoena duces tecum via overnight mail delivery on non-party Straub's Fine Foods ("Straub's"). While the subpoena had a return date of November 5, 2008, Straub's has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena. Consequently, pursuant to Commission Rule of Practice 3.38(a), Whole Foods hereby moves for enforcement of the subpoena, and Straub's should be compelled to produce whatever responsive documents and data that are in its possession. The grounds for this motion are presented in the accompanying Memorandum in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties and Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties, which are incorporated by reference.

By:


James A. Fishkin

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

_____)
In the Matter of)

Docket No. 9324

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)
_____)

Public

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY STRAUB'S FINE FOODS**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Straub's Fine Foods and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. Straub's Fine Foods shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena

no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Straub's Fine Foods was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

Jack W. Straub, Jr.
Straub's Fine Foods
8282 Forsyth Boulevard
Clayton, MO 63105

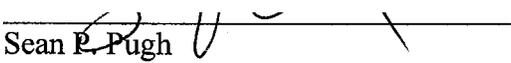
By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:


Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,
a corporation.**

Docket No. 9324

Public

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA
DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO NON-PARTY VALUDISCOUNT, INC.
(D/B/A VALUMARKET)**

On October 3, 2008, Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Whole Foods") served a subpoena duces tecum via overnight mail delivery on non-party ValuDiscount, Inc. (d/b/a ValuMarket) ("ValuDiscount"). While the subpoena had a return date of November 4, 2008, ValuDiscount has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena. Consequently, pursuant to Commission Rule of Practice 3.38(a), Whole Foods hereby moves for enforcement of the subpoena, and ValuDiscount should be compelled to produce whatever responsive documents and data that are in its possession. The grounds for this motion are presented in the accompanying Memorandum in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties and Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties, which are incorporated by reference.

By:


James A. Fishkin

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

Docket No. 9324

Public

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY VALUDISCOUNT, INC. (D/B/A VALUMARKET)**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party ValuDiscount, Inc. (d/b/a ValuMarket) and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. ValuDiscount, Inc. (d/b/a ValuMarket) shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party ValuDiscount, Inc. (d/b/a ValuMarket) was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

Greg Neumann
President
ValuDiscount, Inc. (d/b/a ValuMarket)
315 Whittington Parkway
Louisville, KY 40222

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:

Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)

) Docket No. 9324

)
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

) Public
)

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA
DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO NON-PARTY ZUPAN'S MARKET**

On October 14, 2008, Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Whole Foods") served a subpoena duces tecum via overnight mail delivery on non-party Zupan's Market ("Zupan's"). While the subpoena had a return date of November 5, 2008, Zupan's has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena. Consequently, pursuant to Commission Rule of Practice 3.38(a), Whole Foods hereby moves for enforcement of the subpoena, and Zupan's should be compelled to produce whatever responsive documents and data that are in its possession. The grounds for this motion are presented in the accompanying Memorandum in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties and Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties, which are incorporated by reference.

By: _____

James A. Fishkin
DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Kevin T. Kerns
Luke A.E. Pazicky
Evan W. Davis
DECHERT LLP
Cira Centre
2929 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 994-4000
Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)

) Docket No. 9324

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

) Public
)

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S MOTION FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO
NON-PARTY ZUPAN'S MARKET**

Upon due consideration of Whole Foods Market, Inc.'s ("Whole Foods") Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Zupan's Market and any opposition thereto, it is hereby ORDERED that:

1. Whole Foods' Motion is GRANTED; and
2. Zupan's Market shall produce documents and data responsive to the subpoena no later than ten days from the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: _____

D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Motion for Enforcement of Subpoena Duces Tecum Issued to Non-Party Zupan's Market was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

Mike Zupan
Zupan's Market
7223 NE Hazell Dell Avenue
Vancouver, WA 98665

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:

<
Sean P. Rugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of)

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

Docket No. 9324

Public

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S APPENDIX IN SUPPORT OF MOTIONS FOR
ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENAS DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO ENTIRELY
NON-COMPLIANT NON-PARTIES**

EXHIBIT A-1



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO

Brad Engle
Ada's Natural Foods
4650 S Cleveland
Fort Myers, FL 33907

2. FROM

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1

4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO

James A. Fishkin

5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

November 6, 2008 at 10:00 am

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING

In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED

See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

Federal Trade Commission
Washington, D.C. 20580

9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA

James A. Fishkin, Esq.
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, DC 20006-2401

DATE ISSUED

October 3, 2008

SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE

Donald H. Clark

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

in person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms "relate to," "related to," "relating to," "in relation to," and "concerning" shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may "relate to" or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms "and" and "or" have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms "communication" and "communications" shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term "Transaction" shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term "Geographic Area" shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

Brad Engle
Ada's Natural Foods
4650 S Cleveland
Fort Myers, FL 33907

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 14, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced. Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

(

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-2



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

<p>1. TO</p> <p>Paul Koenig Amazing Grace Whole Foods 1133 Bardstown Road Louisville, KY 40204</p>	<p>2. FROM</p> <p style="text-align: center;">UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION</p>
--	---

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

<p>3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION</p> <p>See Attachment A, Part II, No. I</p>	<p>4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO</p> <p style="text-align: center;">James A. Fishkin</p> <hr/> <p>5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION</p> <p style="text-align: center;">November 5, 2008 at 10:00 am</p>
---	--

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING

In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED

See Attachment A, Part III

<p>8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Federal Trade Commission Washington, D.C. 20580</p>	<p>9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA</p> <p style="text-align: center;">James A. Fishkin, Esq. Dechert LLP 1775 I Street, NW Washington, DC 20006-2401</p>
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DATE ISSUED	SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE
<i>October 3, 2008</i>	<i>Donald S. Clark</i>

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

in person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms "relate to," "related to," "relating to," "in relation to," and "concerning" shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may "relate to" or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms "and" and "or" have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms "communication" and "communications" shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term "Transaction" shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term "Geographic Area" shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

Paul Koenig
Amazing Grace Whole Foods
1133 Bardstown Rd
Louisville, KY 40204

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 14, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

COMMISSIONERS: **William E. Kovacic, Chairman**
 Pamela Jones Harbour
 Jon Leibowitz
 J. Thomas Rosch

In the Matter of)
))
))
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
))
))
a corporation.)
_____)

Docket No. 9324

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the parties and third parties in the above-captioned matter against improper use and disclosure of confidential information submitted or produced in connection with this matter:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT this Protective Order Governing Confidential Material ("Protective Order") shall govern the handling of all Discovery Material, as hereafter defined.

1. As used in this Order, "confidential material" shall refer to any document or portion thereof that contains non-public competitively sensitive information, including trade secrets or other research, development or commercial information, the disclosure of which would likely cause commercial harm to the producing party, or sensitive personal information. "Discovery Material" shall refer to documents and information produced by a party or third party in connection with this matter. "Document" shall refer to any discoverable writing, recording, transcript of oral testimony, or electronically stored information in the possession of a party or a third party. "Commission" shall refer to the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), or

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced. Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production; and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-3



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO Patrick Raybould President B&R Stores, Inc. 4554 W. Street Lincoln, NE 68503-2831	2. FROM UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION
---	--

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1	4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO James A. Fishkin 5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION November 4, 2008 at 10:00 am
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6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE Federal Trade Commission Washington, D.C. 20580	9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA James A. Fishkin, Esq. Dechert LLP 1775 I Street, NW Washington, DC 20006-2401
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DATE ISSUED <i>October 3, 2008</i>	SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE <i>Donald S. Clark</i>
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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

in person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms "relate to," "related to," "relating to," "in relation to," and "concerning" shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may "relate to" or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms "and" and "or" have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms "communication" and "communications" shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term "Transaction" shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term "Geographic Area" shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

Patrick Raybould
President
B&R Stores, Inc.
4554 W. Street
Lincoln, NE 68503-2831

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 13, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

COMMISSIONERS: **William E. Kovacic, Chairman**
 Pamela Jones Harbour
 Jon Leibowitz
 J. Thomas Rosch

In the Matter of)	
)	
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,	)	Docket No. 9324
a corporation.)	
)	

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the parties and third parties in the above-captioned matter against improper use and disclosure of confidential information submitted or produced in connection with this matter:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT this Protective Order Governing Confidential Material ("Protective Order") shall govern the handling of all Discovery Material, as hereafter defined.

1. As used in this Order, "confidential material" shall refer to any document or portion thereof that contains non-public competitively sensitive information, including trade secrets or other research, development or commercial information, the disclosure of which would likely cause commercial harm to the producing party, or sensitive personal information. "Discovery Material" shall refer to documents and information produced by a party or third party in connection with this matter. "Document" shall refer to any discoverable writing, recording, transcript of oral testimony, or electronically stored information in the possession of a party or a third party. "Commission" shall refer to the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), or

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

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6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced. Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request:

Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information. Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-4



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO

David Ball
President and COO
Ball's Food Stores, Inc.
5300 Speaker Road
Kansas City, KS 66106

2. FROM

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1

4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO

James A. Fishkin

5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

November 4, 2008 at 10:00 am

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING

In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED

See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

Federal Trade Commission
Washington, D.C. 20580

9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA

James A. Fishkin, Esq.
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, DC 20006-2401

DATE ISSUED

October 3, 2008

SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE

Donald S. Clark

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

in person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms "relate to," "related to," "relating to," "in relation to," and "concerning" shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may "relate to" or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms "and" and "or" have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms "communication" and "communications" shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term "Transaction" shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term "Geographic Area" shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

David Ball
President and COO
Ball's Food Stores, Inc.
5300 Speaker Road
Kansas City, KS 66106

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 13, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced. Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-5



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO John A. Burger III Burger's Supermarket, Inc. 1105 Ray Avenue Louisville, KY 40204	2. FROM UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION
---	--

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1	4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO James A. Fishkin <hr/> 5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION November 5, 2008 at 10:00 am
---	---

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE Federal Trade Commission Washington, D.C. 20580	9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA James A. Fishkin, Esq. Dechert LLP 1775 I Street, NW Washington, DC 20006-2401
--	--

DATE ISSUED <i>October 3, 2008</i>	SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE <i>Donald S. Clark</i>
--	--

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

in person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms "relate to," "related to," "relating to," "in relation to," and "concerning" shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may "relate to" or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms "and" and "or" have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms "communication" and "communications" shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term "Transaction" shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term "Geographic Area" shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

John A. Burger III
Burger's Supermarket, Inc.
1105 Ray Avenue
Louisville, KY. 40204

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 14, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

COMMISSIONERS: **William E. Kovacic, Chairman**
 Pamela Jones Harbour
 Jon Leibowitz
 J. Thomas Rosch

In the Matter of)
))
))
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
 a corporation.)
_____)

Docket No. 9324

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the parties and third parties in the above-captioned matter against improper use and disclosure of confidential information submitted or produced in connection with this matter:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT this Protective Order Governing Confidential Material ("Protective Order") shall govern the handling of all Discovery Material, as hereafter defined.

1. As used in this Order, "confidential material" shall refer to any document or portion thereof that contains non-public competitively sensitive information, including trade secrets or other research, development or commercial information, the disclosure of which would likely cause commercial harm to the producing party, or sensitive personal information. "Discovery Material" shall refer to documents and information produced by a party or third party in connection with this matter. "Document" shall refer to any discoverable writing, recording, transcript of oral testimony, or electronically stored information in the possession of a party or a third party. "Commission" shall refer to the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), or

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation

"CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced.

Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-6



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO

Mark Oerem
HOW's Market
3035 East Huntington Drive
Pasadena, CA 91107

2. FROM

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1

4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO

James A. Fishkin

5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

November 4, 2008 at 10:00 am

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING

In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED

See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

Federal Trade Commission
Washington, D.C. 20580

9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA

James A. Fishkin, Esq.
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, DC 20006-2401

DATE ISSUED

October 3, 2008

SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE

Donald S. Clark

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

in person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms “relate to,” “related to,” “relating to,” “in relation to,” and “concerning” shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may “relate to” or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms “and” and “or” have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms “communication” and “communications” shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term “Transaction” shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term “Geographic Area” shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such.

Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

Mark Oerem
HOW's Market
3035 East Huntington Drive
Pasadena, CA 91107

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 13, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

COMMISSIONERS: **William E. Kovacic, Chairman**
 Pamela Jones Harbour
 Jon Leibowitz
 J. Thomas Rosch

In the Matter of

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,
 a corporation.

Docket No. 9324

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the parties and third parties in the above-captioned matter against improper use and disclosure of confidential information submitted or produced in connection with this matter:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT this Protective Order Governing Confidential Material ("Protective Order") shall govern the handling of all Discovery Material, as hereafter defined.

i. As used in this Order, "confidential material" shall refer to any document or portion thereof that contains non-public competitively sensitive information, including trade secrets or other research, development or commercial information, the disclosure of which would likely cause commercial harm to the producing party, or sensitive personal information. "Discovery Material" shall refer to documents and information produced by a party or third party in connection with this matter. "Document" shall refer to any discoverable writing, recording, transcript of oral testimony, or electronically stored information in the possession of a party or a third party. "Commission" shall refer to the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), or

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation

"CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced. Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-7



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO Guy Starkman President Jerry's Famous Deli, Inc. 12711 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 400 Studio City, CA 91604	2. FROM UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION
---	--

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1	4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO James A. Fishkin
5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION November 5, 2008 at 10:00 am	

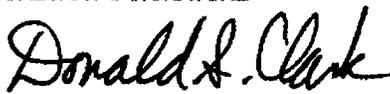
6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING

In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED

See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE Federal Trade Commission Washington, D.C. 20580	9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA James A. Fishkin, Esq. Dechert LLP 1775 I Street, NW Washington, DC 20006-2401
--	--

DATE ISSUED October 3, 2008	SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE 
---------------------------------------	---

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

In person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms "relate to," "related to," "relating to," "in relation to," and "concerning" shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may "relate to" or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms "and" and "or" have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms "communication" and "communications" shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term "Transaction" shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term "Geographic Area" shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

Guy Starkman
President
Jerry's Famous Deli, Inc (d/b/a Epicure Gourmet Market)
12711 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 400
Studio City, CA 91604

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 14, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation

"CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced.

Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-8



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO

King Ranch Market
1570 N. Eastern Avenue
Las Vegas, NV 89101

2. FROM

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1

4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO

James A. Fishkin

5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

November 6, 2008 at 10:00 am

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING

In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED

See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

Federal Trade Commission
Washington, D.C. 20580

9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA

James A. Fishkin, Esq.
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, DC 20006-2401

DATE ISSUED

October 3, 2008

SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE

Donald S. Clark

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

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This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

in person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms "relate to," "related to," "relating to," "in relation to," and "concerning" shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may "relate to" or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms "and" and "or" have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

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I. The term "Transaction" shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

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2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such.

Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

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III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

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2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
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4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

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7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

King Ranch Market
1570 N. Eastern Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89101

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 15, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

COMMISSIONERS: **William E. Kovacic, Chairman**
 Pamela Jones Harbour
 Jon Leibowitz
 J. Thomas Rosch

In the Matter of)	
)	
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,	)	Docket No. 9324
 a corporation.)	
)	

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the parties and third parties in the above-captioned matter against improper use and disclosure of confidential information submitted or produced in connection with this matter:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT this Protective Order Governing Confidential Material ("Protective Order") shall govern the handling of all Discovery Material, as hereafter defined.

1. As used in this Order, "confidential material" shall refer to any document or portion thereof that contains non-public competitively sensitive information, including trade secrets or other research, development or commercial information, the disclosure of which would likely cause commercial harm to the producing party, or sensitive personal information. "Discovery Material" shall refer to documents and information produced by a party or third party in connection with this matter. "Document" shall refer to any discoverable writing, recording, transcript of oral testimony, or electronically stored information in the possession of a party or a third party. "Commission" shall refer to the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), or

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation

"CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced.

Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material; use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-9



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO

Miles Market
28560 Miles Road
Solon, OH 44139

2. FROM

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1

4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO

James A. Fishkin

5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

November 6, 2008 at 10:00 am

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING

In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED

See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

Federal Trade Commission
Washington, D.C. 20580

9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA

James A. Fishkin, Esq.
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, DC 20006-2401

DATE ISSUED

October 3, 2008

SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE

Donald S. Clark

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

in person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms "relate to," "related to," "relating to," "in relation to," and "concerning" shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may "relate to" or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms "and" and "or" have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms "communication" and "communications" shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term "Transaction" shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term "Geographic Area" shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH;
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things— or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

Miles Market
28560 Miles Road
Solon, Ohio 44139

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 15, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

COMMISSIONERS: William E. Kovacic, Chairman
Pamela Jones Harbour
Jon Leibowitz
J. Thomas Rosch

In the Matter of)
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WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,
a corporation.

Docket No. 9324

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the parties and third parties in the above-captioned matter against improper use and disclosure of confidential information submitted or produced in connection with this matter:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT this Protective Order Governing Confidential Material ("Protective Order") shall govern the handling of all Discovery Material, as hereafter defined.

1. As used in this Order, "confidential material" shall refer to any document or portion thereof that contains non-public competitively sensitive information, including trade secrets or other research, development or commercial information, the disclosure of which would likely cause commercial harm to the producing party, or sensitive personal information. "Discovery Material" shall refer to documents and information produced by a party or third party in connection with this matter. "Document" shall refer to any discoverable writing, recording, transcript of oral testimony, or electronically stored information in the possession of a party or a third party. "Commission" shall refer to the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), or

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.
3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.
4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.
5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.
6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced. Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-10



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO

Peter Sarandos, Sr.
P&S Foods (d/b/a Shur-Sav Markets)
6633 Vernon Street
University City, MO 63130

2. FROM

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1

4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO

James A. Fishkin

5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

November 4, 2008 at 10:00 am

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING

In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED

See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

Federal Trade Commission
Washington, D.C. 20580

9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA

James A. Fishkin, Esq.
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, DC 20006-2401

DATE ISSUED

October 3, 2008

SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE

Donald S. Clark

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

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This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

In person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms "relate to," "related to," "relating to," "in relation to," and "concerning" shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may "relate to" or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms "and" and "or" have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms "communication" and "communications" shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term "Transaction" shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term "Geographic Area" shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

Peter Sarandos, Sr.
P&S Foods (d/b/a Shur-Sav Markets)
6633 Vernon Street
University City, MO 63130

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 13, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

COMMISSIONERS: **William E. Kovacic, Chairman**
 Pamela Jones Harbour
 Jon Leibowitz
 J. Thomas Rosch

In the Matter of)
))
))
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
))
))
a corporation.)
_____)

Docket No. 9324

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the parties and third parties in the above-captioned matter against improper use and disclosure of confidential information submitted or produced in connection with this matter:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT this Protective Order Governing Confidential Material ("Protective Order") shall govern the handling of all Discovery Material, as hereafter defined.

1. As used in this Order, "confidential material" shall refer to any document or portion thereof that contains non-public competitively sensitive information, including trade secrets or other research, development or commercial information, the disclosure of which would likely cause commercial harm to the producing party, or sensitive personal information. "Discovery Material" shall refer to documents and information produced by a party or third party in connection with this matter. "Document" shall refer to any discoverable writing, recording, transcript of oral testimony, or electronically stored information in the possession of a party or a third party. "Commission" shall refer to the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), or

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation

"CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced. Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material; use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-11



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO William J. Coyne President and CEO Raley's 500 West Capital Avenue West Sacramento, CA 95605	2. FROM UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION
--	--

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1	4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO James A. Fishkin 5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION November 4, 2008 at 10:00 am
---	---

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE Federal Trade Commission Washington, D.C. 20580	9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA James A. Fishkin, Esq. Dechert LLP 1775 I Street, NW Washington, DC 20006-2401
--	--

DATE ISSUED <i>October 3, 2008</i>	SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE <i>Donald S. Clark</i>
--	--

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

- in person.*
- by registered mail.*
- by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:*

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

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C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

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brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms “relate to,” “related to,” “relating to,” “in relation to,” and “concerning” shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may “relate to” or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

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10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
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II. Instructions

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James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
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tangible things -- or to permit inspection of the premises -- at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
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4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

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4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

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8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

William J. Coyne
President and CEO
Raley's
500 West Capital Avenue
West Sacramento, CA 95605

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 13, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced. Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request.

Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-12



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO Jack W. Straub, Jr. Straub's Fine Foods 8282 Forsyth Boulevard Clayton, MO 63105	2. FROM UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION
---	--

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1	4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO James A. Fishkin 5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION November 5, 2008 at 10:00 am
---	---

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE Federal Trade Commission Washington, D.C. 20580	9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA James A. Fishkin, Esq. Dechert LLP 1775 I Street, NW Washington, DC 20006-2401
--	--

DATE ISSUED <i>October 3, 2008</i>	SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE <i>Donald S. Clark</i>
--	--

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

In person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms “relate to,” “related to,” “relating to,” “in relation to,” and “concerning” shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may “relate to” or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms “and” and “or” have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms “communication” and “communications” shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term “Transaction” shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term “Geographic Area” shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

Jack W. Straub, Jr.
Straub's Fine Foods
8282 Forsyth Boulevard
Clayton, MO 63105

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 14, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

COMMISSIONERS: **William E. Kovacic, Chairman**
 Pamela Jones Harbour
 Jon Leibowitz
 J. Thomas Rosch

In the Matter of

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,
 a corporation.

Docket No. 9324

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the parties and third parties in the above-captioned matter against improper use and disclosure of confidential information submitted or produced in connection with this matter:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT this Protective Order Governing Confidential Material ("Protective Order") shall govern the handling of all Discovery Material, as hereafter defined.

1. As used in this Order, "confidential material" shall refer to any document or portion thereof that contains non-public competitively sensitive information, including trade secrets or other research, development or commercial information, the disclosure of which would likely cause commercial harm to the producing party, or sensitive personal information. "Discovery Material" shall refer to documents and information produced by a party or third party in connection with this matter. "Document" shall refer to any discoverable writing, recording, transcript of oral testimony, or electronically stored information in the possession of a party or a third party. "Commission" shall refer to the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), or

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation

"CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced. Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information. Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-13



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

<p>1. TO</p> <p>Greg Neumann President ValuDiscount, Inc. (d/b/a ValuMarket) 315 Whittington Parkway Louisville, KY 40222</p>	<p>2. FROM</p> <p style="text-align: center;">UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION</p>
---	---

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

<p>3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION</p> <p>See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1</p>	<p>4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO</p> <p style="text-align: center;">James A. Fishkin</p>
<p>5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION</p> <p style="text-align: center;">November 4, 2008 at 10:00 am</p>	

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING

In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED

See Attachment A, Part III

<p>8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Federal Trade Commission Washington, D.C. 20580</p>	<p>9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA</p> <p style="text-align: center;">James A. Fishkin, Esq. Dechert LLP 1775 I Street, NW Washington, DC 20006-2401</p>
---	---

<p>DATE ISSUED</p> <p style="font-size: 1.2em;"><i>October 3, 2008</i></p>	<p>SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE</p> <p style="font-size: 1.2em;"><i>Donald S. Clark</i></p>
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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

in person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms "relate to," "related to," "relating to," "in relation to," and "concerning" shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may "relate to" an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms "and" and "or" have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms "communication" and "communications" shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term "Transaction" shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term "Geographic Area" shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

Greg Neumann
President
ValuDiscount, Inc.(d/b/a ValuMarket)
315 Whittington Parkway
Louisville, KY 40222

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 13, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

COMMISSIONERS: **William E. Kovacic, Chairman**
 Pamela Jones Harbour
 Jon Leibowitz
 J. Thomas Rosch

In the Matter of

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,
 a corporation.

)
)
) **Docket No. 9324**
)
)
)

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the parties and third parties in the above-captioned matter against improper use and disclosure of confidential information submitted or produced in connection with this matter:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT this Protective Order Governing Confidential Material ("Protective Order") shall govern the handling of all Discovery Material, as hereafter defined.

1. As used in this Order, "confidential material" shall refer to any document or portion thereof that contains non-public competitively sensitive information, including trade secrets or other research, development or commercial information, the disclosure of which would likely cause commercial harm to the producing party, or sensitive personal information. "Discovery Material" shall refer to documents and information produced by a party or third party in connection with this matter. "Document" shall refer to any discoverable writing, recording, transcript of oral testimony, or electronically stored information in the possession of a party or a third party. "Commission" shall refer to the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), or

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced. Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(c) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information. Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT A-14



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO
 John Zupan
 President and Chief Executive Officer
 Zupan's Market
 7223 NE Hazell Dell Avenue
 Vancouver, WA 98665

2. FROM
 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
 FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION
 See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1

4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO
 James A. Fishkin

5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION
 November 5, 2008 at 10:00 am

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING
 In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED
 See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
 Federal Trade Commission
 Washington, D.C. 20580

9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA
 James A. Fishkin, Esq.
 Dechert LLP
 1775 I Street, NW
 Washington, DC 20006-2401

DATE ISSUED
 October 3, 2008

SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

in person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms “relate to,” “related to,” “relating to,” “in relation to,” and “concerning” shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may “relate to” or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

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H. The terms “communication” and “communications” shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term “Transaction” shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term “Geographic Area” shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

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2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
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29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
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prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

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8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

John Zupan
President and Chief Executive Officer
Zupan's Market
7223 NE Hazell Dell Avenue
Vancouver, WA 9866

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 14, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

COMMISSIONERS: **William E. Kovacic, Chairman**
 Pamela Jones Harbour
 Jon Leibowitz
 J. Thomas Rosch

In the Matter of

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,
a corporation.

Docket No. 9324

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the parties and third parties in the above-captioned matter against improper use and disclosure of confidential information submitted or produced in connection with this matter:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT this Protective Order Governing Confidential Material ("Protective Order") shall govern the handling of all Discovery Material, as hereafter defined.

1. As used in this Order, "confidential material" shall refer to any document or portion thereof that contains non-public competitively sensitive information, including trade secrets or other research, development or commercial information, the disclosure of which would likely cause commercial harm to the producing party, or sensitive personal information. "Discovery Material" shall refer to documents and information produced by a party or third party in connection with this matter. "Document" shall refer to any discoverable writing, recording, transcript of oral testimony, or electronically stored information in the possession of a party or a third party. "Commission" shall refer to the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), or

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.
3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.
4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.
5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.
6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation

"CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced.

Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT B

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

_____)
In the Matter of)

Docket No. 9324

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)

Public

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S RULE 3.22(F) STATEMENT OF JAMES A.
FISHKIN IN SUPPORT OF MOTIONS FOR ENFORCEMENT OF
SUBPOENAS DUCES TECUM ISSUED TO ENTIRELY
NON-COMPLIANT NON-PARTIES**

I, James A. Fishkin, under penalty of perjury, hereby declare:

1. I am one of the attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Whole Foods") in the above-captioned matter.

2. In October of 2008, Whole Foods served subpoenas duces tecum on the following non-parties: Ada's Natural Foods ("Ada's"); Amazing Grace Whole Foods ("Amazing Grace"); B&R Stores, Inc. ("B&R"); Ball's Food Stores, Inc.; Burger's Supermarket, Inc.; HOW's Market ("HOW's"); Jerry's Famous Deli, Inc. ("Jerry's"); King Ranch Market ("King Ranch"); Miles Market ("Miles"); P&S Foods (d/b/a Shur-Sav Markets) ("P&S"); Raley's; Straub's Fine Foods; ValuDiscount, Inc. (d/b/a ValuMarket); and Zupan's Market.

3. When these companies failed to comply with the subpoena, I undertook the following efforts in good faith to secure their compliance.

4. To my knowledge, Ada's is unrepresented by counsel. On October 16, 2008, I spoke with Brad Ingle, the store manager of Ada's, in an attempt in good faith to secure Ada's compliance with the subpoena. During that call, Mr. Ingle told me he would give the

subpoena to the store's owner. I have heard and received nothing from the company since then, and it has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

5. To my knowledge, Amazing Grace is unrepresented by counsel. On October 24, 2008, I spoke with the owner of Amazing Grace, Paul Koenig, in an attempt in good faith to secure Amazing Grace's compliance with the subpoena. During that call, Mr. Koenig told me he had no documents responsive to Requests 1-8 but that he did have documents responsive to Request 9 that he would produce. Since speaking to Mr. Koenig on October 24, I have heard and received nothing from Amazing Grace, and it has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

6. To my knowledge, B&R is unrepresented by counsel. On October 21, 2008, I spoke with Glenda Meisinger, an employee of B&R, in an attempt in good faith to secure B&R's compliance with the subpoena. Since that conversation, I have heard and received nothing from B&R, and it has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

7. To my knowledge, HOW's is unrepresented by counsel. On November 3, 2008, I spoke with Mark Oerum, an employee of HOW's, in an attempt in good faith to secure HOW's compliance with the subpoena. Since speaking to Mr. Oerum on November 3, I have heard and received nothing from HOW's, and it has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

8. To my knowledge, Jerry's is unrepresented by counsel. On October 15, 2008, I spoke with Guy Starkman, the President of Jerry's, in an attempt in good faith to secure Jerry's compliance with the subpoena. Since speaking to Mr. Starkman on October 15, I have

heard and received nothing from Jerry's, and it has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

9. Alice O'Brien is King Ranch's General Counsel. On December 30, 2008, I spoke with Ms. Ranch in an attempt in good faith to secure King Ranch's compliance with the subpoena. Since speaking to Ms. O'Brien on December 30, I have heard and received nothing from King Ranch, and it has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

10. To my knowledge, Miles is unrepresented by counsel. On October 16, 2008, I spoke with Frank Cangemi, the owner of Miles, in an attempt in good faith to secure Miles' compliance with the subpoena. Since speaking to Mr. Cangemi on October 16, I have heard and received nothing from Miles, and it has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

11. To my knowledge, P&S is unrepresented by counsel. On October 15, 2008, I spoke with Peter Sarados, Sr., an employee of P&S, in an attempt in good faith to secure P&S's compliance with the subpoena. Since speaking to Mr. Sarados, Sr., on October 15, I have heard and received nothing from P&S, and it has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

12. Raley's is represented by Jennifer Crabb, the company's General Counsel. I spoke with Ms. Crabb on November 3, 2008 in an attempt in good faith to secure Raley's compliance with the subpoena. Since November 3, I have also left messages on Ms. Crabb's voicemail on December 9, 2008, December 12, 2008, and January 9, 2009 in an attempt in good faith to secure Raley's compliance with the subpoena. Nonetheless, since speaking to

Ms. Crabb on November 3, I have heard and received nothing from Raley's, and it has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on this 14th day of January, 2009.



James A. Fishkin

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

EXHIBIT C

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

In the Matter of	)	Docket No. 9324
WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,	)	Public
a corporation.)	

**WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.'S RULE 3.22(F) STATEMENT OF GORAV JINDAL
IN SUPPORT OF MOTIONS FOR ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENAS DUCES
TECUM ISSUED TO ENTIRELY NON-COMPLIANT NON-PARTIES**

I, Gorav Jindal, under penalty of perjury, hereby declare:

1. I am one of the attorneys for Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Whole Foods") in the above-captioned matter.
2. In October of 2008, Whole Foods served subpoenas duces tecum on the following non-parties: Ada's Natural Foods; Amazing Grace Whole Foods; B&R Stores, Inc.; Ball's Food Stores, Inc. ("Ball's"); Burger's Supermarket, Inc.; HOW's Market; Jerry's Famous Deli, Inc.; King Ranch Market; Miles Market; P&S Foods (d/b/a Shur-Sav Markets); Raley's; Straub's Fine Foods ("Straub's"); ValuDiscount, Inc. (d/b/a ValuMarket) ("ValuDiscount"); and Zupan's Market ("Zupan's").
3. When these companies failed to comply with the subpoena, I undertook the following efforts in good faith to secure their compliance.
4. To my knowledge, Burger's is not represented by counsel. Between Whole Foods' service of the subpoena and protective order on Burger's by overnight mail delivery on October 14, 2008 and December 23, 2008, I left a voice message for John A. Burger, III, who

I understand to be Burger's President, in an attempt in good faith to secure Burger's compliance with the subpoena. When I never heard or received anything from Mr. Burger or his company, I called and spoke with Mr. Burger on December 23, 2008 in an attempt in good faith to secure Burger's compliance with the subpoena. During that call, Mr. Burger stated that he was busy, said he would have to call me back, and then abruptly ended the call. Since that call, I have not heard or received anything from Mr. Burger, and his company has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

5. To my knowledge, Straub's is not represented by counsel. Between Whole Foods' service of the subpoena and protective order on Straub's via overnight mail delivery on October 14, 2008 and December 3, 2008, I left at least two voicemail messages for Jack Straub, the CEO of Straub's, in an attempt in good faith to secure Straub's compliance with the subpoena. On December 3, 2008, I again called Mr. Straub, who admitted he had been meaning to call me back, and attempted in good faith to secure Straub's compliance with the subpoena. That same day, I subsequently emailed the subpoena and protective order to Mr. Straub. See Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued To Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties ("Supporting Appendix"), Ex. F. When I did not hear back from Mr. Straub or his company, I left Mr. Straub a voice message on December 16, 2008 asking when we would receive a response. When I still did not hear back from Mr. Straub, I sent him a second email on December 23, 2008 in an attempt in good faith to secure Straub's compliance with the subpoena. See Supporting Appendix, Ex. G. Since speaking with Mr. Straub on December 3, 2008, I have not heard or received anything from Straub's, and it has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

6. To my knowledge, ValuDiscount is not represented by counsel. After Whole Foods' service of the subpoena and protective order on ValuDiscount via overnight mail delivery on October 13, 2008, James Neumann, who I understand to be the Vice President of ValuDiscount, left me a voicemail message on October 23, 2008. On or about October 24, 2008, I returned Mr. Neumann's call and left him a voicemail message in a good faith attempt to secure ValuDiscount's compliance with the subpoena. I have not heard or received anything from Mr. Neumann or his company since that date. I left Mr. Neumann a second message on January 12, 2008. Mr. Neumann has not returned my call, and his company has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

7. To my knowledge, Zupan's is not represented by counsel. Between Whole Foods' service of the subpoena and protective order on Zupan's via overnight mail delivery on October 14, 2008 and December 3, 2008, I left at least three voicemail messages for John Zupan's, the CEO of Zupan's, in an attempt in good faith to secure Zupan's compliance with the subpoena. On December 3, 2008, I called and spoke with Mike Zupan, who is John Zupan's son and, and who I understand to be currently running Zupan's, in an attempt in good faith to secure Zupan's compliance with the subpoena. That same day, I subsequently emailed the subpoena and protective order to Mike Zupan and offered to speak with him again so that we could informally secure Zupan's compliance with the subpoena. See Supporting Appendix, Ex. H. When I did not hear back from Mike Zupan or his company, on December 17, 2008, I emailed him the ALJ's December 16, 2008 Order Denying New Seasons Market's Motion to Quash or Limit Subpoena Duces Tecum and again asked that Zupan's comply with the subpoena. See Supporting Appendix, Ex. I. When I still did not hear back from Mike Zupan or

his company, on December 23, 2008, I again emailed Mike Zupan, this time attaching the Court's December 23, 2008 Order Denying Gelson's Markets' Motion for a Protective Order or in the Alternative To Quash or Limit the Subpoena and yet again asked that Zupan's comply with the subpoena. See Supporting Appendix, Ex. J. That same day, Mike Zupan responded to me by email and indicated that Zupan's would not comply with the subpoena. See Supporting Appendix, Ex. K. In response to Mike Zupan's email, I sent him an email stating: "As I discussed with you before, and as I indicated in e-mails to you, we recognize that you are not a party to this litigation and are therefore willing to work with you to reduce the burden of compliance. It seems, however, that you do not want to work with us. If I have misunderstood, please let me know as soon as possible." Id. Since responding to Mike Zupan's email on December 23, 2008, I have not heard or received anything from Zupan's, and it has failed to object, move to quash, or otherwise respond to the subpoena.

8. On October 13, 2008, Whole Foods served the subpoena duces tecum and protective order via overnight mail delivery on Ball's. Since Whole Foods' service of the subpoena and protective order on Ball's on October 13, I have heard and received nothing from Ball's. To my knowledge, Ball's is not represented by counsel. On January 12, 2009, I left a message for David Ball, Ball's President and Chief Operating Officer, in a good faith attempt to secure Ball's compliance with the subpoena. Nonetheless, Ball's has not returned my call, nor has it objected, moved to quash, or otherwise responded to the subpoena.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on this 14th day of January, 2009.


Gorav Jindal

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.

EXHIBIT D

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION
OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES**

In the Matter of)
)
)

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
Respondent.)
)

Docket No. 9324

**ORDER ON NON-PARTY NEW SEASONS MARKET'S MOTION TO
QUASH OR LIMIT SUBPOENA FROM WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.**

I.

On November 24, 2008, non-party New Seasons Market, Inc. ("New Seasons") filed a motion to quash or limit the subpoena issued to it by Respondent Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Respondent" or "Whole Foods"). Respondent filed its Response in Opposition on December 4, 2008.

On December 12, 2008, New Seasons filed a motion for leave to file a reply and its reply. New Seasons' motion for leave to file a reply is GRANTED.

On December 16, 2008, Complaint Counsel filed a memorandum regarding New Seasons' motion. In it, Complaint Counsel states that it does not take a position on New Seasons' motion to quash, but concluded that the motion should be denied.

For the reasons set forth below, New Seasons' motion to quash or limit the subpoena is DENIED.

II.

New Seasons asserts that it is Whole Foods' top competitor in Portland, Oregon. New Seasons further asserts that the documents which Whole Foods seeks contain New Seasons' trade secrets and other highly confidential information. New Seasons argues that if it were required to produce the information Whole Foods seeks, this would provide Whole Foods with a blueprint to New Seasons' success and the means for Whole Foods to engage in anticompetitive conduct against one of its primary competitors in the Portland, Oregon market. New Seasons seeks an order quashing the subpoena with respect to requests three through nine on grounds that

those requests are: (1) unduly burdensome; (2) are themselves anticompetitive; and (3) seek trade secret and other confidential, commercially sensitive information without an adequate protective order.

Respondent asserts that the documents it seeks are directly relevant to the issues raised by the Complaint and that Respondent has no other effective means to obtain information from its non-party competitors necessary for its defense. Respondent further asserts that the requests are not unduly burdensome and that the Protective Order entered by the Commission in this case on October 10, 2008, ("Protective Order") adequately protects New Seasons' confidential information.

III.

Parties may obtain discovery to the extent that it may be reasonably expected to yield information relevant to the allegations of the complaint. 16 C.F.R. § 3.31(c)(1). An Administrative Law Judge may limit discovery if the discovery sought is unreasonably cumulative or duplicative, or is obtainable from some other source that is more convenient, less burdensome, or less expensive; or if the burden and expense of the proposed discovery outweigh its likely benefit. 16 C.F.R. § 3.31(c). In addition, an Administrative Law Judge may enter a protective order to protect a party from undue burden or expense. 16 C.F.R. § 3.31(d). Parties resisting discovery of relevant information carry a heavy burden of showing why discovery should be denied. *Blankenship v. Hearst Corp.*, 519 F.2d 418, 429 (9th Cir. 1975).

The subpoena served on New Seasons consists of nine requests for documents. The first two requests seek documents relating to communications with the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") and documents previously produced to the FTC. New Seasons' motion addresses only the third through ninth requests. These requests, which seek all documents from January 1, 2006 to present, are:

3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.
5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.

7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

New Seasons does not make the objection that the documents requested are not relevant to the issues raised in the Complaint or the defenses asserted thereto. Instead, New Seasons argues the subpoena should be quashed or limited because the requests: (a) are unduly burdensome; and (b) are themselves anticompetitive; and (c) seek trade secrets and other confidential, commercially sensitive information without an adequate protective order.

A. The requests are not unduly burdensome

New Seasons argues that requests three, four, seven, and eight should be quashed or limited because they are unduly burdensome. New Seasons asserts that although Respondent has offered to limit these requests for "all documents" to "all documents generated by high level New Seasons' employees," this restriction does not materially alter the burden associated with producing the documents. New Seasons argues that to search through all of its emails to determine whether the sender or recipient was "high level" and whether the email is responsive could cost New Seasons between \$250,000 and \$500,000. New Seasons states that it does not wish to divert the resources necessary to accomplish the search and review called for by the requests. New Seasons further argues that because it is owned and operated locally in Portland, Oregon, and has no stores outside of that local market, any information New Seasons would provide would have no impact on the multitude of other geographic areas involved in this proceeding.

Respondent states that it has met and conferred with New Seasons in an attempt to reduce New Seasons' burden of compliance with the subpoena. Respondent also states that Respondent represented to New Seasons that New Seasons did not need to search for documents at any of its stores, but rather need only produce "high-level" documents from its "high-level" management employees at its Portland, Oregon headquarters. According to Respondent, the Commission has taken the position that, in 2007, New Seasons was one of just two competitors of Whole Foods and Wild Oats. Thus, Respondent argues, the documents Respondent seeks from New Seasons will bear heavily on the definition of the relevant market in this case.

New Seasons responds that identifying which employees are "high level" employees is difficult and would require a search through documents to determine whether the sender or recipient was "high level." New Seasons also responds that even if the request is limited to "high level" documents, it must still search the same volume of documents to determine which documents are responsive and "high level." Accordingly, argues New Seasons, the burden on New Seasons is not ameliorated by these restrictions.

"Some burden on subpoenaed parties is to be expected and is necessary in furtherance of the agency's legitimate inquiry and the public interest." *Federal Trade Commission v. Dresser Indus., Inc.*, 1977 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 16178, *13 (D.D.C. 1977). "Inconvenience to third parties may be outweighed by the public interest in seeking the truth in every litigated case." *Covey Oil Co. v. Continental Oil Co.*, 340 F.2d 993, 999 (10th Cir. 1965) (denying motion to quash subpoenas served on competitors). The requests seek relevant information. In light of the limitations to which Respondent has agreed and as are set forth below, the burden on New Seasons is not an undue burden.

B. The requests are not anticompetitive

New Seasons argues that requests three through nine should be quashed because they ask New Seasons to provide its most confidential and commercially sensitive information to one of its primary competitors, Whole Foods. New Seasons argues that Whole Foods has a history of taking competitors' business away from them and of harassing and punishing competitors. New Seasons suggests that Whole Foods may be using litigation tactics to improve its competitive position. Respondent responds that New Seasons' accusations of anticompetitive conduct are a bald attempt to divert attention from the issues raised by the discovery dispute.

The implied allegations that Whole Foods may be using the document requests to gain a competitive advantage over New Seasons are without support. Accordingly, they do not provide a reasonable basis to quash the subpoena. The fact that these documents may contain confidential and commercially sensitive information does not provide a basis to quash or limit the subpoena. The Commission's Rules of Practice do not specifically protect trade secrets or confidential information from discovery. Section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act and Section 21(d)(2) of the Improvements Act (codified at 15 U.S.C. § 46(f) and 15 U.S.C. § 57b-2(b), respectively) limit the Commission's ability to disclose confidential information to the public. The Commission's Rules of Practice also do not limit a litigant's ability to obtain confidential information through discovery. *In re E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co.*, 97 F.T.C. 116, 116 (Jan. 21, 1981) (These provisions do "not absolutely bar disclosure of business data as evidence in [FTC] adjudicatory proceedings.").

Courts interpreting discovery sought under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure have held that there is no immunity protecting the disclosure of trade secrets. *Federal Trade Commission v. J.E. Lonning*, 539 F.2d 202, 209-210 (D.C. Cir. 1976); *LeBaron v. Rohm and Hass Co.*, 441 F.2d 575, 577 (9th Cir. 1971) ("The fact that discovery might result in the disclosure of sensitive competitive information is not a basis for denying such discovery."). See also *Federal Trade Commission v. Rockefeller, et al.*, 441 F. Supp. 234, 242 (S.D.N.Y.

1977), *aff'd* 591 F.2d 182 (2d Cir. 1979) (An objection to a subpoena on grounds that it seeks confidential information “poses no obstacle to enforcement.”).

The issue of whether the Protective Order adequately protects New Seasons’ confidential information from disclosure is addressed in the following section.

C. The Protective Order adequately protects New Seasons

New Seasons states that the requests seek detailed information regarding sales information, strategic plans, and documents relating to its plans to increase sales. New Seasons asserts that it is a private company and is not required to release this information to anyone outside of the company. New Seasons further argues that the Protective Order issued by the Commission does not adequately protect its confidential material. New Seasons expresses concerns that Whole Foods’ outside counsel may provide ongoing counseling to Whole Foods with respect to competitive decision-making and that experts retained in this case may be hired by other competitors in the future and would not be able to “unlearn” the information learned from New Seasons’ documents.

New Seasons points to instances where, in another administrative proceeding, the FTC caused discovery material that had been marked by the respondent as confidential to be posted on the FTC’s public website and where, in the District Court case *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, the FTC filed publicly a document that had been “redacted” by blackening out text electronically in a manner which allowed the trade secret information to be viewed. New Seasons argues that these instances cause New Seasons to be concerned about the likelihood of disclosure of its confidential information. New Seasons urges that it should not be required to provide confidential information without a protective order that prohibits the FTC from disclosing information New Seasons considers to be confidential and that requires the disclosing party to pay a penalty for violation of the protective order.

Respondent argues that the Protective Order in this case adequately protects confidential documents of third parties through a number of safeguards. The Protective Order allows disclosure of confidential documents to a limited group of people and prohibits any Whole Foods employees, including inside counsel, from reviewing confidential documents subject to the Protective Order. Respondent states that New Seasons has provided no authority to support its request that the Commission agree to pay damages in the event of an inadvertent public disclosure of confidential information and that if the Protective Order is violated, New Seasons can raise the issue with the Commission.

The Protective Order entered by the Commission in this case restricts disclosure of confidential material to:

- (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the

respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over the appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for any respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

The Protective Order prohibits any Whole Foods employees, including inside counsel, from reviewing the documents produced by non-parties. In addition, the Protective Order and the Commission's Rules governing *in camera* treatment of confidential information prohibit disclosure of highly confidential documents.

"[A]bsent a showing to the contrary, one has to assume that the protective order will work, especially in light of the extensive use of the device in Commission litigation (in cases frequently involving experts)." *Coca-Cola Bottling*, 1976 FTC LEXIS 33, *5 (Dec. 7, 1976). New Seasons' speculation that its documents may be disclosed or that outside counsel may use the information gained to advise Whole Foods in the future on commercial decisions or that experts or consultants will inadvertently use information they learned in this litigation in future litigation is just that – speculation. New Seasons has not made an adequate showing to support its argument that the Protective Order will not protect it.

New Seasons suggests that the Protective Order is inadequate because it does not provide for a fixed monetary penalty on counsel if the Protective Order were to be violated. New Seasons points to the protective order issued by the United States District Court for the District of Columbia in *FTC v. Whole Foods, Inc.*, July 6, 2007, which included a penalty of \$250,000 to be paid by any person who violated the protective order in that case. However, New Seasons has provided no authority in support of its argument that the Commission has authority to require a disclosing party to pay a penalty for a violation of its protective orders.

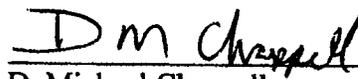
In light of the limitations set forth below and the confidentiality provisions of the Protective Order, enforcement of the subpoenas, as limited by this Order, is not unreasonable or oppressive.

IV.

The documents sought by Whole Foods are relevant to one of the central antitrust issues in this proceeding – the appropriate definition of the relevant market. The burden to New Seasons to comply is not unduly burdensome and its confidential documents will be adequately protected under the Protective Order.

New Seasons' motion to quash or limit the subpoena is DENIED. Request numbers three, four, seven and eight are hereby limited to documents from New Seasons' senior management team located at New Seasons' Portland, Oregon headquarters. New Seasons shall produce all responsive documents no later than December 29, 2008.

ORDERED:



D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

Date: December 16, 2008

EXHIBIT E

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION
OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES**

In the Matter of)
)
)

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
Respondent.)
)

Docket No. 9324

**ORDER ON NON-PARTY GELSON'S MARKETS' MOTION
FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER OR TO QUASH OR
LIMIT SUBPOENA FROM WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.**

I.

On December 8, 2008, non-party Gelson's Markets ("Gelson's") filed a motion for a protective order or to quash or limit the subpoena issued to it by Respondent Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Respondent" or "Whole Foods"). Respondent filed its Response in Opposition on December 19, 2008.

On December 16, 2008, Complaint Counsel filed a memorandum regarding a similar motion filed by another non-party, New Seasons Market, Inc. While Complaint Counsel stated that it did not take a position on New Seasons' motion to quash, it concluded that the motion should be denied. Complaint Counsel further stated that its memorandum is also pertinent to the instant motion filed by Gelson's.

For the reasons set forth below, Gelson's motion for a protective order or to quash or limit the subpoena is DENIED.

II.

Gelson's states that it operates 18 premium grocery markets, all of which are located in Southern California, and that it is one of Whole Foods' primary competitors. Gelson's asserts that the documents it seeks to withhold from production are commercially sensitive documents and that the disclosure of these documents to its competitor would cause competitive harm. Gelson's further argues that the Protective Order entered by the Commission in this case on October 10, 2008, ("Protective Order") does not adequately protect Gelson's confidential information and that disclosure of such information would cause irreparable harm.

Respondent asserts that the documents it seeks are directly relevant to the issues raised by the Complaint and that Respondent has no other effective means to obtain information from its non-party competitors necessary for its defense. Respondent argues that simply because Gelson's documents are confidential does not provide a basis for withholding the documents. Respondent further asserts that the Protective Order and the Commission's *in camera* rules adequately protect Gelson's confidential information.

III.

Parties may obtain discovery to the extent that it may be reasonably expected to yield information relevant to the allegations of the complaint. 16 C.F.R. § 3.31(c)(1). Discovery may be limited by the Administrative Law Judge if the discovery sought is unreasonably cumulative or duplicative, or is obtainable from some other source that is more convenient, less burdensome, or less expensive; or if the burden and expense of the proposed discovery outweigh its likely benefit. 16 C.F.R. § 3.31(c). In addition, an Administrative Law Judge may enter a protective order to protect a party from undue burden or expense. 16 C.F.R. § 3.31(d). Parties resisting discovery of relevant information carry a heavy burden of showing why discovery should be denied. *Blankenship v. Hearst Corp.*, 519 F.2d 418, 429 (9th Cir. 1975).

Gelson's states that it has withheld documents responsive to Request Numbers 5 and 9(b). Request Number 5 seeks: all market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares. Request Number 9(b) seeks: documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative, a spread sheet showing the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date. The documents Gelson's seeks to withhold are: (1) a site study, containing sales projections, responsive to Request Number 5; and (2) documents evidencing weekly sales for each Gelson's store, responsive to Request Number 9(b).

Gelson's does not make the objection that the documents requested are unduly burdensome or not relevant to the issues raised in the Complaint or the defenses asserted thereto. Instead, Gelson's seeks a protective order or an order quashing or limiting the subpoena on the grounds that: (A) disclosure of commercially sensitive information would be anticompetitive; and (B) the Protective Order does not adequately protect Gelson's confidential, commercially sensitive information.

A. Disclosure of the requested documents pursuant to the Protective Order would not harm competition

Gelson's argues that the subpoena should be quashed or limited because it asks Gelson's to provide confidential and commercially sensitive information to one of its primary competitors, Whole Foods. Gelson's also argues that Whole Foods' subpoena would require Gelson's to provide detailed information regarding the lifeblood of Gelson's business and provide Whole Foods with the blueprint to Gelson's success in the Southern California market. Gelson's charges that Whole Foods has a history of harassing, punishing, and taking business away from competitors. Gelson's states that it has no reason to believe that Whole Foods would

not relish the opportunity to drive Gelson's out of business and that Whole Foods has the size and resources to do it, with the assistance of Gelson's trade secrets and other commercially sensitive information. Respondent asserts that Gelson's accusations of anticompetitive conduct have no bearing on this discovery dispute.

Gelson's has not demonstrated that Whole Foods is seeking these documents merely to gain a competitive advantage, rather than to defend itself in this action. Accordingly, such unsupported allegations fail to provide a reasonable basis to quash the subpoena.

The claim that these documents contain confidential and commercially sensitive information also does not provide a basis to quash or limit the subpoena. *LeBaron v. Rohm and Hass Co.*, 441 F.2d 575, 577 (9th Cir. 1971) ("The fact that discovery might result in the disclosure of sensitive competitive information is not a basis for denying such discovery."). See also *Federal Trade Commission v. Rockefeller, et al.*, 441 F. Supp. 234, 242 (S.D.N.Y. 1977), *aff'd* 591 F.2d 182 (2d Cir. 1979) (an objection to a subpoena on grounds that it seeks confidential information "poses no obstacle to enforcement").

Moreover, the Commission's Rules of Practice do not specifically protect trade secrets or confidential information from discovery. Section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act and Section 21(d)(2) of the Improvements Act (codified at 15 U.S.C. § 46(f) and 15 U.S.C. § 57b-2(b), respectively) limit the Commission's ability to disclose confidential information to the public. The Commission's Rules of Practice also do not limit a litigant's ability to obtain confidential information through discovery. *In re E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co.*, 97 F.T.C. 116, 116 (Jan. 21, 1981) (These provisions do "not absolutely bar disclosure of business data as evidence in [FTC] adjudicatory proceedings."). Accordingly, Gelson's cannot withhold relevant documents based solely on its desire to shield confidential information from a competitor.

B. The requested information is adequately protected by the Protective Order

Gelson's states that the requests seek detailed information including three years' worth of weekly sales information for each of its locations and a site study detailing strategic plans and sales projections in one location. Gelson's further states that it diligently protects its weekly, location specific sales information and does not disclose this information to anyone outside of the company. Gelson's expresses concerns that experts retained in this case may be hired by other competitors in the future and would not be able to unlearn the information learned from Gelson's documents and that Whole Foods could use information from Gelson's to eliminate Gelson's as a competitor.

Gelson's further asserts that the Protective Order does not adequately protect Gelson's information because it places the burden on Gelson's to file a motion for *in camera* treatment to prevent disclosure to the public. Next, Gelson's asserts that the Protective Order fails to provide an adequate disincentive against or remedy for disclosure of Gelson's' confidential information. Gelson's points out that, in another administrative proceeding, the FTC caused discovery material that had been marked by a respondent as confidential to be posted on the FTC's public website and that, in the District Court case *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, the FTC filed

publicly a document that had been redacted by blackening out text electronically in a manner which allowed the trade secret information to be viewed. Gelson's argues that it should not be required to provide information that Gelson's considers to be confidential without a protective order that prohibits the FTC from disclosing such information. Gelson's asserts that the protective order should contain an adequate disincentive that would require the disclosing party to pay a penalty for any violation of the protective order.

Respondent submits that the Protective Order in this case does adequately protect confidential documents of third parties. The Protective Order allows disclosure of confidential documents to a limited group of people and prohibits any Whole Foods employees, including inside counsel, from reviewing confidential documents subject to the Protective Order. Respondent asserts further that Gelson's has provided no authority to support its request that the Commission agree to pay damages in the event of an inadvertent public disclosure of confidential information. Respondent also submits that, in the event the Protective Order is violated, Gelson's can raise the issue with the Commission.

The Protective Order entered by the Commission in this case allows disclosure of confidential documents to an extremely limited group. Such documents may be disclosed only to the Administrative Law Judge and the Commission, and employees assisting them; expert witnesses, who may not be employees of Respondent or a third party which has been subpoenaed; judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over the appellate proceedings involving this matter; and outside counsel for Whole Foods. The Protective Order, thus, prohibits any Whole Foods employees, including inside counsel, from reviewing the documents produced by non-parties.

Gelson's asserts that providing Gelson's sensitive information to Whole Foods' outside counsel is, in effect, no different from providing that information to Whole Foods itself and that experts or consultants may inadvertently use information they learned in this litigation in future litigation. These assertions are without merit. "[A]bsent a showing to the contrary, one has to assume that the protective order will work, especially in light of the extensive use of the device in Commission litigation (in cases frequently involving experts)." *Coca-Cola Bottling*, 1976 FTC LEXIS 33, *5 (Dec. 7, 1976). Gelson's has failed to demonstrate that the Protective Order will not sufficiently protect the withheld documents.

Gelson's refers to the protective order issued by the United States District Court for the District of Columbia in *FTC v. Whole Foods, Inc.*, July 6, 2007, which included a penalty of \$250,000 to be paid by any person who violated the protective order in that case. Gelson's argues that the Protective Order in this case is inadequate because it does not provide for a fixed monetary penalty on counsel for a violation. However, Gelson's has provided no authority in support of its argument that the Commission has authority to require a disclosing party to pay a penalty for a violation of its protective orders.

In addition to the safeguards of the Protective Order, the Commission's Rules governing *in camera* treatment of confidential information prohibit disclosure of highly confidential documents. Pursuant to Commission Rule 3.45(b), if either party seeks to introduce Gelson's

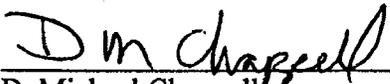
confidential information into evidence, Gelson's may file a motion for *in camera* treatment for documents it feels should be withheld from the public record. In Commission proceedings, requests for *in camera* treatment must show that the public disclosure of the documentary evidence will result in a clearly defined, serious injury to the person or corporation whose records are involved. *In re Kaiser Aluminum & Chem. Corp.*, 103 F.T.C. 500, 500 (1984); *In re H.P. Hood & Sons, Inc.*, 58 F.T.C. 1184, 1188 (1961). That showing can be made by establishing that the documentary evidence is "sufficiently secret and sufficiently material to the applicant's business that disclosure would result in serious competitive injury," and then balancing that factor against the importance of the information in explaining the rationale of Commission decisions. *Kaiser*, 103 F.T.C. at 500; *In re General Foods Corp.*, 95 F.T.C. 352, 355 (1980); *In re Bristol Myers Co.*, 90 F.T.C. 455, 456 (1977). Confidential information is withheld from the public record when this standard is met.

The *in camera* procedures in Part III adjudication and the Protective Order entered by the Commission in this case adequately protect Gelson's confidential information from disclosure.

IV.

For the reasons stated above, Gelson's motion for a protective order or to quash or limit the subpoena is DENIED. Gelson's shall produce all responsive documents no later than December 31, 2008.

ORDERED:



D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

Date: December 23, 2008

EXHIBIT F

Pazicky, Luke

From: Jindal, Gorav
Sent: Wednesday, December 03, 2008 7:05 PM
To: 'jack@straubs.com'
Subject: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

Attachments: Straub's Fine Foods.pdf



Straub's Fine
Foods.pdf (420 K...

Jack,

Here is the subpoena that was issued by Whole Foods Market, Inc. to your company, Straub's Fine Foods, on October 14.

My contact information is listed below, as well as in the subpoena. Please don't hesitate to contact me if you have any questions. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Best regards,
Gorav.

Gorav Jindal
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20006-2401
direct: +1.202.261.3435
main: +1.202.261.3300
fax: +1.202.261.3333
gorav.jindal@dechert.com
www.dechert.com



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

<p>1. TO</p> <p>Jack W. Straub, Jr. Straub's Fine Foods 8282 Forsyth Boulevard Clayton, MO 63105</p>	<p>2. FROM</p> <p>UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION</p>
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This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

<p>3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION</p> <p>See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1</p>	<p>4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO</p> <p>James A. Fishkin</p> <hr/> <p>5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION</p> <p>November 5, 2008 at 10:00 am</p>
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6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING

In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED

See Attachment A, Part III

<p>8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE</p> <p>Federal Trade Commission Washington, D.C. 20580</p>	<p>9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA</p> <p>James A. Fishkin, Esq. Dechert LLP 1775 I Street, NW Washington, DC 20006-2401</p>
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<p>DATE ISSUED</p> <p>October 3, 2008</p>	<p>SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE</p> <p><i>Donald S. Clark</i></p>
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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

in person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms “relate to,” “related to,” “relating to,” “in relation to,” and “concerning” shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may “relate to” or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms “and” and “or” have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms “communication” and “communications” shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term “Transaction” shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term “Geographic Area” shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

Jack W. Straub, Jr.
Straub's Fine Foods
8282 Forsyth Boulevard
Clayton, MO 63105

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 14, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

COMMISSIONERS: William E. Kovacic, Chairman
Pamela Jones Harbour
Jon Leibowitz
J. Thomas Rosch

In the Matter of)
)
)

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
a corporation.)
)

Docket No. 9324

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the parties and third parties in the above-captioned matter against improper use and disclosure of confidential information submitted or produced in connection with this matter:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT this Protective Order Governing Confidential Material ("Protective Order") shall govern the handling of all Discovery Material, as hereafter defined.

1. As used in this Order, "confidential material" shall refer to any document or portion thereof that contains non-public competitively sensitive information, including trade secrets or other research, development or commercial information, the disclosure of which would likely cause commercial harm to the producing party, or sensitive personal information. "Discovery Material" shall refer to documents and information produced by a party or third party in connection with this matter. "Document" shall refer to any discoverable writing, recording, transcript of oral testimony, or electronically stored information in the possession of a party or a third party. "Commission" shall refer to the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), or

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation

"CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced.

Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT G

Pazicky, Luke

From: Jindal, Gorav
Sent: Tuesday, December 23, 2008 5:25 PM
To: 'jack@straubs.com'
Subject: RE: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

Jack,

I am following up on the response to our subpoena. As you know, the deadline has long since passed. When can we expect to receive the requested information?

Best regards,
Gorav.

Gorav Jindal
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20006-2401
direct: +1.202.261.3435
main: +1.202.261.3300
fax: +1.202.261.3333
gorav.jindal@dechert.com
www.dechert.com

From: Jindal, Gorav
Sent: Wednesday, December 03, 2008 7:05 PM
To: jack@straubs.com
Subject: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

<< File: Straub's Fine Foods.pdf >>

Jack,

Here is the subpoena that was issued by Whole Foods Market, Inc. to your company, Straub's Fine Foods, on October 14.

My contact information is listed below, as well as in the subpoena. Please don't hesitate to contact me if you have any questions. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Best regards,
Gorav.

Gorav Jindal
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20006-2401
direct: +1.202.261.3435
main: +1.202.261.3300
fax: +1.202.261.3333

EXHIBIT H

Pazicky, Luke

From: Jindal, Gorav
Sent: Wednesday, December 03, 2008 6:12 PM
To: 'Mike@zupans.com'
Subject: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

Attachments: Zupan.pdf



Zupan.pdf (422 KB)

Mike,

Here is the subpoena that was issued by Whole Foods Market, Inc. to Zupan's Market on October 14. Our records show that it was accepted by M. Goodpaster on October 15. I have previously left messages for John Zupan about the subpoena without response. Although the due date passed almost one month ago, we remain interested in working with you to obtain the requested information.

The protective order governing the confidentiality of documents and information produced in response to the subpoena is also included in the attached file (at the end of the subpoena). As we discussed, and as you will see, it offers broad protections for any information that you consider to be confidential.

If you, or perhaps your lawyer, would like to discuss any aspect of the subpoena or protective order, please do not hesitate to contact me. My telephone number is included below and in the subpoena. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Best regards,
Gorav.

Gorav Jindal
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20006-2401
direct: +1.202.261.3435
main: +1.202.261.3300
fax: +1.202.261.3333
gorav.jindal@dechert.com
www.dechert.com



SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Issued Pursuant to Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b)(1997)

1. TO

John Zupan
President and Chief Executive Officer
Zupan's Market
7223 NE Hazell Dell Avenue
Vancouver, WA 98665

2. FROM

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

This subpoena requires you to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or tangible things - or to permit inspection of premises - at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, in the proceeding described in Item 6.

3. PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

See Attachment A, Part II, No. 1

4. MATERIAL WILL BE PRODUCED TO

James A. Fishkin

5. DATE AND TIME OF PRODUCTION OR INSPECTION

November 5, 2008 at 10:00 am

6. SUBJECT OF PROCEEDING

In the Matter of Whole Foods Market Inc., et al, Docket No. 9324

7. MATERIAL TO BE PRODUCED

See Attachment A, Part III

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

Federal Trade Commission
Washington, D.C. 20580

9. COUNSEL REQUESTING SUBPOENA

James A. Fishkin, Esq.
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, DC 20006-2401

DATE ISSUED

October 3, 2008

SECRETARY'S SIGNATURE

Donald S. Clark

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPEARANCE

The delivery of this subpoena to you by any method prescribed by the Commission's Rules of Practice is legal service and may subject you to a penalty imposed by law for failure to comply.

MOTION TO LIMIT OR QUASH

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that any motion to limit or quash this subpoena be filed within the earlier of 10 days after service or the time for compliance. The original and ten copies of the petition must be filed with the Secretary of the Federal Trade Commission, accompanied by an affidavit of service of the document upon counsel listed in Item 9, and upon all other parties prescribed by the Rules of Practice.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

The Commission's Rules of Practice require that fees and mileage be paid by the party that requested your appearance. You should present your claim to counsel listed in Item 9 for payment. If you are permanently or temporarily living somewhere other than the address on this subpoena and it would require excessive travel for you to appear, you must get prior approval from counsel listed in Item 9.

This subpoena does not require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980.

RETURN OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a duplicate original of the within subpoena was duly served: (check the method used)

in person.

by registered mail.

by leaving copy at principal office or place of business, to wit:

.....
.....
.....
.....

on the person named herein on:

.....
(Month, day, and year)

.....
(Name of person making service)

.....
(Official title)

ATTACHMENT A

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

I. Definitions

For the purposes of these Requests for Documents, the following definitions apply:

A. The term "Whole Foods" shall mean Whole Foods Market, Inc., and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

B. The term "Wild Oats" shall mean Wild Oats Markets, Inc., the entity acquired by Whole Foods on August 28, 2007, and its predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents, and representatives thereof.

C. The terms "you" and "your" refer to the entity or person to whom this Subpoena is directed, and all predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and including all store formats, brands, and banners under which any of the foregoing operate, and all directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives thereof.

D. The terms "Commission" refers to the Federal Trade Commission and its commissioners, bureau directors, counsel, staff, and employees.

E. "Documents" as used herein shall mean every original and every non-identical copy of any original of all mechanically written, handwritten, typed or printed material, electronically stored data, microfilm, microfiche, sound recordings, films, photographs, videotapes, slides, and other physical objects or tangible things of every kind and description containing stored information, including but not limited to, transcripts, letters, correspondence, notes, memoranda, tapes, records, telegrams, electronic mail, facsimiles, periodicals, pamphlets,

brochures, circulars, advertisements, leaflets, reports, research studies, test data, working papers, drawings, maps, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, graphs, charts, diaries, logs, manuals, agreements, contracts, rough drafts, analyses, ledgers, inventories, financial information, bank records, receipts, books of account, understandings, minutes of meetings, minute books, resolutions, assignments, computer printouts, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading, written memoranda or notes of oral communications, and any other tangible thing of whatever nature.

F. The terms “relate to,” “related to,” “relating to,” “in relation to,” and “concerning” shall mean mentioning, comprising, consisting, indicating, describing, reflecting, referring, evidencing, regarding, pertaining to, showing, discussing, connected with, memorializing or involving in any way whatsoever the subject matter of the request, including having a legal, factual or logical connection, relationship, correlation, or association with the subject matter of the request. A document may “relate to” or an individual or entity without specifically mentioning or discussing that individual or entity by name.

G. The terms “and” and “or” have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings.

H. The terms “communication” and “communications” shall mean all meetings, interviews, conversations, conferences, discussions, correspondence, messages, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail, mailgrams, telephone conversations, and all oral, written and electronic expressions or other occurrences whereby thoughts, opinions, information or data are transmitted between two or more persons.

I. The term “Transaction” shall mean the acquisition of Wild Oats by Whole Foods that occurred on August 28, 2007.

J. The term “Geographic Area” shall mean the following metropolitan areas:

1. Albuquerque, NM;
2. Boston, MA;

3. Boulder, CO;
4. Hinsdale, IL (suburban Chicago);
5. Evanston, IL (suburban Chicago);
6. Cleveland, OH;
7. Colorado Springs, CO;
8. Columbus, OH
9. Denver, CO;
10. West Hartford, CT;
11. Henderson, NV;
12. Kansas City-Overland Park, KS;
13. Las Vegas, NV;
14. Los Angeles-Santa Monica-Brentwood, CA;
15. Louisville, KY;
16. Omaha, NE;
17. Pasadena, CA;
18. Phoenix, AZ;
19. Portland, ME;
20. Portland, OR;
21. St. Louis, MO;
22. Santa Fe, NM;
23. Palo Alto, CA;
24. Fairfield County, CT;
25. Miami Beach, FL;
26. Naples, FL;
27. Nashville, TN;
28. Reno, NV; and
29. Salt Lake City, UT.

II. Instructions

1. Submit all documents, including information or items in the possession of your staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf, by the date listed in Item 5 on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form, to:

James A. Fishkin
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20016

In the alternative, under FTC Rule 3.34(b), 16 C.F.R. § 3.34(b), you must produce and permit inspection and copying of the designated books, documents (as defined in Rule 3.34(b)), or

tangible things – or to permit inspection of the premises – at the date and time specified in Item 5, at the request of Counsel listed in Item 9, on the Subpoena Duces Tecum form.

2. If an objection is made to any request herein, all documents and things responsive to the request not subject to the objection should be produced. Similarly, if any objection is made to production of a document, the portion(s) of that document not subject to the objection should be produced with the portion(s) objected to redacted and indicated clearly as such. Otherwise, no communication, document, file, or thing requested should be altered, changed, or modified in any respect. All communications, documents, and files shall be produced in full and unexpurgated form, including all attachments and enclosures either as they are kept in your ordinary course of business or organized to correspond with those requests. No communication, document, file, or thing requested should be disposed of or destroyed.

3. If you object to any request, or otherwise withhold responsive information because of the claim of privilege, work product, or other grounds:

- a. Identify the Request for Documents to which objection or claim of privilege is made;
- b. Identify every Document withheld, the author, the date of creation, and all recipients;
- c. Identify all grounds for objection or assertion of privilege, and set forth the factual basis for assertion of the objection or claim of privilege;
- d. Identify the information withheld by description of the topic or subject matter, the date of the communication, and the participants; and
- e. Identify all persons having knowledge of any facts relating to your claim of privilege.

4. Your responses should reflect all knowledge, information, and documents in your possession, custody, or control, and includes, unless otherwise specifically indicated, your counsel, staff, employees, agents, representatives, other personnel, or anyone purporting to act on your behalf.

5. Your response to the document request should include any document created, prepared or received from January 1, 2006 to the present.

6. Any questions regarding this subpoena should be directed to James A. Fishkin at 202-261-3421 or Gorav Jindal at 202-261-3435.

III. Requests For Documents

Please provide the following:

1. All documents you have provided to the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction or any investigation of the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
2. All documents relating to any communications you have had with the Commission in connection with (a) the Transaction; (b) *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 1:07-CV-01021-PLF (D.D.C. 2007); or (c) this matter, which is *In re Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, FTC Docket No. 9324.
3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to

prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.

5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.
7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served the foregoing Subpoena Duces Tecum and all Attachments via overnight mail delivery to:

John Zupan
President and Chief Executive Officer
Zupan's Market
7223 NE Hazell Dell Avenue
Vancouver, WA 9866

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Complaint Counsel

Dated: October 14, 2008

/s/ James A. Fishkin
James A. Fishkin, Esq.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

COMMISSIONERS: **William E. Kovacic, Chairman**
 Pamela Jones Harbour
 Jon Leibowitz
 J. Thomas Rosch

In the Matter of

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,
a corporation.

Docket No. 9324

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the parties and third parties in the above-captioned matter against improper use and disclosure of confidential information submitted or produced in connection with this matter:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT this Protective Order Governing Confidential Material ("Protective Order") shall govern the handling of all Discovery Material, as hereafter defined.

1. As used in this Order, "confidential material" shall refer to any document or portion thereof that contains non-public competitively sensitive information, including trade secrets or other research, development or commercial information, the disclosure of which would likely cause commercial harm to the producing party, or sensitive personal information. "Discovery Material" shall refer to documents and information produced by a party or third party in connection with this matter. "Document" shall refer to any discoverable writing, recording, transcript of oral testimony, or electronically stored information in the possession of a party or a third party. "Commission" shall refer to the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), or

any of its employees, agents, attorneys, and all other persons acting on its behalf, excluding persons retained as consultants or experts for purposes of this proceeding.

2. Any document or portion thereof produced or submitted by a respondent or a third party during a Federal Trade Commission investigation or during the course of this proceeding that is entitled to confidentiality under the Federal Trade Commission Act, or any regulation, interpretation, or precedent concerning documents in the possession of the Commission, as well as any information taken from any portion of such document, shall be treated as confidential material for purposes of this Order.

3. The parties and any third parties, in complying with informal discovery requests, disclosure requirements, or discovery demands in this proceeding may designate any responsive document or portion thereof as confidential material, including documents obtained by them from third parties pursuant to discovery or as otherwise obtained.

4. The parties, in conducting discovery from third parties, shall provide to each third party a copy of this Order so as to inform each such third party of his, her, or its rights herein.

5. A designation of confidentiality shall constitute a representation in good faith and after careful determination that the material is not reasonably believed to be already in the public domain and that counsel believes the material so designated constitutes confidential material as defined in Paragraph 1 of this Order.

6. Material may be designated as confidential by placing on or affixing to the document containing such material (in such manner as will not interfere with the legibility thereof) the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, together with an indication of the portion or portions of the document considered to be confidential material. Confidential information contained in electronic

documents may also be designated as confidential by placing the designation "CONFIDENTIAL-FTC Docket No. 9324" or any other appropriate notice that identifies this proceeding, on the face of the CD or DVD or other medium on which the document is produced. Masked or otherwise redacted copies of documents may be produced where the portions deleted contain privileged matter, provided that the copy produced shall indicate at the appropriate point that portions have been deleted and the reasons therefor.

7. Confidential material shall be disclosed only to: (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over any appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for the respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or

received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

8. Disclosure of confidential material to any person described in Paragraph 7 of this Order shall be only for the purposes of the preparation and hearing of this proceeding, or any appeal therefrom, and for no other purpose whatsoever, provided, however, that the Commission may, subject to taking appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such material, use or disclose confidential material as provided by its Rules of Practice; Sections 6(f) and 21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; or any other legal obligation imposed upon the Commission.

9. In the event that any confidential material is contained in any pleading, motion, exhibit or other paper filed or to be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, the Secretary shall be so informed by the party filing such papers, and such papers shall be filed *in camera*. To the extent that such material was originally submitted by a third party, the party including the materials in its papers shall immediately notify the submitter of such inclusion. Confidential material contained in the papers shall continue to have *in camera* treatment until further order of the Administrative Law Judge, provided, however, that such papers may be furnished to persons or entities who may receive confidential material pursuant to Paragraphs 7 or 8. Upon or after filing any paper containing confidential material, the filing party shall file on the public record a duplicate copy of the paper that does not reveal confidential material. Further, if the protection for any such material expires, a party may file on the public record a duplicate copy which also contains the formerly protected material.

10. If counsel plans to introduce into evidence at the hearing any document or transcript containing confidential material produced by another party or by a third party, they shall

provide advance notice to the other party or third party for purposes of allowing that party to seek an order that the document or transcript be granted *in camera* treatment. If that party wishes *in camera* treatment for the document or transcript, the party shall file an appropriate motion with the Administrative Law Judge within 5 days after it receives such notice. Until such time as the Administrative Law Judge rules otherwise, the document or transcript shall be accorded *in camera* treatment. If the motion for *in camera* treatment is denied, all documents and transcripts shall be part of the public record. Where *in camera* treatment is granted, a duplicate copy of such document or transcript with the confidential material deleted therefrom may be placed on the public record.

11. If any party receives a discovery request in another proceeding that may require the disclosure of confidential material submitted by another party or third party, the recipient of the discovery request shall promptly notify the submitter of receipt of such request. Unless a shorter time is mandated by an order of a court, such notification shall be in writing and be received by the submitter at least 10 business days before production, and shall include a copy of this Protective Order and a cover letter that will apprise the submitter of its rights hereunder. Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the recipient of the discovery request or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any order requiring production of confidential material, to subject itself to any penalties for non-compliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from the Administrative Law Judge or the Commission. The recipient of the discovery request shall not oppose the submitter's efforts to challenge the disclosure of confidential material. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the applicability of Rule 4.11(e) of the Commission's Rules of

Practice, 16 CFR § 4.11(e), to discovery requests in another proceeding that are directed to the Commission.

12. At the time that any consultant or other person retained to assist counsel in the preparation or hearing of this action concludes participation in the action, such person shall return to counsel all copies of documents or portions thereof designated confidential that are in the possession of such person, together with all notes, memoranda or other papers containing confidential information. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including the exhaustion of judicial review, the parties shall return documents obtained in this action to their submitters, provided, however, that the Commission's obligation to return documents shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 4.12 of the Rules of Practice, 16 CFR § 4.12.

13. The inadvertent production or disclosure of information or documents produced by a party or third party in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege will not be deemed to be a waiver of any privilege to which the producing party would have been entitled had the inadvertent production or disclosure not occurred, provided the producing party exercised reasonable care to preserve its privilege. In the event of such inadvertent production or disclosure, the party claiming inadvertence shall promptly notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being so notified, the receiving party must promptly return the specified information, and all copies of it, and may not use or disclose the information unless the claim is resolved such that no privilege applies to the information.

Nothing in this Order presupposes a determination on the claim of privilege or of reasonable care in preserving privilege if challenged.

14. The provisions of this Protective Order, insofar as they restrict the communication and use of confidential discovery material, shall, without written permission of the submitter or further order of the Commission, continue to be binding after the conclusion of this proceeding.

By the Commission.

§
Donald S. Clark
Secretary

ISSUED: October 10, 2008

EXHIBIT I

Pazicky, Luke

From: Jindal, Gorav
Sent: Wednesday, December 17, 2008 2:17 PM
To: 'Mike@zupans.com'
Subject: RE: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

Attachments: 2008-12-16 Order 02.pdf



2008-12-16 Order
02.pdf (359 K...

Mike,

As I mentioned in my voice message to you today, the administrative law judge yesterday ruled against New Seasons yesterday on its motion to quash our subpoena, and ordered New Seasons to produce the requested documents by December 29. The order is attached here. I thought you would want to know since you mentioned that you might want to take a similar position.

We are still interested in working with you to obtain the requested information even though the deadline for compliance has long since passed. As you and I have previously discussed, we are willing to discuss ways to relieve the burden of compliance on you.

I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Best regards,
Gorav.

Gorav Jindal
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20006-2401
direct: +1.202.261.3435
main: +1.202.261.3300
fax: +1.202.261.3333
gorav.jindal@dechert.com
www.dechert.com

From: Jindal, Gorav
Sent: Wednesday, December 03, 2008 6:12 PM
To: Mike@zupans.com
Subject: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

<< File: Zupan.pdf >>

Mike,

Here is the subpoena that was issued by Whole Foods Market, Inc. to Zupan's Market on October 14. Our records show that it was accepted by M. Goodpaster on October 15. I have previously left messages for John Zupan about the subpoena without response. Although the due date passed almost one month ago, we remain interested in

working with you to obtain the requested information.

The protective order governing the confidentiality of documents and information produced in response to the subpoena is also included in the attached file (at the end of the subpoena). As we discussed, and as you will see, it offers broad protections for any information that you consider to be confidential.

If you, or perhaps your lawyer, would like to discuss any aspect of the subpoena or protective order, please do not hesitate to contact me. My telephone number is included below and in the subpoena. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Best regards,
Gorav.

Gorav Jindal
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20006-2401
direct: +1.202.261.3435
main: +1.202.261.3300
fax: +1.202.261.3333
gorav.jindal@dechert.com
www.dechert.com

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION
OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES**

In the Matter of)
)
)

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
Respondent.)
)

Docket No. 9324

**ORDER ON NON-PARTY NEW SEASONS MARKET'S MOTION TO
QUASH OR LIMIT SUBPOENA FROM WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.**

I.

On November 24, 2008, non-party New Seasons Market, Inc. ("New Seasons") filed a motion to quash or limit the subpoena issued to it by Respondent Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Respondent" or "Whole Foods"). Respondent filed its Response in Opposition on December 4, 2008.

On December 12, 2008, New Seasons filed a motion for leave to file a reply and its reply. New Seasons' motion for leave to file a reply is GRANTED.

On December 16, 2008, Complaint Counsel filed a memorandum regarding New Seasons' motion. In it, Complaint Counsel states that it does not take a position on New Seasons' motion to quash, but concluded that the motion should be denied.

For the reasons set forth below, New Seasons' motion to quash or limit the subpoena is DENIED.

II.

New Seasons asserts that it is Whole Foods' top competitor in Portland, Oregon. New Seasons further asserts that the documents which Whole Foods seeks contain New Seasons' trade secrets and other highly confidential information. New Seasons argues that if it were required to produce the information Whole Foods seeks, this would provide Whole Foods with a blueprint to New Seasons' success and the means for Whole Foods to engage in anticompetitive conduct against one of its primary competitors in the Portland, Oregon market. New Seasons seeks an order quashing the subpoena with respect to requests three through nine on grounds that

those requests are: (1) unduly burdensome; (2) are themselves anticompetitive; and (3) seek trade secret and other confidential, commercially sensitive information without an adequate protective order.

Respondent asserts that the documents it seeks are directly relevant to the issues raised by the Complaint and that Respondent has no other effective means to obtain information from its non-party competitors necessary for its defense. Respondent further asserts that the requests are not unduly burdensome and that the Protective Order entered by the Commission in this case on October 10, 2008, ("Protective Order") adequately protects New Seasons' confidential information.

III.

Parties may obtain discovery to the extent that it may be reasonably expected to yield information relevant to the allegations of the complaint. 16 C.F.R. § 3.31(c)(1). An Administrative Law Judge may limit discovery if the discovery sought is unreasonably cumulative or duplicative, or is obtainable from some other source that is more convenient, less burdensome, or less expensive; or if the burden and expense of the proposed discovery outweigh its likely benefit. 16 C.F.R. § 3.31(c). In addition, an Administrative Law Judge may enter a protective order to protect a party from undue burden or expense. 16 C.F.R. § 3.31(d). Parties resisting discovery of relevant information carry a heavy burden of showing why discovery should be denied. *Blankenship v. Hearst Corp.*, 519 F.2d 418, 429 (9th Cir. 1975).

The subpoena served on New Seasons consists of nine requests for documents. The first two requests seek documents relating to communications with the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") and documents previously produced to the FTC. New Seasons' motion addresses only the third through ninth requests. These requests, which seek all documents from January 1, 2006 to present, are:

3. All documents relating to Whole Foods' acquisition of Wild Oats, including documents discussing the effect of the merger on you.
4. All documents discussing competition with Whole Foods or Wild Oats, including responses by you to a new Whole Foods or Wild Oats store and responses by you to prices, promotions, product selection, quality, or services at Whole Foods or Wild Oats stores.
5. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares.
6. All market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to the sale of natural and organic products, including the sale of natural and organic products in your stores.

7. All documents relating to your plans to increase the shelf space at your stores allocated to natural and organic products, the number of natural and organic products sold in your stores, or the sales of natural or organic products in your stores.
8. All documents discussing your plans to renovate or improve your stores to sell additional natural and organic products or to open stores emphasizing natural and organic products.
9. Provide documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative submit a spread sheet showing: (a) the store name and address of each of your stores separately in each Geographic Area; and (b) for each store provide the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date.

New Seasons does not make the objection that the documents requested are not relevant to the issues raised in the Complaint or the defenses asserted thereto. Instead, New Seasons argues the subpoena should be quashed or limited because the requests: (a) are unduly burdensome; and (b) are themselves anticompetitive; and (c) seek trade secrets and other confidential, commercially sensitive information without an adequate protective order.

A. The requests are not unduly burdensome

New Seasons argues that requests three, four, seven, and eight should be quashed or limited because they are unduly burdensome. New Seasons asserts that although Respondent has offered to limit these requests for "all documents" to "all documents generated by high level New Seasons' employees," this restriction does not materially alter the burden associated with producing the documents. New Seasons argues that to search through all of its emails to determine whether the sender or recipient was "high level" and whether the email is responsive could cost New Seasons between \$250,000 and \$500,000. New Seasons states that it does not wish to divert the resources necessary to accomplish the search and review called for by the requests. New Seasons further argues that because it is owned and operated locally in Portland, Oregon, and has no stores outside of that local market, any information New Seasons would provide would have no impact on the multitude of other geographic areas involved in this proceeding.

Respondent states that it has met and conferred with New Seasons in an attempt to reduce New Seasons' burden of compliance with the subpoena. Respondent also states that Respondent represented to New Seasons that New Seasons did not need to search for documents at any of its stores, but rather need only produce "high-level" documents from its "high-level" management employees at its Portland, Oregon headquarters. According to Respondent, the Commission has taken the position that, in 2007, New Seasons was one of just two competitors of Whole Foods and Wild Oats. Thus, Respondent argues, the documents Respondent seeks from New Seasons will bear heavily on the definition of the relevant market in this case.

New Seasons responds that identifying which employees are "high level" employees is difficult and would require a search through documents to determine whether the sender or recipient was "high level." New Seasons also responds that even if the request is limited to "high level" documents, it must still search the same volume of documents to determine which documents are responsive and "high level." Accordingly, argues New Seasons, the burden on New Seasons is not ameliorated by these restrictions.

"Some burden on subpoenaed parties is to be expected and is necessary in furtherance of the agency's legitimate inquiry and the public interest." *Federal Trade Commission v. Dresser Indus., Inc.*, 1977 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 16178, *13 (D.D.C. 1977). "Inconvenience to third parties may be outweighed by the public interest in seeking the truth in every litigated case." *Covey Oil Co. v. Continental Oil Co.*, 340 F.2d 993, 999 (10th Cir. 1965) (denying motion to quash subpoenas served on competitors). The requests seek relevant information. In light of the limitations to which Respondent has agreed and as are set forth below, the burden on New Seasons is not an undue burden.

B. The requests are not anticompetitive

New Seasons argues that requests three through nine should be quashed because they ask New Seasons to provide its most confidential and commercially sensitive information to one of its primary competitors, Whole Foods. New Seasons argues that Whole Foods has a history of taking competitors' business away from them and of harassing and punishing competitors. New Seasons suggests that Whole Foods may be using litigation tactics to improve its competitive position. Respondent responds that New Seasons' accusations of anticompetitive conduct are a bald attempt to divert attention from the issues raised by the discovery dispute.

The implied allegations that Whole Foods may be using the document requests to gain a competitive advantage over New Seasons are without support. Accordingly, they do not provide a reasonable basis to quash the subpoena. The fact that these documents may contain confidential and commercially sensitive information does not provide a basis to quash or limit the subpoena. The Commission's Rules of Practice do not specifically protect trade secrets or confidential information from discovery. Section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act and Section 21(d)(2) of the Improvements Act (codified at 15 U.S.C. § 46(f) and 15 U.S.C. § 57b-2(b), respectively) limit the Commission's ability to disclose confidential information to the public. The Commission's Rules of Practice also do not limit a litigant's ability to obtain confidential information through discovery. *In re E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co.*, 97 F.T.C. 116, 116 (Jan. 21, 1981) (These provisions do "not absolutely bar disclosure of business data as evidence in [FTC] adjudicatory proceedings.").

Courts interpreting discovery sought under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure have held that there is no immunity protecting the disclosure of trade secrets. *Federal Trade Commission v. J.E. Lonning*, 539 F.2d 202, 209-210 (D.C. Cir. 1976); *LeBaron v. Rohm and Hass Co.*, 441 F.2d 575, 577 (9th Cir. 1971) ("The fact that discovery might result in the disclosure of sensitive competitive information is not a basis for denying such discovery."). See also *Federal Trade Commission v. Rockefeller, et al.*, 441 F. Supp. 234, 242 (S.D.N.Y.

1977), *aff'd* 591 F.2d 182 (2d Cir. 1979) (An objection to a subpoena on grounds that it seeks confidential information “poses no obstacle to enforcement.”).

The issue of whether the Protective Order adequately protects New Seasons’ confidential information from disclosure is addressed in the following section.

C. The Protective Order adequately protects New Seasons

New Seasons states that the requests seek detailed information regarding sales information, strategic plans, and documents relating to its plans to increase sales. New Seasons asserts that it is a private company and is not required to release this information to anyone outside of the company. New Seasons further argues that the Protective Order issued by the Commission does not adequately protect its confidential material. New Seasons expresses concerns that Whole Foods’ outside counsel may provide ongoing counseling to Whole Foods with respect to competitive decision-making and that experts retained in this case may be hired by other competitors in the future and would not be able to “unlearn” the information learned from New Seasons’ documents.

New Seasons points to instances where, in another administrative proceeding, the FTC caused discovery material that had been marked by the respondent as confidential to be posted on the FTC’s public website and where, in the District Court case *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, the FTC filed publicly a document that had been “redacted” by blackening out text electronically in a manner which allowed the trade secret information to be viewed. New Seasons argues that these instances cause New Seasons to be concerned about the likelihood of disclosure of its confidential information. New Seasons urges that it should not be required to provide confidential information without a protective order that prohibits the FTC from disclosing information New Seasons considers to be confidential and that requires the disclosing party to pay a penalty for violation of the protective order.

Respondent argues that the Protective Order in this case adequately protects confidential documents of third parties through a number of safeguards. The Protective Order allows disclosure of confidential documents to a limited group of people and prohibits any Whole Foods employees, including inside counsel, from reviewing confidential documents subject to the Protective Order. Respondent states that New Seasons has provided no authority to support its request that the Commission agree to pay damages in the event of an inadvertent public disclosure of confidential information and that if the Protective Order is violated, New Seasons can raise the issue with the Commission.

The Protective Order entered by the Commission in this case restricts disclosure of confidential material to:

- (a) the Administrative Law Judge presiding over this proceeding, personnel assisting the Administrative Law Judge, the Commission and its employees, and personnel retained by the Commission as experts or consultants for this proceeding, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the

respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; (b) judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over the appellate proceedings involving this matter; (c) outside counsel of record for any respondent, their associated attorneys and other employees of their law firm(s), provided such personnel are not employees of the respondent or of any entity established by the respondent; (d) anyone retained to assist outside counsel in the preparation or hearing of this proceeding including experts or consultants, provided such experts or consultants are not employees of the respondent, or any entity established by the respondent, or employees of any third party which has been subpoenaed to produce documents or information in connection with this matter, and provided further that each such expert or consultant has signed an agreement to abide by the terms of this protective order; and (e) any witness or deponent who authored or received the information in question, or who is presently employed by the producing party.

The Protective Order prohibits any Whole Foods employees, including inside counsel, from reviewing the documents produced by non-parties. In addition, the Protective Order and the Commission's Rules governing *in camera* treatment of confidential information prohibit disclosure of highly confidential documents.

"[A]bsent a showing to the contrary, one has to assume that the protective order will work, especially in light of the extensive use of the device in Commission litigation (in cases frequently involving experts)." *Coca-Cola Bottling*, 1976 FTC LEXIS 33, *5 (Dec. 7, 1976). New Seasons' speculation that its documents may be disclosed or that outside counsel may use the information gained to advise Whole Foods in the future on commercial decisions or that experts or consultants will inadvertently use information they learned in this litigation in future litigation is just that – speculation. New Seasons has not made an adequate showing to support its argument that the Protective Order will not protect it.

New Seasons suggests that the Protective Order is inadequate because it does not provide for a fixed monetary penalty on counsel if the Protective Order were to be violated. New Seasons points to the protective order issued by the United States District Court for the District of Columbia in *FTC v. Whole Foods, Inc.*, July 6, 2007, which included a penalty of \$250,000 to be paid by any person who violated the protective order in that case. However, New Seasons has provided no authority in support of its argument that the Commission has authority to require a disclosing party to pay a penalty for a violation of its protective orders.

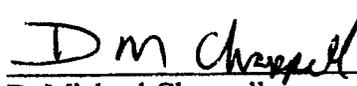
In light of the limitations set forth below and the confidentiality provisions of the Protective Order, enforcement of the subpoenas, as limited by this Order, is not unreasonable or oppressive.

IV.

The documents sought by Whole Foods are relevant to one of the central antitrust issues in this proceeding – the appropriate definition of the relevant market. The burden to New Seasons to comply is not unduly burdensome and its confidential documents will be adequately protected under the Protective Order.

New Seasons' motion to quash or limit the subpoena is DENIED. Request numbers three, four, seven and eight are hereby limited to documents from New Seasons' senior management team located at New Seasons' Portland, Oregon headquarters. New Seasons shall produce all responsive documents no later than December 29, 2008.

ORDERED:



D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

Date: December 16, 2008

EXHIBIT J

Pazicky, Luke

From: Jindal, Gorav
Sent: Tuesday, December 23, 2008 5:22 PM
To: 'Mike@zupans.com'
Subject: RE: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

Attachments: Order 03.pdf



Order 03.pdf (274
KB)

Mike,

Today, the Administrative Law Judge again ruled against another retailer, Gelson's Markets, on its motion to quash our subpoena, and ordered Gelson's Markets to produce the requested information by December 31. I would very much like to work with you but I have heard no response to multiple voice messages and e-mails I have left for you. As I mentioned, the date for compliance (and any motions to limit or quash the subpoena) has long since passed. Please contact me as soon as possible so that we can discuss your company's plans to comply with the subpoena.

Best regards,
Gorav.

Gorav Jindal
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20006-2401
direct: +1.202.261.3435
main: +1.202.261.3300
fax: +1.202.261.3333
gorav.jindal@dechert.com
www.dechert.com

From: Jindal, Gorav
Sent: Wednesday, December 17, 2008 2:17 PM
To: 'Mike@zupans.com'
Subject: RE: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

<< File: 2008-12-16 Order 02.pdf >>

Mike,

As I mentioned in my voice message to you today, the administrative law judge yesterday ruled against New Seasons yesterday on its motion to quash our subpoena, and ordered New Seasons to produce the requested documents by December 29. The order is attached here. I thought you would want to know since you mentioned that you might want to take a similar position.

We are still interested in working with you to obtain the requested information even though the deadline for compliance has long since passed. As you and I have previously discussed, we are willing to discuss ways to relieve the burden of compliance on you.

I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Best regards,
Gorav.

Gorav Jindal
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20006-2401
direct: +1.202.261.3435
main: +1.202.261.3300
fax: +1.202.261.3333
gorav.jindal@dechert.com
www.dechert.com

From: Jindal, Gorav
Sent: Wednesday, December 03, 2008 6:12 PM
To: Mike@zupans.com
Subject: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

<< File: Zupan.pdf >>

Mike,

Here is the subpoena that was issued by Whole Foods Market, Inc. to Zupan's Market on October 14. Our records show that it was accepted by M. Goodpaster on October 15. I have previously left messages for John Zupan about the subpoena without response. Although the due date passed almost one month ago, we remain interested in working with you to obtain the requested information.

The protective order governing the confidentiality of documents and information produced in response to the subpoena is also included in the attached file (at the end of the subpoena). As we discussed, and as you will see, it offers broad protections for any information that you consider to be confidential.

If you, or perhaps your lawyer, would like to discuss any aspect of the subpoena or protective order, please do not hesitate to contact me. My telephone number is included below and in the subpoena. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Best regards,
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**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION
OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES**

In the Matter of)
)
)

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.,)
Respondent.)
)

Docket No. 9324

**ORDER ON NON-PARTY GELSON'S MARKETS' MOTION
FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER OR TO QUASH OR
LIMIT SUBPOENA FROM WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.**

I.

On December 8, 2008, non-party Gelson's Markets ("Gelson's") filed a motion for a protective order or to quash or limit the subpoena issued to it by Respondent Whole Foods Market, Inc. ("Respondent" or "Whole Foods"). Respondent filed its Response in Opposition on December 19, 2008.

On December 16, 2008, Complaint Counsel filed a memorandum regarding a similar motion filed by another non-party, New Seasons Market, Inc. While Complaint Counsel stated that it did not take a position on New Seasons' motion to quash, it concluded that the motion should be denied. Complaint Counsel further stated that its memorandum is also pertinent to the instant motion filed by Gelson's.

For the reasons set forth below, Gelson's motion for a protective order or to quash or limit the subpoena is DENIED.

II.

Gelson's states that it operates 18 premium grocery markets, all of which are located in Southern California, and that it is one of Whole Foods' primary competitors. Gelson's asserts that the documents it seeks to withhold from production are commercially sensitive documents and that the disclosure of these documents to its competitor would cause competitive harm. Gelson's further argues that the Protective Order entered by the Commission in this case on October 10, 2008, ("Protective Order") does not adequately protect Gelson's confidential information and that disclosure of such information would cause irreparable harm.

Respondent asserts that the documents it seeks are directly relevant to the issues raised by the Complaint and that Respondent has no other effective means to obtain information from its non-party competitors necessary for its defense. Respondent argues that simply because Gelson's documents are confidential does not provide a basis for withholding the documents. Respondent further asserts that the Protective Order and the Commission's *in camera* rules adequately protect Gelson's confidential information.

III.

Parties may obtain discovery to the extent that it may be reasonably expected to yield information relevant to the allegations of the complaint. 16 C.F.R. § 3.31(c)(1). Discovery may be limited by the Administrative Law Judge if the discovery sought is unreasonably cumulative or duplicative, or is obtainable from some other source that is more convenient, less burdensome, or less expensive; or if the burden and expense of the proposed discovery outweigh its likely benefit. 16 C.F.R. § 3.31(c). In addition, an Administrative Law Judge may enter a protective order to protect a party from undue burden or expense. 16 C.F.R. § 3.31(d). Parties resisting discovery of relevant information carry a heavy burden of showing why discovery should be denied. *Blankenship v. Hearst Corp.*, 519 F.2d 418, 429 (9th Cir. 1975).

Gelson's states that it has withheld documents responsive to Request Numbers 5 and 9(b). Request Number 5 seeks: all market studies, strategic plans or competitive analyses relating to competition in each Geographic Area, including documents discussing market shares. Request Number 9(b) seeks: documents sufficient to show, or in the alternative, a spread sheet showing the total weekly sales for each week since January 1, 2006 to the current date. The documents Gelson's seeks to withhold are: (1) a site study, containing sales projections, responsive to Request Number 5; and (2) documents evidencing weekly sales for each Gelson's store, responsive to Request Number 9(b).

Gelson's does not make the objection that the documents requested are unduly burdensome or not relevant to the issues raised in the Complaint or the defenses asserted thereto. Instead, Gelson's seeks a protective order or an order quashing or limiting the subpoena on the grounds that: (A) disclosure of commercially sensitive information would be anticompetitive; and (B) the Protective Order does not adequately protect Gelson's confidential, commercially sensitive information.

A. Disclosure of the requested documents pursuant to the Protective Order would not harm competition

Gelson's argues that the subpoena should be quashed or limited because it asks Gelson's to provide confidential and commercially sensitive information to one of its primary competitors, Whole Foods. Gelson's also argues that Whole Foods' subpoena would require Gelson's to provide detailed information regarding the lifeblood of Gelson's business and provide Whole Foods with the blueprint to Gelson's success in the Southern California market. Gelson's charges that Whole Foods has a history of harassing, punishing, and taking business away from competitors. Gelson's states that it has no reason to believe that Whole Foods would

not relish the opportunity to drive Gelson's out of business and that Whole Foods has the size and resources to do it, with the assistance of Gelson's trade secrets and other commercially sensitive information. Respondent asserts that Gelson's accusations of anticompetitive conduct have no bearing on this discovery dispute.

Gelson's has not demonstrated that Whole Foods is seeking these documents merely to gain a competitive advantage, rather than to defend itself in this action. Accordingly, such unsupported allegations fail to provide a reasonable basis to quash the subpoena.

The claim that these documents contain confidential and commercially sensitive information also does not provide a basis to quash or limit the subpoena. *LeBaron v. Rohm and Hass Co.*, 441 F.2d 575, 577 (9th Cir. 1971) ("The fact that discovery might result in the disclosure of sensitive competitive information is not a basis for denying such discovery."). See also *Federal Trade Commission v. Rockefeller, et al.*, 441 F. Supp. 234, 242 (S.D.N.Y. 1977), *aff'd* 591 F.2d 182 (2d Cir. 1979) (an objection to a subpoena on grounds that it seeks confidential information "poses no obstacle to enforcement").

Moreover, the Commission's Rules of Practice do not specifically protect trade secrets or confidential information from discovery. Section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act and Section 21(d)(2) of the Improvements Act (codified at 15 U.S.C. § 46(f) and 15 U.S.C. § 57b-2(b), respectively) limit the Commission's ability to disclose confidential information to the public. The Commission's Rules of Practice also do not limit a litigant's ability to obtain confidential information through discovery. *In re E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co.*, 97 F.T.C. 116, 116 (Jan. 21, 1981) (These provisions do "not absolutely bar disclosure of business data as evidence in [FTC] adjudicatory proceedings."). Accordingly, Gelson's cannot withhold relevant documents based solely on its desire to shield confidential information from a competitor.

B. The requested information is adequately protected by the Protective Order

Gelson's states that the requests seek detailed information including three years' worth of weekly sales information for each of its locations and a site study detailing strategic plans and sales projections in one location. Gelson's further states that it diligently protects its weekly, location specific sales information and does not disclose this information to anyone outside of the company. Gelson's expresses concerns that experts retained in this case may be hired by other competitors in the future and would not be able to unlearn the information learned from Gelson's documents and that Whole Foods could use information from Gelson's to eliminate Gelson's as a competitor.

Gelson's further asserts that the Protective Order does not adequately protect Gelson's information because it places the burden on Gelson's to file a motion for *in camera* treatment to prevent disclosure to the public. Next, Gelson's asserts that the Protective Order fails to provide an adequate disincentive against or remedy for disclosure of Gelson's' confidential information. Gelson's points out that, in another administrative proceeding, the FTC caused discovery material that had been marked by a respondent as confidential to be posted on the FTC's public website and that, in the District Court case *FTC v. Whole Foods Market, Inc.*, the FTC filed

publicly a document that had been redacted by blackening out text electronically in a manner which allowed the trade secret information to be viewed. Gelson's argues that it should not be required to provide information that Gelson's considers to be confidential without a protective order that prohibits the FTC from disclosing such information. Gelson's asserts that the protective order should contain an adequate disincentive that would require the disclosing party to pay a penalty for any violation of the protective order.

Respondent submits that the Protective Order in this case does adequately protect confidential documents of third parties. The Protective Order allows disclosure of confidential documents to a limited group of people and prohibits any Whole Foods employees, including inside counsel, from reviewing confidential documents subject to the Protective Order. Respondent asserts further that Gelson's has provided no authority to support its request that the Commission agree to pay damages in the event of an inadvertent public disclosure of confidential information. Respondent also submits that, in the event the Protective Order is violated, Gelson's can raise the issue with the Commission.

The Protective Order entered by the Commission in this case allows disclosure of confidential documents to an extremely limited group. Such documents may be disclosed only to the Administrative Law Judge and the Commission, and employees assisting them; expert witnesses, who may not be employees of Respondent or a third party which has been subpoenaed; judges and other court personnel of any court having jurisdiction over the appellate proceedings involving this matter; and outside counsel for Whole Foods. The Protective Order, thus, prohibits any Whole Foods employees, including inside counsel, from reviewing the documents produced by non-parties.

Gelson's asserts that providing Gelson's sensitive information to Whole Foods' outside counsel is, in effect, no different from providing that information to Whole Foods itself and that experts or consultants may inadvertently use information they learned in this litigation in future litigation. These assertions are without merit. "[A]bsent a showing to the contrary, one has to assume that the protective order will work, especially in light of the extensive use of the device in Commission litigation (in cases frequently involving experts)." *Coca-Cola Bottling*, 1976 FTC LEXIS 33, *5 (Dec. 7, 1976). Gelson's has failed to demonstrate that the Protective Order will not sufficiently protect the withheld documents.

Gelson's refers to the protective order issued by the United States District Court for the District of Columbia in *FTC v. Whole Foods, Inc.*, July 6, 2007, which included a penalty of \$250,000 to be paid by any person who violated the protective order in that case. Gelson's argues that the Protective Order in this case is inadequate because it does not provide for a fixed monetary penalty on counsel for a violation. However, Gelson's has provided no authority in support of its argument that the Commission has authority to require a disclosing party to pay a penalty for a violation of its protective orders.

In addition to the safeguards of the Protective Order, the Commission's Rules governing *in camera* treatment of confidential information prohibit disclosure of highly confidential documents. Pursuant to Commission Rule 3.45(b), if either party seeks to introduce Gelson's

confidential information into evidence, Gelson's may file a motion for *in camera* treatment for documents it feels should be withheld from the public record. In Commission proceedings, requests for *in camera* treatment must show that the public disclosure of the documentary evidence will result in a clearly defined, serious injury to the person or corporation whose records are involved. *In re Kaiser Aluminum & Chem. Corp.*, 103 F.T.C. 500, 500 (1984); *In re H.P. Hood & Sons, Inc.*, 58 F.T.C. 1184, 1188 (1961). That showing can be made by establishing that the documentary evidence is "sufficiently secret and sufficiently material to the applicant's business that disclosure would result in serious competitive injury," and then balancing that factor against the importance of the information in explaining the rationale of Commission decisions. *Kaiser*, 103 F.T.C. at 500; *In re General Foods Corp.*, 95 F.T.C. 352, 355 (1980); *In re Bristol Myers Co.*, 90 F.T.C. 455, 456 (1977). Confidential information is withheld from the public record when this standard is met.

The *in camera* procedures in Part III adjudication and the Protective Order entered by the Commission in this case adequately protect Gelson's confidential information from disclosure.

IV.

For the reasons stated above, Gelson's motion for a protective order or to quash or limit the subpoena is DENIED. Gelson's shall produce all responsive documents no later than December 31, 2008.

ORDERED:



D. Michael Chappell
Administrative Law Judge

Date: December 23, 2008

EXHIBIT K

Pazicky, Luke

From: Jindal, Gorav
Sent: Tuesday, December 23, 2008 5:39 PM
To: 'Mike Zupan'
Subject: RE: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

As I discussed with you before, and as I indicated in e-mails to you, we recognize that you are not a party to this litigation and are therefore willing to work with you to reduce the burden of compliance. It seems, however, that you do not want to work with us. If I have misunderstood, please let me know as soon as possible.

Gorav Jindal
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20006-2401
direct: +1.202.261.3435
main: +1.202.261.3300
fax: +1.202.261.3333
gorav.jindal@dechert.com
www.dechert.com

From: Mike Zupan [mailto:mike@zupans.com]
Sent: Tuesday, December 23, 2008 5:29 PM
To: Jindal, Gorav
Subject: RE: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

Gorav,

Very Simple.....Zupan's Markets is a very small family owned company. We do not have the resources available to assemble the information you requested. This is an extremely busy time of the year for us, and we are already short staffed and dealing with the snow & Ice problems.

I'm extremely sorry if this has inconvenienced you, but I don't know what else I can tell you. We don't have large administrative personnel like Gelson's or New Seasons.

Thanks
MZ

From: Jindal, Gorav [mailto:gorav.jindal@dechert.com]
Sent: Tuesday, December 23, 2008 2:22 PM
To: Mike Zupan
Subject: RE: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

<<Order 03.pdf>>

Mike,

Today, the Administrative Law Judge again ruled against another retailer, Gelson's Markets, on its motion to quash our subpoena, and ordered Gelson's Markets to produce the requested information by December 31. I would very much like to work with you but I have heard no response to multiple voice messages and e-mails I have left for you. As I mentioned, the date for compliance (and any motions to limit or quash the subpoena) has long since passed. Please contact me as soon as possible so that we can discuss your company's plans to comply with the subpoena.

Best regards,
Gorav.

Gorav Jindal
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20006-2401
direct: +1.202.261.3435
main: +1.202.261.3300
fax: +1.202.261.3333
gorav.jindal@dechert.com
www.dechert.com

From: Jindal, Gorav
Sent: Wednesday, December 17, 2008 2:17 PM
To: 'Mike@zupans.com'
Subject: RE: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

<< File: 2008-12-16 Order 02.pdf >>

Mike,

As I mentioned in my voice message to you today, the administrative law judge yesterday ruled against New Seasons yesterday on its motion to quash our subpoena, and ordered New Seasons to produce the requested documents by December 29. The order is attached here. I thought you would want to know since you mentioned that you might want to take a similar position.

We are still interested in working with you to obtain the requested information even though the deadline for compliance has long since passed. As you and I have previously discussed, we are willing to discuss ways to relieve the burden of compliance on you.

I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Best regards,
Gorav.

Gorav Jindal
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20006-2401
direct: +1.202.261.3435
main: +1.202.261.3300
fax: +1.202.261.3333
gorav.jindal@dechert.com
www.dechert.com

From: Jindal, Gorav
Sent: Wednesday, December 03, 2008 6:12 PM
To: Mike@zupans.com
Subject: In the Matter of Whole Foods Market, Inc., Docket No. 9324

<< File: Zupan.pdf >>

Mike,

Here is the subpoena that was issued by Whole Foods Market, Inc. to Zupan's Market on October 14. Our records show that it was accepted by M. Goodpaster on October 15. I have previously left messages for John Zupan about the subpoena without response. Although the due date passed almost one month ago, we remain interested in working with you to obtain the requested information.

The protective order governing the confidentiality of documents and information produced in response to the subpoena is also included in the attached file (at the end of the subpoena). As we discussed, and as you will see, it offers broad protections for any information that you consider to be confidential.

If you, or perhaps your lawyer, would like to discuss any aspect of the subpoena or protective order, please do not hesitate to contact me. My telephone number is included below and in the subpoena. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Best regards,
Gorav.

Gorav Jindal
Dechert LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20006-2401
direct: +1.202.261.3435
main: +1.202.261.3300
fax: +1.202.261.3333

gorav.jindal@dechert.com
www.dechert.com

This e-mail is from Dechert LLP, a law firm, and may contain information that i

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Appendix in Support of Motions for Enforcement of Subpoenas Duces Tecum Issued to Entirely Non-Compliant Non-Parties was served on January 14, 2009, on the following persons by the indicated method:

By Hand Delivery and Email:

Donald S. Clark, Secretary
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By Hand Delivery and Email:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell
Chief Administrative Law Judge
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

By First Class Mail:

Brad Engle
Ada's Natural Foods
4650 S Cleveland
Fort Myers, FL 33907

Paul Koenig
Amazing Grace Whole Foods
1133 Bardstown Road
Louisville, KY 40204

Patrick Raybould
President
B&R Stores, Inc.
4554 W. Street
Lincoln, NE 68503-2831

David Ball
President and COO
Ball's Food Stores, Inc.
5300 Speaker Road
Kansas City, KS 66106

John A. Burger III
Burger's Supermarket, Inc.
1105 Ray Avenue
Louisville, KY 40204

Mark Oerem
HOW's Market
3035 East Huntington Drive
Pasadena, CA 91107

Guy Starkman
President
Jerry's Famous Deli, Inc.
12711 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 400
Studio City, CA 91604

King Ranch Market
1570 N. Eastern Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89101

Alice O'Brien
General Counsel
King Ranch Market
1570 N. Eastern Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89101

Frank Cangemi
Miles Farmers Market
28560 Miles Road
Solon, OH 44139

Peter Sarandos, Sr.
P&S Foods (d/b/a Shur-Sav Markets)
6633 Vernon Street
University City, MO 63130

William J. Coyne
President and CEO
Raley's
500 West Capital Avenue
West Sacramento, CA 95605

Jennifer Crabb
General Counsel

Raley's
500 West Capital Avenue
West Sacramento, CA 95605

Jack W. Straub, Jr.
Straub's Fine Foods
8282 Forsyth Boulevard
Clayton, MO 63105

Greg Neumann
President
ValuDiscount, Inc. (d/b/a ValuMarket)
315 Whittington Parkway
Louisville, KY 40222

Mike Zupan
Zupan's Market
7223 NE Hazell Dell Avenue
Vancouver, WA 98665

By E-Mail:

J. Robert Robertson, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20580

Matthew J. Reilly, Esq.
Catharine M. Moscatelli, Esq.
Federal Trade Commission
601 New Jersey Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Complaint Counsel

By:

Sean P. Pugh

DECHERT LLP
1775 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-2401
Telephone: (202) 261-3300
Facsimile: (202) 261-3333

Attorney for Whole Foods Market, Inc.